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No. 1492

H.P. 1123

House of Representatives, March 8, 2001

An Act to Improve Treatment of Persons with Mental Illness in Maine's Jails and Prisons.

Reference to the Committee on Criminal Justice suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative POVICH of Ellsworth. Cosponsored by Senator PENDLETON of Cumberland and Representatives: BAKER of Bangor, BROOKS of Winterport, McKENNEY of Cumberland, QUINT of Portland, SAVAGE of Buxton, SULLIVAN of Biddeford, Senators: CATHCART of Penobscot, McALEVEY of York.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 25 MRSA §2804-J is enacted to read:
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<u>S2804-J. Mental illness and substance abuse or dependence</u> training
1. Training standards. The board shall establish training
in the areas of mental illness and substance abuse or
dependence. The training must include:
A. Training in signs and symptoms of serious mental illness
and substance abuse or dependence;
B. Appropriate intervention to facilitate mental health
services within jails and correctional facilities; and
C. How best to respond to minor infractions of the law
committed by a person with mental illness or suffering from
<u>substance abuse or substance dependence.</u>
2. Preservice. Preservice law enforcement training
standards established under section 2804-B must include a minimum of 12 hours of training described in subsection 1.
or is nours of claiming described in subsection i.
3. Basic corrections training. Basic corrections training
standards established under section 2804-D must include a minimum
of 12 hours of training described in subsection 1.
4. In-service law enforcement training. In-service law
enforcement training standards established under section 2804-E
nust include a minimum of 3 hours of training described in
subsection 1.
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5. In-service corrections training. In-service corrections
training standards established under section 2804-F must include a minimum of 3 hours of training described in subsection 1.
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6. Officers certified as of October 1, 2001. Law
enforcement officers and corrections officers certified as
meeting training requirements as of October 1, 2001 must complete
12 hours of mental illness and substance abuse and dependence
training by July 1, 2003.
Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §1558-A is enacted to read:
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§1558-A. Transfer of prisoners with mental illness
) county inil may not therefore a priceway on accept materia
A county jail may not transfer a prisoner or accept custody
of a transferred prisoner solely as a mechanism to treat, control

or otherwise respond to that prisoner's psychiatric condition or 2 symptoms.

4	Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §1559, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6, c.
6	9, §2 and c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:
8	2. Limitations on administration of medication. The sheriff or the sheriff's delegate may not administer any
10	prescription or nonprescription medication to any prisoner who has been incarcerated in the county jail for less than 24 hours,
12	unlessthesherifforthedelegatehaseensultedwithand received-permission-to-administer-that-medication-from-a-licensed
14	physieian. The sheriff or the sheriff's delegate shall ensure that a prisoner who has received medication is assessed by
16	medical or psychiatric staff, licensed to prescribe medication, within 72 hours of admission.
18	Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §1561-A is enacted to read:
20	<u>§1561-A. Psychiatric care and expenses</u>
22	1. Right to treatment. A person incarcerated in a county
24	jail has the right to adequate psychiatric care, which includes care for a serious psychiatric disorders, as defined in the
26	Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association.
28	2. Mental health examination. Every prisoner must be
30	examined for a mental health condition immediately upon admission, including an assessment of whether the prisoner is
32	suicidal. The sheriff may require an additional mental health examination at any time. A family member or other concerned
34	person may petition the sheriff regarding the need for a mental health examination of a prisoner and the sheriff shall respond to
36	that petition within 5 business days.
38	3. Treatment. Treatment for serious psychiatric disorders as described in subsection 1 must include:
40	A. Access to the most effective and appropriate medication
42	recommended by the treating psychiatrist;
44	B. Informed consent for medication;
46	<u>C. Psychiatric or psychological individual contact as</u> clinically indicated;
48	D. Monitoring of medication compliance and required
50	laboratory testing;

2	E. Medication education for the prisoner;
4	F. Retention of counseling and programming by community providers; and
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8	<u>G. Access to adequate out-of-cell time and outdoor</u> recreation. Unless clinically contraindicated, prisoners with mental illnesses must be provided with out-of-cell time
10	equal to that of prisoners of the same security level without mental illnesses.
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	4. Least restrictive setting. All psychiatric treatment
14	must be provided in the least restrictive setting possible. In
16	no case may a prisoner be placed in isolation when that placement is because the person is experiencing symptoms of a mental illness unless psychiatric treatment is also provided. For the
18	purposes of this subsection, "psychiatric treatment" means
20	medication management, individual counseling and development and implementation of a treatment plan. When the symptoms that led to the isolation have remitted, the prisoner must be returned to
22	the prisoner's original placement within 48 hours of the
	remission.
24	F
26	5. Expenses. A prisoner may not be charged a fee for psychiatric services and treatment provided while incarcerated.
28	Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §1601, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and amended by PL 1989, c. 6, c.
30	9, §2 and c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:
32	The county commissioners may authorize the employment of prisoners committed for crime, for the benefit of the county or
34	of their dependent families, in some suitable manner not inconsistent with their security and the discipline of the
36	prison. The commissioners may pay the proceeds of that labor, less a reasonable sum to be deducted for the cost of maintenance
38	of those prisoners, to the dependent families of the prisoners. The sheriff shall provide for the employment of a prisoner
40	committed to the county jail in order to teach that inmate a useful trade or profession and to improve the prisoner's mental
42	condition. Employment may include work for public restitution
44	purposes.
44	Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §1607 is enacted to read:
46	<u>\$1607. Family support</u>
48	STAR'S LOUTT SUPPORT
	1. Child support. If a prisoner has dependent children, the
50	prisoner may not participate in a work program under section 1605 or any other program administered by the sheriff by which a

-2	prisoner is able to generate money unless the prisoner consents to pay at least 25% of that money for the support of that
	prisoner's dependent child if the other parent, legal guardian or
4	legal custodian of that prisoner's dependent child requests that
an Fashan A	payment. Upon the written request of a parent, legal guardian or
6	legal custodian, the sheriff of the county jail where the
	prisoner is incarcerated shall collect and disburse to the other
8	parent, legal guardian or legal custodian that portion of the
	prisoner's money to be paid for the support of that prisoner's
10	dependent child. This subsection does not apply to any prisoner
	making payments for the support of a dependent child pursuant to
12	a support order issued by a court or by the Department of Human
	<u>Services.</u>
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16	2. Support services. Prisoners and their families must be permitted to join family support services such as those offered
10	by national and statewide organizations designed to help maintain
18	and support continued relationships with family members unless
10	such participation would jeopardize the security of the jail.
20	For the purposes of this subsection, "family" means kin related
	by blood or individuals that serve in the role of kin.
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	Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §1651-A is enacted to read:
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	§1651-A. Accreditation of jails
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_	County jails must be accredited by a nationally recognized
28	accreditation body with standards for the delivery of mental
30	health services to jail prisoners by January 1, 2005 and annually
30	thereafter.
32	Sec. 8. 30-A MRSA §1658-A is enacted to read:
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34	<u>§1658-A. Procedures for prisoners with mental illness</u>
36	1. Prisoner list. The sheriff shall maintain a list of all
30	prisoners receiving mental health treatment. A prisoner assessed
38	to have a serious psychiatric disorder as defined in section 1561
	and who is receiving treatment for that disorder must be included
40	on the list.
42	2. Services of mental health staff. The prisoners on the
	mental health treatment list must have the involvement of a
44	mental health professional whenever use-of-force situations or
	disciplinary charges arise.
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4.0	3. Disciplinary hearings. The sheriff, jail administrator
48	or designee shall give the person in charge of mental health
FO	services in the jail the names of all prisoners with pending
50	charges of misconduct before any hearing takes place. The

person in charge of mental health services in the jail shall 2 provide any relevant information regarding the relation of the prisoner's mental disorder to the pending charge to the sheriff, jail administrator or designee who shall decide whether or not to 4 request a psychiatric or psychological evaluation to be 6 considered when deciding what punishment to impose on the prisoner. The sheriff, jail administrator or designee may refer 8 a prisoner for appropriate mental health care and treatment. 10 4. Mental health status. In the event that a prisoner is confined in disciplinary segregation and suffers a deterioration in mental health status as determined by the person in charge of 12 mental health services at the jail, that person shall refer the matter to the sheriff, jail administrator or designee. If 14 continued confinement is determined to be harmful to the 16 prisoner's mental health, the prisoner must be released to a treatment cell in the jail. 18 Sec. 9. 34-A MRSA §1205, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, is amended to read: 20 22 1. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide the and procedure for means thedevelopment, expansion and 24 improvement of correctional programs throughout the State and to encourage participation in correctional programs by persons, 26 unincorporated associations, charitable nonstock corporations, local and county governmental units and state agencies. In 28 accordance with this purpose all adult correctional facilities and juvenile facilities operated by the State must be accredited 30 by a nationally recognized correctional accrediting body by January 1, 2005 and annually thereafter. 32 Sec. 10. 34-A MRSA §1208. as enacted by PL 1983, c. 581, §§10 34 and 59, is amended by inserting at the end a new paragraph to read: 36 The standards established must comply with those required by 38 a nationally recognized correctional accrediting body. Each county and municipal detention facility must be fully accredited by a nationally recognized correctional accrediting body by 40 January 1, 2005 and annually thereafter. 42 Sec. 11. 34-A MRSA §3002, as amended by PL 1989, c. 503, Pt. B, §159, is further amended to read: 44 46 §3002. Boards of visitors Appointment. The Governor shall appoint a board of 5 48 1. visitors for each correctional facility under the department, as 50 authorized by Title 5, section 12004-I, subsection 5. The boards

2 professionals, family members and citizens interested in the well-being of prisoners, including representatives of advocacy **4** groups for human and civil rights, representatives of advocacy groups for persons with disabilities, medical and psychiatric professionals, persons who have served in corrections settings in б educational, vocational or rehabilitative capacities and other 8 interested citizens. 10 The terms of the members of the boards of visitors are Δ. for one year. 12 Members of the boards of visitors are eligible for R 14 reappointment at the expiration of their terms. 16 C. No member of the Legislature may serve on any board of visitors. 18 D. Each member of the boards of visitors shall--be is 20 compensated according to the provisions of Title 5, chapter 379. 22 2. Powers. Each board of visitors may shall name one member 24 to participate in the correctional facility's review of policy development and implementation who shall attend meetings. Each 26 board of visitors annually shall inspect the correctional facility to which it is assigned and may make recommendations on 28 the management of the facility to the commissioner. 30 3. Duties. Boards of visitors have the following duties. 32 Α. Boards of visitors shall annually send copies of all recommendations to the members of the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health 34 and-institutional-services corrections matters. 36 в. Each board of visitors shall appear before the joint 38 standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health-and-institutional-services corrections matters 40 upon request and may appear at such time as the board of visitors determines appropriate to report recommendations in 42 a public hearing. 44 C. Each board of visitors may participate in the review and implementation of policy of the correctional facility. 46 Sec. 12. 34-A MRSA §3031, sub-§§7 and 8, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 459, §6, are amended to read: 48

of visitors must be representative of a broad range of

7. Area for personal effects. A reasonably secure area for the maintenance of permitted personal effects; and

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2	8. Visitation. A reasonable opportunity to visit with
4	relatives and friends, in accordance with departmental policies
4	and institutional procedures, provided that the department may
6	restrict or prohibit visits when the restriction or prohibition is necessary for the security of the institution.; and
0	is necessary for the security of the institution, and
8	Sec. 13. 34-A MRSA §3031, sub-§§9 and 10 are enacted to read:
10	9. Psychiatric care. Adequate psychiatric care as follows.
12	A. Every client has the right to adequate psychiatric care, which includes care for a serious psychiatric disorder
14	defined as a substantial disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation or memory, such as those that meet
16	DSM IV criteria for Axis I disorders or persistent and disabling Axis 2 disorders.
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20	B. All clients must be examined for a mental health condition immediately upon admission, including assessment of whether the client is suicidal.
22	of whether the cirent is suicidal.
24	C. Treatment for serious psychiatric disorders must include:
	(1) Access to the most effective and appropriate
26	medication recommended by the treating psychiatrist;
28	(2) Informed consent for medication;
30	(3) Psychiatric or psychological individual contact as clinically indicated;
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	(4) Monitoring of medication compliance and required
34	laboratory testing;
36	(5) Medication education for the client;
38	(6) Retention of counseling and programming by community providers; and
40	communicy providero, and
	(7) Access to adequate out-of-cell time and outdoor
42	recreation. Unless clinically contraindicated, clients
	with mental illnesses must be provided with
44	out-of-cell time equal to that of clients of the same security level without mental illnesses.
46	pecuricy tever without mental lillepses.
	D. All psychiatric treatment must be provided in the least
48	restrictive setting possible. In no case may a client be

	<u>placed in isolation when that placement is because the</u>
2	<u>client is experiencing symptoms of a mental illness unless</u>
	psychiatric treatment is also provided. For the purposes of
4	this section, "psychiatric treatment" means medication
	management, individual counseling, and development and
6	implementation of a treatment plan. When the symptoms that
	lead to the isolation have remitted, the client must be
8	returned to the client's original placement within 48 hours
10	of the remission.
10	The second
12	E. A client may not be charged a fee for psychiatric
12	services and treatment provided while incarcerated; and
14	10. Mental health care. Mental health care as set out in
14	this section. The following procedures apply to clients with
16	mental health needs.
10	Mental Mealth Meeds.
18	A. The prison warden shall maintain a list of all clients
10	receiving mental health treatment. A client assessed to
20	have a serious psychiatric disorder as defined in this
20	section and who is receiving treatment for that disorder,
22	must be included on the list.
24	B. The clients on the mental health treatment list must
	have the involvement of mental health personnel whenever use
26	of force situations or disciplinary charges arise.
28	C. Correctional facility disciplinary officers will give
	the administrator of mental health services the names of all
30	clients with pending disciplinary charges before the
	disciplinary hearings take place. The mental health staff
32	shall provide any relevant information regarding the impact
	of the client's mental disorder on the pending charge to the
34	hearing officers who will decide whether or not to request a
	psychiatric or psychological evaluation to be considered
36	when deciding what punishment to impose on the client. The
	<u>hearing officers may refer a client for appropriate mental</u>
38	health care and treatment.
40	D. In the event that a client is confined in disciplinary
	segregation and suffers a deterioration in mental health
42	status as determined by mental health staff, the mental
	health staff shall refer the matter to the prison warden.
44	If continued confinement is determined to be harmful to the
46	client's mental health the client must be released to a
40	treatment cell in the correctional or detention facility.
4.8	Sec 14 34-A MRSA 83037 sub-81 as amondod by DT 1001 a
48	Sec. 14. 34-A MRSA $\S3037$, sub- $\$1$, as amended by PL 1991, c.
-	Sec. 14. 34-A MRSA 3037 , sub- 1 , as amended by PL 1991, c. 314, 42 , is further amended to read:
48 50	314, §42, is further amended to read:
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clients and may require a physical or mental examination of any client at any time. If a family member or other concerned person 2 petitions the commissioner regarding the need for a physical or 4 mental examination of a client, the commissioner shall respond to that petition within 5 business days. When a client transfer is requested for medical or psychiatric reasons, a medical or б psychiatric evaluation must be completed by a medical doctor or mental health professional and that evaluation determines the 8 need for the transfer and the least restrictive setting 10 appropriate for the transfer. Sec. 15. 34-A MRSA §3039-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 358, 12 $\S4$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 14 §3039-A. Family support 16 1. Child support. If a client has a dependent child, the 18 client may not participate in an industry program under section 1403, a work program under section 3035 or any other program 20 administered by the department by which a client is able to generate money unless the client consents to pay at least 25% of 22 that money for the support of any dependent child if the other parent, legal guardian or legal custodian of the child requests 24 that payment. Upon the written request of a parent, legal guardian or legal custodian, the chief administrative officer of 26 the correctional facility where the client is incarcerated shall collect and disburse to the parent, legal guardian or legal custodian that portion of the client's money to be paid for the 28 support of the dependent child. This subsection does not apply 30 to any client making payments for the support of a dependent child pursuant to a support order issued by a court or by the Department of Human Services. 32 34 2. Support services. Clients and their families must be permitted to join family support services such as those offered by national and statewide organizations designed to help maintain 36 and support continued relationships with family members unless 38 such participation would jeopardize the security of the correctional facility. For the purposes of this subsection, "family" means kin related by blood or individuals that serve in 40 the role of kin. 42 Sec. 16. 34-A MRSA §3061, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1991, c. 44 845, §5, is further amended to read: Transfer. The commissioner may transfer any client from 46 1. one correctional or detention facility or program, including prerelease centers, work release centers, halfway houses. 48 community confinement specialized treatment supervised or facilities, to another, except that no a juvenile may not be 50

transferred to another facility or program for adult offenders and a client may not be transferred to a maximum security prison isolation cell as a mechanism to treat, control or otherwise respond to that client's psychiatric condition or symptoms.

Sec. 17. 34-A MRSA §3063-A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 464, §13, is further amended to read:

§3063-A. Transfer from jails

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The commissioner may accept custody of persons a person 12 transferred to the department from a county jails jail under 14 Title 30-A, section 1557-A, except that the commissioner may not 14 accept custody of a person transferred to the department from a 16 county jail if that person is transferred as a mechanism to 16 treat, control or otherwise respond to that person's psychiatric 17 condition or symptoms.

Sec. 18. Application to current prisoners. All prisoners in all county jails on the effective date of this Act must be assessed by a mental health professional within 6 months of the effective date of this Act.

24 Sec. 19. Application to current clients. All clients of all adult correctional facilities and juvenile facilities on the effective date of this Act must be assessed by a mental health professional within 6 months of the effective date of this Act.

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SUMMARY

32 This bill requires that all law enforcement and corrections officers receive training in mental illness and substance abuse 34 issues and requires psychiatric evaluation of all inmates incarcerated in county jails and state correctional facilities. 36 The bill establishes standards for the care, treatment and transfer of inmates with a psychiatric disorder. The bill also 38 requires that all county jails and state correctional facilities be nationally accredited by January 1, 2005 and annually 40 thereafter.