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FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1613

H.P. 1190

House of Representatives, March 13, 2001

An Act Concerning Technical Changes to the Tax Laws.

(EMERGENCY)

Submitted by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative BUCK of Yarmouth. Cosponsored by Representatives: GREEN of Monmouth, MURPHY of Berwick. **Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

6 Whereas, a delay in making technical changes to the tax laws 6 would interfere with administration of those laws; and

8 Whereas, legislative action is immediately necessary in order to ensure continued and efficient administration of the tax 10 laws; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

18 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §111, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 708, §4, is further amended to read:

Notice. "Notice" means notification served personally or
 mailed by certified or registered mail or by any courier service
 providing evidence of delivery to the last known address of the
 person for whom the notification is intended.

If the State Tax Assessor attempts to give notice by certified or registered mail or by courier and the mailing is returned by-the United-States-Postal-Service with the notation "unclaimed" or "refused" or a similar notation, the assessor may then give notice, for purposes of this Title, by sending the notification by first-class mail to the person for whom the notification is intended at the address used on the returned certified or registered mail. Notice given in this manner is deemed to be received 3 days after the first-class mailing, excluding Sundays and legal holidays.

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In the case of a joint income tax return, notice may be a single joint notice except that, if the assessor is notified by either spouse that separate residences have been established, the assessor shall mail a joint notice to each spouse.

If the person for whom notification is intended is deceased or under a legal disability, notice may be mailed to that person's
last known address, unless the assessor has received notice of the existence of a fiduciary relationship with respect to that
person, in which case notice must be mailed to the last known address of the fiduciary.

Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §112, sub-§7-A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 526, $\S7$, is further amended to read:

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Taxpayer Bill of Rights. The assessor shall prepare a 4 7-A. statement describing in simple and nontechnical terms the rights of a taxpayer and the obligations of the bureau during an audit. 6 The statement must also explain the procedures by which a taxpayer may appeal any adverse decision of the assessor, 8 including the informal conference and judicial appeals. This 10 statement must be distributed by the bureau to any taxpayer contacted with respect to the determination or collection of any tax, excluding the normal mailing of tax forms. 12 This paragraph does not apply to criminal tax investigations conducted by the assessor or by the Attorney General. 14

Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §135, sub-§1, as amended by 1995, c. 281, §4, is further amended to read:

Persons subject to tax under this Title 1. Taxpayers. 20 shall maintain such records as the State Tax Assessor determines necessary for the reasonable administration of this Title. 22 Records pertaining to taxes imposed by chapters 371 and 575 and by Part 8 must be retained as long as is required by applicable 24 federal law and regulation. Records pertaining to the special fuel tax user reports filed pursuant to section 3209, subsection 2 and the International Fuel Tax Agreement pursuant to section 26 3209, subsection 1-B must be retained for 4 years. Records 28 pertaining to all other taxes imposed by this Title must be retained for a period of at least 6 years. The records must be 30 kept in such a manner as to ensure their security and accessibility for inspection by the assessor or any designated 32 agent engaged in the administration of this Title.

Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §141, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 378, §4, is amended to read:

с. An assessment may be made at any time with respect to a 38 time period for which a return has become due but has not been filed. If any person failing to file a return fails to 40 produce, within a--reasonable--time 30 days after notice, information which that the State Tax Assessor believes 42 necessary to determine tax liability for the period involved, the State Tax Assessor may assess an estimated tax 44 liability based upon the best information otherwise available. In any proceeding for the collection of tax for 46 period involved, that the estimate shall---constitute constitutes prima facie evidence of the tax liability. The 48 30-day period provided by this paragraph is extended for up to 90 days if the taxpayer requests an extension in writing 50 prior to the expiration of the 30-day period.

Sec. 5. 36 MRSA §144. sub-§1. as amended by PL 1999, c. 708, \$8, is further amended to read:

1. Generally. A taxpayer may request a credit or refund of any tax imposed by this Title or administered by the State Tax 6 Assessor within 3 years from the time the return was filed or 2 years from the time the tax was paid, whichever period expires 8 later. Every claim for refund must be submitted to the State Tax 10 Assessor in writing and state the specific grounds upon which it is founded and the tax period for which the refund is claimed. The taxpayer may in writing request an informal conference 12 regarding the claim for refund, in which case the claim for 14 refund is considered a request for reconsideration of an assessment under section 151.

Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §176-A, sub-§2, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 880, Pt. E, §3, is amended to read: 18

20 Ε. The effect of a levy on salary or wages payable to or received by a taxpayer is continuous from the date the levy is first made until the liability out of which the levy 22 arose is satisfied. A Except as otherwise provided by this paragraph, a levy on any other intangible personal property 24 or rights to intangible personal property remains in effect until 6-months one year after the date that notice of levy 26 and demand under subsection 3, paragraph A, is served on the person in possession of or liable to the taxpayer with 28 respect to intangible personal property, including property that is first possessed or liabilities that arise after the 30 date of service of the notice of levy and demand; except 32 that a levy upon property held by a financial institution described in subsection 3, paragraph A, only extends to accounts in existence on the date the notice of levy and 34 demand is served on the financial institution, but includes 36 deposits made or collected in those accounts after the notice is served. A levy on intangible personal property or 38 rights to intangible personal property, ownership of which is disputed at the time the levy is issued, remains in 40 effect until one year after the dispute is resolved by competent authority.

Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §176-A, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 880, Pt. E, $\S3$, is amended to read: 44

46 A. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph B, any person in possession of, or obligated with respect to, property or 48 rights to property subject to levy upon which a levy has been made shall, upon demand of the assessor, surrender any 50 such property or rights or discharge any such obligation to

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the assessor within 21 days after receipt of the notice of 2 levy, except that part of the property or rights as is, at the time of the demand, subject to an attachment or execution under any judicial process. It is a defense to 4 the liability imposed by this subsection that the person refusing to comply with the terms of a notice of a levy or 6 that person's bailor has a valid claim against the delinquent taxpayer accruing prior to service of the notice 8 or a valid security interest or lien upon the property of the taxpayer perfected prior to service of the notice; but 10 this defense exonerates the person refusing to comply from liability only to the extent of that claim, security 12 interest or lien. 14

Any financial institution chartered under state or federal law, including, but not limited to, trust companies, savings 16 banks, savings and loan associations, national banks and credit unions, shall surrender to the assessor any deposits, 18 including any interest in the financial institution that would otherwise be required to be surrendered under this 20 subsection only after 21 days after service of levy, but not later than 30 days after service of levy. Except as 22 provided in subsection 5, paragraph D, with respect to a levy on salary or wages, any person in possession of, or 24 obligated with respect to, property subject to a continuing levy against intangible personal property, which property is 26 first possessed or which obligation first arises subsequent to service of a notice of levy on such person, shall, upon 28 demand of the assessor, surrender the property or rights, or discharge the obligation to the assessor within 30 days 30 after the property is first possessed or the obligation 32 first arises.

Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §176-A, sub-§3, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 880, Pt. E, §3, is amended to read:

C. Any person who fails or refuses to surrender any property or rights to property, subject to levy, upon demand by the assessor:

(1)Is liable in person and estate to the State in a 42 sum equal to the value of the property not so surrendered, but not exceeding the amount of taxes for the collection of which the levy has been made, 44 together with costs and interests on the sum from the 46 date of the levy. Any amount, other than costs, recovered under this paragraph must be credited against 48 the tax liability for the collection of which the levy was made; and

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Without reasonable cause, is liable for a penalty (2) recoverable egual to 50% of the amount under subparagraph (1). A part of the penalty may not be credited against the tax liability for the collection It--is--lawful--for--the of which the levy was made. assesser-to-collect-the liability as determined by this paragraph--by--levy--upon--the--person's--property--in accordance-with-the-provisions-of-this-section.

The liability established by this paragraph is enforceable by assessment and collection, in the manner prescribed in this Part, against the person failing or refusing to comply with the levy.

Sec. 9. 36 MRSA §177, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1999, c. 414, 16 §8, is further amended to read:

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Sale or cessation of business; purchaser liable for 18 6. If a person liable for any trust fund taxes incurred in the tax. 20 course of operating a business sells the business or stock of goods or quits the business, the person shall make a final return 22 and payment within 15 days after the date of selling or quitting The successor, successors or assignees, if any, the business. shall withhold a sufficient amount of the purchase meney price to 24 cover the amount of those taxes, along with applicable interest 26 and penalties, until such time as the former owner produces a receipt from the State Tax Assessor showing that the taxes have been paid, or a certificate from the assessor stating that no 28 trust fund taxes, interest or penalties are due. The liability of a purchaser is limited to the higher of the purchase price or 30 the fair market value of the assets sold, transferred or assigned. A purchaser who fails to withhold a sufficient amount 32 of the purchase money price is personally jointly and severally 34 liable for the payment of the taxes, penalties and interest accrued and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by 36 the former owner, owners or assignors and the assessor may make an assessment against the purchaser at any time within 6 years from the date of the sale or transfer. 38

40 Sec. 10. 36 MRSA §187-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 521, Pt. A, §2, is further amended to read:

Failure to file return. Any person who fails to make
 and file any return required under this Title at or before the
 time the return becomes due is liable for one of the following
 penalties if the person's tax liability shown on such return or
 otherwise determined to be due is greater than \$25.

A. If the return is filed before or within 30 days after 50 the taxpayer receives from the assessor a formal demand that

2		the return be filed, or if the return is not filed but the tax due is assessed by the assessor before the taxpayer receives from the assessor a formal demand that the return
4		be filed, the penalty is \$25 or 10% of the tax due, whichever is greater.
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8		B. If the return is not filed within 30 days after the taxpayer receives from the assessor a formal demand that the return be filed, the penalty is 100% of the tax due.
10		recard be fired, the penalty is foot of the car duc.
12		C. If the return is not filed and the assessor issues a jeopardy assessment pursuant to section 141, subsection 2, paragraph D, the penalty is 100% of the tax due.
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16	<u>chap</u>	subsection does not apply to any return required pursuant to ter 459 and administered pursuant to the International Fuel Agreement.
18		Case 11 27 MDCA 9197 D and 92
20	708,	Sec. 11. 36 MRSA §187-B, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. §§10 and 11, are further amended to read:
22		2. Failure to pay. The following penalties apply.
24		A. Any person who fails to pay, on or before the due date, any amount shown as tax on any return required under this
26		Title is liable for a penalty of 1% of the unpaid tax for each month or fraction of a month during which the failure
28		continues, to a maximum in the aggregate of 25% of the unpaid tax.
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32		A-1. Any person who fails to make and file any return required under this Title at or before the time the return becomes due against whom the assessor has made an assessment
34		of tax pursuant to section 141 and who has not paid the tax
36		on or before the date specified in that assessment is liable for a penalty of 1% of the unpaid tax for each month or fraction of a month during which the tax remains unpaid,
38		calculated retroactively from the original due date of the unfiled return, to a maximum in the aggregate of 25% of the
40		unpaid tax.
42		B. Any person who fails to pay a tax assessment for which no further administrative or judicial review is available
44		pursuant to section 151 and the Maine Administrative Procedure Act is liable for a penalty in the amount of 25%
46		of the amount of the tax due if the payment of the tax is not made within 10 days of the person's receipt of notice of
48		demand for payment as provided by this Title. This penalty must be explained in the notice of demand and is final when
50		levied.

2 This subsection does not apply to taxes due pursuant to chapter
369 459 and administered pursuant to the terms of the
4 International Fuel Tax Agreement.

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Sec. 12. 36 MRSA §187-B, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1999, c. 708, §13, is further amended to read:

7. Reasonable cause. For reasonable cause, the State Tax
10 Assessor shall waive or abate any penalty imposed by subsection
1; subsection 2, paragraphs A and B; and subsections 4-A and 5-A;
12 or by the terms of the International Fuel Tax Agreement.
Reasonable cause includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- A. The failure to file or pay resulted directly from
 erroneous information provided by the Bureau of Revenue
 Services;
- B. The failure to file or pay resulted directly from the
 20 death or serious illness of the taxpayer or a member of the taxpayer's immediate family;
- C. The failure to file or pay resulted directly from a natural disaster;
- 26 D. A return that was due monthly was filed and paid less than one month late and all of the taxpayer's returns and 28 payments during the preceding 12 months were timely;
- 30 E. A return that was due other than monthly was filed and paid less than one month late and all of the taxpayer's
 32 returns and payments during the preceding 3 years were timely;
- F. The taxpayer has supplied substantial authority 36 justifying the failure to file or pay; or
- G. The amount subject to a penalty imposed by subsections
 1, 2 and 4-A; and subsection 5-A is de minimis when
 considered in relation to the amount otherwise properly
 paid, the reason for the failure to file or pay and the
 taxpayer's compliance history.
- 44 The burden of establishing grounds for waiver or abatement is on the taxpayer.
- Sec. 13. 36 MRSA §191, sub-§2, ¶Q, as repealed and replaced by 48 PL 1995, c. 625, Pt. A, §46, is amended to read:

Q. The listing of <u>licensed</u> special fuel suppliers possessing certificates under section 3204 <u>and registered</u> <u>suppliers possessing certificates under section 3205</u>;

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Sec. 14. 36 MRSA §457, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 121, Pt. B, §2 and affected by §18, is amended to read:

8. Penalty. Underpayment of the tax imposed by this section and the prepayment of estimated tax required by this
 10 section are subject to the penalties imposed by section 187 187-B.

Sec. 15. 36 MRSA §844, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1995, c. 262, §7, is further amended to read:

2. Nonresidential property of \$1,000,000 or greater. Notwithstanding subsection 1, with regard to nonresidential 16 property or properties with an equalized municipal valuation of 18 \$1,000,000 or greater either separately or in the aggregate, either party may choose to appeal the decision of the assessers 20 assessor or the municipal officers with regard to a request for abatement to the State Board of Property Tax Review within 60 days after notice of the decision from which the appeal is taken 22 or after the application is deemed to be denied. If the state board thinks that the applicant is over-assessed, it shall grant 24 such reasonable abatement as the board thinks proper. For the 26 purposes of this subsection, "nonresidential property" means property that is used primarily for commercial, industrial or 28 business purposes, excluding unimproved land that is not associated with a commercial, industrial or business use.

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Sec. 16. 36 MRSA §1481, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1981, c. 32 706, §18, is further amended to read:

34 5. Vehicle. "Vehicle" means a motor vehicle, mobile home, camper trailer, heavier-than-air aircraft or lighter-than-air
 36 aircraft. "Vehicle" shall does not include any snowmobiles as defined in Title 12, section 1971 7821.

Sec. 17. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§17-A, ¶G, as repealed and replaced by PL 1999, c. 790, Pt. A, §42 and affected by §43, is amended to read:

- G. Rental of audio--and video tapes and audio--and video 44 equipment;
- 46 Sec. 18. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§17-A, ¶K, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 790, Pt. A, §46 and affected by §47, is amended to read:

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Rental of furniture, audio tapes and audio equipment к. pursuant to a rental-purchase agreement as defined in Title 9-A, section 11-105.

- Sec. 19. 36 MRSA §1760, sub-§54, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 819, Pt. A, \$ 42 and 43, is amended to read:
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54. Food stamp and WIC purchases. Sales of items purchased with federal food stamps or Women, Infants and Children, WIC, Special Supplemental Food Program food instruments distributed by the Department of Human Services.

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Sec. 20. 36 MRSA §2013, sub-§§2 and 3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 757, \$1 and affected by \$3, are further amended to read: 14

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Refund authorized. Any person, association of persons, 2. firm or corporation that purchases electricity, or that purchases 18 leases depreciable machinery or equipment, for use in or commercial agricultural production, commercial fishing or commercial aquacultural production must be refunded the amount of 20 sales tax paid upon presenting to the State Tax Assessor evidence that the purchase is eligible for refund under this section. 22

- Evidence required by the assessor may include a copy or copies of 24 that portion of the purchaser's or lessee's most recent filing under the United States Internal Revenue Code that indicates that 26 the purchaser or lessee is engaged in commercial agricultural 28 commercial fishing or commercial aquacultural production, production and that the purchased machinery or equipment is depreciable for those purposes or would be depreciable for those 30 purposes if owned by the lessee.
- 32

In the event that any piece of machinery or equipment is only 34 partially depreciable under the United States Internal Revenue Code, any reimbursement of the sales tax must be prorated 36 accordingly. In the event that electricity is used in qualifying and nonqualifying activities, any reimbursement of the sales tax must be prorated accordingly. 38

- Application for refunds must be filed with the assessor within 36 40 months of the date of purchase or execution of the lease.
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3. Purchases made free of tax with certificate. Sales tax need not be paid on the purchase of electricity or of a single 44 item of machinery or equipment if the purchaser has obtained a 46 certificate from the assessor stating that the purchaser is engaged in commercial agricultural production, commercial fishing commercial aquacultural production 48 or and authorizing the purchaser to purchase electricity or depreciable machinery and 50 equipment without paying Maine sales tax. The seller is required

				with an affidavit as				
2	prescribed by	y the assessor,	to be maintai	ned in the seller's				
	records, att	esting to the	qualification	of the purchase for				
4	exemption pur	suant to this s	ection. In orde	r to qualify for this				
	exemption, th	ne electricity o	or depreciable m	achinery or equipment				
6				cultural production,				
				ural production. <u>In</u>				
8				<u>ctricity must be used</u>				
	<u>in qualifying</u>	<u>activities</u> , inc	luding support o	perations.				
10	a							
	Sec. 21. 3	36 MRSA §3202, si	ib-§§2-B and 2-C	are enacted to read:				
12								
				ernational Fuel Tax				
14				Fuel Tax Association,				
	-		<u>on organized un</u>	der the laws of the				
16	<u>State of Ariz</u>	iona.						
10	<u> </u>							
18	2-C. IFTA governing documents. "IFTA governing documents"							
20		means the IFTA Articles of Agreement, the IFTA Audit Manual and						
20	the IFIA Proc	edures Manual.						
22	Sec. 22	36 MRSA 83203 .	ub-81 as amondo	her PI 1000 a 733				
22	Sec. 22. 36 MRSA §3203, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 733, §4 and affected by §17, is further amended to read:							
24	34 and attect	34 and affected by 317, is further amended to read.						
61	1. Gen	erally. Except	as provided in	section 3204-A, an				
26	1. Generally. Except as provided in section 3204-A, a excise tax is levied and imposed on all suppliers of special-fue							
20	distillates sold, on all retailers of low-energy fuel sold and on							
28	all users of special fuel used in this State for each gallon of							
	distillate at the rate of $23¢$ per gallon and for each gallon of							
30	low-energy fuel based on the British Thermal Unit, referred to in							
				for each fuel as				
32			values are as fo					
34								
	Fuel type	BTU content	Formula	Tax rate				
36		per gallon	(BTU					
			value fuel/					
38			BTU value					
			gasoline)					
40			x tax rate					
			gasoline					
42								
	a		1 a a a	22 (
44	Gasoline	115,000	100% x 22¢	22¢ per				
				gallon as				

gallon as authorized in section 2903

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2 Methanol 65,530 57% x 22¢ 12.5¢ per (M85) qallon 4 6 Ethanol 81,850 71% x 22¢ 15.6¢ per (E85) qallon 8 10 Propane 84,500 73% x 22¢ 16¢ per gallon 12 14 Compressed 100,000 87% x 22¢ 19.1¢ per Natural Gas (BTU per 100 100 16 standard cubic standard feet) cubic 18 feet Sec. 23. 36 MRSA §3205, as amended by PL 1999, c. 414, §30, 20 is further amended to read: 22 §3205. Registered supplier 24 Every supplier of special fuel making sales only of dyed 26 fuel or taxable special-fuel distillates pursuant to section 3203 shall register with the State Tax Assessor on forms prescribed 28 and supplied by the assessor. A copy of the registration certificate must be displayed in each place of business of that 30 supplier. Sec. 24. 36 MRSA §3209, as amended by PL 1999, c. 733, §§11 32 and 12 and affected by \$17, is further amended to read: 34 §3209. Reports; International Fuel Tax Agreement; payment of 36 tax; allowance for losses 38 Suppliers. Every licensed supplier shall file on or 1. before the last day of each month a report with the assesser State Tax Assessor stating the gross gallons of special-fuel 40 distillates received, sold and used in this State by that 42 supplier during the preceding calendar month, on а form prescribed and furnished by the assessor. The report must 44 contain any further information reasonably required by the assessor. At the time of filing the report required by this 46 subsection, each supplier must pay to the assessor a tax as prescribed in section 3203 upon each gallon reported as a taxable 48 sale or as taxable gallons used.

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Retailers. Every licensed retailer shall file on or 1-A. 2 before the last day of each month a report with the assessor stating the gross gallons of special--fuel low-energy fuel received, sold and used in this State by that retailer during the 4 preceding calendar month on a form prescribed and furnished by the assessor. The report must contain any further information 6 reasonably required by the assessor. At the time of filing the 8 report required by this subsection, each retailer shall pay to the assessor a tax as prescribed in section 3203 upon each gallon 10 reported as a taxable sale or as taxable gallons used.

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1-B. International Fuel Tax Agreement. The State Tax Assessor shall take all steps necessary to maintain the State's membership in the IFTA, in order to:

- 16 A. Facilitate the administration of this chapter;
- 18 <u>B. Promote the fullest and most efficient possible use of</u> the highway system; and

C.Makeuniformtheadministration,collectionand22enforcement of special fuel use taxation laws with respect
to motor vehicles operated in multiple jurisdictions, by24ensuring this State's full participation in the single-base
jurisdiction system embodied in the IFTA governing26documents, agreed to by other IFTA member jurisdictions and
approved by the United States Congress in the Intermodal28Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

30 The assessor is authorized to ratify amendments to the IFTA governing documents on behalf of this State, except that the 32 assessor may not ratify any provision that infringes on the substantive taxation authority of the Legislature, including the 34 power to impose taxes, set tax rates and determine exemptions. Subject to the provisions of this Title, the assessor may 36 delegate to the Secretary of State the responsibility for the processing of special fuel tax returns, special fuel tax 38 collection and compliance with IFTA administrative requirements. The assessor shall consult with the Secretary of State and the 40 Commissioner of Public Safety with respect to rules adopted by the Secretary of State pertaining to IFTA.

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2. Users generally. Except as provided by subsection 4, for the purpose of determining the amount of tax imposed, each user, not later than the last day of April, July, October and January of each year, shall file with the assessor a report that must include the total gallonage of fuels used within this State during the quarter ending the last day of the preceding month. The report must contain any further information reasonably required by the assessor. At the time of filing the report required by this subsection, each user shall pay to the assessor the tax imposed by section 3203 upon each gallon reported as a taxable use or as taxable gallons used, which has not been subjected to the special fuel tax.

6 3. Exempt users. Any user of special fuel operating exclusively within this State and using only special fuel
 8 purchased within this State upon which the State has received the special fuel tax, may be exempted, at the discretion of the
 10 assessor, from filing reports under this chapter. Any user of special fuel requesting exemption from filing reports shall file
 12 an affidavit as prescribed by the assessor.

14 4. Annual returns in certain circumstances. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, when-the annual-tax-liability-ic-expected-to-be-\$100-or-less, a user,-16 with-the-approval-of-the-assessor, may file an annual return with payment on or before January 31st of each year covering the prior 18 year when the annual tax liability is expected to be \$100 or less or when allowed by the IFTA governing documents. 20

22 5. Monthly reports from wholesalers. Each wholesaler shall submit on or before the last day of each month on a form 24 prescribed and furnished by the assessor a report stating the number of gross gallons sold by that wholesaler to each supplier, 26 importer, exporter or any other person that purchased special fuel from that wholesaler during the preceding month. The report must clearly identify each purchaser and indicate the number of 28 The gallons that each purchaser received from the wholesaler. 30 report must also contain any other information reasonably required by the assessor.

Sec. 25. 36 MRSA §4365, as amended by PL 1999, c. 414, §37, 34 is further amended to read:

36 **§4365.** Rate of tax

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38 A tax is imposed on all cigarettes imported into this State or held in this State by any person for sale at the rate of 18.5 37 mills for each cigarette. Payment of the tax is evidenced by 40 the affixing of stamps to the packages containing theIf an individual purchases in any one month 42 cigarettes. unstamped packages containing cigarettes in a quantity greater than 2 cartons from a person other than a licensed distributor or 44 dealer, the tax may be assessed directly against the purchaser by 46 the State Tax Assessor within 3 years from the date of the purchase.

Beginning-November-1,--1997-,-as-a-public-health-measure,-the 50 tax-imposed-under-this-section-is-37-mills-per-eigarette.

2 Sec. 26. 36 MRSA §4373-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 458, §19, is amended to read: 4 6 2. Inspection and examination; penalty. The assessor or any authorized agent may enter into or upon any premises where there is reason to believe that cigarettes are possessed, stored 8 or sold, and may examine the books, papers, records and cigarette 10 stock of any distributor or dealer to determine compliance with the provisions of this chapter. Failure or refusal to permit an examination pursuant to this subsection is a civil violation for 12 which a fine in the amount of \$250 must be imposed, no part of 14 which may be suspended. Sec. 27. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶L, as amended by PL 1999, c. 16 708, §35 and c. 731, Pt. S, §2 and affected by §4 and amended by 18 c. 790, Pt. A, §49, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 20 L. For income tax years beginning on or after January 1, 22 2000, an amount equal to the total premiums spent for gualified long-term care insurance contracts as defined in 24 the Code, Section 7702B(b), as long as the amount subtracted is reduced by the long-term care premiums claimed as an 26 itemized deduction pursuant to section 5125; Sec. 28. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶M, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 28 708, §36 and c. 731, Pt. S, §3 and affected by §4, is repealed 30 and the following enacted in its place: 32 M. An amount, for each primary recipient of benefits under an employee retirement plan, that is the lesser of: 34 (1) Six thousand dollars reduced by the total amount 36 of the primary recipient's social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits paid by the United States, 38 but not less than \$0; or 40 (2) The aggregate of benefits received by the primary recipient under employee retirement plans and included 42 in federal adjusted gross income. 44 For purposes of this paragraph, "employee retirement plan" means a state, federal or military retirement plan or any 46 other retirement benefit plan established and maintained by an employer for the benefit of its employees under Section 48 401(a), Section 403 or Section 457(b) of the Code. "Employee retirement plan" does not include an individual 50 retirement account under Section 408 of the Code, a Roth IRA

		<u>e Code, a rollover individual</u>
2	<u>retirement account, a sim</u>	plified employee pension under
	Section 408(k) of the Co	de or an ineligible deferred
4	compensation plan under Sect	ion 457(f) of the Code.
б		raph, "primary recipient" means It gave rise to the pension or
8		spouse. In the case of a
0		ributed to both a living retiree
10		ouse, the retiree may calculate
10		agraph based on the total amount
12	received during the tax year	
14	Sec. 29. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2.	
16	N. Interest or dividends	<u>on obligations or securities of</u>
		subdivisions and authorities to
18	the extent included in feder	
20	Sec. 30. 36 MRSA 85200 first ¶	, as repealed and replaced by PL
22	1983, c. 477, Pt. F, sub-Pt. 3, §	
24		e Maine net income of taxable
26	corporations for each taxable year	r at the following rates:
26		
20	If the Maine net income is:	The tax is:
28		For a f Maine matrix in anna
30	Not over \$25,000 3.	5% of Maine net income
30	\$25 000 but not over \$75 000	
32	\$25,000 but not over \$75,000	\$875 plus 7.93% of
52		excess over \$25,000
34	\$75,000 but not over \$250,000	\$4,840 plus 8.33% of
		excess over \$75,000
36		
38	\$250,000 or more	\$19,417 <u>\$19,418</u> plus 8.93% of excess over \$250,000
40	Sec. 31. 36 MRSA §5200-A, su c. 855, §21, is further amended t	b-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 1983, o read:
42		
	C. An amount equal to the	e taxpayer's new jobs credit <u>or</u>
44		determined under the laws of the
46		
	Sec. 32. 36 MRSA 85219-0 su	Ib-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c.
48	414, §48, is further amended to r	

1. Credit allowed. A taxpayer constituting an employing unit that employs fewer than 5 low-income employees is allowed a 2 credit to be computed as provided in this section against the tax imposed by this Part, subject to the limitations contained in 4 subsections 3 and 4. The credit equals the lesser of 20% of 6 dependent health benefits paid with respect to the taxpayer's low-income employees under a health benefit plan during the taxable year for which the credit is allowed or \$125 per 8 low-income employee with dependent health benefits coverage. A taxpayer who received a credit under this section in the 10 preceding year and whose number of low-income employees is 5 or 12 more may continue to receive the credit for 2 years after the last year in which the number of lew-income employees was fewer 14 than 5.

16 Sec. 33. 36 MRSA §5228, sub-§4, as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 691, §§35 and 48, is amended to read:

estimated tax 4. Due dates for installments. For 20 individuals, trusts and estates, an installment payment is due the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, 9th and 13th month following the beginning of their the taxpayers' fiscal year, except that 22 farmers and fishermen persons who fish commercially have a single installment payment due date of January 15th of the following 24 taxable year. For corporations and financial institutions, an installment payment is due the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, 9th and 26 12th month following the beginning of their the taxpayers' fiscal 28 year.

30 Sec. 34. 36 MRSA §6201, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 507, §1 and affected by §3, is further amended to read:

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"Claimant" means an individual who has filed 2. Claimant. 34 a claim under this chapter and was domiciled in this State and occupied a homestead in this State during the entire calendar year preceding the year in which <u>a</u> claim for relief under this 36 chapter is filed. "Claimant" also includes an individual who has filed a claim under this chapter and who was domiciled in this 38 State and owned or otherwise maintained a homestead in this State during the entire calendar year preceding the year in which the 40 claim for relief under this chapter is filed and occupied that 42 homestead for at least 6 months during that year. Regardless of how many names of individuals appear on the property deed, the 44 person who meets the qualifications described in this subsection and proves sole responsibility for the payment of the property 46 taxes on the subject property is the claimant for with respect to that property. If 2 or more individuals meet the qualifications 48 in this subsection and share the payment of the rent or the responsibility for the payment of the property taxes, each 50 individual may apply on the basis of the rent paid or the

- property taxes levied on the homestead that reflect the ownership percentage of the claimant and the claimant's household.
- 4 If 2 or more individuals claim the same property, the matter must be referred to the State Tax Assessor, whose decision is final.
 6 Ownership of a homestead under this chapter may be by fee, by life tenancy, by bond for deed, as mortgagee or any other
 8 possessory interest in which the owner is personally responsible for the tax for which a refund is claimed.
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- Sec. 35. 36 MRSA §6201, sub-§12, as amended by PL 1997, c. 557, Pt. A, §1 and affected by Pt. G, §1, is further amended to read:
- 12. Year for which relief is requested. "Year for which relief is requested" means the calendar year preceding that in which the claim is filed. For-a-claim-filed-in-January-of-any year,--"year-for-which-relief--is-requested"-means-the-calendar year-2-years-preceding-that-in-which-the-claim-is-filed.
- 20

Sec. 36. 36 MRSA §6204, as amended by PL 1997, c. 562, Pt. A, 22 §1, is further amend to read:

24 §6204. Filing date

A claim may not be paid unless the claim is filed with the Bureau of Revenue Services on or after August 1st and on or
 before the following January December 31st.

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Sec. 37. 36 MRSA §6651, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 557, Pt. B, §11 and affected by Pt. G, §1, is further amended to read:

Eligible property. "Eligible property" means qualified 1. 34 business property first placed in service in the State, or constituting construction in progress commenced in the State, "Eligible property" includes, without 36 after April 1, 1995. limitation, repair parts, replacement parts, additions, accessions and accessories to other qualified business property 38 placed in service on or before April 1, 1995 if the part, 40 addition, accession or accessory is first placed in service, or constitutes construction in progress, in the State after April 1, 42 1995. "Eligible property" also includes inventory parts. "Eligible-property"-is-subject-to-reimbursement-pursuant-to-this ehapter-for-up-to-12-years,-but-the-12-years-must-be-reduced-by 44 one-year-for-each-year-during-which-a-taxpayer-included-the-same property-in-its-investment-credit-base-under-section-5219-E-or 46 5219-M- and -claimed -the - credit - provided -in - either - section - on -its 48 income-tax-return.

Sec. 38. 36 MRSA §6651, sub-§3. as enacted by PL 1995, c. 368, Pt. FFF, §2, is amended to read:

3. Qualified business property. "Qualified business property" means tangible personal property that:

A. Is used or held for use exclusively for a business purpose by the person in possession of it or, in the case of construction in progress or inventory parts, is intended to be used exclusively for a business purpose by the person who will possess that property; and

B. Either:

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(1) Was subject to an allowance for depreciation under
 the Code on April 1st of the property tax year to which the claim for reimbursement relates or would have been
 subject to an allowance for depreciation under the Code as of that date but for the fact that the property has
 been fully depreciated; or

22 In the case of construction in progress or (2) inventory parts, would be subject under the Code to an allowance for depreciation when placed in service or 24 would have been subject to an allowance for 26 depreciation under the Code as of that date but for the fact that the property has been fully depreciated.

"Qualified business property" also includes all property that is 30 affixed or attached to a building or other real estate if it is used to further a particular trade or business activity taking 32 place in that building or on that real estate. "Qualified business property" does not include components or attachments to 34 a building if used primarily to serve the building as a building, regardless of the particular trade or activity taking place in or 36 on the building. "Qualified business property" also does not include land improvements if used primarily to further the use of 38 the land as land, regardless of the particular trade or business activities taking place in or on the land. In the case of 40 construction in progress or inventory parts, the term "used" "Qualified business property" also means intended to be used. 42 does not include any vehicle registered for on-road use on which a tax assessed pursuant to chapter 111 has been paid or any 44 watercraft registered for use on state waters on which a tax assessed pursuant to chapter 112 has been paid.

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Sec. 39. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 729, 48 Pt. B, §1, is further amended to read:

1. Generally. A person against whom taxes have been 2 assessed pursuant to Part 2, except for chapters 111 and 112, with respect to eligible property and who has paid those taxes is 4 entitled to reimbursement of those taxes from the State as provided in this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, a tax applied as a credit against a tax assessed pursuant to chapter 6 111 or 112 is a tax assessed pursuant to chapter 111 or 112. 8 Eligible property is subject to reimbursement pursuant to this chapter for up to 12 property tax years, but the 12 years must be 10 reduced by one year for each year during which a taxpayer included the same property in its investment credit base under section 5219-D, 5219-E or 5219-M and claimed the credit provided 12 in one or more of those sections on its income tax return, and reimbursement may not be made in a year in which one or more 14 those credits is taken. 16

Sec. 40. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§1-B, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 18 24, Pt. C, §14, is amended to read:

1-B. Certain property excluded. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reimbursement pursuant to this chapter may not
 be made with respect to the following property:

- A. Office furniture, including without limitation tables, chairs, desks, bookcases, filing cabinets and modular office
 partitions; and
- 28 B. Lamps and lighting fixtures.

This subsection applies to property tax years beginning after April 1, 1996. Property affected by this subsection that was
eligible for reimbursement pursuant to chapter 915 of property taxes paid for the 1996 property tax year is grandfathered into
the program and continues to be eligible for reimbursements for up to 12 property tax years, unless it subsequently becomes
ineligible.

38 Sec. 41. 36 MRSA §6652, sub-§1-C, ¶¶B and C, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §103 and affected by §§104 and 105, are further amended to read:

B. Except as provided in paragraph C, reimbursement may not be made for property used to produce or transmit energy rimarily for sale. Energy is primarily for sale if <u>during</u> the property tax year immediately preceding the property tax year for which a claim is being made 2/3 or more of the useful energy is directly or indirectly sold and transmitted during-the-property-tax-year through the facilities of a transmission and distribution utility as defined in Title 35-A, section 102, subsection 20-B.

2 C. A cogeneration facility is eligible for reimbursement on that portion of property taxes paid multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount of 4 useful energy produced by the facility during the property tax year immediately preceding the property tax year for 6 which a claim is being made that is directly used by a 8 manufacturing facility without transmission over the facilities of a transmission and distribution utility as defined in Title 35-A, section 102, subsection 20-B and the 10 denominator of which is the total amount of useful energy 12 produced by the facility during the property tax year immediately preceding the property tax year for which a 14 claim is being made.

16 Sec. 42. 36 MRSA §6658, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 368, Pt. FFF, §2 and amended by PL 1997, c. 526, §14, is further amended to read:

20 §6658. Subsequent changes

22 If, after a claim for reimbursement has been filed, the associated property tax assessment is reduced or abated for any 24 reason, or the property tax paid is applied as a credit against the tax assessed pursuant to chapter 111 or 112, the claimant shall file, within 60 days after receipt of the reduction er, 26 abatement <u>or credit</u>, an amended claim for reimbursement reflecting the reduction $\Theta \mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{r}}$ abatement or credit. If a claimant 28 has received reimbursement for property tax that is reduced ΘF_{\perp} 30 abated or credited against the tax assessed pursuant to chapter 111 or 112, the claimant shall, within 60 days of receipt of the 32 reduction er, abatement or credit, refund to the Bureau of Revenue Services the amount of the reimbursement for the property 34 tax that has been reduced or credited. If the claimant fails to make the refund within the 60-day period, the 36 State Tax Assessor, within 3 years from the claimant's receipt of reimbursement, may issue an assessment for the amount that the 38 claimant owes to the Bureau of Revenue Services. The claimant may seek reconsideration, pursuant to section 151, of the 40 assessment.

42 Sec. 43. 36 MRSA §6661 is enacted to read:

- 44 §6661. Program name
- 46 <u>The procedure for business property tax reimbursement</u> provided by this chapter may be referred to as the "Business
 48 <u>Equipment Tax Reimbursement" or "BETR" program.</u>

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved. SUMMARY 6 This bill makes technical corrections, clarifications, updates and in some cases minor substantive changes to various provisions of the tax law, the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36.