



# **121st MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2003

**Legislative Document** 

H.P. 217

House of Representatives, January 28, 2003

No. 274

An Act to Correct Errors and Inconsistencies in the Laws of Maine

(EMERGENCY)

Reported by Representative NORBERT of Portland for the Revisor of Statutes pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 94.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed under Joint Rule 218.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND Clerk **Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

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Whereas, Acts of this and previous Legislatures have resulted in certain technical errors and inconsistencies in the laws of Maine; and

Whereas, these errors and inconsistencies create uncertainties and confusion in interpreting legislative intent; and

Whereas, it is vitally necessary that these uncertainties and this confusion be resolved in order to prevent any injustice or hardship to the citizens of Maine; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 2 MRSA §6, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt.
A, §1 and affected by §§9 to 11, is repealed.

Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §116, first ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 617, §1
 and c. 698, §1 and affected by §7, is repealed and the following
 enacted in its place:

 All revenue received by the Supreme Judicial or Superior Court, whether directly or pursuant to an agreement entered into
 with the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of Revenue Services, from fines, forfeitures, penalties,
 fees and costs accrues to the State, except as otherwise provided under sections 1057 and 1057-A; Title 7, section 3910-A; Title
 sections 3055 and 4508; Title 17, section 1015; Title 23, section 1653; Title 29-A, section 2602; and Title 34-A, section
 1210-A, subsection 9.

42 Sec. 3. Retroactivity. That section of this Act that repeals and replaces the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 4, section 116,
44 first paragraph applies retroactively to August 1, 2002.

46 Sec. 4. 4 MRSA §153, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1969, c. 501, §1, is further amended to read:

**9. Northern Cumberland.** Northern Cumberland consists of all municipalities in the County of Cumberland not included

within the divisions division of Eastern-and Southern Cumberland,
and consists of the municipalities of Brownfield, Denmark, Hiram,
Fryeburg, Lovell, Sweden, Stow and Porter in the County of
Oxford. The District Court for Northern Cumberland shall must be
held at Bridgton.

Sec. 5. 4 MRSA §163, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 617, §2 and c. 698, §2 and affected by §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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1. District Court funds. Except as otherwise provided by law, all fines, forfeitures, surcharges, assessments and fees 12 collected in any division of the District Court or by the violations bureau must be paid to the clerk of that District 14 Court, who shall deposit them in a special account in a timely manner. Once each month, the clerk shall remit the sums to the 16 Treasurer of State, who shall credit them to the General Fund. 18 At the same time, the clerk shall remit the sums that have been collected in accordance with sections 1057 and 1057-A; Title 5, 20 chapter 316-A; Title 7, section 3910-A; Title 17, section 1015; Title 29-A, section 2411, subsection 7; and Title 34-A, section 1210-A, subsection 9. Funds received by the clerk as bail in 22 criminal cases must be deposited daily in a special account. The clerk shall deposit the funds in an interest-bearing account 24 unless the clerk determines that it is not cost-effective to do 26 so. Interest accrued in the account is the property of and accrues to the State. The forfeiture and setoff of bail is governed as otherwise provided by law. 28

30 The court shall file a monthly report with the State Auditor itemizing the amount of fines, surcharges and assessments imposed
 32 and to whom each is payable.

34 Sec. 6. Retroactivity. That section of this Act that repeals
 and replaces the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 4, section 163,
 36 subsection 1 applies retroactively to August 1, 2002.

38 Sec. 7. 4 MRSA §1057-A, sub-§2. as amended by PL 2001, c. 617, §3 and c. 698, §3 and affected by §7, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

2. Surcharge imposed. In addition to the 12% surcharge collected pursuant to section 1057, the \$10 surcharge collected pursuant to Title 7, section 3910-A, the 10% surcharge collected pursuant to Title 17, section 1015 and the 1% surcharge collected pursuant to Title 34-A, section 1210-A, subsection 9, a 2% surcharge must be added to every fine, forfeiture or penalty imposed by any court in this State, which for the purposes of collection and collection procedures is considered a part of the fine, forfeiture or penalty. All funds collected pursuant to

	this subsection must be deposited monthly in the Maine Community
2	Policing Institute Surcharge Fund. All funds collected pursuant to this subsection must be paid to the University of Maine System
4	for the sole purpose of funding the Maine Community Policing
	Institute, except that the Judicial Department may incur
6	reasonable expenses to implement the administration of the 2%
	surcharge, in an amount not to exceed \$11,000 annually, in fiscal
8	years ending June 30, 2000 and June 30, 2002.
10	Sec. 8. Retroactivity. That section of this Act that repeals
	and replaces the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 4, section 1057-A,
12	subsection 2 applies retroactively to August 1, 2002.
14	Sec. 9. 5 MRSA §191, as amended by PL 1989, c. 410, §13, is
	repealed and the following enacted to read:
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	<u>§191. Duties; salary; fees; full time</u>
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2.0	The Attorney General or a deputy, assistant or staff
20	attorney shall appear for the State, the head of any state
22	department, the head of any state institution and agencies of the State in all civil actions and proceedings in which the State is
22	a party or interested, or in which the official acts and doings
24	of the officers are called in question, in all the courts of the
6.1	State; and in those actions and proceedings before any other
26	tribunal when requested by the Governor or by the Legislature or
	either House of the Legislature. All such actions and
28	proceedings must be prosecuted or defended by the Attorney
	General or under the Attorney General's direction. Writs,
30	summonses or other processes served upon those officers must be
	transmitted by them to the Attorney General. All legal services
32	required by those officers, boards and commissions in matters
34	relating to their official duties must be rendered by the Attorney General or under the Attorney General's direction. The
24	officers or agencies of the State may not act at the expense of
36	the State as counsel, nor employ private counsel except upon
	prior written approval of the Attorney General. In all instances
38	where the Legislature has authorized an office or an agency of
	the State to employ private counsel, the Attorney General's
40	written approval is required as a condition precedent to such
	employment. The Attorney General shall keep an office at the
42	seat of government and is entitled to receive an annual salary in
A A	full for all services. The Attorney General shall devote full
44	time to the duties of the office and may not engage in the private practice of law during the Attorney General's term of
46	office, nor may the Attorney General during such term be a
	partner or associate of any person in the practice of law. The
48	Attorney General is entitled to receive actual expenses incurred
	in the performance of official duties. During the term of
50	service, the Attorney General may not be an officer or director

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of any corporation engaged in business for profit within the State. The Attorney General is the executive head of the 2 Department of the Attorney General. 4 The Attorney General is entitled to receive the following 6 fees: 8 Certificate of organization. For approval of 1. certificate of organization of corporations under Title 9-B, section 313, subsection 3, \$10 in advance; and 10 12 2. Certification of cessation of business. For certificate that any corporation has ceased to transact business and is excused from filing annual returns, as authorized in Title 13-C, 14 section 1621, subsection 4, \$5. 16 The Attorney General shall collect the legal and usual fees 18 payable to the Attorney General by virtue of the Attorney's General office and shall pay them over to the Treasurer of State. 20 Sec. 10. Effective date. That section of this Act that repeals 22 and replaces the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 191 takes effect July 1, 2003. 24 Sec. 11. 5 MRSA §299, first ¶, as amended by PL 1989, c. 410, 26  $\S15$ , is further amended to read: 28 The commission shall establish and maintain a master plan for the orderly development of future state buildings and grounds 30 in the Capitol Area of the City of Augusta, with the exception of the State House and the grounds specified in Title 3, section 32 902,--subsection-2 902-A. In maintaining the master plan, the commission shall take the following factors into consideration: 34 Sec. 12. 5 MRSA §12004-I, sub-§38, as amended by PL 1997, c. 689, Pt. A, §1 and affected by Pt. C, §2, is repealed. 36 Sec. 13. 7 MRSA §1808, last ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 572, 38  $\S37$ , is further amended to read: 40 Failure to comply with this section or section 1807, or the requiations rules adopted pursuant thereto, is grounds 42 for revocation of any permit granted pursuant to these sections. 44 Sec. 14. 11 MRSA §9-1107, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 699, Pt. A,  $\S2$  and affected by  $\S4$ , is amended to read: 46 §9-1107. Control of letter-of-credit right 48

A secured party has control of a letter-of-credit right to 2 the extent of any right to payment or performance by the issuer or any nominated person if the issuer or nominated person has consented to an assignment of proceeds of the letter of credit 4 under section 5-1114, subsection (e) (3) or other applicable law or practice. 6 Sec. 15. 12 MRSA §6404-B, as amended by PL 2001, c. 327, §2, 8 is further amended to read: 10 §6404-B. Suspension based on conviction of fishing on closed days 12 for sea urchin fishing 14 The commissioner shall suspend the sea urchin fishing license of any license holder convicted in court of violating 16 section--6749-W--or any rule adopted under section 6749. The

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Sec. 16. 12 MRSA §6431-F, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 1999, c. 790, Pt. A, §12, is further amended to read:

suspension must be for one year from the date of conviction.

22 в. If the license holder was issued a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license pursuant to 24 former section 6421, subsection 5, paragraph H or former section 6421-A, subsection 1, paragraph D, the license holder may not purchase more than 300 trap tags for the 26 initial license year. For each following year, the license 28 holder may purchase up to an increase of 100 trap tags each year as long as the total number does not exceed the trap limit established by rule for the zone in which the person 30 fishes a majority of that person's traps; and

Sec. 17. 12 MRSA §6448, sub-§2, ¶¶A and C, as amended by PL 1999, c. 693, §1, are further amended to read:

36 A. After conducting a written survey in the zone, a lobster management policy council may propose to the commissioner an exit ratio to limit new zone entrants to the zone. 38 The lobster management policy council may also propose to the commissioner a provision to exempt from the requirements of 40 this section an individual who became eligible for but had not been issued a Class I, Class II or Class III license 42 pursuant to section 6421, subsection 5, paragraph C or former paragraph H prior to January 1, 2000 and to allow 44 that individual to declare the zone as that individual's 46 declared lobster zone. The lobster management policy council is not required to submit the proposal to referendum 48 and the proposed exit ratio does not need to receive approval through the survey in order to be forwarded to the 50 commissioner.

Rules adopted under this subsection must establish an 2 C. exit ratio between the number of individuals who declared that zone as their declared lobster zone in the year prior 4 to the previous calendar year, but who did not declare that zone as their declared lobster zone in the previous calendar 6 year, and the number of new zone entrants authorized under subsection 7. An exit ratio established by rule under this 8 subsection is not required to be the same as the exit ratio proposed by the lobster management policy council. Rules 10 subsection may exempt from the adopted under this requirements of this section an individual who became 12 eligible for but who had not been issued a Class I, Class II or Class III license pursuant to section 6421, subsection 5, 14 paragraph C or former paragraph H prior to January 1, 2000 and allow such an individual to declare the zone as that 16 individual's declared lobster zone.

Sec. 18. 12 MRSA §6749-X, sub-§3, ¶A, as amended by PL 2001, c. 327, §18, is further amended to read:

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A. The designation of open days for the harvesting of sea urchins by handfishing, dragging, hand-raking and trapping pursuant to section-6749 W-or--under rules adopted under section 6749;

Sec. 19. 12 MRSA §7468, sub-§4. as amended by PL 2001, c. 655, S5 and affected by §20 and amended by c. 690, Pt. A, §12, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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4. Wild turkey hunting permits. The fee for a wild turkey hunting permit is \$10 for residents and \$40 for nonresidents and 32 aliens. When a public chance drawing is utilized to allocate permits, any Maine resident, nonresident or alien who is eligible 34 to obtain a Maine hunting license or who will be eligible to obtain a Maine hunting license by the opening day of the wild 36 turkey hunting season is eligible to apply for a wild turkey hunting permit. The percentage of total wild turkey permits 38 issued to nonresident and alien hunters may not exceed the average percentage of applicants for wild turkey permits over the 40 previous 3 years who were nonresidents and aliens and may not be 42 more than 10% of the total wild turkey permits issued statewide. While hunting turkey, a resident, nonresident or alien hunter must be in possession of a valid resident, nonresident or alien 44 big game hunting license, as applicable. 46

A person who holds a valid wild turkey permit may transfer the permit to a junior hunter or person 65 years of age or older by identifying the name, age and address of the transferee on the permit as well as any other information reasonably requested by

2	the commissioner and then return the permit to the department prior to the start of the turkey season. The commissioner shall
4	record the transfer and return the permit to the junior hunter or person 65 years of age or older. A valid permit must be in the
6	possession of the transferee in order for the transferee to hunt turkey. If the person transfers the permit to the junior hunter
8	or person 65 years of age or older, that person is prohibited from hunting turkey.
10	Sec. 20. 12 MRSA §7901-A, sub-§4, ¶A, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 421, Pt. B, §88 and affected by Pt. C, §1, is amended to read:
12 14	A. License restriction violation as described in section 7371, subsection 1, relating to the following licenses:
16	(1) Commercial shooting area license under section 7104 <u>7105-A;</u>
18	(2) Trapping license under section 7133;
20	<ul><li>(3) Eel permit for licensed trappers under section</li><li>7174;</li></ul>
24	(4) License to sell commercially grown or imported fish under section 7201;
26 28	(5) Special dog training area license under section 7331;
30	(6) License to hold field trials under section 7332;
32	(7) Hide dealer's license under section 7352;
34	(8) Special hide dealer's license under section 7352-A;
36	(9) Snowmobile dealer's registration and license under section 7825; and
38	(10) ATV dealer's registration and license under
40	section 7855;
42	Sec. 21. 12 MRSA §7901-A, sub-§6, ¶A, as amended by PL 2001, c. 610, §3 and c. 667, Pt. B, §9, is repealed and the following
44	enacted in its place:
46	A. Chapter 709, subchapter 1 violations:
48	(1) Shooting at or near wildfowl decoys as described in section 7406, subsection 11;

(2) Hunting without hunter orange clothing as 2 described in section 7406, subsection 12; 4 (3) Allowing a junior hunter to hunt without adult supervision as described in section 7406, subsection 21; 6 (4) Hunting on a state game farm as described in 8 section 7406, subsection 22; 10 (5) Hunting in a licensed wildlife exhibit as described in section 7406, subsection 23; and 12 (6) Using an aircraft to aid or assist in hunting big 14 game as described in section 7406, subsection 24 if the violation does not involve the taking of a big game 16 animal; 18 Sec. 22. 14 MRSA c. 710-D, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 612, §1 and c. 653, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its 20 place: 22 CHAPTER 710-D 24 BUILDINGS ON LEASED LOTS 26 §6047. Application 28 1. Parties to agreement; purposes of agreement. This chapter applies to agreements between: 30 32 A. A person, referred to in this chapter as the "lessor," who owns land in territory under jurisdiction of the Maine 34 Land Use Regulation Commission; and 36 B. A person, referred to in this chapter as the "lessee," who intends to construct or to occupy a building or 38 buildings owned by that person on leased land in territory under jurisdiction of the Maine Land Use Regulation 40 Commission for recreational or residential purposes on a seasonal or year-round basis or to operate a business 42 consisting of a commercial sporting camp, campground or retail store. 44 2. Application. This chapter applies to agreements entered into or renewed on or after July 25, 2002. 46 48 §6048. Written lease and description required

An agreement described in section 6047 must be made in the form of a written lease and must include at least a general 2 description of the boundaries of the land to be leased. 4 §6049. Required notice б 1. Required notice of change in terms. A lessor must give 8 a lessee at least 30 days' notice of a change in the terms of a lease. 10 2. Required notice of termination. Unless the lease is 12 terminated for cause, a lessor must give notice to a lessee of the intent to terminate the lease at least one year prior to the 14 effective date of the termination. All terms of the lease remain in effect following the notice, except that: 16 A. Termination provisions of the lease to the extent 18 inconsistent with this section are void, beginning on the date the notice is provided; 20 B. The lessee may terminate the lease earlier than the effective date provided in the notice; and 22 24 C. If the lessee violates the lease during the period between the giving of the notice and the termination date 26 provided in the notice, this section no longer applies and the lessee has only the rights provided in the lease. 28 For purposes of this subsection, "cause" means violation by a lessee of a term of a lease. 30 32 §6050. Right of first refusal A lessee of premises on which a structure owned by the 34 lessee exists has the right of first refusal with regard to the leased premises if the lessor intends to sell or to offer to sell 36 the leased premises as a separate parcel. Each lease subject to this chapter must make provision for a method of determining the 38 sale price of the leased premises upon exercise of the right 40 provided in this section. The lessor must give the lessee at least 90 days to accept the offer to purchase the lot. 42 Sec. 23. 20-A MRSA §4706, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2001, c. 403, §1 and c. 454, §20, is repealed and the following enacted in 44 its place: 46 2. Maine studies. Maine history, including the Constitution of Maine, Maine geography and environment and the natural, 48 industrial and economic resources of Maine and Maine's cultural and ethnic heritage, must be taught. A required component of 50

Maine studies is Maine Native American studies, which must be included in the review of content standards and performance 2 indicators of the learning results conducted in accordance with section 6209, subsection 4. The Native American studies must 4 address the following topics: 6 A. Maine tribal governments and political systems and their relationship with local, state, national and international 8 governments; 10 Maine Native American cultural systems and the в. 12 experience of Maine tribal people throughout history; 14 C. Maine Native American territories; and 16 D. Maine Native American economic systems. Sec. 24. 21-A MRSA §365, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 18 161, §6, is amended to read: 20 The political committee which that has jurisdiction over the 22 choice of a candidate for nomination or a nominee to fill a vacancy under sections 371, 373, 374, <u>374-A</u>, 381 and 382 is as 24 follows. Sec. 25. 22 MRSA §253, sub-§3. as amended by PL 1997, c. 689, 26 Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. C, §2, is further amended to read: 28 3. Public hearings. Prior to adopting the state health 30 plan and in reviewing the state health plan, the department shall conduct public hearings in different regions of the State on the 32 proposed state health plan. Interested persons must be given the opportunity to submit oral and written testimony. Not less than 34 30 days before each hearing, the department shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the region the time and place 36 of the hearing, the place where interested persons may review the plan in advance of the hearing and the place to which and period 38 during which written comment may be directed to the department. Prior-to-adopting-the-state-health-plan-and-in-reviewing-the 40 state--health-plan,--the-department--shall-provide-copies-to--and shall-meet-and-consult-with-the-Certificate-of-Need-Advisory Committee-as-provided-in-section-306-B,-subsection-2,-paragraph-A, 42 44 Sec. 26. 22 MRSA §330, sub-§5. as enacted by PL 2001, c. 664,  $\S2$ , is amended to read: 46 Assisted living. Assisted living programs and services 5. 48 regulated under former chapter 1665;

#### Sec. 27. 22 MRSA §330, sub-§5-A is enacted to read:

5-A. Assisted housing. Assisted housing programs and services regulated under chapter 1664;

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Sec. 28. 22 MRSA §2061, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 390, §24, is further amended to read:

Review. Each project for a health care facility has
 been reviewed and approved to the extent required by the agency of the State that serves as the Designated Planning Agency of the
 State or by the Department of Human Services in accordance with the provisions of the former Maine Certificate of Need Act of 1978, as amended, or the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002, as amended, or, in the case of a project for a hospital, has been
 reviewed and approved by the former Maine Health Care Finance Commission to the extent required by former chapter 107;

Sec. 29. 22 MRSA §3174-R, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 643, Pt. 20 RR, §5, is amended to read:

#### 22 §3174-R. Medicaid drug rebate program

The department shall enter into a drug rebate agreement with 24 each manufacturer of prescription drugs under the Medicaid program, in accordance with Section 1927 of the federal Social 26 Security Act, as long as the agreements are consistent with state 28 and federal law, are approved by the federal Health Care Finance Administration and result in a net increase in rebate revenue available to the Maine Medicaid Program. 30 Individual rebate agreements may vary. The department shall seek to achieve an 32 aggregate rebate amount from all agreements that is at least 6 percentage points higher than the percentage of the total Medicaid drug expenditures that the rebates would otherwise be 34 under Section 1927 of the federal Social Security Act. Anv 36 increase in revenue from the Medicaid drug rebate program over accepted estimates as of the effective date of this section June 30, 1998 that results in a higher percentage of the total 38 Medicaid drug rebates must be reserved to provide coverage pursuant to section 3174-G, subsection 1-A 1-C. 40 In-the-event that--the-department--is-not--able--to-achieve--the-rebate--amount required-by-this-section-without-compromising-the-best-interest 42 of-Medicaid-recipients-and-the-Medicaid-drug-rebate-program,-the department - shall - report - to - the - joint - standing - committee - of - the 44 Legislature - having - jurisdiction - over - health - and - human - services matters -- and -- the -- joint -- standing - committee -- of -- the -- Legislature 46 having-jurisdiction-over-appropriations-and-financial-affairs-in 48 the-next-regular-session-of-the-119th-Legislature.

Sec. 30. 22 MRSA §5118, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 470, Pt. A, §117, is amended to read:

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C. In the administration of the plan, there is a failure to comply substantially with any such provision of subsection 1, paragraphs A to I, the director shall notify the area agency that no further payments from its allotments under sections 306 337 and 5115 will be made to the agency or, in his the director's discretion, that further payments to the agency will be limited to projects under or portions of the area plan not affected by the failure, until he the director is satisfied that there will no longer be any failure to comply. Until he the director is so satisfied, no further payments may not be made to the agency from its allotments under section 5115, or payments may be limited to projects under or portions of the area plan not affected by the failure. The director shall, in accordance with regulations he-shall-preseribe rules adopted by the director, disburse funds so withheld directly to any public or nonprofit private organization or agency of the area, submitting an approved plan in accordance with section 5116. Any payment or payments shall <u>must</u> be matched in the proportions specified in section 5116.

Sec. 31. 22 MRSA §8103, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 515, §1 and c. 596, Pt. B, §19 and affected by §25, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

 Procedures. All procedures and other provisions
 included in section 7855, subsections 1 and 2 for residential care facilities also apply to children's homes, except that the
 written statement referred to in section 7855, subsection 1 need not be furnished annually by the Commissioner of Public Safety to
 the department for a facility licensed as a family foster home or a specialized children's home. In these instances an inspection
 must be performed every 2 years.

Sec. 32. 24-A MRSA §2808-B, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2001,
 c. 258, Pt. E, §3 and c. 400, §1 and affected by §2, is repealed
 and the following enacted in its place:

- D. "Eligible group" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association or subgroup engaged actively in a business that employed an average of 50 or fewer eligible employees during the preceding calendar year.
- 48 (1) If an employer was not in existence throughout the preceding calendar year, the determination must be based on the average number of employees that the

	<u>employer is reasonably expected to employ on business</u>
2	days in the current calendar year.
4	(2) In determining the number of eligible employees,
	companies that are affiliated companies or that are
6	eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of
	state taxation are considered one employer.
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	(3) A group is not an eligible group if there is any
10	one other state where there are more eligible employees
	than are employed within this State and the group had
12	coverage in that state or is eligible for guaranteed
	issuance of coverage in that state.
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	(4) An employer qualifies as an eligible group for
16	2-person coverage if the employer provides a carrier
	with the following information demonstrating that the
18	employer's business and employees meet the minimum
	qualifications for group coverage in paragraph C:
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20	(a) A copy of the most recent quarterly combined
22	filing for income tax withholding and unemployment
46	contributions, Form 941/CN1-ME;
24	<u>concribucions</u> , rorm 941/cmi-ME,
24	(b) For an employee elaimed to be an employee
26	(b) For an employee claimed to be an employee
26	eligible for group coverage whose name is not
~~	listed on Form 941/CN1-ME, a copy of the
28	employer's payroll records for the most recent 3
• •	months showing tax withholding or a wage report
30	from a payroll company showing wages paid to that
	employee for the most recent guarter with tax
32	withholding;
34	(c) If an employer is exempt from filing Form
	941/CN1-ME for group coverage, documentation of
36	that exemption and a copy of the employer's
	payroll records for the most recent 3 months
38	showing tax withholding or a wage report from a
	payroll company showing wages paid to that
40	<u>employee for the most recent quarter with tax</u>
	withholding; or
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	<u>(d) If the name of the business owner or employee</u>
44	does not appear on Form 941/CN1-ME, a copy of one
	of the following:
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	(i) Federal income tax Form Schedule C or
48	Schedule F;

2	<u>(ii) Federal income tax Form 1120S, Schedule K-1;</u>
4	(iii) Federal income tax Form 1065, Schedule
6	<u>K-1;</u>
8	<u>(iv) A workers' compensation insurance audit</u> or evidence of a waiver of benefits under Title 39-A;
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12	(v) A description of operations in a commercial general liability insurance policy or equivalent insurance policy providing
14	coverage for the business; or
16	(vi) A signature card from a financial institution or credit union authorizing the
18	employee to sign checks on a business checking or share draft account that is at
20	least 6 months old; a notarized affidavit
22	from the employer describing the duties of the employee and the average number of hours worked by the employee and attesting that the
24	employer is not defrauding the carrier and is aware of the consequences of committing fraud
26	or making a material misrepresentation to the carrier, including a loss of coverage and
28	benefits; and, if the group coverage is purchased through a producer, a notarized
30	affidavit from the producer affirming the producer's belief that the employer qualifies
32	as an eligible group for coverage.
34	In determining if a new business or a business that adds an owner or a new employee to payroll during the
36	course of a year qualifies as an eligible group for 2-person coverage under this subparagraph, the employer
38	must submit an affidavit stating that all employees meet the criteria in this subparagraph and that the
40	documentation and forms required under this subparagraph will be provided to the carrier when
42	payroll records become available, when ownership
44	distribution forms become available or the first renewal date of the coverage, whichever date is
46	earlier. A false affidavit or misrepresentation on an affidavit submitted by an employer may result in the loss of group coverage and repayment of claims paid.
48	This subparagraph may not be construed to prohibit a carrier from recognizing an employer as an eligible

group if the employer has not produced the 2 documentation required in this subparagraph. 4 This subparagraph applies only to an employer applying for group health insurance coverage as a 2-person group on or after October 1, 2001. 6 Sec. 33. 24-A MRSA §4203, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 8 332, Pt. O, §1, is further amended to read: 10 Subject to the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 1978 1. 12 2002, a person may apply to the superintendent for and obtain a certificate of authority to establish, maintain, own, merge with, 14 organize or operate a health maintenance organization in compliance with this chapter. A person may not establish, 16 maintain, own, merge with, organize or operate a health maintenance organization in this State either directly as a 18 division or a line of business or indirectly through a subsidiary or affiliate, nor sell or offer to sell, or solicit offers to advance or periodic consideration in 20 purchase or receive conjunction with, a health maintenance organization without obtaining a certificate of authority under this chapter. 22 Sec. 34. 24-A MRSA §4204, sub-§1, ¶A, as repealed and replaced 24 by PL 1979, c. 216, §2, is amended to read: 26 Concurrently with filing an application for issuance of Α. 28 certificate of authority with the superintendent, the applicant shall also file an application for a certificate 30 of need pursuant to Title 22, section--301-et--seq chapter 103-A. 32 Sec. 35. 24-A MRSA §4204, sub-§2-A, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 501, §51, is amended to read: 34 The Commissioner of Human Services certifies that the 36 Α. health maintenance organization has received a certificate of need or that a certificate of need is not required 38 pursuant to Title 22, chapter 103 103-A. 40 Sec. 36. 24-A MRSA §6203, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 482, §1, is amended to read: 42 44 The provider has submitted to the department an Α. application for a certificate of need, if required under 46 Title 22, section 304-A 329, and the department has submitted a preliminary report of a recommendation for approval of a certificate of need and the provider has 48 applied for any other licenses or permits required prior to 50 operation.

Sec. 37. 24-A MRSA §6203, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1997, c. 478, §1, is further amended to read:

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Provision of services to nonresidents. The final 6. certificate of authority must state whether any skilled nursing 6 facility that is part of a life-care community or a continuing care retirement community may provide services to persons who 8 have not been bona fide residents of the community prior to admission to the skilled nursing facility. If the life-care 10 community or the continuing care retirement community admits to 12 its skilled nursing facility only persons who have been bona fide residents of the community prior to admission to the skilled nursing facility, 14 then the community is exempt from the provisions of Title 22, former chapter 103 or chapter 103-A, but 16 is subject to the licensing provisions of Title 22, chapter 405, and is entitled to only one skilled nursing facility bed for every 4 residential units in the community. 18 Any community exempted under Title 22, former chapter 103 or chapter 103-A may 20 admit nonresidents of the community to its skilled nursing facility only during the first 3 years of operation. For purposes of this subsection, a "bona fide resident" means a 22 person who has been a resident of the community for a period of 24 not less than 180 consecutive days immediately preceding admission to the nursing facility or has been a resident of the community for less than 180 consecutive days but who has been 26 medically admitted to the nursing facility resulting from an 28 illness or accident that occurred subsequent to residence in the community. Any community exempted under Title 22, former chapter 30 103 or chapter 103-A is not entitled to and may not seek any reimbursement or financial assistance under the Medicaid program from any state or federal agency and, as a consequence, that 32 community must continue to provide nursing facility services to 34 any person who has been admitted to the facility.

36 38 Sec. 38. 24-A MRSA §6226, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 563, §7, is amended to read:

1. Initial deposits. The -- \$1,000 -- limit -- on -- the -- initial depesit--contained-in--section--6203,--subsection--3,-paragraph--A, 40 shall--not--apply-after--the--stage-of--the-Certificate-of--Need 42 application-procedure-when-the-department-hac-in-writing-deemed the-application-complete. After the disclosure statement, the 44 escrow agreement, the receipt and the continuing care agreement have been reviewed on a preliminary basis by the department's Certificate of Need staff, the department shall forward the 46 documents with recommendations, if any, to the superintendent. 48 All provisions of section 6203, including approval of the receipt and the escrow agreement by the superintendent, remain 50 applicable. Thereafter the limit on deposits that may be

collected shall may not exceed an amount equal to 10% of the 2 entrance fee. Following issuance by the department of a Certificate of Need, any unsuccessful applicant for the first 4 demonstration project shall refund amounts collected from subscribers with interest earned thereon pursuant to this The refunds shall must be made no later than 10 days 6 chapter. after notification by department to the unsuccessful the 8 applicant unless the unsuccessful applicant appeals the decision of the department as provided by former Title 22, chapter 103. If the applicant appeals and the appeal is denied, then refunds 10 shall must be made no later than 10 days after notification of 12 the denial.

14 Sec. 39. 25 MRSA §1550, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 763, §10, is amended to read:

#### §1550. Violations

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Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of
section 1542,-subsections 1542-A, subsection 1 or 3, or with the provisions of section 1542 1542-A, subsection 4, imposing a duty
to transmit criminal fingerprint records to the State Bureau of Identification, or with the provisions of sections 1544, 1547 or
1549 commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$100 may be adjudged.

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Sec. 40. 29-A MRSA §101, sub-§64-C, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 667, Pt. A, §46 and c. 687, §11, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 30

 64-C. Scooter. "Scooter" means a device upon which a
 person may ride, consisting of a footboard between 2 end wheels, controlled by an upright steering handle attached to the front
 wheel and propelled by human power or a motor. "Scooter" does not include an electric personal assistive mobility device.

Sec. 41. 29-A MRSA §2084, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2001, c. 38 360, §12 and c. 440, Pt. L, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

- 1. Night equipment.A bicycle, scooter or motorized42bicycle or tricycle, when in use in the nighttime, must have:
- A. Lighted a front light that emits a white light visible from a distance of at least 200 feet to the front;
   46
- B. A red or amber light or reflector to the rear that is
  48 visible at least 200 feet to the rear; and

	C. Reflector material on the pedals, unless the bicyclist
2	is wearing reflective material on the feet or ankles.
4	<u>A bicyclist may also use optional supplementary reflectors, lights or reflective or lighted safety equipment.</u>
6	
8	Sec. 42. 30-A MRSA §2526, sub-§6, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6;
10	c. 9, §2; and c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:
12	G. The procedure of a board of assessment <u>review</u> is governed by section 2691, subsection 3.
14	
16	Sec. 43. 30-A MRSA §2526, sub-§9, ¶A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 6; c. 9, §2; c. 104, Pt. A, §17 and Pt. C, §§8 and 10 and Pt. D, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
18	A. Unless the oath is administered in the clerk's presence,
20	the person who administers it shall give the official or deputy sworn a certificate, which must be returned to the
22	clerk for filing. The certificate must state:
24	(1) The name of the official or deputy sworn;
26	(2) The official's or deputy's office;
28	(3) The name of the person who administered the oath; and
30	
32	(4) The date when the oath was taken.
52	Sec. 44. 30-A MRSA §4349-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 2001, c.
34	593, §1 and c. 613, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in
36	its place:
30	2. State facilities. The Department of Administrative and
38	Financial Services, Bureau of General Services shall develop site
40	selection criteria for state office buildings, state courts, hospitals and other quasi-public facilities and other civic
40	buildings that serve public clients and customers, whether owned
42	or leased by the State, that give preference to the priority
44	locations identified in this subsection while ensuring safe, healthy, appropriate work space for employees and clients and
TI	accounting for agency requirements. On-site parking may only be
46	required if it is necessary to meet critical program needs and to
18	ensure reasonable access for agency clients and persons with disabilities. Employee parking that is within reasonable walking
48	<u>disabilities. Employee parking that is within reasonable walking</u> <u>distance may be located off site. If there is a change in</u>
50	employee parking from on-site parking to off-site parking, the

	Department of Administrative and Financial Services must consult
2	with the duly authorized bargaining agent or agents of the
4	employees. Preference must be given to priority locations in the following order: service center downtowns, service center growth
4	areas and downtowns and growth areas in other than service center
6	communities. If no suitable priority location exists or if the
ů.	priority location would impose an undue financial hardship on the
8	occupant or is not within a reasonable distance of the clients
	and customers served, the facility must be located in accordance
10	with subsection 1. The following state facilities are exempt
	from this subsection: a state liquor store; a lease of less than
12	500 square feet; and a lease with a tenure of less than one year,
	including renewals.
14	
1.6	Sec. 45. 30-A MRSA c. 205-A is enacted to read:
16	
18	<u>CHAPTER 205–A</u>
10	MUNICIPAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS
20	MALOT AS CHATTAN AN ROVAMINT STOLATOR
	<u>§5211. Definitions</u>
22	
	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
24	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
26	1 Accord charas "Accord charas" many a special
26	<b>1.</b> Assessed share. "Assessed share" means a special
	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected
26 28	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital
	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of
28	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed
28	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of
28 30	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and
28 30	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis
28 30 32 34	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any
28 30 32	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type
28 30 32 34 36	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt
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28 30 32 34 36 38	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment.
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment. 2. Capital improvement district. "Capital improvement district" means a defined area within a municipality that is initially privately owned and that has been designated by the municipality as a capital improvement district according to the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment. 2. Capital improvement district. "Capital improvement district" means a defined area within a municipality that is initially privately owned and that has been designated by the municipality as a capital improvement district according to the provisions of this chapter for the interrelated purposes of
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment. 2. Capital improvement district. "Capital improvement district" means a defined area within a municipality that is initially privately owned and that has been designated by the municipality as a capital improvement district according to the provisions of this chapter for the interrelated purposes of fairly apportioning the costs of making necessary capital
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment. 2. Capital improvement district. "Capital improvement district" means a defined area within a municipality that is initially privately owned and that has been designated by the municipality as a capital improvement district according to the provisions of this chapter for the interrelated purposes of fairly apportioning the costs of making necessary capital improvements among the owners of property in the capital
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	assessment that represents that portion of the total projected cost of an improvement undertaken by a municipality in a capital improvement district that is the obligation of an owner of property within the capital improvement district. The assessed share must be calculated by the municipal officers in the same manner and according to the same standards as the capital costs of sewer improvements are assessed pursuant to sections 3442 and 3444, except the total assessment must be calculated on the basis of the projected cost of the entire improvement rather than any percentage of the projected costs of the improvement, and no type of property within the capital improvement district is exempt from the assessment. 2. Capital improvement district. "Capital improvement district" means a defined area within a municipality that is initially privately owned and that has been designated by the municipality as a capital improvement district according to the provisions of this chapter for the interrelated purposes of fairly apportioning the costs of making necessary capital

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	3. Improvement. "Improvement" means road construction,
2	drainage system development or the installation of sewer or
	drinking water infrastructure.
4	
_	4. Public elements. "Public elements" of a capital
6	improvement district means legal interests in defined properties
<u>,</u>	located within a capital improvement district. "Public elements"
8	may include public easements or fee simple titles in specifically
10	defined property or properties.
10	<u>§5212. Capital improvement districts authorized</u>
12	<u> </u>
	<u>A municipality may create one or more capital improvement</u>
14	districts within the municipal boundaries.
16	§5213. Capital improvement districts; public hearing; notice;
	<u>referendum votes</u>
18	
2.0	In order to establish a capital improvement district, a
20	municipality shall adhere to the following procedures.
22	1. Initial determinations. In order to establish a capital
22	improvement district, the municipal officers shall establish all
24	the public elements of the proposed capital improvement district
21	for presentation to the residents of the municipality at a public
26	hearing held pursuant to subsection 3. The municipal officers
20	shall:
28	
	A. Determine the proposed boundaries of the capital
30	improvement district;
32	B. Identify each separate parcel of property within the
	proposed capital improvement district and the parcel's owner
34	of record;
36	C. Describe all improvements to the proposed capital
2.0	improvement district that need to be made;
38	D. Calculate an estimate of the costs of the proposed
40	improvements;
10	<u>amprovementes</u>
42	E. Calculate the assessed shares and the contingency fee of
	no more than 25% of that assessment to the property owners
44	in the proposed capital improvement district;
46	F. Establish the proposed duration of the payment period
	for the assessed shares;
48	

	G. Describe specifically the public elements of the
2	capital improvement district that may be accepted by the
	voters of the municipality; and
4	
	H. Schedule the public hearing pursuant to subsection 3 and
6	the referendum pursuant to subsection 4.
8	2. Public notice. The municipal officers shall provide
10	posted notice of the public hearing held pursuant to subsection 3
10	in the same place and manner as the posting of a town meeting
12	warrant and publish notice of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality at least 14 days
12	in advance of the public hearing. The published notice must
14	include:
7.1	1101000.
16	A. A description of the proposed boundaries of the capital
10	improvement district;
18	
	B. The proposed improvements to the capital improvement
20	district;
22	C. The estimated costs of the proposed improvements;
24	D. The public elements of the capital improvement district;
	and
26	
	E. A brief narrative description and schedule of the
28	referendum conducted pursuant to subsection 4.
30	At least 14 days in advance of the date of the initial public
30	hearing, the same information provided in the published notice
32	must also be sent by certified mail to all owners of property
52	within the proposed capital improvement district according to the
34	municipality's assessing records. Notice for any additional
• •	public hearings must be posted and published in the same manner
36	as notice for the initial public hearing, but mailed notice of
	the subsequent public hearings is not required.
38	
	3. Public hearing. Prior to any referendum held pursuant
40	to subsection 4 or 5, the municipal officers shall hold an
	initial public hearing on the proposed capital improvement
42	district to solicit comments from the residents of the
	municipality and the owners of property located in the proposed
44	district concerning the:
<b>1</b> .C	
46	A. Proposed boundaries of the capital improvement district;
10	P Turne of improvements to the successful to the
48	B. Type of improvements to the proposed capital improvement district being considered.
50	district being considered;
50	

2	C. Need for the proposed improvements;
	D. Costs of the proposed improvements;
4	E. Projected assessed shares and the contingency fee of no
6	more than 25% of that assessment to the owners of property located in the proposed capital improvement district to pay
8	for the improvements being considered;
10	F. Proposed duration of the payment period for those special assessments;
12	
14	<u>G. Proposed public elements of the capital improvement</u> district; and
16	H. Scheduled dates of referenda conducted pursuant to subsection 4 or 5.
18	
20	<u>The municipal officers may hold additional public hearings as</u> necessary.
22	4. Referendum of owners of property in proposed capital improvement district. The municipal officers shall call and
24	conduct a referendum among the owners of property within the
	proposed capital improvement district to determine the property
26	annound william and he was the the sector of the was seen
26	owners' willingness to undertake the costs of the proposed improvements to the capital improvement district.
28	improvements to the capital improvement district.
28	improvements to the capital improvement district. A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum
	improvements to the capital improvement district.
28	improvements to the capital improvement district. A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.
28 30 32	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own</li> </ul>
28 30	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district</li> </ul>
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28 30 32 34	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the preceding</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote.</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum question is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote. The municipal officers shall determine who are the legal</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote.</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum question is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote. The municipal officers shall determine who are the legal voters of the proposed capital improvement district and</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum question is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote. The municipal officers shall determine who are the legal voters of the proposed capital improvement district and shall prepare or cause to be prepared a list of voters at least 24 hours before the referendum is conducted.</li> </ul>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	<ul> <li>improvements to the capital improvement district.</li> <li>A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum guestion is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise provided in this subsection.</li> <li>B. The registered voters of the municipality who own property within the proposed capital improvement district and the owner or owners of record for each parcel of property located in the proposed capital improvement district reflected on the deed for the property recorded in the registry of deeds within the county as of the preceding April 1st, if the owner or owners are of legal voting age and citizens of the United States, are eligible to vote in the referendum. A person may not cast more than one vote. The municipal officers shall determine who are the legal voters of the proposed capital improvement district and shall prepare or cause to be prepared a list of voters at</li> </ul>

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	D A public booring must be held purguent to costion 2529
2	D. A public hearing must be held pursuant to section 2528,
2	subsection 5, only if any of the information presented to the voters at the most recent public hearing called pursuant
4	to subsection 3 is changed prior to inclusion on the ballot.
T	to subsection 5 is thanged pitor to inclusion on the balloc.
6	E. The referendum to be voted on must be worded
U	substantially as follows: "As an owner of property in the
8	proposed capital improvement district described on the
•	reverse side of this ballot or in the attachment to this
10	ballot, are you in favor of authorizing the municipality of
	to apply a special assessment against the property
12	you own in the proposed capital improvement district for a
	period ofyears, for the purpose of (description of
14	improvements), with the total assessment to all property
	owners within the capital improvement district not to exceed
16	\$, plus a contingency of no more than 25% of that
	assessment, all of which are subject to the property tax
18	collection and lien procedures established by state law, and
	with said authorization contingent on the voters of the
20	municipality of accepting the public costs for the
	capital improvement district improvements before any work is
22	done, specifically described as (description of public
	elements)?"
24	
	The voters shall indicate by a cross or check mark placed
26	against the word "Yes" or "No" their opinion of the same.
28	The municipal officers may proceed with conducting the municipal
	referendum in accordance with subsection 5 only if 2/3 of those
30	casting ballots pursuant to this subsection vote to approve
	creating the capital improvement district.
32	
	5. Referendum of municipal voters. The referendum of the
34	municipal voters may not be called and conducted for the purposes
20	of this chapter unless the referendum held pursuant to subsection
36	4 resulted in a 2/3 majority vote supporting the ballot
38	question. If the referendum held pursuant to subsection 4 received a 2/3 majority vote, the municipal officers shall call
20	and conduct a referendum for the voters of the municipality to
40	determine if the public elements of the proposed capital
40	improvement district authorized pursuant to subsection 4 are
42	authorized by the voters of the municipality.
- 4	and a second of the second of the manifest of the
44	A. The method of calling and voting on the referendum
	question is as provided in section 2528 except as otherwise
46	provided in this subsection.
-	
48	B. The referendum of the municipal voters must be scheduled
	to occur within 45 to 90 days after the date of the
50	referendum held pursuant to subsection 4.

2	<u>C. The referendum to be voted on must be worded substantially as follows: "Are you in favor of establishing</u>
4	a capital improvement district described on the reverse side of this ballot or in the attachment to this ballot and
б	authorizing a special assessment against the several properties in the capital improvement district, with the
8	special assessment running for a period of years, for
10	<u>the purpose of (describe improvements), with the total</u> assessment to all owners of property within the capital
12	<pre>improvement district not to exceed \$ , plus a contingency of no more than 25% of that assessment, all of</pre>
14	which are subject to the property tax collection and lien procedures established by state law, and are you also in
16	<u>favor of the municipality of</u> accepting the public costs for the capital improvement district improvements,
18	specifically described as (describe the public elements), with all associated and ongoing rights, privileges and
20	responsibilities of public ownership?"
22	The voters shall indicate by a cross or check mark placed against the word "Yes" or "No" their opinion of the same.
24	D. If a majority of those voting approve of the ballot question, the capital improvement district is created. Upon
26	the creation of a capital improvement district, the municipality is authorized to raise revenues pursuant to
28	chapter 223 and expend those revenues for the improvements authorized at referendum.
30	E. If the owners of property within the proposed capital
32	improvement district or the voters of the municipality fail to establish the capital improvement district, the municipal
34	officers may not act upon a proposal to create the same capital improvement district for a period of 3 years from
36	the date that capital improvement district was rejected by voters.
38	<u>\$5214. Implementation of improvements to capital improvement</u>
40	district
42	1. Advisory committee. The municipal officers are
44	responsible for implementing improvements to the capital improvement district. For the purposes of overseeing the
46	authorized improvements to the capital improvement district, the municipal officers shall appoint an advisory committee consisting
10	of no fewer than 3 and no more than 7 owners of property within
48	the capital improvement district for the purposes of receiving comments and recommendations on the proposed improvement or

<ul> <li>Cost of improvement. The initial cost of an authorized improvement in a capital improvement district is borne by the municipality until the improvement is complete, as determined by the municipal officers. Commencing with the first tax year that begins after the determination by the municipal officers that the improvement is complete, the municipal officers that the improvement against each property in the capital improvement district representing that property's annual share of the cost of the improvement as determined by the municipal officers and projected in the referenda ballots that created the capital improvement is determined to be less than projected during the improvement is determined to be less than projected during the referenda, in which case the special assessments must be included in the next annual warrant to the tax collector of the municipality for collection and must be collected in the same manner as state, county and municipality's annual report must record the progress of implementing the improvement district. At a minimum, the annual report must include:</li> <li>A. The boundaries of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district is determined to the capital improvement district is a minimum, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property is doaled within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>		improvements within the capital improvement district. Advisory
improvement in a capital improvement district is borne by the municipality until the improvement is complete, as determined by the municipal officers. Commencing with the first tax year that begins after the determination by the municipal officers that the improvement is complete, the municipality shall levy a special assessment against each property in the capital improvement district representing that property's annual share of the cost of the improvement as determined by the municipal officers and projected in the referenda ballots that created the capital improvement district, unless the actual total cost of the improvement is determined to be less than projected during the referenda. in which case the special assessments are reduced proportionally to reflect the actual cost. 3. Method of assessment. The special assessments must be included in the next annual warrant to the tax collector of the municipality for collection and must be collected in the same manner as state, county and municipal taxes are collected. 4. Annual report. The municipality's annual report must record the progress of implementing the improvement district; 30. B. The public elements of the capital improvement district; 31. Method cose the capital improvement district; 32. D. The total cost of the capital improvement district and by the municipality; and 33. D. The total cost of the capital improvement district is be the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the same improvements. The district to pay for the same district is be reported district.	2	committee members serve at the pleasure of the municipal officers.
<ul> <li>municipality until the improvement is complete, as determined by the municipal officers. Commencing with the first tax year that begins after the determination by the municipal officers that the improvement is complete, the municipal officers that the improvement against each property in the capital improvement district representing that property's annual share of the cost of the improvement as determined by the municipal officers and projected in the referenda ballots that created the capital improvement district, unless the actual total cost of the improvement is determined to be less than projected during the referenda, in which case the special assessments are reduced proportionally to reflect the actual cost.</li> <li>3. Method of assessment. The special assessments must be included in the next annual warrant to the tax collector of the municipality for collection and must be collected in the same manner as state, county and municipal taxes are collected.</li> <li>4. Annual report. The municipality's annual report must record the progress of implementing the improvement district;</li> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district made by the municipality; and</li> <li>D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>	4	
<ul> <li>begins after the determination by the municipal officers that the improvement is complete, the municipality shall levy a special assessment against each property in the capital improvement district representing that property is annual share of the cost of the improvement as determined by the municipal officers and projected in the referenda ballots that created the capital improvement district, unless the actual total cost of the improvement is determined to be less than projected during the referenda, in which case the special assessments are reduced proportionally to reflect the actual cost.</li> <li>3. Method of assessment. The special assessments must be included in the next annual warrant to the tax collector of the municipality for collection and must be collected in the same manner as state, county and municipality's annual report must record the progress of implementing the improvements to the capital improvement district. At a minimum, the annual report must include:</li> <li>A. The boundaries of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district and by the municipality; and</li> <li>D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>	6	
<ul> <li>improvement is complete, the municipality shall levy a special</li> <li>assessment against each property in the capital improvement</li> <li>district representing that property's annual share of the cost of</li> <li>the improvement as determined by the municipal officers and</li> <li>projected in the referenda ballots that created the capital</li> <li>improvement district, unless the actual total cost of the</li> <li>improvement is determined to be less than projected during the</li> <li>referenda, in which case the special assessments are reduced</li> <li>proportionally to reflect the actual cost.</li> <li>3. Method of assessment. The special assessments must be</li> <li>included in the next annual warrant to the tax collector of the</li> <li>municipality for collection and must be collected in the same</li> <li>manner as state, county and municipal taxes are collected.</li> <li>4. Annual report. The municipality's annual report must</li> <li>record the progress of implementing the improvement district;</li> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district;</li> <li>D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of</li> <li>the assessed shares and contingency fees against the</li> <li>property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>		
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<ul> <li>26 <u>capital improvement district. At a minimum, the annual report</u> <u>must include:</u></li> <li>28 <ul> <li>A. The boundaries of the capital improvement district;</li> </ul> </li> <li>30 <ul> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> </ul> </li> <li>32 <ul> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district</li> </ul> </li> <li>34 <ul> <li>36</li> <li>D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	24	
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<ul> <li>30</li> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>32</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district</li> <li>34 made by the municipality; and</li> <li>36 D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>	28	<u>mase include:</u>
<ul> <li>B. The public elements of the capital improvement district;</li> <li>C. The improvements to the capital improvement district</li> <li>made by the municipality; and</li> <li>D. The total cost of those improvements, the schedule of the assessed shares and contingency fees against the property located within the district to pay for the</li> </ul>		A. The boundaries of the capital improvement district;
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38 property located within the district to pay for the	36	
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AMPLOYONDALD AND GOVIED CO HITCH CHODE GODEBECK BIRLED	50	improvements and the degree to which those assessed shares
40 and contingency fees have been collected.	40	-
42 <b>§5215. Dissolution of capital improvement district</b>	12	85215 Discolution of conital improvement district
42 <b>35215. Dissolution of capital improvement district</b>	42	35215. Dissolucion of capital improvement district
44 <u>A capital improvement district created under this chapter</u>	44	A capital improvement district created under this chapter
may not be dissolved until the debt created by the improvements		
46 <u>is finally discharged and the special assessments levied for the</u>	46	
purpose of providing for those improvements have been paid or 48 otherwise satisfied. The municipal officers shall dissolve a	48	
capital improvement district upon certification of the discharge	••	
50 of debt. The certification of the discharge of debt must be	50	

•

	presented to the municipal officers by the municipal treasurer.
2	At a minimum, the certification must include an attestation by
	the municipal treasurer that all assessed shares levied for the
4	improvements in a capital improvement district have been paid in
	full or a property tax lien has been recorded in the registry of
6	deeds.
8	Sec. 46. 30-A MRSA c. 206, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 521, §1,
	is repealed.
10	
-•	Sec. 47. 32 MRSA §2102, sub-§2-A, as enacted by PL 1995, c.
12	379, §4 and affected by §11, is amended to read:
14	2-A. Advanced practice registered nursing. "Advanced
	practice registered nursing" means the delivery of expanded
16	professional health care by an advanced practice registered nurse
	that is:
18	
20	A. Consistent with advanced educational qualifications as
20	set forth in section 2201-A, subsection 2;
20	
22	B. Within the advanced practice registered nurse's scope of
	practice as specified by the board by rulemaking, taking
24	into consideration any national standards that exist; and
41	inco consideration any national standards that exist, and
26	C. In accordance with the standards of practice for
20	advanced practice registered nurses as specified by the
28	board by rulemaking, taking into consideration any national
20	standards that may exist. Advanced practice registered
30	nursing includes consultation with or referral to medical
	and other health care providers when required by client
32	health care needs.
34	A certified nurse practitioner or a certified nurse midwife who
	qualifies as an advanced practice registered nurse may prescribe
36	and dispense drugs or devices, or both, in accordance with rules
	adopted by the board. In-adopting-such-rules, -the-board-shall
38	invite-and-consider-comment-from-the-Joint-Practice-Council-on
	Advanced-Practice-Registered-Nursing.
40	······································
	A certified nurse practitioner who qualifies as an advanced
42	practice registered nurse must practice, for at least 24 months,
	under the supervision of a licensed physician or must be employed
44	by a clinic or hospital that has a medical director who is a
	licensed physician. The certified nurse practitioner must submit
46	written evidence to the board upon completion of the required
	clinical experience.
48	-
	The board shall adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes
50	of this chapter relating to advanced practice registered nursing.

•

Sec. 48. 32 MRSA §6214-B, last ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 2 394, §19, is repealed. 4 Sec. 49. 34-A MRSA §1205, as amended by PL 2001, c. 667, Pt. C, \$19, is repealed. б Sec. 50. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 768, 8 §6, is repealed. 10 Sec. 51. 36 MRSA §6656, as amended by PL 2001, c. 714, Pt. BB,  $\S2$  and affected by  $\S4$ , is further amended to read: 12 14 §6656. Payment of claims 16 Except-as-provided -in-section-66527- subsection -3,-upon Upon receipt of а timely and properly completed claim for reimbursement, the State Tax Assessor shall certify that the 18 claimant is eligible for reimbursement and shall pay the amount claimed from the General Fund by November 1st or within 90 days 20 after receipt of the claim, whichever is later. For-those-claims 22 for--which--payments--are--withheld--pursuant--to--section--6652, subsection-37-reimbursement-must-be-paid within -90 -days -after-the assesser--receives - notification - under--that--subsection - that--the 24 report-has-been-received. 26 Sec. 52. 37-B MRSA §701, sub-§4, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614,  $\S4$  and c. 662,  $\S72$ , is repealed and the following enacted in 28 its place: 30 4. Mutual aid. Provide for the rendering of mutual aid among the political subdivisions of the State and with other 32 states and provinces of Canada for the accomplishment of emergency management functions. 34 Sec. 53. 37-B MRSA §704, 3rd ¶. as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, 36 \$8 and c. 662, \$76, is repealed and the following enacted in its 38 place: The director, subject to the direction and control of the 40 commissioner, is the executive head of the agency and is 42 responsible for carrying out the program for emergency management. The director shall coordinate the activities of all organizations for emergency management within the State; shall 44 maintain liaison with and cooperate with emergency management and public safety agencies and organizations of other states, the 46 Federal Government and foreign countries, and their political 48 subdivisions; prior to the annual meeting required in section 782, subsection 4, shall provide to each of the local emergency 50 management organizations of the State an annual assessment of each organization's degree of emergency management capability and
 any other information pertinent to ensuring the public's welfare
 and safety within the local organization's jurisdiction; and has
 additional authority, duties and responsibilities as may be
 prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 54. 37-B MRSA §741, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, §11 8 and c. 662, §78, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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### <u>§741. Governor's powers</u>

 Control during emergencies. In the event of disaster
 beyond local control, the Governor may assume direct operational control over all or any part of the emergency management and
 public safety functions within the State.

18 2. Cooperation. In performing the duties required by this chapter, the Governor shall, directly or through the commissioner, cooperate with all departments and agencies of the Federal Government, with the offices and agencies of other states and foreign countries and their political subdivisions and with private agencies in all matters pertaining to the emergency 24 management capability of the State and of the Nation.

26 **3. Authority.** In performing the duties required by this chapter, the Governor may:

A. Make, amend and rescind the necessary orders and rules30to carry out this chapter within the limits of the authority<br/>conferred upon the Governor and not inconsistent with the32rules, regulations and directives of the President of the<br/>United States or of any federal department or agency having<br/>specifically authorized emergency management functions;

- B. Prepare a comprehensive plan and program for the emergency management functions of this State. That plan and program must be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plans of federal agencies and with the plans of other states and foreign countries, and their political subdivisions, to the fullest possible extent;
- C. Coordinate the preparation of plans and programs for
   emergency management functions by the political subdivisions of the State. These plans must be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plan and program of the State to the fullest possible extent;
- D. In accordance with the plan and program for the emergency management functions of the State, and consistent

	with the emergency management plans, programs and directives
2	of the Federal Government, procure supplies and equipment, institute training programs and public information programs
4	and take all other preparatory steps, including the partial
б	<u>or full mobilization of emergency management organizations</u> in advance of actual disaster or catastrophe, to ensure the
	furnishing of adequately trained and equipped forces of
8	emergency management personnel in time of need;
10	E. Conduct studies and surveys and take inventories of the industries, resources and facilities of the State necessary
12	to ascertain the State's emergency management capabilities,
	and plan for their most efficient emergency use, including
14	<u>emergency economic controls to ensure adequate production</u>
	and equitable distribution of essential commodities;
16	
18	F. Whenever a shortage of critical material supplies
19	<u>appears imminent in the State, establish emergency reserves</u> of those products necessary to ensure the health, welfare
20	and safety of the people of the State. To establish those
	reserves, the Governor may purchase quantities of those
22	materials for resale on a cost plus expenses basis for
	priority end users within the State;
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	G. On behalf of the State, enter into mutual aid
26	arrangements with other states and foreign countries, and
28	their political subdivisions, and coordinate mutual aid plans between political subdivisions of the State. If an
20	arrangement is entered into with a jurisdiction that has
30	enacted the Interstate Civil Defense and Disaster Compact,
	chapter 15, the Emergency Management Assistance Compact,
32	chapter 16, or the International Emergency Management
	Assistance Compact, chapter 16-A, any resulting agreement or
34	agreements may be considered supplemental agreements
26	pursuant to those compacts. If the other jurisdiction or
36	jurisdictions with which the Governor proposes to cooperate have not enacted one of those compacts, the Governor may
38	negotiate special agreements with the jurisdiction or
	jurisdictions. Any agreement, if sufficient authority for
40	its making does not otherwise exist, becomes effective only
	after approval by the Legislature; and
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	H. Delegate any authority vested in the Governor under this
44	chapter and provide for the subdelegation of that authority.
46	Sec. 55. 37-B MRSA §782, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, §14
10	and c. 662, §83, is repealed and the following enacted in its
48	place:
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50	§782. Agency directors

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2	A director must be appointed for each municipal and county
4	or regional emergency management agency. A director of an emergency management agency may not be at the same time an
б	executive officer or member of the executive body of a municipality or interjurisdictional or county or regional agency
8	of the State or a county commissioner. Notwithstanding this section or any other law, a town manager or administrative
10	assistant may also be appointed to serve as the director of an emergency management agency. A director may be removed by the
12	appointing authority for cause.
14	<b>1. Municipal emergency management director.</b> The municipal officers shall appoint the director of the municipality's emergency management agency. In each municipality that has not
16	established an agency of its own, the municipal officers shall designate an emergency management director to facilitate
18	cooperation in the work of disaster mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery. The emergency management director shall
20	serve as liaison to the appropriate county or regional agency.
22	2. County agency director. The county commissioners shall appoint the director of that county's emergency management agency.
24	3. Interjurisdictional and regional agency directors. The
26	director of an interjurisdictional or regional emergency management agency must be appointed in the manner prescribed by
28	the director in accordance with section 781, subsection 3.
30	4. Annual meeting with Director of the Maine Emergency Management Agency. The director of each county or regional
32	organization for emergency management in the State and the respective appointing authority shall meet each year with the
34	Director of the Maine Emergency Management Agency or the agency's successor, in order to review the performance of the county or
36	regional emergency management organization in carrying out its federal and state mandate and to jointly set new goals for the
38	coming year.
40	Sec. 56. 37-B MRSA §783, first ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, §15 and c. 662, §84, is repealed and the following enacted
42	in its place:
44	Each municipal, county and regional emergency management agency shall prepare and keep a current disaster emergency plan
46	for the area subject to its jurisdiction. That plan must include without limitation:
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Sec. 57. 37-B MRSA §783, last ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, 2 §16 and c. 662, §85, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

Each municipal, county and regional emergency management agency, as part of the development of a disaster emergency plan for the area subject to its jurisdiction, shall consult with hospitals within its jurisdiction to ensure that the disaster plans developed by the municipality or agency and the hospitals are compatible.

Sec. 58. 37-B MRSA §784, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, §17 and c. 662, §86, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

16 §784. Mutual aid arrangements

The director of each local organization for emergency 18 management shall, in collaboration with other public and private agencies within the State, develop or cause to be developed 20 mutual aid arrangements for reciprocal emergency management aid 22 and assistance in case of a disaster too great to be dealt with unassisted. These arrangements must be consistent with the state emergency management program, and in time of emergency each local 24 organization for emergency management shall render assistance in accordance with the mutual aid arrangements. For this purpose, 26 political subdivisions are authorized when geographical locations make mutual aid arrangements desirable to enter into mutual aid 28 arrangements subject to the approval of the director.

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Sec. 59. 37-B MRSA §823. first ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 32 614, §21 and c. 662, §89, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 34

All members of the emergency management forces are deemed to be employees of the State while on, or training for, emergency management duty. They have all the rights given to state employees under the former Maine Workers' Compensation Act or the Maine Workers' Compensation Act of 1992. All claims must be filed, prosecuted and determined in accordance with the procedure set forth in the Maine Workers' Compensation Act of 1992.

Sec. 60. 37-B MRSA §829, first ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 44 614, §26 and c. 662, §95, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

It is the duty of every agency for emergency management 48 established pursuant to this chapter and of the officers to execute and enforce orders and rules adopted by the Governor 50 under authority of this chapter. Each emergency management

agency shall have available for inspection at its office all orders and rules made by the Governor or issued under the 2 Governor's authority. 4 Sec. 61. 37-B MRSA §831, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614, §26 and c. 662, §96, is repealed and the following enacted in its б place: 8 §831. Utilization of existing services and facilities 10 In carrying out this chapter, the Governor and the executive officers or governing bodies of the political subdivisions of the 12 State shall utilize the services and facilities of existing departments, offices and agencies of the State and all their 14 political subdivisions to the maximum extent practicable. The officers and personnel of all departments, offices and agencies 16 shall cooperate with and extend their services and facilities to 18 the Governor and to the emergency management organizations of the State upon request. 20 Sec. 62. 37-B MRSA §832, first ¶, as amended by PL 2001, c. 614,  $\S26$  and c. 662,  $\S97$ , is repealed and the following enacted 22 in its place: 24 An emergency management organization established under the authority of this chapter may not participate in any form of 26 political activity and may not be employed directly or indirectly 28 for political purpose. 30 Sec. 63. 38 MRSA §420-B, sub-§4, ¶¶C and D, as amended by PL 1997, c. 179, §4, are further amended to read: 32 C. The commissioner's conclusions as to the levels of toxic contamination in the State's waters and fisheries; and 34 36 D. Any trends of increasing or decreasing levels of contaminants found +- and. 38 Sec. 64. 38 MRSA §420-B, sub-§4, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 179,  $\S4$ , is repealed. 40 42 Sec. 65. PL 2001, c. 574, §31 is repealed. Sec. 66. PL 2001, c. 646, §§4. 6. 8. 10 and 12 are repealed. 44 Sec. 67. Retroactivity. That section of this Act that repeals 46 Public Law 2001, chapter 646, sections 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 is retroactive to March 25, 2002. 48 Sec. 68. PL 2001, c. 688, §4 is repealed. 50

2 Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved, except as otherwise indicated. 4 6 **SUMMARY** 8 Section 1 repeals the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 2, section 6, subsection 7, which is the lead-in sentence for former 10 paragraph A that was repealed by Public Law 1991, chapter 885, 12 Part A, section 1. 14 Section 2 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapters 617 and 698, which affected the same provision of law, by incorporating the changes made by both public laws. Section 3 16 makes the change retroactive to August 1, 2002, the effective date of Public Law 2001, chapter 698. 18 20 Section 4 corrects a cross-reference and makes a grammatical change. 22 Section 5 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapters 617 and 698, which affected the same provision of law, 24 by incorporating the changes made by both public laws. Section 6 26 makes the change retroactive to August 1, 2002, the effective date of Public Law 2001, chapter 698. 28 Section 7 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 30 chapters 617 and 698, which affected the same provision of law, by incorporating the changes made by both laws. Section 8 makes 32 the correction retroactive to August 1, 2002, the effective date of Public Law 2001, chapter 698. 34 Section 9 corrects references to the Maine Revised Statutes, 36 Title 13-A, which was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 640, Part A, section 1. This section also changes the format for clarity and corrects grammatical and punctuation errors. Section 38 10 makes the changes effective July 1, 2003, the effective date 40 of Public Law 2001, chapter 640. 42 Section 11 corrects a cross-reference. Section 12 removes a reference to the Maine 44 Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 306-B, which was repealed by Public 46 Law 2001, chapter 664, section 1. 48 Section 13 strikes "regulations" and replaces it with "rules" to implement the intent of Public Law 2001, chapter 572. 50 Section 14 corrects a cross-reference.

2 Section 15 corrects a cross-reference to a section of law that was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 327, section 17. Λ Section 16 corrects a cross-reference to a section of law that was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 421, Part B, 6 section 20. 8 Section 17 corrects cross-references to a section of law that was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 421, Part B, 10 section 20. 12 Section 18 corrects a cross-reference to a section of law that was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 327, section 17. 14 Section 19 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 16 chapters 655 and 690, which affected the same provision of law, 18 by incorporating the changes made by both laws. Section 20 corrects a cross-reference. 20 22 Section 21 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapters 610 and 667, which affected the same provision of law, 24 by incorporating the changes made by both laws. Section 22 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 26 chapters 612 and 653, which enacted substantively similar 28 provisions using the same chapter number. This section repeals the chapter and replaces it, incorporating the provisions of both 30 public laws. 32 Section 23 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapters 403 and 454, which affected the same provision of law, 34 by incorporating the changes of both public laws. 36 Section 24 corrects a cross-reference and a grammatical error. 38 Section 25 strikes language that makes reference to the 40 Certificate of Need Advisory Committee, which was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 664, section 1. 42 Sections 26 and 27 correct a cross-reference and enact a new 44 subsection of law to reflect changes made by Public Law 2001, chapter 596. 46 Section 28 corrects 2 cross-references. The first is to the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 1978, which was repealed and 48 replaced by the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002 by Public 50 Law 2001, chapter 664. The 2nd cross-reference is to the Maine

Health Care Finance Commission, which was repealed by Public Law 1995, chapter 653.

Section 29 supplies the appropriate calendar date for a reference to the effective date of a provision of law, corrects a
 cross-reference, makes a grammatical change and removes a reporting requirement that is no longer necessary.

Section 30 corrects a reference to the Maine Revised 10 Statutes, Title 22, chapter 103, which was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 664, section 1. This section also makes 12 grammatical changes and changes gender-specific language.

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Section 31 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapters 515 and 596, which affected the same provision of law,
 by incorporating the changes of both laws.

18 Section 32 corrects an error created when 2 laws, Public Law 2001, chapter 258, Part E, section 3 and Public Law 2001, chapter 20 400, section 1, affected the same section of law in substantively different ways. This section corrects the error by combining the 2 changes made by both public laws, enacting the subparagraph (3) enacted by Public Law 2001, chapter 400 as a new subparagraph (4). 24

Section 33 corrects a reference to the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 1978 which was replaced by the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002 by Public Law 2001, chapter 664.

Sections 34 and 35 correct cross-references to the Maine 30 Certificate of Need Act of 1978, which was repealed and replaced by the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 2002 by Public Law 2001, 32 chapter 664.

34 Section 36 corrects a cross-reference to a section of law that was repealed by Public Law 2001, chapter 664.

Section 37 corrects a cross-reference to the Certificate of 38 Need Act of 1978, which was repealed and replaced by the Certificate of Need Act of 2002 by Public Law 2001, chapter 664.

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Section 38 corrects a cross-reference to the Maine Revised
42 Statutes, Title 22, chapter 103, which was repealed by Public Law
2001, chapter 664, section 1. This section also removes language
44 referring to the \$1,000 limit on initial deposits, since that
limit was repealed by Public Law 1989, chapter 343.

48 Section 39 corrects a cross-reference.

Section 40 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 50 chapters 667 and 687, which affected the same provision of law, by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with the chapter 687 version with a grammatical correction.

Section 41 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001,
 chapters 360 and 440, which affected the same provision of law,
 by incorporating the changes made by both laws.

8 Section 42 adds the word "review" after the term "board of assessment" to make paragraph G consistent with the rest of the 10 section and to reflect the intent of the section.

 Section 43 resolves a conflict created by Public Law 1989, chapter 104, Part A, section 17 and chapter 104, Part D, section
 which made slightly different changes to gender-specific language in the same provision of law. This section resolves the
 conflict by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with the chapter 104, Part D, section 3 version.

Section 44 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 20 chapters 593 and 613, which affected the same provisions of law, by incorporating the changes of both laws.

Sections 45 and 46 correct an error that was created when 24 Public Law 2001, chapters 521 and 669 both enacted a new Title 30-A, chapter 206 with similar section numbers. These sections 26 correct that error by repealing chapter 206 as enacted by Public Law 2001, chapter 521, section 1 and reenacting it as chapter 28 205-A with new section numbers.

Section 47 strikes language making reference to the Joint
 Practice Council on Advanced Practice Registered Nursing, which
 was repealed by Public Law 1999, chapter 668, section 120.

34 Section 48 repeals the last paragraph of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 32, section 6214-B. Public Law 1991, chapter 36 456, section 12 repealed Title 32, section 6207, subsection 3. However, Title 32, section 6214-B, which requires a person 38 providing the primary service of professional alcohol and drug counseling to comply with the requirements of section 6207, 40 subsection 3, was not repealed but is nonsensical without section 6207, subsection 3.

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Section 49 repeals the headnote to the Maine Revised 44 Statutes, Title 34-A, section 1205, which is all that remains of that section following the repeal of subsections 1, 2 and 3.

Section 50 repeals a provision of law that makes reference 48 to a repealed provision of law. The provision of law that is being repealed by this section pertains to employer reporting 50 requirements. The section of law that established those

 requirements was repealed on August 1, 2002, thus making the
 Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 6652, subsection 3 obsolete. Section 51 removes references to the penalty for
 failing to meet employer reporting requirements.

6 Section 52 corrects a conflict that was created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 4 and chapter 662, section 72,
8 which both amended the same provision of law, by repealing and replacing them with the Public Law 2001, chapter 662, section 72
10 version.

Section 53 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001,
 chapters 614 and 662, which affected the same provision of law,
 by incorporating the changes made by both laws.

Section 54 corrects a conflict that was created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 11 and chapter 662, section 78,
which both amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by incorporating the changes made by both
laws.

Section 55 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 14 and chapter 662, section 83, which both
 amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with
 the Public Law 2001, chapter 662, section 83 version.

Sections 56 and 57 correct conflicts created by Public Law
 2001, chapter 614, sections 15 and 16 and chapter 662, sections
 84 and 85, which both amended the same provisions of law. These sections correct the conflicts by incorporating the changes made
 by both laws.

Section 58 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 17 and chapter 662, section 86, which both
 amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with
 the Public Law 2001, chapter 662, section 86 version.

Section 59 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 21 and chapter 662, section 89, which both
 amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by repealing the provision of law and reenacting it to
 clarify that an employee may have preexisting rights arising under the former Workers' Compensation Act.

Section 60 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, 48 chapter 614, section 26 and chapter 662, section 95, which both amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the

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conflict by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with the Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 26 version.

Section 61 corrects a conflict created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 26 and chapter 662, section 96, which both
amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by repealing the provision of law and replacing it with
the Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 26 version.

Section 62 corrects a conflict that was created by Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 26 and chapter 662, section 97,
which both amended the same provision of law. This section corrects the conflict by repealing the provision of law and
replacing it with the Public Law 2001, chapter 614, section 26 version.

Sections 63 and 64 correct a cross-reference and fix 18 punctuation.

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20 Section 65 repeals section 31 of Public Law 2001, chapter 574 because the provision referenced in the retroactivity clause 22 is not affected by the public law.

Section 66 repeals sections of Public Law 2001, chapter 646 that made changes to sections of the Maine Revised Statutes,
Title 5 that were effective only upon a contingency that was never met. The contingent changes were repealed by Public Law
2001, chapter 559, Part RR, section 13. Section 67 makes the correction retroactive to March 25, 2002, the effective date of
Public Law 2001, chapter 439, Part RR, section 13.

Section 68 repeals Public Law 2001, chapter 688, section 4.
 which attempted to repeal a section of the statutes that was
 repealed effective April 1, 1989 by operation of the Maine
 Revised Statutes, Title 36, former section 2916-A.