## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## 120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1698

H.P. 1250

House of Representatives, March 20, 2001

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Amend the Laws Governing DNA Testing.

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice suggested and ordered printed.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative SKOGLUND of St. George. Cosponsored by Senator DAGGETT of Kennebec and

Representatives: ANNIS of Dover-Foxcroft, HALL of Bristol, HONEY of Boothbay,

PARADIS of Frenchville, POVICH of Ellsworth, SMITH of Van Buren, TOBIN of Dexter,

Senator: DOUGLASS of Androscoggin.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
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4	Sec. 1. 25 MRSA §1574, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 457, §1, is amended to read:
6	2. Conviction prior to effective date. A person convicted and incarcerated prior to January 1, 1996, as a result of a
8	conviction for a crime listed in this section, shall have a DNA sample drawn at least before release from the corrections system
10	but may request a DNA sample be drawn at any time during incarceration.
12	Sec. 2. 25 MRSA §1574-A is enacted to read:
14	§1574-A. Optional blood sample for DNA analysis
16	313/4-A. Optional blood sample for bar analysis
	A person charged with a criminal offense or a person
18	convicted of a crime, regardless of when that person was
	sentenced, who is not required to submit to having a DNA sample
20	drawn pursuant to section 1574 may request that a DNA sample be
2.2	drawn and the Chief of the State Police shall have the sample
22	drawn as described in section 1575, subsection 2.
24	<pre>Sec. 3. 25 MRSA §1577, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 457, §1, is amended to read:</pre>
26	
	D. A person who has been identified and charged with a
28	criminal offense as a result of a search of DNA records
30	stored in the state DNA data base or a person who opts to have a sample drawn pursuant to section 1574-A. A person
30	who has been identified and charged with a criminal offense
32	or a person who opts to have a sample drawn pursuant to section 1574-A has access only to that person's records and
34	any other records that person is entitled to under the Maine Rules of Evidence.
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Sec. 4. 25 MRSA §1577, sub-§5 is enacted to read:

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5. Use of records by prosecutors. In a case involving a person whose DNA sample has been drawn, the prosecuting attorney shall use all of the DNA records for that person, regardless of what the records indicate. If a person has been sentenced and after sentencing has a DNA test that indicates that the person did not commit the offense, the prosecutor must reopen the case.

## **SUMMARY**

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The bill permits persons who are convicted of crimes but are not required to submit to having a DNA sample drawn or persons charged with criminal offenses but not yet tried to request that a DNA sample be drawn. The bill allows persons who are incarcerated to request that a DNA sample be drawn at any time during incarceration. The bill permits those persons requesting DNA samples to be given access to their records relating to the samples. The bill also requires prosecutors to use all DNA evidence available in a case, regardless of what the evidence indicates. Finally, the bill specifies that if a person has been sentenced and after sentencing has a DNA test that indicates that the person did not commit the offense, the prosecutor must reopen the case.