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120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2002

Legislative Document

No. 2094

H.P. 1588

House of Representatives, January 29, 2002

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Encourage Regionalism in Municipal Growth Management.

Reported by Representative KOFFMAN for the Joint Study Committee to Study Growth Management pursuant to Joint Order 2001, H.P. 1330.

Reference to the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources suggested and printing ordered under Joint Rule 218.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Da	it anna	tad by	the Do	anla of th	a State o	f Maina	as follows:
Вe	it enac	tea by	tne re	obie of th	ie State (or iviaine a	as tonows:

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- Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read:
- 6 2. Coastal area. "Coastal areas area" means all municipalities a coastal island and any municipality or unorganized tewnships township contiguous to tidal waters and-all eeastal-islands. The inland boundary of the coastal area is the inland line of any coastal town line.

Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§§4-A and 4-B are enacted to read:

- 4-A. Critical rural area. "Critical rural area" means a rural area that is specifically identified and designated by a planning district's comprehensive plan as deserving maximum protection from development to preserve natural resources and related economic activities that may include, but are not limited to, significant farmland, forest land or mineral resources; high-value wildlife or fisheries habitat; scenic areas; public water supplies; scarce or especially vulnerable natural resources; and open lands functionally necessary to support a vibrant rural economy.
 - 4-B. Critical waterfront area. "Critical waterfront area" means a shorefront area characterized by functionally water-dependent uses, as defined in Title 38, section 436-A, subsection 6, and specifically identified and designated by a planning district's comprehensive plan as deserving maximum protection from incompatible development.

Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§6-C is enacted to read:

- 6-C. Growth area. "Growth area" means an area that is designated in a planning district's comprehensive plan as suitable for orderly residential, commercial or industrial development, or any combinations of those types of development, and into which most development projected over 10 years is directed.
- Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1993, c. 166, §1, is further amended to read:
- 9. Growth management program. "Lecal---growth Growth management program" means a document containing the components described in section 4326, including the implementation program, which that is consistent with the goals and guidelines established by subchapter II and which that regulates land use

beyond that required by Title 38, chapter 3, subchapter I, article 2-B.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1989, c. 562, §1, is further amended to read:

10. Planning committee. "Leeal---planning Planning committee" means the committee established by the municipal officers of a municipality or combination of municipalities which that has the general responsibility established under sections 4324 and 4326.

Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§§11-A, 13-B, 14-B and 14-C are enacted to read:

16 11-A. Multimunicipal region. "Multimunicipal region" is a region made up of 2 or more municipalities that work together to cooperatively establish a growth management program or independent growth management programs that are unified with respect to the implementation of the state goal identified in section 4312, subsection 3, paragraph A. The several municipalities in a multimunicipal region may establish the region pursuant to section 4325 or chapter 115.

13-B. Planning district. "Planning district" means a municipality, a multimunicipal region and, when applicable, a regional council.

14-B. Rural area. "Rural area" means a geographic area that is identified and designated in a planning district's comprehensive plan as an area that is deserving of some level of regulatory protection from unrestricted development for purposes that may include, but are not limited to, supporting agriculture, forestry, mining, open space, wildlife habitat, fisheries habitat and scenic lands, and away from which most development projected over 10 years is diverted.

14-C. Transitional area. "Transitional area" means an area that is designated in a planning district's comprehensive plan as suitable for a share of projected residential, commercial or industrial development but that is neither intended to accept the amount or density of development appropriate for a growth area nor intended to provide the level of protection for rural resources afforded in a rural area or critical rural area.

Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §4312, sub-§2, ¶¶F and G, as amended by PL 1991, c. 622, Pt. F, §19, are further amended to read:

F. Provide for continued direct state regulation of development proposals that occur in areas of statewide

2 significance or that by their scale or nature otherwise affect vital state interests; and Encourage the widest possible involvement by G. citizens of each municipality in all aspects of the planning 6 and implementation process, in order to ensure that the plans developed by municipalities have had the benefit of 8 citizen input; and 10 Sec. 8. 30-A MRSA §4312, sub-§2, ¶I is enacted to read: 12 Encourage the development and implementation of 14 multimunicipal growth management programs. Sec. 9. 30-A MRSA §4312, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 16 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read: 18 encourage orderly growth development and appropriate areas of each community, and region while 20 protecting the State's rural character, making efficient use 22 of public services and preventing development sprawl; Sec. 10. 30-A MRSA §4314, sub-§3, as amended by PL 2001, c. 24 406, §3, is further amended to read: 26 3. Rate of growth, zoning and impact fee ordinances. January 1, 2003, any portion of a municipality's planning 28 district's rate of growth, zoning or impact fee ordinance must be 30 consistent with a comprehensive plan adopted under subchapter. The portion of a rate of growth, zoning or impact fee ordinance that is not consistent with a comprehensive plan is 32 no longer in effect unless: 34 The ordinance or portion of the ordinance is exempted under subsection 2; 36 The municipality planning district is under contract 38 D. with the office to prepare a comprehensive plan or implementation program, in which case the ordinance or 40 portion of the ordinance remains valid for up to 4 years after receipt of the first installment of its first planning 42 assistance grant or for up to 2 years after receipt of the first installment of its first implementation assistance 44 grant, whichever is earlier; 46 The ordinance or portion of the ordinance conflicts with a newly adopted comprehensive plan or plan amendment adopted 48 under this subchapter, in which case the ordinance or 50 portion of the ordinance remains in effect for a period of

concern, that directly impact natural resources of statewide

- up to 24 months immediately following adoption of the comprehensive plan or plan amendment; or
- The municipality planning district applied for and was 4 financial assistance for its first planning 6 assistance or implementation assistance grant under this subchapter due to lack of state funds on or before January 8 1, 2003. If the office subsequently offers the municipality first planning planning district its assistance 10 implementation assistance grant, the municipality planning district has up to one year to contract with the office to prepare a comprehensive plan or implementation program, in 12 which case the municipality's planning district's ordinances will be subject to paragraph D. 14
- Sec. 11. 30-A MRSA c. 187, sub-c. II, art. 2, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45, is amended by repealing and replacing the headnote to read:

20 ARTICLE 2 GROWTH MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

Sec. 12. 30-A MRSA §4321, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read:

§4321. Growth management program established

- There is established a program of leeal growth management to accomplish the goals of this subchapter.
- Sec. 13. 30-A MRSA §4324, as amended by PL 1993, c. 721, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. H, §1, is further amended to read:

34 §4324. Responsibility for growth management

This section governs a municipality's planning district's responsibility for the preparation or amendment of its leeal growth management program. Where When procedures for the adoption of comprehensive plans and ordinances are governed by other provisions of this Title or municipal charter or ordinance, the municipality planning district may modify the procedural requirements of this section as long as a broad range of opportunity for public comment and review is preserved.

1. Growth management program. Each municipality planning district may prepare a leeal growth management program in accordance with this section or may amend its existing comprehensive plan and existing land use ordinances to comply with this subchapter.

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2. Planning committee. If a municipality planning district chooses to prepare a leeal growth management program, the municipal officers of a municipality or combination of municipalities shall designate and establish a leeal planning committee.

- A. The municipal officers may designate any existing planning board or district established under subchapter IV, or a former similar provision, as the leeal planning committee. Planning boards established under former Title 30, section 4952, subsection 1, continue to be governed by those provisions until they are superseded by municipal charter or ordinance.
 - B. The leeal planning committee may develop and maintain a comprehensive plan and may develop an-initial-proposed gening-ordinance-or-an-initial-revision-of-an-existing gening-ordinance any portion of an implementation program to which it is assigned in an adopted comprehensive plan or otherwise directed by the municipal officers or municipal legislative body or bodies. In performing these duties, the leeal planning committee shall:
 - (1) Hold public hearings and use other methods to solicit and strongly encourage citizen input; and
 - (2) Prepare the comprehensive plan and-prepesed-zening erdinance or any portion of the implementation program to which it is assigned in an adopted comprehensive plan and make recommendations to the municipal reviewing--authority--and municipal legislative body regarding the adoption and implementation of the program or amended program.
- 3. Citizen participation. In order to encourage citizen participation in the development of a leeal growth management program, municipalities planning districts may adopt leeal growth management programs only after soliciting and considering a broad range of public review and comment. The intent of this subsection is to provide for the broad dissemination of proposals and alternatives, opportunity for written comments, open discussions, information dissemination and consideration of and response to public comments.
- 4. Meetings to be public. The leeal planning committee shall conduct all of its meetings in open, public session. Prior public notice must be given for all meetings of the leeal planning committee pursuant to Title 1, section 406. Prior-to April-1,-1990,-if-the local planning committee-provided-notice-in

eempliance-with-Title-1,-section-406,-that-notice-was-sufficient for-all-legal-purposes.

4 8. Public hearing required. The leeal planning committee shall hold at least one public hearing on its proposed comprehensive plan.

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- A. Notice of any public hearing must be posted in the each municipality at least 2-times 30 days before the hearing.
- B. A copy of the proposed comprehensive plan shall must be made available for public inspection at the <u>each</u> municipal office or other convenient location with regular public hours at least 30 days before the hearing.
 - 9. Adoption. A comprehensive plan or land use ordinance is deemed-to-have-been considered adopted as part of a leeal growth management program when it has been accepted adopted by the municipality's legislative body. A multimunicipal comprehensive plan or land use ordinance must be adopted by the municipal legislative body of each participating municipality unless another form of legislative authority has been established for this purpose within the planning district.
 - 10. Amendments to an adopted plan. When amending an adopted comprehensive plan, a municipality planning district shall follow the same procedures for citizen participation, public notice and public hearing that are required for adoption of a comprehensive plan.
 - Sec. 14. 30-A MRSA §4325, as amended by PL 1991, c. 622, Pt. F, §28, is further amended to read:

§4325. Cooperative growth management activities

This section governs cooperative leeal growth management efforts conducted by 2 or more municipalities.

- 1. Within municipality. A municipality may exercise its land use planning and management authority over the total land area within its jurisdiction.
- 2. Multimunicipal region. Any combination of eentiqueus
 44 municipalities may conduct joint planning and regulatory programs
 to meet the requirements of this subchapter upon adoption of a
 46 written comprehensive planning and enforcement agreement by the
 municipal legislative bodies involved. The municipalities must
 48 agree:

- A. On procedures for joint action in the preparation and adoption of comprehensive plans and land use regulations and other implementation measures to be conducted on a multimunicipal basis;
 - B. On the manner of representation on any such joint land use body; and
- C. On the amount <u>and source</u> of contribution from each municipality for any costs incurred in the development, implementation and enforcement of the <u>comprehensive</u> plan and land-use-erdinances its implementation program and on the method of distributing the benefits or impacts of regional land use, economic development, housing, transportation, infrastructure and other shared plans and programs.
- 3. Requirements. The <u>comprehensive planning and</u>
 18 <u>enforcement</u> agreement must be in writing, approved by the municipal legislative bodies and forwarded to the office.
- Sec. 15. 30-A MRSA §4326, as amended by PL 2001, c. 406, §4,
 22 is further amended to read:

§4326. Growth management program elements

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- A leeal growth management program shall <u>must</u> include at least a comprehensive plan, as described in subsections 1 to 4, and an implementation program as described in subsection 5.
- 30 1. Inventory and analysis. A comprehensive plan shall must include an inventory and analysis section addressing state goals this subchapter and issues of regional 32 significance that the municipality planning district considers important. The inventory must be based on information provided 34 by the State, regional councils and other relevant local sources. The analysis must include 10-year projections of local 36 and regional growth in population and residential, commercial and 38 industrial activity; the projected need for public facilities; and the vulnerability of and potential impacts on natural 40 resources.
- The inventory and analysis section must include, but is not limited to:
- A. Economic and demographic data describing the municipality planning district and the region in which it is located;

2	B. Significant water resources such as lakes, aquifers, estuaries, rivers and coastal areas and, where when
4	applicable, their vulnerability to degradation;
	C. Significant or critical natural resources, such as
6	wetlands, wildlife and fisheries habitats, significant plant habitats, coastal islands, sand dunes, scenic areas,
8	shorelands, heritage coastal areas as defined under Title 5, section 3316, and unique natural areas;
10	•
	D. Marine-related resources and facilities such as ports,
12	harbors, commercial moorings, commercial docking facilities and related parking, and shell fishing and worming areas;
14	
16	E. Commercial forestry and agricultural land;
16	F. Existing recreation, park and open space areas and
18	significant points of public access to shorelands within a municipality the planning district;
20	maniferparity cite pranting district,
20	G. Existing transportation systems, including the capacity
22	of existing and proposed major thoroughfares, secondary routes, pedestrian ways and parking facilities;
24	routes, pedestrian ways and parking facilities;
4 4	T Desidential bension start including affectable bension.
26	H. Residential housing stock, including affordable housing;
20	I Historian and anabasism resources including at the
2.0	I. Historical and archeological resources including, at the
28	discretion of the municipality planning district, stone
20	walls, stone impoundments and timber bridges of historical
30	significance;
32	J. Land use information describing current and projected
34	
2.4	development patterns; and
34	W la comment of social facilities and mublic commisses
2.6	K. An assessment of capital facilities and public services
36	necessary to support growth and development and to protect
••	the environment and health, safety and welfare of the public
38	and the costs of those facilities and services.
40	2 Policy development A comprehensive plan must include a
40	2. Policy development. A comprehensive plan must include a
4.2	policy development section that relates the findings contained in
42	the inventory and analysis section to the state goals. The
4.4	policies must:
44	The state of the s
4.6	A. Promote the state goals under this subchapter;
46	
	B. Address any conflicts between state goals under this
48	subchapter;

2	and
4	D. Address the State's coastal policies if any part of the planning district is a coastal area.
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8	3. Implementation strategy. A comprehensive plan must include an implementation strategy section that contains a
	timetable for the implementation program, including land use
10	ordinances, ensuring that the goals established under this subchapter are met. These implementation strategies must be
12	consistent with state law and must actively promote policies developed during the planning process. The timetable must
14	identify significant ordinances to be included in the
1.1	implementation program. The strategies and timetable must guide
16	the subsequent adoption of policies, programs and land use
	ordinances. Indevelopingitsstrategiesandsubsequent
18	pelieies, programs - and -landuse ordinances, each municipality
	shall-employ-the-following-guidelines-consistent-with-the-goals
20	of-this-subchapter+
22	AIdentifyanddesignateatleast2basietypesef
	geographie-areas+
24	
2.6	(1) Growth -areas, -which -are -those - areas - suitable -for
26	orderlyresidential,emmereialandindustrial
2.0	developmenteranycombinationofthosetypesef
28	development,forecast-overthenext10-yearsEach
2.0	municipality-shall+
30	
2.2	(a)Establish-standards-for-these-developments;
32	(b) Batabalah bimala memilih ing menganjan
34	(b)Establish-timely-permitting-procedures;
34	(e)Ensurethatneededpublicservicesare
36	available-within-the-growth-area;-and
30	avarrabre-wrenen-ene-growen-areay-ana
38	(d) Preventinappropriate-developmentin-natural
	hazard-areas,including-flood-plains-and-areas-of
40	high-eresien;-and
42	(2)Rural areas,which arethose areas where
	protection-should-be-provided-for-agricultural,-forest,
44	open-space-and-seenic-lands-within-the-municipality-
* *	Each - municipality - shall - adopt - land - use - policies - and
46	ordinances-to-discourage-incompatible-development.
40	Ordinancos do arboomrago racompacibio acrosopmenter
48	Thesepoliciesandordinancesmayinclude,without
	limitation + density limits; cluster or special sening;

C. Address any conflicts between regional and local issues;

acquisition-of-land-or-development-rights;-or-performance 2 standards. A-municipality-is-not-required-to-identify-growth-areas-for residential, ---eommercial --- or -- industrial -- growth -- if --- it 6 demonstrates - that - it - is - not - possible - to - accommodate - future residential, -commercial-or-industrial-growth-in-these-areas 8 because - of -- severe - physical - limitations, - including, - without limitation, --the-lack--of--adequate--water--supply--and--sewage 10 disposal-services,-very-shallow-soils-or-limitations-imposed by-protected-natural-resources;-or-it-demonstrates-that-the 12 municipality--has--experienced--minimal--or--no--residential, commercial -- or - industrial -- development - over -- the -- past -- decade 14 and-this-condition-is-expected-to-continue-over-the-10-year planning-period .-- A-municipality-exercising-the-discretion afforded-by-this-paragraph-shall-review-the-basis-for-its 16 demonstration -- during -- the -- periodic -- revisions -- undertaken 18 pursuant-to-section-4327+ 20 B.---Develop -- a - capital -- investment -- plan -- for -- financing -- the replacement-and-expansion-of-public-facilities-and-services 22 required-to-meet-projected-growth-and-development; 24 C---Protect,-maintain-and,-when-warranted,-improve-the-water quality-of-each-water-body-pursuant-to-Title-38,-chapter-3, 26 subchapter-I7-article-4-A-and-ensure-that-the-water-quality will-be-protected from long term and cumulative increases in 28 phosphorus-from-development-in-great-pond-watersheds+ 30 D. -- Ensure - that -- its - land -- use - policies -- and -- ordinances -- are consistent -- with -- applicable -- state -- law -- regarding -- critical 32 natural-resources. -- A-municipality-may-adopt-ordinances-more stringent-than-applicable-state-law; 34 E----Ensure--the--preservation--of--access--to--coastal--waters necessary --- for -- commercial --- fishing --- commercial --- meering -36 docking -- and --related --parking -- facilities --- Each --ceastal 38 municipality--shall--discourage--new--development---that--is incompatible -- with -- uses -- related -- to -- the -- marine -- resources 40 industry, F---- Ensure -- the --protection -- of -- agricultural -- and -- forest 42 resources ---- Each--- municipality --- shall --- discourage --- new 44 development - that - is - incompatible - with - uses - related - to - the agricultural-and-forest-industry; 46 G----Ensure--that--its---land--use--policies--and--erdinances encourage-the-siting-and-construction-of-affordable-housing 48 within-the-community-and-comply-with-the-requirements-of section-4358-pertaining-to-individual-mobile-home-and-mobile 50

	nome-bark-creing-ane-eerign-requirementsme-municipatity
2	shall-seck-to-achieve-a-level-of-10%-of-new-residential
	development,basedona5-yearhistoricalaverageof
4	residentialdevelopmentinthe-municipality,meetingthe
	definitionofaffordablehousingMunicipalitiesare
6	encouragedto-seek-creativeapproachesto-assistinthe
	developmentofaffordablehousing,including,butnot
8	limitedto,clusterzoning,reducingminimumlotand
	frontage-sizes,increasing-densities-and-use-of-municipally
10	ewned-land;
12	HEnsure-that-the-value-of-historical-and-archeological
	reseurces-isrecognized-and-thatpretection-isafforded-te
14	these-reseurces-that-merit-it+
16	IEncourage-the-availability-of-and-access-to-traditional
	outdoorrecreationopportunities,including,without
18	limitation, hunting, boating, fishing and hiking; and
	encourage - the -ereation - of -greenbelts - public - parkstrails
20	andconservationcasementsEachmunicipalityshall
	identifyandencouragetheprotectionofundeveloped
22	shereland-and-other-areas-identified-in-the-local-planning
	process-as-meriting-that-protection;-and
24	process as merranay ends processed, and
	J Develop-management-goals-for-great-ponds-pertaining-to
26	the-type-of-shoreline-character,-intensity-of-surface-water
	use,-protection-ofresources-of-state-significance-and-type
28	ef-public-access-appropriate-for-the-intensity-of-use-ef
	great-pends-within-a-municipality-s-jurisdiction.
30	group remains a manager of justices.
	3-A. Guidelines for policy development and implementation
32	strategies. In developing its strategies and subsequent
	policies, programs and land use ordinances, each planning
34	district shall employ the following guidelines consistent with
-	the goals of this subchapter:
36	
	A. Identify and designate geographic areas in the planning
38	district as growth areas and rural areas, as defined in this
	chapter.
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	(1) Within growth areas, each planning district shall:
42	(2) (120)222 920 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
	(a) Establish development standards;
44	tot no constant do vo to poundat do t
••	(b) Establish timely permitting procedures;
46	Tol and and amount and a former cases By a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
+0	(c) Ensure that needed public services are
4.8	available: and

	(d) Prevent inappropriate development in natural
2	hazard areas, including flood plains and areas of
	high erosion.
4	
	(2) Within rural areas, each planning district shall
6	adopt land use policies and ordinances to discourage
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	incompatible development. These policies and
8	ordinances may include, without limitation, density
	limits, cluster or special zoning, acquisition of land
10	or development rights and performance standards. The
	planning district should also identify which rural
12	areas qualify as critical rural areas as defined in
	this chapter. Critical rural areas must receive
14	priority consideration for proactive strategies
14	
	designed to enhance rural industries, manage wildlife
16	and fisheries habitat and preserve sensitive natural
	areas.
18	
	(3) A planning district may also designate as a
20	transitional area any portion of land area that does
	not meet the definition of either a growth area or a
22	rural area. Such an area may be appropriate for
44	medium-density development that does not require
2.4	——————————————————————————————————————
24	expansion of municipal facilities and does not include
	significant rural resources.
26	
	(4) A planning district is not required to identify
28	growth areas for residential, commercial or industrial
	growth if it demonstrates that it is not possible to
30	accommodate future residential, commercial or
	industrial growth in these areas because of severe
32	physical limitations, including, without limitation,
	the lack of adequate water supply and sewage disposal
34	services, very shallow soils or limitations imposed by
Jī	protected natural resources.
26	proceeded nacural resources.
36	
	(5) A planning district is not required to identify
38	growth areas for residential, commercial or industrial
	growth if it demonstrates that the planning district
40	has experienced minimal or no residential, commercial
	or industrial development over the past decade and this
42	condition is expected to continue over the 10-year
	planning period.
44	
	(6) A planning district exercising the discretion
46	afforded by subparagraph 4 or 5 shall review the basis
40	for its demonstration during the periodic revisions
4.0	
48	undertaken pursuant to section 4347-A;

	B. Develop a capital investment plan for financing the
2	replacement and expansion of public facilities and services
	required to meet projected growth and development;
4	
	C. Protect, maintain and, when warranted, improve the water
6	quality of each water body pursuant to Title 38, chapter 3,
•	subchapter I, article 4-A and ensure that the water quality
8	will be protected from long-term and cumulative increases in
O	phosphorus from development in great pond watersheds;
10	phosphorus from development in great pond watersheds;
LU	
	D. Ensure that its land use policies and ordinances are
12	consistent with applicable state law regarding critical
	natural resources. A municipality or multimunicipal region,
14	if authorized to enact ordinances, may adopt ordinances more
	stringent than applicable state law;
16	
	E. Ensure the preservation of access to coastal waters
18	necessary for commercial fishing, commercial mooring,
	docking and related parking facilities. Each coastal area
20	may identify and designate one or more critical waterfront
20	areas and implement policies to ensure protection of those
22	-
42	areas or otherwise discourage new development that is
	incompatible with uses related to the marine resources
24	industry;
26	F. Ensure the protection of agricultural and forest
	resources. Each planning district shall discourage new
28	development that is incompatible with uses related to the
	agricultural and forest industries;
30	
	G. Ensure that the planning district's land use policies
32	and ordinances encourage the siting and construction of
	affordable housing within the community and comply with the
34	requirements of section 4358 pertaining to individual mobile
	home and mobile home park siting and design requirements.
36	The planning district shall seek to achieve a level of at
	least 10% of new residential development, based on a 5-year
38	historical average of residential development in the
30	planning district, that meets the definition of affordable
4.0	
40	housing. A planning district is encouraged to seek creative
	approaches to assist in the development of affordable
42	housing, including, but not limited to, cluster housing,
	reduced minimum lot and frontage sizes, increased
44	residential densities and use of municipally owned land;
46	H. Ensure that the value of historical and archeological
	resources is recognized and that protection is afforded to
48	those resources that merit it;

- I. Encourage the availability of and access to traditional outdoor recreation opportunities, including, without limitation, hunting, boating, fishing and hiking, and encourage the creation of greenbelts, public parks, trails and conservation easements. Each planning district shall identify and encourage the protection of undeveloped shoreland and other areas identified in the local planning process as meriting that protection; and
 - J. Develop management goals for great ponds pertaining to the type of shoreline character, intensity of surface water use, protection of resources of state significance and type of public access appropriate for the intensity of use of great ponds within the planning district's jurisdiction.
- 4. Regional coordination program. A regional coordination program must be developed with other municipalities or planning districts to manage shared resources and facilities, such as rivers, aquifers, transportation facilities and others. This program must provide for consistency with the comprehensive plans of other municipalities or planning districts for these resources and facilities.
- 5. Implementation program. An implementation program must be adopted that is consistent with the strategies in subsection 3 3-A.
- Sec. 16. 30-A MRSA §4327, as amended by PL 1993, c. 721, Pt. A, §4 and affected by Pt. H, §1, is repealed.
- Sec. 17. 30-A MRSA §4331, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 721, Pt. A, §5 and affected by Pt. H, §1, is amended to read:

§4331. Evaluation process

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- The office shall conduct an ongoing evaluation process to determine the effectiveness of state, regional and local efforts under this chapter to achieve the purposes and goals of this chapter. Working through the Land and Water Resources Council, the office shall seek the assistance of other state agencies. If requested, all state agencies shall render assistance to the office in this effort.
- 1. Criteria. In conducting the evaluation, the office shall develop criteria based on the goals of this chapter. The criteria must be objective, verifiable and, to the extent practicable, quantifiable.
- 2. Baseline conditions. The office shall establish a
 baseline of land use conditions at a level of detail sufficient

to permit general comparison of state and regional trends in future land use development patterns.

- 3. Public input. The office shall incorporate opportunities for public input and comment into the evaluation process.
- 4. Level of analysis. The office shall evaluate the program generally at a regional and statewide level. To illustrate the impact of the program, the office shall compare land use development trends and patterns in a sample of towns that have participated in the program with a matched sample of towns that have not participated. The evaluation performed by the office must include an analysis of the State's financial commitment to growth management.
- 5. Periodic reports. Beginning on January 1, 1995, the office shall report in writing on the results of its evaluation process every 4 years and more frequently if necessary. The office shall submit its report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resource resources matters and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over appropriations and financial affairs.
 - Sec. 18. 30-A MRSA §4345, as amended by PL 1995, c. 395, Pt. D, §13, is further amended to read:

§4345. Purpose; office to administer program

Under the provisions of this article, a municipality planning district may request financial or technical assistance from the-State-Planning-Office,--referred-to-in-this-article-as the office, for the purpose of planning and implementing a leeal growth management program. A municipality planning district that requests and receives a financial assistance grant shall develop and implement its growth management program in cooperation with the office and in a manner consistent with the provisions of this article.

To accomplish the purposes of this article, the office shall develop and administer a technical and financial assistance program for municipalities planning districts. The program must include direct financial assistance for planning and implementation of leeal growth management programs, standards governing the review of leeal growth management programs by the office, technical assistance to municipalities planning districts and a voluntary certification program for leeal growth management programs.

Sec. 19. 30-A MRSA §4346, as amended by PL 2001, c. 406, §§5 to 8, is further amended to read:

§4346. Technical and financial assistance program

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The technical and financial assistance program for municipalities—and—regional—eeuneils planning districts is established to encourage and facilitate the adoption and implementation of local, regional and statewide growth management programs throughout—the—State.

The office may enter into financial assistance grants only to the extent that funds are available. In making grants, the office shall consider the need for planning in a municipality planning district, the proximity of the municipality planning district to other towns areas that are conducting or have completed the planning process and the economic and geographic role of the municipality planning district within a regional The office may consider other criteria in making grants, as long as the criteria support the goal of encouraging and facilitating the adoption and implementation of -a- local and multimunicipal growth management programs consistent with the provisions of this article. In order to maximize the availability of the technical and financial assistance program to all municipalities, multimunicipal regions and regional councils, financial assistance programs administered competitively under this article are exempt from rules adopted by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services pursuant to Title 5, section 1825-C for use in the purchase of services and the awarding of grants and contracts. The office shall publish a program statement describing its grant program and advertising its availability to eligible applicants.

- 2-A. Financial assistance grants. A contract for a financial assistance grant must:
- A. Provide for the payment of a specific amount for the purposes of planning and preparing a comprehensive plan;
- B. Provide for the payment of a specific amount for the purposes of implementing that plan; and
- C. Include specific timetables governing the preparation and submission of products by the municipality planning district.

The office may not require a municipality planning district to provide matching funds in excess of 25% of the value of that municipality's planning district's financial assistance contract for its first planning assistance grant and implementation

The office may require a higher match for assistance grant. other grants, including, but not limited to, grants for the 2 purpose of updating comprehensive plans. This match limitation 4 does not apply to distribution of federal funds that the office may administer. 6 2-B. Use of funds. A municipality planning district may 8 expend financial assistance grants for: 10 Α. inventories The conduct of surveys, and other data-gathering activities;

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The hiring of planning and other technical staff;

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The retention of planning consultants;

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D. Contracts with regional councils for planning related services;

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- Assistance in the development of ordinances;
- 22 F. Retention of technical and legal expertise £e₽ permitting-activities;

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- The updating of growth management programs or components of a program; and
- 28 G-1. Evaluation of growth management programs; and

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Any other purpose agreed to by the office and the municipality planning district that is directly related to the preparation of a comprehensive plan or the preparation ef-policies, -- programs - and -land -use - ordinances -- to - implement that implementation of a comprehensive plan adopted under this subchapter.

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Any recipient of a financial Program evaluation. assistance grant shall cooperate with the office in performing program evaluations required under section 4331.

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Technical assistance. Using its own staff, the staff of state agencies, contractors and the resources of the regional councils, the office shall provide technical assistance municipalities planning districts in the development, 44 administration and enforcement leeal of growth management programs. The technical assistance component of the program must model land use ordinances or a set of implementation strategies developed by the office that are 48 consistent with this subchapter.

- Regional council assistance. As part of the technical and financial assistance program, the office may develop and administer a program to develop regional education and training programs, regional policies to address state goals and regional assessments. Regional assessments may include, but are not limited to, public infrastructure, inventories of agricultural and commercial forest lands, housing needs, recreation and open space needs, and projections of regional growth and economic development. The program may include guidelines to ensure methodological consistency among the State's regional councils. To implement this program, the office may contract with regional to assist the office in reviewing leeal growth management programs, to develop necessary planning information at a regional level or to provide support for local planning efforts.
- Coordination. State agencies with regulatory or other 16 authority affecting the goals established in this subchapter shall conduct their respective activities in a manner consistent 18 with the goals established under this subchapter, including, but limited to, coordinating with municipalities, 20 regional councils and other state agencies in meeting the state goals; 22 providing available information to regions and municipalities as described in section 4326, subsection 1; cooperating with efforts to integrate and provide access to geographic information system 24 data; making state investments and awarding grant money as described in section 4349-A; and conducting reviews of growth management programs as provided in section 4347-A, subsection 3, 28 paragraph A. Without limiting the application of this section to other state agencies, the following agencies shall comply with 30 this subchapter. The Land and Water Resources Council shall periodically, but in no event less than biannually, review the effectiveness of agency coordination efforts, including, but not 32 limited to, those in section 4349-A:

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Department of Conservation;

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B. Department of Economic and Community Development;

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c. Department of Environmental Protection;

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Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources; D.

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Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife; Ε.

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F. Department of Marine Resources;

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Department of Transportation;

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G-1. Department of Human Services;

G-2.	Executive	Department,	State	Planning	Office	•
G-2.	DVCCCCTAG	Debar chierre	blate	I TOMMING	OTITUE	•

H. Finance Authority of Maine; and

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I. Maine State Housing Authority.

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Sec. 20. 30-A MRSA §4347-A, as enacted by PL 2001, c. 406, §10, is amended to read:

10 §4347-A. Review of programs by office

Comprehensive plans. A municipality planning district that chooses to prepare a growth management program and receives planning grant under this article shall submit comprehensive plan to the office for review. The office shall review plans for consistency with the goals and guidelines established in this subchapter. Any contract for a planning assistance grant must include specific timetables governing the comprehensive plan by the office. review of the comprehensive plan submitted for review more than 12 months following a contract end date may be required to update data, projections and other time-sensitive portions of the plan or program to the office's most current review standards.

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2. Growth management programs. A municipality planning district may at any time request a certificate of consistency for its growth management program.

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A. Upon a request for review under this section, the office shall review the program and determine whether the program is consistent with the procedures, goals and guidelines established in this subchapter.

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Except--as--provided--in--subsection--1,--certification Certification by the office of a municipality's planning district's growth management program under this article is for years. To maintain certification, valid 10 municipality planning district shall periodically review its growth management program and submit to the office in a timely manner any revisions necessary to account for changes, including changes caused by growth and development. Certification does not lapse in any year in which the Legislature does not appropriate funds to the office for the purposes of reviewing programs for recertification.

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3. Review of comprehensive plan or growth management program. In reviewing a comprehensive plan or growth management program, the office shall:

A. Solicit written comments on any proposed comprehensive plan or growth management program from regional councils, 2 state agencies, all municipalities contiquous municipality planning district submitting a comprehensive 4 plan or growth management program and any interested residents of the municipality planning district 6 contiguous municipalities. The comment period extends for 45 days after the office receives the comprehensive plan or 8 growth management program. 10 Each state agency reviewing the proposal shall 12 a person or persons responsible coordinating the agency's review of the comprehensive 14 plan or growth management program. Any regional council commenting on a program shall 16 determine whether the program is compatible with the programs of other municipalities that may be affected 18 by the program and with regional policies or needs 20 identified by the regional council; 22 B. Prepare all written comments from all sources in a form to be forwarded to the municipality planning district; 24 C. Within 60 days after receiving the comprehensive plan or 90 days after receiving the growth management program, send 26 all written comments on the comprehensive plan or growth 28 management program to the municipality planning district and any applicable regional council. If warranted, the office shall issue findings specifically describing how 30 submitted plan or growth management program is 32 consistent with this subchapter and the recommended measures for remedying the deficiencies.

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In its findings, the office shall clearly indicate (1) position on any point on which there significant conflicts amonq the written comments submitted to the office.

40 42 (2) If the office finds that the comprehensive plan or growth management program was adopted under subchapter, the office shall issue a finding consistency for the comprehensive plan or a certificate of consistency for the growth management program.

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Notwithstanding paragraph D, if a municipality (3) planning district requests a certificate of consistency for its growth management program, any unmodified component of that program that has previously been reviewed by the office and has received a finding of

consistency will retain that finding during program certification review by the office as long as the finding of consistency is current as defined in rules adopted by the office;

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D. Provide ample opportunity for the municipality planning district submitting a comprehensive plan or growth management program to respond to and correct any identified deficiencies in the plan or program. A finding of inconsistency for a comprehensive plan or growth management program may be addressed within 24 months of the date of the finding without jeopardizing partial findings of consistency attained during that review. After 24 months, the plan or program must be resubmitted in its entirety for state review under the office's most current review standards; and

E. Provide an expedited review and certification procedure for those submissions that represent minor amendments to certified growth management programs.

The office's decision on consistency of a comprehensive plan or growth management program constitutes final agency action.

- 4. Updates and amendments. A municipality planning district may submit proposed amendments to a comprehensive plan or growth management program to the office for review in the same manner as provided for the review of new plans and programs. Subsequent to voluntary certification under this subsection, the municipality planning district shall file a copy of an amendment to a growth management program with the office within 30 days after adopting the amendment and at least 60 days prior to applying for any state grant program that offers a preference for consistency or certification.
 - 5. Regional councils. Subject to the availability of funding and pursuant to the conditions of a contract, each regional council shall review and submit written comments on the comprehensive plan or growth management program of any municipality planning district within its planning region. The comments must be submitted to the office and contain an analysis of:
 - A. Whether the comprehensive plan or growth management program is compatible with identified regional policies and needs; and
- B. Whether the comprehensive plan or growth management program is compatible with plans or programs of ether municipalities and planning districts that may be affected by the proposal.

2	Sec. 21. 30-A MRSA §4352, sub-§8, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read:
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6	A. Be consistent with the leeal growth management program adopted under this chapter;
8	Sec. 22. 30-A MRSA §5953-D, sub-§3, ¶D, as amended by PL 2001, c. 90, §4, is further amended to read:
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12	D. In the case of a public service infrastructure grant or loan, the Department of Economic and Community Development affirms that the applicant has met the conditions of this
14	paragraph.
16	(1) A municipality is eligible to receive a grant or a loan, or a combination of both, if that municipality
18	has adopted a leeal growth management program certified under section 4348 <u>4347-A</u> that includes a capital
20	improvement program composed of the following elements:
22	(a) An assessment of all public facilities and services, such as, but not limited to, roads and
24	other transportation facilities, sewers, schools, parks and open space, fire and police;
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28	(b) An annually reviewed 5-year plan for the replacement and expansion of existing public
30	facilities or the construction of such new facilities as are required to meet expected growth and economic development. The plan must include
32	projections of when and where those facilities will be required; and
34	will be required, and
	(c) An assessment of the anticipated costs for
36	replacement, expansion or construction of public facilities, an identification of revenue sources
38	available to meet these costs and recommendations for meeting costs required to implement the plan.
40	The modeling court is in the improvement that the
42	(2) A municipality is eligible to receive a loan if that municipality:
44	(a) Has adopted a comprehensive plan that is
46	determined by the Executive Department, State Planning Office to be consistent with section 4326, subsections 1 to 4.
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.	(3) A municipality is eligible to receive a loan if
EΩ	that municipality is a corving conter community

2	municipalities that each meet the requirements of
4	subparagraphs subparagraph (1) or (2) may jointly apply for assistance under this section; and
6	Sec. 23. 30-A MRSA §5953-D, sub-§3, ¶D, as amended by PL 2001,
8	c. 406, §16, is further amended to read:
10	D. In the case of a public service infrastructure grant or loan, the Department of Economic and Community Development
12	affirms that the applicant has met the conditions of this paragraph.
14	(1) A municipality is eligible to receive a grant or a
16	loan, or a combination of both, if that municipality has adopted a leeal growth management program certified
18	under section 4347-A that includes a capital improvement program composed of the following elements:
20	(a) An assessment of all public facilities and
22	services, such as, but not limited to, roads and other transportation facilities, sewers, schools,
24	parks and open space, fire and police;
26	(b) An annually reviewed 5-year plan for the replacement and expansion of existing public
28	facilities or the construction of such new facilities as are required to meet expected growth
30	and economic development. The plan must include projections of when and where those facilities
32	will be required; and
34	(c) An assessment of the anticipated costs for replacement, expansion or construction of public
36	facilities, an identification of revenue sources available to meet these costs and recommendations
38	for meeting costs required to implement the plan.
40	(2) A municipality is eligible to receive a loan if that municipality:
42	(a) Has adopted a comprehensive plan that is
44	determined by the Executive Department, State Planning Office to be consistent with section
46	4326, subsections 1 to 4.
48	Subject to the limitations of this subsection, 2 or more municipalities that each meet the requirements of

subparagraphs	subparagrapl	<u>a</u> (1)	or	(2)	may	jointly	apply	for
assistance und	der this sect	ion;	and					

SUMMARY

This bill implements a recommendation of the Joint Study Committee to Study Growth Management. It amends the comprehensive planning and land use regulation laws to add and amend definitions, particularly those related to growth, rural and transitional areas. The bill reinforces regional and municipal roles in growth management and more clearly enables multimunicipal planning efforts.