



## **120th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1569

H.P. 1169

House of Representatives, March 13, 2001

An Act to Support a Continuum of Quality Long-term Care Services.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

Mullicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative KANE of Saco. (By Request) Cosponsored by Senator PENDLETON of Cumberland and Representatives: COLWELL of Gardiner, DUDLEY of Portland, FULLER of Manchester, LOVETT of Scarborough, Speaker SAXL of Portland, SCHNEIDER of Durham, Senator: CARPENTER of York. Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, there is a shortfall between budgeted nursing facility payments and the allowable costs of nursing facilities of approximately \$5,600,000; and

Whereas, it is imperative to the health and well-being of Maine's elderly and disabled that this revenue deficiency be corrected as soon as possible; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

20

18

4

8

12

22

34

36

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1812-G, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

 6. Accessibility: duties of registry. The Maine Registry
 of Certified Nursing Assistants, referred to in this subsection as the "registry," must be accessible by telephone for no fewer
 than 9 hours per day on each business day of the year and during those hours shall provide information upon request of any
 residential care facility, nursing facility, nurse aid staffing agency or a nurse aid registry maintained by another state, as
 follows.

- 32 <u>A. Within 30 minutes of a telephone inquiry, the registry</u> shall provide orally, by telephone:
  - (1) Verification that an individual is a certified nursing assistant; and
- 38 (2) A statement of any findings of resident abuse, mistreatment or neglect or criminal conviction by a
   40 nursing assistant pertinent to care or treatment of residents or protection of resident property that are
   42 on file with the registry.
- B. The registry shall provide the following information in writing within 3 days of a written request or telephone
   inguiry:
- 48 (1) Verification that an individual is a certified nursing assistant, the individual's certification
   50 number and date of certification or recertification;

	(2) Copies of final findings of resident abuse,
	mistreatment or neglect by a nursing assistant and any
4	statement from the nursing assistant disputing the
	findings, together with any other written records on
6	file with the registry concerning resident abuse or
	treatment or protection of resident property related to
8	the nursing assistant who is the subject of the
	inquiry; and
10	
	(3) A report of any criminal conviction of a nursing
12	assistant for resident abuse, mistreatment or neglect
	or misappropriation of resident property, with the date
14	of the conviction.
11	<u>or the conviction.</u>
16	C. The department shall ensure that sufficient staff is
10	assigned to the registry and that appropriate systems are in
18	place in order that the information provided in response to
10	any telephone inquiry contains all information currently
20	
20	available to the registry about the individual named in the
	request and that the information provided by telephone is a
22	complete and accurate summary of all written records
~ 4	available with respect to the individual. The department
24	shall maintain systems with respect to the operation of the
	registry that ensure that any inquiry regarding an
26	individual is answered, with current and complete
	information, no more than 30 minutes following the initial
28	telephone inquiry.
30	Sec. 2. Treatment of costs and inflation in the principles of
	reimbursement for residential care facilities rules. By September 1,
32	2001, the Department of Human Services shall amend its rules
	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care
34	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost
34	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised
34 36	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost
	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised
	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised
36	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must:
36	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from
36 38	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and
36 38	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and
36 38 40	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential
36 38 40	regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the
36 38 40 42	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs.</pre>
36 38 40 42 44	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical</pre>
36 38 40 42	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter</pre>
36 38 40 42 44 46	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical</pre>
36 38 40 42 44	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.</pre>
36 38 40 42 44 46 48	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. Rules amended pursuant to this section must take effect no</pre>
36 38 40 42 44 46	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.</pre>
36 38 40 42 44 46 48	<pre>regarding principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must: 1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from the most recent audited year; and 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state residential care facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. Rules amended pursuant to this section must take effect no</pre>

Sec. 3. Treatment of cost components and inflation in the principles of 2 reimbursement for nursing facilities rules. By September 1, 2001, the Department of Human Services shall amend its rules regarding 4 principles of reimbursement for nursing facilities to ensure that reimbursement reflects the current cost of providing services in б an efficient manner. The revised principles of reimbursement must:

8

1. Provide for base reimbursement rates on percentages from 10 the most recent audited year; and

12 2. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs incurred by state nursing facilities and recognizes regional variations in labor costs; and 14

Allow each nursing facility to retain the entire amount, 16 3. if any, by which the interim per diem payment rate for the "routine component" exceeds the actual allowable per diem costs 18 classified within the "routine component" for any cost-reporting 20 period.

22 The rules must be designed to ensure that aggregate Medicaid payments for nursing facility services are sufficient to cover the total allowable costs of providing the Medicaid covered 24 portion of those services. Allowable costs must be determined 26 without any constraint based on any preestablished budget or appropriation amount.

28

32

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 30 375, subchapter II-A.

Sec. 4. Principles of reimbursement for home health care services 34 By September 1, 2001, the Department of Human Services rules. shall amend its rules governing payment for home health care 36 services to ensure that those payments reflect the current costs of providing services in an efficient manner. The revised rules must: 38

40 Provide for periodic recalculation of payment rates at 1. least once every 3 years to reflect current operating costs;

42

44

Provide sufficient reimbursement for wage and salary 2. costs to ensure the availability of an adequate number of skilled professional personnel to provide needed home health care 46 services;

48

3. Contain an annual inflation adjustment that reflects the actual increases in operating costs experienced by the home health care providers in the State and recognizes regional variations in labor costs; and

4 4. Provide for payment of the costs of social worker services on the basis of the average cost per social worker visit
6 for state home health care agencies.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter
 375, subchapter II-A.

12 Sec. 5. Validation of quality measurements project to be used in connection with reimbursement. The Department of Human Services shall commission and fund, based on a fair and competitive 14 process of requesting proposals, a project to develop statistically valid quality standards 16 and processes for evaluating long-term care provider performance in relation to 18 those standards. The objectives of the project must include measurement methods that are cost effective to use in nursing facilities throughout the State and that quantify consumer 20 satisfaction and other variables that are demonstrated to have a 22 significant impact on the quality of care. By July 1, 2001, the convene department shall а conference that includes 24 representatives of the long-term care industry to further discuss the specific objectives of this project. The department may not implement incentive provisions in the principles of reimbursement 26 pertaining to quality of care until statistically valid 28 measurements are determined and specified by rule after the completion of the project. If quality-of-care incentive 30 provisions are incorporated into the principles of reimbursement, those provisions must provide for the measurement of the 32 variables that affect the quality of care on a fair and objective basis by a party that is neither controlled nor owned by either a 34 provider or the department. The department may not implement incentive provisions pertaining to quality of care except to the 36 extent that sufficient appropriations are available to fund reimbursement of the current cost of providing services without 38 regard to such incentives.

40 Sec. 6. Transfer of assets and spousal impoverishment rules. By
 September 1, 2001, the Department of Human Services shall amend
 42 its rules governing eligibility for coverage for residential care
 services to require that:

Resources available from a resident's assets be used to
 cover the cost of care to the same extent that such assets must
 be used prior to coverage for nursing facility services;

44

48

2. The restrictions and presumptions with respect to 50 transfers of assets applicable to eligibility and coverage for nursing facility services be applied in the same manner to eligibility and coverage of residential care services; and

3. The provisions governing spousal impoverishment applicable to nursing facility coverage are also applied to
Medicaid coverage of services provided in a residential care facility.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical 10 rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

Sec. 7. Homebound requirement rules. By September 1, 2001, the Department of Human Services shall amend its rules governing eligibility and coverage of home health care services to remove the homebound requirement that properly applies solely to Medicare-covered home health care services so that Medicaid home health coverage, in accordance with applicable federal law, is not subject to a homebound requirement.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

Sec. 8. Aging in place. The Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services shall conduct a study and propose changes to existing law to facilitate and properly compensate providers for the delivery of services that allow consumers to choose to remain in a facility while aging without compromising the quality of care, the safety of consumers or the financial, administrative, and resident care capabilities of the providers of long-term care services.

Specifically, the committee shall consider means of ensuring 34 that providers have the discretion to discharge consumers who 36 require services that are currently unavailable in the facility where the consumer would prefer to remain when delivery of those 38 services at the facility preferred by the consumer would impose costs that will not be fully reimbursed or will disrupt the 40 character or effectiveness of the residential environment and the plan for delivery of services in the facility. The committee 42 also shall consider allowing nursing facilities to provide reduced levels of care when consumers residing in those facilities but no longer requiring a nursing facility level of 44 care prefer to remain, if costs can be adjusted appropriately so 46 as to be fully recovered at reimbursement rates applicable for a reduced level of care and the adjusted services can be delivered 48 without disrupting the effective delivery of services to other residents of the facility.

50

8

12

20

24

The committee shall report its findings and recommendations, including necessary implementing legislation amending the laws governing nursing facility and residential care facility licensing and reimbursement, to the Second Regular Session of the 120th Legislature by January 15, 2002.

6

16

20

24

26

Sec. 9. Rule amendments to remove penalties for occupancy declines. By September 1, 2001, the Department of Human Services shall amend its rules regarding the principles of reimbursement for nursing facilities and the principles of reimbursement for residential care facilities to remove any provision of those principles that reduces the total reimbursement of fixed costs when the facility's occupancy percentage, number of residents served or other measures of utilization relative to capacity falls below a specified percentage or threshold.

Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical 18 rules as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

## **SUMMARY**

This bill amends the Maine Registry of Certified Nursing Assistants laws to ensure adequate staffing and coverage in order to allow long-term care providers to obtain timely and accurate information about the certification status of potential nursing assistant employees and any record of past abuse or neglect that would preclude hiring of those individuals.

34 This bill also requires the Department of Human Services to make several improvements in the system of payment for long-term 36 care, including nursing facility services, residential care facility services and home health care services, in order to 38 fairly reflect the current cost of providing those services efficiently. These improvements include an overall requirement 40 that the payment system reflect the current costs of efficiently providing necessary long-term care services, base reimbursement rates on the most recently available audited cost figures at 42 least once every 3 years, adjust for inflation using factors that reflect actual increases in operating costs incurred in the State 44 and allow nursing facilities to retain, as an efficiency incentive, savings that they may produce in routine component 46 costs. 48

This bill also requires that the principles of reimbursement 50 provide payment rates that cover total Medicaid allowable costs, without adjusting the definition of such costs to conform to a predetermined budget or appropriation amount.

This bill requires the Department of Human Services to develop and fund a project to develop statistically valid
measurements of long-term care quality and requires that these statistically valid measurements be applied in a fair and
independent manner in implementing any quality incentives as part of the payment system for long-term care. The bill precludes the department from implementing quality incentives at the expense of full reimbursement of the current costs of providing service.

The bill requires recipients of long-term care coverage to exhaust their own available assets before obtaining public support, unless there is a spouse continuing to live in the community, in which case that spouse is protected from the loss of assets to the point of improvishment.

12

18

The department is required to remove the homebound requirement that currently applies to Medicaid home health coverage in recognition of the fact that federal law imposes the homebound standard only with respect to Medicare coverage of home health services and does not provide for such a restriction on Medicaid coverage.

26 The bill requires the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services to study the current statutory obstacles to 28 allowing a consumer to chose to remain in a single, long-term care setting when changes occur in the level of services needed. 30 The committee is required to identify changes in the existing statutory scheme that should be made in order to properly 32 compensate providers and remove regulatory obstacles to the provision of a continuum of services without needless disruption 34 of residents' lives.

Finally, the bill requires the Department of Human Services to amend its principles of reimbursement rules for both nursing
facilities and residential care facilities to remove any provision that reduces the total reimbursement of fixed costs
when a facility's occupancy percentage, number of residents served or other measurement of utilization relative to capacity .
falls below a specified percentage or threshold.