## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 121st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

Legislative Document

No. 324

H.P. 267

House of Representatives, January 28, 2003

An Act to Create a Crime of Refusing an Alcohol Test in Operatingunder-the-influence Cases

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety suggested and ordered printed.

Millient M. MacFarland
MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND
Clerk

Presented by Representative CARR of Lincoln.
Cosponsored by Senator HATCH of Somerset and

Representatives: FLETCHER of Winslow, GREELEY of Levant, RICHARDSON of

Greenville, Senator: DAVIS of Piscataquis.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §2411, sub-§5, as amended by PL 2001, c.
4	511, §3, is further amended to read:
6	5. Penalties. The following minimum penalties apply and may not be suspended:
8	
10	A. For a person having no previous OUI offenses within a 10-year period:
12	(1) A fine of not less than \$400, except that if the person failed to submit to a test, a fine of not less
14	than \$500;
16	(2) A court-ordered suspension of a driver's license for a period of 90 days; and
18	(2) 2 monited of immediate or fellows
20	(3) A period of incarceration as follows:
22	(a) Not less than 48 hours when the person:
24	<ul><li>(i) Was tested as having a blood-alcohol level of 0.15% or more;</li></ul>
26	(ii) Was exceeding the speed limit by 30 miles per hour or more;
28	
30	(iii) Eluded or attempted to elude an officer; $\Theta F$
32	(iv) Was operating with a passenger under 21 years of age; and or
34	
36	(v) Failed to submit to a test at the request of a law enforcement officer;
38	(b)Not-less-than-96-hours-whon-the-person-failed tosubmittoa-testattherequestofalaw
40	enforcement-officer;
42	B. For a person having one previous OUI offense within a 10-year period:
44	(1) 2 floor of mot long them \$600 amount that if the
46	(1) A fine of not less than \$600, -except-that-if-the person-failed-to-submit-to-a-test-at-the-request-of-a law-enforcement-officer,-a-fine-of-not-less-than-\$800;
48	
50	(2) A period of incarceration of not less than 7 days,  except-that-if-the-person-failed-to-submit-to-a-test-at  the request of a law enforcement officer a period of
52	<pre>the-request-of-a-law-enforcement-efficer,-a-period-of incarceration-of-not-less-than-12-days;</pre>

2	(3) A court-ordered suspension of a driver's license for a period of 18 months; and
4	
6	(4) In accordance with section 2416, a court-ordered suspension of the person's right to register a motor vehicle;
8	
10	C. For a person having 2 previous OUI offenses within a 10-year period:
12	(1) A fine of not less than \$1,000,-except-that-if-the person-failed-to-submit-to-a-test-at-the-request-of-a
14	law-enforcement-officer,-a-fine-of-not-less-than-\$1,300;
16	(2) A period of incarceration of not less than 30 days,-except-that-if-the-person-failed-te-submit-to-a
18	test-at-the-request-of-a-law-enforcement-officer>a period-of-inearceration-of-not-less-than-40-days;
20	(3) A court-ordered suspension of a driver's license
22	for a period of 4 years; and
24	(4) In accordance with section 2416, a court-ordered suspension of the person's right to register a motor
26	vehicle;
28	D. For a person having 3 or more previous OUI offenses within a 10-year period, which is a Class C crime:
30	(1) A fine of not less than \$2,000,-except-that-if-the
32	person-failed-to-submit-to-a-test-at-the-request-of-a law-enforcement-officer,-a-fine-of-not-less-than-\$2,400;
34	(2) A period of incarceration of not less than 6
36	months,-except-that-if-the-person-failed-to-submit-to-a test-at-the-request-of-a-law-enforcement-officer,-a
38	period-ofincarceration-of-notless-than-6-months-and 20-days;
40	(3) A court-ordered suspension of a driver's license
42	for a period of 6 years; and
44	(4) In accordance with section 2416, a court-ordered suspension of the person's right to register a motor
46	vehicle;
48	EIfa-law-enforcementofficerfailedtoprovidethe warningsrequiredbysection2521,subsection3,the
50	inerease-in-minimum-penalties-required-because-of-a-refusal to-submit-to-a-test-is-not-mandatory;

4	F. For a person sentenced under paragraph B, C or D, the
4	court shall order the defendant to participate in the
•	alcohol and other drug program of the Department of
<i>c</i>	Behavioral and Developmental Services, Office of Substance
6	Abuse. The court may waive the program pursuant to Title 5,
	section 20073-B, if the court finds that the defendant has
8	completed an alcohol or other drug treatment program
	subsequent to the date of the offense; and
LO	
	G. The court shall order an additional period of license
L2	suspension of 275 days for a person sentenced under
	paragraph A, B, C or D if the person was operating the motor
L4	vehicle at the time of the offense with a passenger under 21
	years of age.
16	years or age.
LU	Son 2 20 A MDSA \$2521 amb \$1
	Sec. 2. 29-A MRSA §2521, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1993, c.
18	683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read:
20	1. Mandatory submission to test. If there is probable
	cause to believe a person has operated a motor vehicle while
22	under the influence of intoxicants, that person shall submit to
	and complete a test to determine blood-alcohol level and drug
24	concentration by analysis of blood, breath or urine. Failure to
	submit to and complete the test is a Class D crime.
26	
- 0	Sec. 3. 29-A MRSA §2521, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1997, c.
28	357, §1, is further amended to read:
20	337, 31, 18 Intended to read.
20	2 Warnings Neither a refugal to submit to a heat you
30	3. Warnings. Neither a refusal to submit to a test nor a
	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes
30	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, $\underline{A-1}$ , B or C unless the person has first
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	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, $\underline{A-1}$ , B or C unless the person has first
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32	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, $\underline{A-1}$ , B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license
32 34 36	<pre>failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years; </pre>
32 34 36	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a
32 34 36 38	<pre>failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years; </pre>
32 34 36	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;
32 34 36 38	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under
32 34 36 38	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;
32 34 36 38 40	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and
32 34 36 38	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and  C. Be considered an aggravating factor at sentencing if the
32 34 36 38 40 42	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and  C. Be considered an aggravating factor at sentencing if the person is convicted of operating under the influence of
32 34 36 38 40	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and  C. Be considered an aggravating factor at sentencing if the person is convicted of operating under the influence of intoxicants that, in addition to other penalties, will
32 34 36 38 40 42 44	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and  C. Be considered an aggravating factor at sentencing if the person is convicted of operating under the influence of intoxicants that, in addition to other penalties, will subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of
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32 34 36 38 40 42 44	failure to complete a test may be used for any of the purposes specified in paragraph A, A-1, B or C unless the person has first been told that the refusal or failure will:  A. Result in suspension of that person's driver's license for a period up to 6 years;  A-1. Be considered a crime and subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of incarceration if convicted;  B. Be admissible in evidence at a trial for operating under the influence of intoxicants; and  C. Be considered an aggravating factor at sentencing if the person is convicted of operating under the influence of intoxicants that, in addition to other penalties, will subject the person to a mandatory minimum period of

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10. Effect of conviction. A person who is convicted of failure to submit to a test pursuant to subsection 1 is deemed to have been convicted of OUI pursuant to section 2411 and is subject to the same penalties to which a person convicted of criminal OUI pursuant to section 2411 is subject.

## **SUMMARY**

This bill subjects a person who fails to submit to mandatory testing to determine whether the person is under the influence of intoxicants to the same penalties as if the person were convicted of operating under the influence. This bill makes a conviction for failure to submit to mandatory testing equivalent to a conviction for operating under the influence of intoxicants. The bill specifies that a person who has no previous OUI offenses and fails to submit to a test at the request of a law enforcement officer must be sentenced to at least 48 hours of incarceration, which is the same mandatory penalty that is imposed for a person convicted of a first OUI offense. This bill removes the enhanced penalties for a refusing to submit to testing since such refusal is now a separate offense.