MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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2	DATE: 5-23-0 (Filing No. H-566)
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	MINORITY APPROPRIATIONS AND FINANCIAL AFFAIRS
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10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
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	STATE OF MAINE
14	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
	120TH LEGISLATURE
16	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
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18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " To H.P. 1298, L.D. 1767,
20	"RESOLUTION, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Maine to Require a 2/3 Vote for the Maine Government Facilities
22	Authority to Issue Securities"
24	Amend the resolution on page 1 by striking out all of lines
	5 to 13 and inserting in their place the following:
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	'Constitution, Art. IX, §14 is amended to read:
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30	Section 14. Authority and procedure for issuance of bonds. The credit of the State shall not be directly or indirectly
30	The credit of the State shall not be directly or indirectly loaned in any case, except as provided in sections 14-A, 14-B,
32	14-C and 14-D. The Legislature shall not create any debt or
	debts, liability or liabilities, on behalf of the State, which
34	shall singly, or in the aggregate, with previous debts and
	liabilities hereafter incurred at any one time, exceed
36	\$2,000,000,-except during a fiscal year an amount greater than
	10% of all the money appropriated, authorized and allocated by
38	the Legislature from undedicated revenues to the General Fund and
	dedicated revenues to the Highway Fund for that fiscal year. A
40	debt or liability that depends on a future appropriation from
4.3	taxation may not be created or authorized by the Legislature in
42	excess of this limitation, either directly or through any authority created by the Legislature. Any debt or liability
44	within this limitation requires approval by 2/3 of all members
	elected to each House. This limitation does not apply to debts
46	incurred to suppress insurrection, to repel invasion, or for
	purposes of war, and except for temporary loans to be paid out of
48	money raised by taxation during the fiscal year in which they are
	made + and excepting -also-that. Notwithstanding this limitation,
50	whenever 2/3 of both Houses shall deem it necessary, by proper

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enactment ratified by a majority of the electors voting thereon at a general or special election, the Legislature may authorize the issuance of bonds on behalf of the State at such times and in such amounts and for such purposes as approved by such action; but this shall not be construed to refer to any money that has been, or may be deposited with this State by the Government of the United States, or to any fund which the State shall hold in trust for any Indian tribe. Whenever ratification by the electors is essential to the validity of bonds to be issued on behalf of the State, the question submitted to the electors shall be accompanied by a statement setting forth the total amount of bonds of the State outstanding and unpaid, the total amount of bonds of the State authorized and unissued, and the total amount of bonds of the State contemplated to be issued if the enactment submitted to the electors be ratified. For any authorization requiring ratification of the electors pursuant to this section, if any bonds have not been issued within 5 years of the date of ratification, then those bonds may not be issued after that date. Within 2 years after expiration of that 5-year period, the Legislature may extend, by a majority vote, the 5-year period for an additional 5 years or may deauthorize the If the Legislature fails to take action within those 2 years, the bond issue shall be considered to be deauthorized and no further bonds may be issued. For any bond authorization in existence on November 6, 1984, and for which the 5-year period following ratification has expired, no further bonds may be issued unless the Legislature, by November 6, 1986, reauthorizes those bonds by a majority vote, for an additional 5-year period, failing which all bonds unissued under those authorizations shall be considered to be deauthorized. Temporary loans to be paid out of moneys raised by taxation during any fiscal year shall not exceed in the aggregate during the fiscal year in question an amount greater than 10% of all the moneys appropriated, authorized and allocated by the Legislature from undedicated revenues to the General Fund and dedicated revenues to the Highway Fund for that fiscal year, exclusive of proceeds or expenditures from the sale of bonds, or greater than 1% of the total valuation of the State of Maine, whichever is the lesser.'

Further amend the resolution by striking out all of the question (page 1, lines 27 to 34 in L.D.) and inserting in its place the following:

' "Do you favor amending the Constitution of Maine to change the process by which the State borrows money and to change the limitations on this borrowing?" '

Further amend the resolution by inserting at the end before the summary the following:

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A. O.S.

2 'FISCAL NOTE

The estimated cost of sending this constitutional amendment out to referendum will vary according to the total number of referenda enacted during the First Regular Session of the 120th Legislature to be submitted to the voters in November. The estimated cost to the Secretary of State if one to 6 referenda are enacted is \$121,392. Each additional referendum costs an additional \$8,000.

If approved by the voters, this constitutional amendment on the issuance of tax-supported debt may prevent certain borrowings by the State by limiting the issuance of certain debt liabilities to 10% of all money appropriated, authorized and allocated by the Legislature from undedicated revenues to the General Fund and dedicated revenues to the Highway Fund for that year. The probability that this limit will be reached can not be determined.'

SUMMARY

This amendment is a minority report. It changes the proposed amendment to the Constitution of Maine. It expands the number of debt-related instruments that would require a 2/3 vote of all members elected to each House. Under this amendment, all Maine Governmental Facilities Authority bond authorizations, all certificates of participation and all lease-purchase arrangements would be subject to a 2/3 vote. This amendment would also establish a constitutional limit on the amount of these tax-supported debt instruments such that the aggregate amount outstanding may not exceed 10% of the total General Fund appropriations and Highway Fund allocations in that year. It also adds a fiscal note to the resolution.

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