



120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2002

Legislative Document

No. 1948

H.P. 1451

House of Representatives, December 20, 2001

An Act to Clarify the Method of Sale for Heating Oil and Retail Motor Fuels.

Submitted by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Received by the Clerk of the House on December 17, 2001. Referred to the Committee on Business and Economic Development pursuant to Joint Rule 308.2 and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 401.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative RICHARDSON of Brunswick. Cosponsored by Senator SAWYER of Penobscot and Representatives: BRYANT of Dixfield, CARR of Lincoln, COTE of Lewiston, HAWES of Standish, MICHAUD of Fort Kent, SULLIVAN of Biddeford, Senator: KILKELLY of Lincoln.

_	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 4	Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §2623, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, §183, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
б	§2623. Method of sale
8	1. Sales of commodities. Except as otherwise provided by the State Sealer, sales of commodities must comply with the
D	following:
	A. Commodities in liquid form must be sold by liquid measure or by weight;
	B. Commodities not in liquid form must be sold only by weight, by measure or by count;
	C. A seller selling commodities in liquid form and using temperature compensators must have the seller's entire fleet
	of vehicles equipped with temperature compensators. Such equipment must be sealed and in use throughout the year; and
	D. The method of sale must provide accurate and adequate quantity information that permits the buyer to make price and quantity comparisons.
	Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §2624, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1973, c. 91,
	§10, is amended to read:
	3. Quantity. The quantity delivered and the quantity upon which the price is based, if this differs from the delivered
	<pre>quantity, including when temperature-compensated sales are made, that fact must be stated;</pre>
	SUMMARY
	This bill establishes methods of sales of commodities that require labeling and the publishing of prices that will provide
	adequate information for consumers to make value price comparisons among companies selling heating oil or retail motor
	fuels using temperature-compensating technology and those using a traditional 231-cubic-inch-per-gallon measurement.