



## **120th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001**

Legislative Document

No. 1596

S.P. 509

In Senate, March 13, 2001

An Act to Amend the Maine Emergency Medical Services Act of 1982.

Submitted by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice suggested and ordered printed.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator McALEVEY of York. Cosponsored by Senator O'GARA of Cumberland, Representatives: BULL of Freeport, NASS of Acton.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1999, c. 731, Pt. ZZZ,  $\S4$  and affected by  $\S42$ , is further amended to read:

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- 9. Licensing jurisdiction. Except as provided in Title 5, 6 section 10004; Title 8, section 279-B; Title 10, section 8003, subsection 5; Title 20-A, sections 10712 and 10713; Title 29-A; 8 Title 32, chapters 2-B, 105 and 114; and Title 35-A, section 10 3132, exclusive jurisdiction upon complaint of an agency or, if the licensing agency fails or refuses to act within a reasonable time, upon complaint of the Attorney General to revoke or suspend 12 licenses issued by the agency. The District Court has original 14 jurisdiction upon complaint of a licensing agency to determine whether renewal or reissuance of a license of that agency may be refused. The District Court has original concurrent jurisdiction 16 to grant equitable relief in proceedings initiated by an agency or the Department of the Attorney General alleging any violation 18 of a license or licensing laws or rules.
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Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a licensing agency 22 may not reinstate or otherwise affect a license suspended, revoked or modified by the District Court pursuant to a complaint 24 filed by the Attorney General without the approval of the Attorney General;

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Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §10051, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, \$19 and affected by \$80, is further amended to read:

- 1. Jurisdiction. Except as provided in section 10004; Title 8, section 279-B; Title 10, section 8003; Title 20-A, 32 34
- sections 10712 and 10713; Title 29-A; Title 32, chapters 2-B, 105 and 114; and Title 35-A, section 3132, the District Court has exclusive jurisdiction upon complaint of any agency or, if the licensing agency fails or refuses to act within a reasonable time, upon complaint of the Attorney General to revoke or suspend 36 licenses issued by the agency and has original jurisdiction upon complaint of an agency to determine whether renewal or reissuance 38 of a license of that agency may be refused.
- Sec. 3. 32 MRSA §85, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 742, 42 \$1, is further amended to read:

44 Advanced emergency medical treatment. With the advice 2. and consultation noted in subsection 1, the board may provide, by rule, which advanced skills, techniques and judgments may be 46 supervised by a physician by means of standing orders, by voice radio and by other means. Nothing-in-this-section-may-preelude 48 protocols -- in - a - particular -- region -- from -- imposing - controls -- more 50 striet-than-those-permitted-by-the-board-s-rules-on-the-use-of-a skill,-technique or -judgment. In every case, advanced emergency
 medical treatment must be given in accordance with protocols
 adopted by the Medical Direction and Practices Board.

The board may establish by rule appropriate licensure levels for advanced emergency medical technicians and fix the qualifications for persons to hold those licenses.

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Sec. 4. 32 MRSA §86, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 182, 10 §10, is further amended to read:

12 2. Care of patient. Whenever an ambulance transports a patient from-the-scene-of-an-emergency, the patient must be cared
 14 for by a physician, by a flight-nurse specialized medical team approved by the board or by a person licensed and authorized
 16 under this chapter to provide emergency medical care. Whenever-an ambulance-transports-a-patient-from-a-hospital-or-other-health
 18 eare-facility-to-another-place, the-patient-must-be-eared-for-by+

- 20 A.---The physician in charge of the patient s case by a person - licensed - under - this - chapter - or - by - a - professional 22 nurse + - or
- 24 B.----A---licensed---practical---nurse,---or--other---person appropriately-trained-to--care-for-the-patient,--acting-under 26 orders-from-the-patient's-physician.
- 28 The person or team specified in this subsection as caring for the patient shall accompany the patient in the <u>patient care</u> portion 30 of the ambulance where-the-patient-rides.
- 32 Sec. 5. 32 MRSA §88, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

34 3. Authority. In addition to authority otherwise conferred, the board or, as delegated, its subcommittee or staff 36 may, for each violation of applicable laws, rules or conditions of licensure or registration, take one or more of the following 38 actions:

- A. Issue warnings, censures or reprimands to a licensee.
   Each warning, censure or reprimand issued must be based upon
   violations of different applicable laws, rules or conditions of licensure or must be based upon separate instances of
   actionable conduct or activity;
- 46 B. Suspend a license or registration for up to 90 days for each violation of applicable laws, rules and conditions of licensure or registration or for each instance of actionable conduct or activity. Suspensions may be set to run 50 concurrently or consecutively and may not exceed one year in

total. Execution of all or any portion of a term of 2 suspension may be stayed pending successful completion of conditions of probation, although the suspension remains part of the licensee's record; 4 C. Impose civil penalties of up to \$1,500 for each б violation of applicable laws, rules and conditions of licensure or for each instance of actionable conduct or 8 activity; 10 D. Impose conditions of probation upon an applicant or licensee. Probation may run for that time period as the 12 board, its subcommittee or staff determines appropriate. Probation may include conditions such as: additional 14 continuing education; medical, psychiatric or mental health consultations or evaluations; mandatory professional or 16 occupational supervision of the applicant or licensee; and other conditions as the board, its subcommittee or staff 18 determines appropriate. Costs incurred in the performance of terms of probation are borne by the applicant or 20 licensee. Failure to comply with the conditions of probation is a ground for disciplinary action against a 22 licensee; or

E. Execute a consent agreement that resolves a complaint or investigation without further proceedings. Consent 26 agreements may be entered into only with the consent of the 28 applicant or licensee, the board, its subcommittee or staff and the Department of the Attorney General. Any remedy, 30 penalty or fine that is otherwise available by law, even if only in the jurisdiction of the District Court, may be 32 achieved by consent agreement, including long-term suspension and permanent revocation of a professional license. A consent agreement is not subject to review or 34 appeal and may be modified only by a writing executed by all 36 parties to the original consent agreement. A consent agreement is enforceable by an action in Superior Court. 38

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Sec. 6. 32 MRSA §90-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 588, 40 §19, is further amended to read:

42 1. Disciplinary proceedings and sanctions. The board or, as delegated, its subcommittee or staff shall investigate a 44 complaint, on the-board's its own motion or upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, regarding noncompliance 46 with or violation of this chapter or of any rules adopted by the board. Investigation may include an informal conference er--a hearing-or-both before the board, its subcommittee or staff to 48 determine whether grounds exist for suspension, revocation or 50 denial of a license or as otherwise determined necessary by the board to the fulfillment of its responsibilities under this
chapter. Hearings-must-be-conducted in-conformity-with-the-Maine
Administrative-Procedure-Act, -Title-5, -chapter-375, --subchapter
IV, -to-the-extent-applicable. The board, its subcommittee or
staff may subpoena witnesses, records and documents, including
records and documents maintained by a health care facility or
other service organization or person related to the delivery of
emergency medical services, in any investigation or hearing it
conducts.

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Sec. 7. 32 MRSA §90-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §35, is further amended to read:

14 3. Informal conference. If, in the opinion of the board, the factual basis of the complaint is or may be true and the complaint is of sufficient gravity to warrant further action, the 16 board or staff may request an informal conference with the The board shall provide the licensee with adequate 18 licensee. notice of the conference and of the issues to be discussed. The 20 conference must be conducted in executive session of the board, subcommittee or staff, pursuant to Title 1, section 405, unless otherwise requested by the licensee. Statements made at the 22 conference may not be introduced at a subsequent formal administrative or judicial hearing unless all parties consent. 24 The licensee may, without prejudice, refuse to participate in an informal conference if the licensee prefers to immediately-hold-a 26 request an adjudicatory hearing. formal If the licensee participates in the informal conference, the licensee waives the 28 right to object to a participant at the hearing who participated 30 at the informal conference.

Sec. 8. 32 MRSA §90-A, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §58 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

4. Further action. If the board, its subcommittee or staff
36 finds that the factual basis of the complaint is true and is of sufficient gravity to warrant further action, the-board it may
38 take any of the following actions.

A. The board, its subcommittee or staff may enter into a consent agreement, with the consent of the licensee, that
fixes the period and terms of probation necessary to protect the public health and safety and to rehabilitate or educate
the licensee. A consent agreement may be used to terminate a complaint investigation, if entered into by the board, the licensee and the Department of the Attorney General.

B. If a licensee voluntarily surrenders a license, the board, its subcommittee or staff may negotiate stipulations
 necessary to ensure protection of the public health and

safety and the rehabilitation or education of the licensee. These stipulations may be set forth only in a consent agreement signed by the board, the licensee and the Department of the Attorney General.

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If the board, its subcommittee or staff concludes that c. 6 nonrenewal ef, nonissuance or suspension modification, pursuant to section 88, subsection 3 of a license is in 8 order, the board shall so notify the applicant-licensee and inform the applicant-licensee of the applicant-licensee's 10 adjudicatory hearing. right to request an If the applicant-licensee requests an adjudicatory hearing in a 12 timely manner, the adjudicatory hearing must be held by the board in accordance with the-Maine-Administrative-Presedure 14 Aet, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV. At-the-conclusion of-the-hearing,-the-board-shall-forward-a-written-finding-of 16 facts --- and -- recommended --- decision --- to --- the -- eommissioner. Opportunity-must-then-be-given-for-the-applicant-licensee 18 and-the-board-to-file-comments-on-the-findings-of-fact-and recommended-decision-to-the-commissioner---The-commissioner, 20 after---considering---the---findings,---recommendations---and comments,--shall--either--adopt--or--reject--the--recommended 22 decision--within--a--reasonable--period--of--time.---If--the commissioner-rejects-the-recommendation-or-issues-a-modified 24 decision, -- the -commissioner's - written -decision - must -- contain the -- specific -- reasons -- for -- modifying -- or -- rejecting -- the 26 recommended -- decision -- The--commissioner's -- decision -- is--the department's--final--decision. If the applicant-licensee 28 wishes to appeal the final decision of the board, the 30 applicant-licensee shall file a petition for review with the Superior Court within 30 days of receipt of the board's decision. Review under this paragraph must be conducted 32 pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII.

D. Except in the specific circumstances where Title 5, section 10004 may be invoked, if the board or its staff concludes that suspension <u>beyond the authority conferred by</u> section 88 or revocation of the license is in order, the board or its staff shall-hold-a-hearing-er request the Attorney General to file a complaint in the District Court in accordance with Title 4, chapter 5 <u>and the Maine</u> Administrative Procedure Act to commence either full or emergency proceedings.

Sec. 9. 32 MRSA §90-A, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1993, c. 575, 46 §3 and c. 600, Pt. A, §36, is further amended to read:

 48 5. Grounds for licensing action. The-board-may-suspend-or revoke-a-license-pursuant-to-Title-5,-section-10004. Refusal to
 50 issue or renew a license or to modify,-suspend-or-revoke take <u>disciplinary action against</u> a license of a person, service or vehicle may be predicated on the following grounds:

- A. Fraud or deceit in obtaining a license under this chapter or in connection with service rendered within the scope of the license issued;
- 7 B. Habitual substance abuse that has resulted or is
   8 foreseeably likely to result in the licensee performing services in a manner that endangers the health or safety of
   10 the licensee's patients;
- 12 C. A professional diagnosis of a mental or physical condition that has affected or is likely to affect the licensee's performance in a manner that endangers the health or safety of the licensee's patients;
- D. Aiding or abetting the practice of emergency care by a 18 person not duly licensed under this chapter who purports to be so;
  - E. Incompetent professional practice as evidenced by:
- (1) Demonstrated inability to respond appropriately to24 a client, patient or the general public; or
- 26 (2) Inability to apply principles, skills or knowledge necessary to successfully carry out the practice for
   28 which the licensee is licensed;
- F. Violation of any reasonable standard of professional behavior, conduct or practice that has been established in
   the practice for which the licensee is licensed;
- G. Subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341, conviction of a crime that involves dishonesty or false
  statement that relates directly to the practice for which the licensee is licensed, conviction of a crime for which incarceration for one year or more may be imposed or conviction of a crime defined in Title 17-A, chapter 11 or 45;
- 42 H. Any violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by the board; or
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I. For other purposes as specified by rules or law.

Sec. 10. 32 MRSA §91-A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 588, §20, 48 is further amended to read:

## §91-A. Appeals

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4	Any person or organization aggrieved by the decision of the
<b>.</b>	staff or a subcommittee of the board in modifying or refusing to
	issue or renew a license or to-waive-application-of-a-particular
б	Fule in the interpretation of this chapter or rules adopted
	pursuant to this chapter may appeal the beard's decision to the
8	commissioner board for a final decision. The board's staff's or
	<u>subcommittee's</u> decision stands until such time as the
10	eemmissiener <u>board</u> issues a decision to uphold, modify or
	overrule the beard's <u>staff's or subcommittee's</u> decision. <u>In the</u>
12	case of nonrenewal, the person or organization must be afforded
	an opportunity for hearing in accordance with this chapter and
14	the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.
16	Any person or organization aggrieved by a final decision of
	the commissioner board in refusing to issue or renew a license or
18	to-waive-application of -a - particular in the interpretation of a
	rule may appeal the commissioner's board's decision to the
20	Superior Court in accordance with theMaineAdministrative
	Procedure-Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII.
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	Sec. 11. 32 MRSA §92, as amended by PL 1991, c. 588, §§21 and
24	22, is further amended to read:
26	§92. Confidentiality of information
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28	Any reports, information or records provided to the board or
	Any reports, information or records provided to the board or department pursuant to this chapter must be provided to the
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28	department pursuant to this chapter must be provided to the licensee and are confidential insofar as the reports, information
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28 30 32 34	<pre>department pursuant to this chapter must be provided to the licensee and are confidential insofar as the reports, information or records identify or permit identification of any patient, provided that the board may disclose any confidential information as follows+.</pre> 1. Hearings or proceedings. In Confidential information may
28 30 32	department pursuant to this chapter must be provided to the licensee and are confidential insofar as the reports, information or records identify or permit identification of any patient, provided that the board may disclose any confidential information as follows+. <b>1. Hearings or proceedings.</b> In <u>Confidential information may</u> <u>be released in</u> an adjudicatory hearing or informal conference
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	<ul> <li>department pursuant to this chapter must be provided to the licensee and are confidential insofar as the reports, information or records identify or permit identification of any patient, provided that the board may disclose any confidential information as follows+.</li> <li><b>1. Hearings or proceedings.</b> In <u>Confidential information may be released in an adjudicatory hearing or informal conference before the board or in any subsequent formal proceeding to which information is relevant+-and.</u></li> <li><b>2. Consent agreements or settlement.</b> In <u>Confidential information may be released in a consent agreement or other written settlement, when the information constitutes or pertains to the basis of board action.</u></li> <li><b>3. During investigation.</b> All complaints and investigative records of the board are confidential during the pendency of an investigation. Those records become public records upon the conclusion of an investigation unless confidentiality is required</li> </ul>

2	A. A notice of an adjudicatory hearing as defined under
4	Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter I has been issued;
6	B. A consent agreement has been executed; or
0	C. A letter of dismissal has been issued or the
8	investigation has otherwise been closed.
10	<b>4. Exceptions.</b> Notwithstanding subsection 3, during the pendency of an investigation, a complaint or investigative record
12	may be disclosed:
14	A. To Maine Emergency Medical Services employees designated by the director;
16	B. To designated complaint officers of the board;
18	b. To designated complaint officers of the board,
20	C. By a Maine Emergency Medical Services employee or complaint officer designated by the board when, and to the extent, considered necessary to facilitate the investigation;
22	D The other state on follows previses when the files
24	D. To other state or federal agencies when the files contain evidence of possible violations of laws enforced by those agencies;
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28	E. When and to the extent considered necessary by the director to avoid imminent and serious harm. The authority of the director to make such a disclosure may not be
30	delegated;
32	F. Pursuant to rules adopted by the department, when it is determined that confidentiality is no longer warranted due
34	to general public knowledge of the circumstances surrounding the complaint or investigation
36	would not be prejudiced by the disclosure; or
38	G. To the person investigated on request of that person. The director may refuse to disclose part or all of any
40	investigative information, including the fact of an investigation when the director determines that disclosure
42	would prejudice the investigation. The authority of the director to make such a determination may not be delegated.
44	Sec. 12. 32 MRSA §92-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 588,
46	§23, is further amended to read:
48	2. Confidentiality. All proceedings and records of
50	proceedings concerning the quality assurance activities of any emergency medical services quality assurance committee approved

by the board are confidential and are exempt from discovery. All reports, information and records provided to any emergency 2 medical services quality assurance committee approved by the board are confidential and exempt from discovery. 4 6 **SUMMARY** 8 This bill amends the Maine Emergency Medical Services Act of 10 1982 to: 12 1. Require that whenever a patient is transported by ambulance, the patient must be accompanied by a physician, person 14 licensed to provide emergency care or a specialized medical team approved by the Emergency Medical Services' Board; 16 2. Allow the board to issue warnings, suspend licenses and 18 impose civil penalties for violations of the Maine Emergency Medical Services Act of 1982; 20 3. Allow a decision of the board to be appealed to the 22 Superior Court; and 24 4. Clarify the confidentiality of complaints and records of the board and the circumstances under which those records may be disclosed and to whom. 26