MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1554

H.P. 1151

House of Representatives, March 13, 2001

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Allow Health Insurance Premiums to be Eligible for Medical Savings Accounts.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative GLYNN of South Portland.

	Be it	enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2		Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§1, ¶J, as amended by PL 1999, c.
4	731, read:	Pt. X, $\S 1$ and affected by $\S \S 4$ and 5, is further amended to
6		J. The amount claimed as a business expense that is
8		included in the investment credit for the high-technology investment tax credit; and
10		Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§1, ¶K, as amended by PL 1999, c.
12		Pt. X, $\S 2$ and affected by $\S \S 4$ and 5, is further amended to
14		K. For income tax years beginning on or after January 1,
16		1997, all items of loss, deduction and other expense of a financial institution subject to the tax imposed by section
18		5206, to the extent that those items are passed through to the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes, including, if
20		the financial institution is an S corporation, the taxpayer's pro rata share and, if the financial institution
22		is a partnership or limited liability company, the taxpayer's distributive share. An addition may not be made
24		under this paragraph for any losses recognized on the disposition by a taxpayer of an ownership interest in a
26		financial institution : and
28		Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§1, ¶M is enacted to read:
30		M. Amounts withdrawn pursuant to section 6603, subsection 3 by the taxpayer during the taxable year from an individual
32		medical savings account established in the taxpayer's name.
34	708,	Sec. 4. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶L, as amended by PL 1999, c. §35 and c. 731, Pt. S, §2 and affected by §4 and amended by
36		90, Pt. A, $\S 49$, is repealed and the following enacted in its
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40		L. For income tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, an amount equal to the total premiums spent for qualified long-term care insurance contracts as defined in
42		the Code, Section 7702B(b), as long as the amount subtracted is reduced by the long-term care premiums claimed as an
44		itemized deduction pursuant to section 5125;

Sec. 5. 36 MRSA $\S5122$, sub- $\S2$, \PM , as enacted by PL 1999, c. 708, $\S36$ and c. 731, Pt. S, $\S3$ and affected by $\S4$, is repealed

and the following enacted in its place:

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2	employee retirement plan, that is the lesser of:
4	(1) Six thousand dollars reduced by the total amount
6	of social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits paid by the United States, but not less than \$0; or
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10	(2) The aggregate of benefits received under employee retirement plans and included in federal adjusted gross income.
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14	For purposes of this paragraph, "employee retirement plan' means a state, federal or military retirement plan or any other retirement benefit plan established and maintained by
16	an employer for the benefit of its employees under Section 401(a), Section 403 or Section 457(b) of the Code.
18	"Employee retirement plan" does not include an individual retirement account under Section 408 of the Code, a Roth IRA
20	under Section 408A of the Code, a rollover individual retirement account, a simplified employee pension under
22	Section 408(k) of the Code or an ineligible deferred compensation plan under Section 457(f) of the Code;
24	Sec. 6. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§2, ¶¶N and O are enacted to read:
26	N. Interest or dividends on obligations or securities of
28	this State and its political subdivisions and authorities to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income; and
30	O. Contributions or deposits to an individual medical
32	savings account established under chapter 914 subject to the following limitations.
34	(1) The taxpayer may subtract:
36	(a) The amount of contributions made by the
38	taxpayer's employer during the taxable year to the taxpayer's individual medical savings account to
40	the extent that the employer contributions are included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross
42	income; and
44	(b) The amount deposited by the taxpayer in the account during the taxable year.
46	(2) The taypayer's employer may subtract the amount of
48	(2) The taxpayer's employer may subtract the amount of contributions made by the employer to an individual medical savings account established on the taxpayer's

Sec. 7. 36 MRSA §5164, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 708, §38, is further amended to read:

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- 1. Fiduciary adjustment defined. The fiduciary adjustment is the net amount of the modifications described in section 5122, including subsection 3 if the estate or trust is a beneficiary of another estate or trust, which relates to items of income or deduction of an estate or trust. Income taxes imposed by this State or any other taxing jurisdiction and interest or expenses incurred in the production of income exempt from tax under this Part deducted in arriving at federal taxable income must be added back to the fiduciary adjustment. Interest or expenses incurred in the production of income taxable under this Part but exempt from federal income tax must be subtracted from the fiduciary adjustment.
- Interest income earned on a trust that is established as an individual medical savings account pursuant to chapter 914 is not included as income if the interest income is received on obligations of a state, territory or possession of the United States or a political subdivision of a state, territory or possession that is located outside of this State. Interest earned by a trust that is established as an individual medical savings account may be subtracted from the adjusted gross income to the extent that the income is included in the trust's Maine gross income during the taxable year.

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Sec. 8. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶J, as amended by PL 1999, c. 708, §40, is further amended to read:

J. An amount equal to by this State or anothe

J. An amount equal to an income tax refund to the taxpayer by this State or another state of the United States that is included in that taxpayer's federal taxable income for the taxable year under the Code, but only to the extent that:

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(1) Maine net income is not reduced below zero; and

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(2) The amount to be refunded from this State or another state of the United States has not been previously used as a modification pursuant to this subsection.

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If this modification amount results in Maine net income that is less than zero for the taxable year, the negative modification amount may be carried back or forward in the same manner as a net operating loss deduction carry-back or carry-forward to a taxable year that is within the allowable

2	<pre>federal period for a carry-back or carry-forward, subject to the above limitations; and</pre>
4	Sec. 9. 36 MRSA $\S5200$ -A, sub- $\S2$, \PK , as enacted by PL 1999, c. 708, $\S41$, is amended to read:
6	
8	K. Interest or dividends on obligations or securities of this State and its political subdivisions and authorities to the extent included in federal taxable income ₊ ; and
10	Sec. 10. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶L is enacted to read:
12	L. The amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during
14	the taxable year to individual medical savings accounts established on behalf of the taxpayer's employees pursuant
16	to chapter 914 to the extent that the contributions are not deductible under the Code.
18	Sec. 11. 36 MRSA c. 914 is enacted to read:
20	CHAPTER 914
22	
24	INDIVIDUAL MEDICAL SAVINGS ACCOUNT
26	§6601. Short title
28	This chapter may be known and cited as the "Individual Medical Savings Account Act."
30	§6602. Definitions
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-	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
34	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
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34	<pre>indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 1. Account administrator. "Account administrator" means any of the following entities: A. A financial institution authorized to do business in</pre>
34 36	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 1. Account administrator. "Account administrator" means any of the following entities:
34 36 38	 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 1. Account administrator. "Account administrator" means any of the following entities: A. A financial institution authorized to do business in this State as defined in Title 9-B, section 131, subsection
34 36 38 40	 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 1. Account administrator. "Account administrator" means any of the following entities: A. A financial institution authorized to do business in this State as defined in Title 9-B, section 131, subsection 17-A; B. An insurance company, health maintenance organization or
34 36 38 40 42	 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 1. Account administrator. "Account administrator" means any of the following entities: A. A financial institution authorized to do business in this State as defined in Title 9-B, section 131, subsection 17-A; B. An insurance company, health maintenance organization or 3rd-party administrator authorized to do business in this

- D. An employer, if the employer has a self-insured health
 plan that meets the requirements of the federal Employee
 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 United States
 Code, Sections 101 to 1461, as amended.
 - 2. Account holder. "Account holder" means an individual on whose behalf an individual medical savings account is established.

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3. Eligible medical expenses. "Eligible medical expenses" means expenses paid by or on behalf of an account holder for medical care that are described in the Code, Section 213(d). "Eligible medical expenses" includes health insurance premiums, copayments, deductibles and coinsurance.

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- 4. Household. "Household" means the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse and any member of the taxpayer's household for whom the taxpayer is entitled to claim an exemption as a dependent under Part 8.
- 5. Individual medical savings account. "Individual medical savings account" or "account" means a trust created or organized to pay eligible medical expenses.

§6603. Establishment and procedures

Individual medical savings accounts may be established subject to the following procedures.

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1. Health insurance coverage. Before establishing an individual medical savings account, the prospective account holder must obtain or have health insurance or medical coverage.

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2. Account establishment. A resident may establish an individual medical savings account for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001. The account must be established as a trust under the laws of this State and must be placed with an account administrator. At the time of establishment, the account administrator shall notify the account holder of potential federal income tax liability that may be associated with the account.

40 account

3. Payment of eligible medical expenses. The account administrator may use the funds in an account solely to pay eligible medical expenses of the account holder and members of the account holder's household that are not otherwise covered under the account holder's existing health insurance or medical coverage. Funds held in an account may not be used to cover medical expenses of the account holder or members of the account holder's household that are otherwise covered, including, but not limited to, medical expenses covered pursuant to an automobile

insurance policy, a workers' compensation insurance policy or a 2 self-insured workers' compensation plan. If the account holder submits appropriate documentation to the account administrator, the account administrator may reimburse the account holder from account funds for eligible medical expenses paid directly by the account holder during the taxable year.

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- 4. Withdrawals for other purposes. The account holder may withdraw funds from the account for purposes other than the payment of eliqible medical expenses allowed under subsection 3 on the last business day of the calendar year without incurring a withdrawal penalty. If an account holder withdraws funds at any other time, other than for the payment of eligible medical expenses allowed under subsection 3, the account holder must pay a penalty equal to 10% of the amount withdrawn. The penalty must be paid to the Bureau of Revenue Services at the time the account holder files an income tax return under this Title for the taxable year in which the funds were withdrawn. The State Tax Assessor shall credit all penalties received to the General Fund.
- 5. Employer accounts. Upon agreement between an employer 22 and an employee, an employer may:
- 24 A. Contribute to the employee's individual medical savings account;
 - B. Make or continue to make contributions to the employee's health insurance or medical coverage; or
- 30 C. Contribute to both the employee's individual medical savings account and the employee's health insurance or 32 medical coverage.
- 34 6. No limit. In each taxable year, there is no limit to the total deposits that may be made to an account by or on behalf 36 of an account holder.
- 38 7. Death of account holder. Upon the death of an account holder, the account administrator shall distribute the principal 40 and accumulated interest of the individual medical savings account to the estate of the account holder.

8. Tax consequences. Any amount deposited into an account 44 established under this chapter may be subtracted from taxable income of the account holder during the same tax year. Funds 46 withdrawn pursuant to subsection 4 must be considered income to the account holder for the purpose of computing adjusted gross 48 income.

This bill allows residents of the State to establish medical savings accounts for payment of eligible medical expenses, including the payment of health insurance premiums, coinsurance, copayments and deductibles. Contributions to, interest earned on and qualified withdrawals from medical savings accounts are exempt from Maine state income tax.