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H.P. 447

House of Representatives, February 11, 2003

An Act To Strengthen the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk

Presented by Representative TRAHAN of Waldoboro.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §328, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, 4 §2, is amended to read:

Ambulatory surgical facility. 6 2. "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility, not part of a hospital, that provides 8 surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization and that is required to be licensed under section 1812-E or is 10 certified as an ambulatory surgical facility by the federal Medicare program. "Ambulatory surgical facility" does not include 12 the offices of private physicians or dentists, whether in individual or group practice, unless the offices are required to be licensed under section 1812-E or are certified as an 14 ambulatory surgical facility by the federal Medicare program.

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Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §328, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, §2, is amended to read:

20 8. Health care facility. "Health care facility" means a hospital, psychiatric hospital, nursing facility, kidney disease 22 treatment center including a freestanding hemodialysis facility, rehabilitation facility, ambulatory surgical facility, service 24 independent radiological center providing imaging services, including, but not limited to, magnetic resonance 26 imaging, computerized tomography, mammography and radiology, catheterization independent cardiac center that provides services, including, but not limited to, cardiac catheterization 28 and angiography or cancer treatment center, endoscopy centers, 30 and medical laboratory licensed in accordance with chapter 411 or licensed by an equivalent out-of-state licensing authority. "Health-care facility"-does-not-include the office of -a private 32 physician-or-physicians-or-a-dentist-or-dentists/-whether-in 34 individual-or-group-practice.

36 Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §329, sub-§7, ¶B, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, §2, is amended to read:

B. If a person adds a health service not subject to review under subsection 4, paragraph A and not subject to review 40 under subsection 4, paragraph B at the time it was to 42 established and not reviewed and approved prior establishment at the request of the applicant, and its 44 actual 3rd fiscal year operating cost exceeds the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs in the 3rd fiscal year of operation following addition of these 46 services; and

Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §329, sub-§8. as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, 50 §2, is amended to read:

8. Related projects. Any projects that the department determines are related projects if such projects, considered in
 the aggregate, would otherwise require a certificate of need under this section.; and

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Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §329, sub-§9 is enacted to read:

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9.New ambulatory surgical facilities; expansions,10renovations, new expenditures and new services. The
construction, development, establishment or licensure of a new12ambulatory surgical facility or the expansion, renovation or new
expenditure or new service by an existing ambulatory surgical14facility.

16 Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §330, sub-§§6 and 7, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, §2, are amended to read:

6. Existing capacity. The use by an ambulatory surgical
facility licensed on January 1, 1998 of capacity in existence on January 1, 1998, except that any expansion, renovation or new
expenditure or service by such facility taking place after January 1, 1998 that would otherwise be subject to review under
this chapter is not exempt; and

7. Critical access hospitals. Conversion by a critical access hospital of acute care beds or beds voluntarily reduced
 under section 333, subsection 1 to hospital swing beds.

30 Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §332, as amended by PL 2001, c. 710, §9, is repealed.

Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §337, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, 34 §2, is amended to read:

36 3. Application content. An application for a certificate of need must describe with specificity how the proposed project 38 meets each of the conditions for granting a certificate of need required by this chapter. A statement or statements that the project will meet the conditions without supporting facts backed 40 by relevant documentation and analysis constitute sufficient 42 cause to deny the application. An application subject to full review must contain, if available and relevant to the particular 44 service or technology, information on health status, characteristics of the payor mix for the population to be served, public health need for the service or technology, quality 46 assurance processes and prevention programs. 48

Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §343, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, §2, is amended to read:

2 §343. Public information

Λ The department shall prepare and publish at least annually a report on its activities conducted pursuant to this Act. The 6 annual report must include information on all certificates of need granted and denied. With regard to all certificates granted on a conditional basis, the report must include a summary of 8 information-reported-pursuant-to-section-332-and any accompanying 10 statements by the commissioner or department staff submitted regarding the reports.

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Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §346, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664, 14 \S 2, is amended to read:

16 3. Periodic review. After the issuance of a certificate of need, the department shall periodically review the progress of 18 the holder of the certificate in meeting the timetable for making the service or equipment available or for completing the project specified in the approved application. A certificate of need 20 expires if the project for which the certificate has been issued 22 is not commenced within 12 months following the issuance of the The department may grant an extension certificate. of a certificate for an additional specified time not to exceed 12 24 months if good cause is shown why the project has not commenced. The department may require evidence of the continuing feasibility 26 and availability of financing for a project as a condition for extending the life of the certificate. In addition, if on the 28 basis of its periodic review of progress under the certificate the department determines that the holder of a certificate is not 30 otherwise meeting the timetable and is not making a good faith 32 effort to meet it, the department may, after a hearing, withdraw the certificate of need. The applicant shall issue to the department periodic reports as designated in the certificate of 34 need approval notification on the impact of the service on the 36 health status, quality of care and, health outcomes of the population served and the characteristics of the payor mix for the population served. These reports may not be in less than 38 12-month intervals following the start of service approved in the The department shall adopt rules for the 40 certificate of need. withdrawal of certificates of need.

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SUMMARY

This bill proposes to increase the applicability of the 46 certificate of need law to health care facilities, regardless of ownership. It repeals provisions for subsequent review following 48 approval of a certificate of need. The bill expands the scope of the periodic reports to the Department of Human Services by an
applicant who has been granted a certificate of need. It exempts from the certificate of need process the conversion by a critical
access hospital of banked hospital beds to swing beds.