MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1455

H.P. 1086

House of Representatives, March 5, 2001

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Committee to Study Further Decriminalization of the Criminal Laws of Maine.

Reported by Representative LaVERDIERE for the Committee to Study Further Decriminalization of the Criminal Laws of Maine pursuant to 1999 Joint Order, H.P. 1914. Reference to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary suggested and printing ordered under Joint Rule 218.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Be it enact	ted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	PART A
Sec.	A-1. 14 MRSA Pt. 6-A is enacted to read:
	PART 6-A
	CIVIL VIOLATION PROCEEDINGS
	CHAPTER 621
	GENERAL PROVISIONS
§5601. S	Statute of limitations
civil vio	Three-year period of limitation. A prosecution for a colation must be commenced within 3 years after the civil is committed. It is a defense that prosecution of a
civil vi	iolation was commenced after the expiration of the le 3-year period of limitation.
2.	Limitations on period of limitation. The period of
limitatio	on may not run:
Stat	During any time when the accused is absent from the te, but in no event may this provision extend the period
01 1	limitation otherwise applicable by more than 5 years:
	During any time when a prosecution against the accused the same civil violation based on the same conduct is
pend	ding in this State; or
	During any time when a prosecution against the accused the corresponding juvenile crime based on the same
	duct is pending in the Juvenile Court.
3.	Definitions. For purposes of this section:
	A civil violation is committed when every element of the il violation has occurred or, if the civil violation
cons	sists of a continuing course of conduct, at the time when course of conduct or the defendant's complicity in the
	rse of conduct is terminated;
	A prosecution is commenced whenever a complaint is ed; and
C	"Pending" includes any appeal period and if an appeal
	"Pending" includes any appeal period and, if an appeal

\$5602. Restitution

The court may order a person adjudicated as having committed a civil violation to pay restitution as part of the judgment. Title 17-A, chapter 54 applies to the determination, ordering, payment and enforcement of an order of restitution.

§5603. License suspension

1. Grounds for suspension. A department or agency of the State may suspend a license, permit or certificate issued by that department or agency if the person holding the license, permit or certificate is convicted or adjudicated of violating a law or rule administered by that department or agency.

2. Effective date of suspension. For violations having a minimum statutory suspension period, a suspension is effective upon conviction or adjudication and the license, permit or certificate holder must surrender the license, permit or certificate immediately to the issuing department or agency of the State. For a violation that does not have a minimum statutory suspension period, a suspension is effective upon written notification of suspension by the department or agency. The license holder must surrender that license, permit or certificate to the department or agency upon receipt of a notice of suspension and is entitled to a hearing under subsection 3.

3. Hearing. A person receiving a notice of suspension under subsection 2 may request a hearing on that suspension. A request for a hearing must be in writing and must be made not later than 30 days after receipt of the suspension notice required under subsection 2. The department or agency of the State that issued the suspension notice shall notify the person of the date and location of the hearing.

A. A person may present evidence at a hearing concerning the violation that might justify reinstatement of the license, permit or certificate or the reduction of the suspension period. If the petitioner denies any of the facts contained in the record, the petitioner has the burden of proof.

B. Decisions of the department or agency must be in writing. Except as provided in paragraph C, the department or agency may reinstate the license, permit or certificate or reduce the suspension period if the department or agency finds that the person has not been convicted or adjudicated, or that reinstatement of the license, permit or certificate or reduction of the suspension period would be in the best interests of justice.

2	mandatory minimum suspension period established in statute.
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G	4. Supplement. The authority conferred by this section is
6	in addition to the authority a department or agency of the State has under other provisions of law.
8	nas under other provisions or raw.
	Sec. A-2. 30-A MRSA §282, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
10	· · · · · ·
	3-A. Civil violations. Unless otherwise provided by law,
12	the district attorney shall prosecute all civil violations in any
7.4	county within the district attorney's prosecutorial district and
14	shall be present at the trial of any such case.
16	
10	PART B
18	
	Sec. B-1. 5 MRSA §12004-G, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
20	503, Pt. A, §12, is amended to read:
2.2	7.470
22	3-A. Pull Events Expenses 7 MRSA Agriculture Commission Only §75 §75-A
24	Agriculture commission only 578 575-A
4 I	Sec. B-2. 7 MRSA §16, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c.
26	696, §54, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
28	§16. Penalties
2.0	
30	Unless a specific penalty has otherwise been provided, a person, firm, partnership or corporation that violates a
32	provision of this Title or a rule adopted pursuant to this Title
	commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than
34	\$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
36	Sec. B-3. 7 MRSA §75, as amended by PL 1999, c. 73, §§1 to 4,
38	is repealed.
30	Sec. B-4. 7 MRSA §75-A is enacted to read:
40	in the state of th
	§75-A. Pulling events between animals; application
42	
	1. Permits. A person, firm, corporation or unincorporated
44	society or association may not conduct a public or private
1.0	pulling event between animals or pairs of animals within the
46	State without a permit from the commissioner.
48	2. Application. A person shall make an application for a
~~	permit in writing to the commissioner at least 10 days prior to
50	the date on which a pulling event is intended to take place and

	shall give the name of the person, firm, corporation or
2	unincorporated society or association holding the event and the
	date and place the event is to be held. One application and one
4	permit may include one or more separate events when specified.
	Permits granted under this section are not transferable.
6	
	3. Fees. The commissioner shall charge a permit fee of \$10
8	per pull day, up to a maximum of \$50 for pulls held or
	consecutive days at the same location. All revenue derived from
10	the permit fees must be deposited in the General Fund.
12	4. Statutory rules. A permit may not be issued unless the
	sponsor has adopted the following rules governing the conduct of
14	each contest.
16	A. All teamsters who are to compete in contests shall have
	their teams ready at the published starting time. All
18	classes must be closed after the positions are drawn.
	Classes must start as nearly as possible to the published
20	time.
22	B. Check weighing must be allowed prior to the official
	weigh-in. All weighing must be done in the forenoon if
24	possible. Teams must have on halters. Horses and ponies
	must have on shoes.
26	
	C. Measuring must be in a straight line to the nearest
28	point on the drag. Line-to-line measuring is allowed. The
	front of the drag must touch the line before turning. To
30	get the full-line measure, the drag must be turned more than
	1/2 way or the back of the drag must be over the line.
32	
-	D. Teams must stay hooked to the drag at all times.
34	Unhitching and rehitching are not allowed.
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36	E. An actual separation, breaking or bending of equipment
	constitutes a breakdown. A team breaking down may take the
38	distance pulled or return to the last position and pull
	over. Only one breakdown is allowed.
40	
	F. Time limits are a maximum of 5 minutes. Time starts
42	when the drag is moved. The time limit to hook on in
	distance pulls is 3 minutes.
44	
	G. On horses, the very light use of the reins on the
46	hindquarters only is allowed and over and under is not
- •	allowed. Whips, brads or goads are not allowed. Reins may
4.8	not be doubled up. Electrical or electronic devices are not
	allowed. Open bridles are not allowed. Ponies may not be
50	struck except in a sweepstakes when they may be struck with
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a cap or bare open hand.

- 2 On oxen, the use of the goad must be very light. The goad may not have a brad in it, only a plain yoke and chain or 4 pole that may be pulled, except that a rope may be allowed in children's classes as provided in rules adopted pursuant 6 to subsection 8. All chains must be covered to the hook. Plastic goads are not allowed. The goad stick may not be over 4 feet long unless approved by the pull superintendent 8 and may not exceed 1/2 inch in diameter on the small end. 10 The goad stick may be taped with friction tape but not weighted. The stick may be used lightly on the face to 12 control the oxen but not around the eyes.
- H. Any number of helpers is allowed to help hitch. After hitch-on, there may be no more than 2 helpers. The helpers shall stay behind the drag unless needed to help the teamster. The helpers may not have a stick. This paragraph applies to distance pulls only.
- I. All participants must be properly dressed. Proper language must be used at all times. Any participant under the influence of liquor must be disqualified from the contest. Tests may be made to determine intoxication. The drinking of intoxicating beverages by participants in and around the ring is prohibited.
 - J. The fair association or other sponsor decides the splitting of teams.
 - K. Heading of horses or oxen is not allowed. One inch pulled constitutes a hitch. Stepping over the rail counts as a hitch and 5 minutes are allowed for hitching. Three attempts may be made within that period. Time taken out to position the drag for the next pull may not be counted. Teamsters may not be changed after the first load is pulled. A team deliberately driven over the rail is disqualified from the contest. In case of a tie on the longest distance, the 2nd-longest distances already pulled will take first place. Persons acting as eveners shall remain quiet after hitching on. This paragraph does not apply to distance pulls.
 - L. There may not be heading of horses after a pull starts unless there is a mix-up, snarl or breakdown.
- M. A substantial barrier must be maintained at the end of the ring toward which the pull is proceeding to prevent or substantially impede runaways. A teamster losing control of the team is disqualified immediately.

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	N. There is 100 pounds tolerance on draft steers and oxen
2	on and after Labor Day weekend.
4	O. An animal that is thin, dehydrated, shows open sores or is lame is disqualified.
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	P. Before a team is allowed to pull, the owner shall
8	provide a certificate of liability insurance in the amount of \$300,000.
10	5. Pull superintendent. Each sponsor of a pulling event
12	shall appoint a pull superintendent who is certified by the
12	commissioner under this section. The name of the superintendent
14	must be submitted in conjunction with the application for a
	permit to conduct each event. Only those listed on the
16	application as superintendent or assistant superintendent may
	officiate. A superintendent may not officiate as superintendent
18	for a class in a pull event in which that superintendent is
	participating as a competitor. An assistant superintendent may
20	not officiate as superintendent for a class in a pull event in
20	which that assistant superintendent is participating as a
22	competitor. The Pull Events Commission established pursuant to
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2.4	subsection 6 shall adopt rules for the qualifications required to
24	be a pull superintendent or assistant pull superintendent. Rules must be adopted in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375.
26	
	6. Pull Events Commission. The Pull Events Commission is
28	established pursuant to this subsection.
30	A. The Pull Events Commission, as authorized by Title 5,
	section 12004-G, subsection 3-A, is established to develop
32	rules for the certification of pull superintendents and for
-	actions to be taken in the event of violation of pull laws
34	and rules.
7.4	and thies.
36	B. The Pull Events Commission consists of 11 members:
38	(1) Two members appointed by a statewide association representing owners of draft horses and oxen who
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40	participate in pulling events, one member appointed by
4.0	an association representing owners of oxen who
42	participate in pulling events and one member appointed
	by an association representing owners of ponies who
44	<pre>participate in pulling events;</pre>
46	(2) An agricultural fair coordinator from the
	department;
48	AND THE SHOWER
10	(3) One Frin Cuperintendent appointed by 11 Walls
50	(3) One Fair Superintendent appointed by the Maine Association of Agricultural Fairs;

2	(4) Two representatives appointed by state humane
	organizations;
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	(5) The commissioner or a designated representative;
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	(6) One member, appointed by the commissioner,
8	representing the general public; and
10	(7) One member, appointed by the commissioner,
	representing the animal pulling industry.
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	C. The Pull Events Commission shall elect one of its
14	members as chair. The chair serves a 2-year term and may
	not serve as chair for consecutive terms. The commission
16	shall meet a minimum of twice annually.
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18	D. With the exception of the commissioner and the fair
10	coordinator, appointments must be for terms of 2 years. The
20	appointing authority fills a vacancy for a full 2-year
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22	term. The appointing authority may remove a commission
22	member for cause, which includes poor attendance. The chair
2.4	shall make recommendations to the appointing authority
24	concerning a removal.
2.6	B. Campingian and a second sec
26	E. Commission members may receive expenses but not per diem.
2.0	79 PM 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
28	F. The commission shall:
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30	(1) Develop qualifications for the certifying of pull
	superintendents and guidelines for dealing with
.32	violations of this section;
34	(2) Periodically review the rules for pulls as
	contained in subsection 4 and recommend to the
36	Legislature such changes as necessary;
38	(3) Hold hearings as required on its rule-making
	activities and on individual violations. These
40	hearings must be held in accordance with Title 5,
	chapter 375;
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	(4) Give advice and recommendations to the
44	commissioner on request or as the commission considers
	necessary; and
46	movepour 11 and
* U	(5) Coordinate devolor and conduct auditor
48	(5) Coordinate, develop and conduct pulling
40	superintendent training seminars.

7. Enforcement. The superintendent shall enforce the laws and rules governing pull events and shall report participants who are disqualified, violations of the law and other matters, as appropriate, to the Pull Events Commission. The commission shall send a copy of any such report to the sponsor whose name appears on the application for the pulling event and to the person whose conduct has been reported to the commission.

Humane agents shall promptly report to the pull superintendent any pulling event actions that violate this chapter, any of the animal welfare laws in this Title or any rule enacted by the department. If the superintendent fails or refuses to take corrective action, the humane agent shall take action to enforce the animal welfare laws and make a written report to the commission concerning all violations.

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- 8. Rules. In accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, and with the advice of the Pull Events Commission, the commissioner may adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 9. Civil violations. A person, firm, corporation or unincorporated association or society that conducts or causes to be conducted a public or private pulling event between animals or pairs of animals within the State without a permit from the commissioner commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

A person, firm, corporation or unincorporated association or society that within the previous 5 years has been convicted of a violation of Title 17, section 1031 or has been adjudicated to have committed a civil violation of section 4011, and that participates as an animal owner or handler or in any other capacity, directly or indirectly, in a pulling event required to have a permit pursuant to this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

10. Permit revocation. A person, firm, corporation or unincorporated association or society required to obtain a permit under this section to conduct a pulling event may not allow, after having received notice from the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources, a person, firm, corporation or unincorporated association or society that has been convicted within 5 years of violation of Title 17, section 1031, or that has been adjudicated within 5 years to have committed a civil violation of section 4011 to participate as an owner or handler or in any other capacity, directly or indirectly, in a pulling event. A violation of this provision is grounds, upon compliance with appropriate provisions of Title 5, chapter 375, for revocation or nonrenewal of a permit issued under this section.

Sec. B-5. 7 MRSA §512, as amended by PL 1977, c. 696, §60, is further amended to read:

§512. Penalties

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Any A person violating-any-of-the-provisions who violates a provision of this subchapter is-guilty-of-a-Glass-E-erime commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. No A person shall-be is not subject to the penalties provided in this section if such the person establishes a written guarantee or undertaking in which is furnished the name and address of the manufacturer distributor, and the statement that he the person received such the products in good faith in reliance upon the manufacturer or distributor to the effect that such products were manufactured and labeled in compliance with this subchapter or with such Federal-Aets-which federal law that may relate to the regulations of the distribution of hazardous substances covered by this subchapter.

Sec. B-6. 7 MRSA §643, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 696, §69, is amended to read:

§643. Violations

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Any A person, firm or corporation who that violates any provision of sections 640 to 642 shall-be-guilty-ef-a-Glass-E erime, and the commissioner-is-expressly-empowered-to-enforce those-sections-and-to-be-vigilant-in-discovering-violations thereof, and making complaint-to-the-proper-authorities commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

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Sec. B-7. 7 MRSA §722, as amended by PL 1979, c. 731, §19, is further amended to read:

§722. Penalties

Any-person, -- vielating-any-ef-the-provisions A person who 40 violates a provision of this subchapter or who shall--impeder hinder-or-otherwise-prevent, --or--attempt-to-prevent, impedes, 42 hinders or otherwise prevents the commissioner, or his the commissioner's duly authorized agent, in the performance of his 44 the commissioner's duty in connection with this subchapter, 46 commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$200 shall may be adjudged for the first violation and for which a forfeiture of not less than \$200 nor 48 more than \$500 shall may be adjudged for each subsequent 50 violation.

Nothing in this subchapter shall may be construed as requiring the commissioner, or his---representative, the commissioner's agent to cause suit to be brought or institute seizure proceedings or issue a withdrawal from distribution order, as a result of minor violations of this subchapter, or when he the commissioner believes that the public interest will best be served by suitable notice of warning in writing.

It-shall-be-the-duty-of-these The authorities to whom any a violation is reported to shall cause appropriate proceedings to be instituted in a court of competent jurisdiction without delay. Before the commissioner reports a violation for suit to be brought, the distributor must have an opportunity shall-be-given the-distributer to present his the distributor's view to the commissioner.

The commissioner is authorized to apply for and the court to grant a temporary or permanent injunction restraining any a person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this subchapter or any rule or regulation promulgated under this subchapter notwithstanding the existence of other remedies at law. This injunction shall must be issued without bond.

Any A person adversely affected by an act, order or ruling made pursuant to this subchapter may within 45 days thereafter bring action in the Superior Court in the county where of the enforcement efficial-has-his official's office for judicial review of such the actions. The form of the proceeding shall must be any which that may be provided by statutes of this State to review decisions of administrative agencies, or in the absence or inadequacy thereof, any applicable form of legal action, including actions for declaratory judgments or writs prohibitory or mandatory injunctions.

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Any \underline{A} person who uses to \underline{Ais} \underline{that} $\underline{person's}$ own advantage, or reveals to other than the commissioner or officers of the Maine Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources, or to the courts when relevant in any judicial proceeding, any information acquired under the authority of this subchapter, concerning any method, records, formulations or processes which that as --atrade seeret-is secrets are entitled to protection,-is-quilty-ef a-Class E-crime commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. This prohibition shall may not be deemed as prohibiting commissioner or his the commissioner's duly authorized agent from exchanging information of a regulatory nature with duly appointed officials of the United States Government, or of other states, who are similarly prohibited by law from revealing information.

Sec. B-8. 7 MRSA §1006-A is enacted to read:

810	006-A.	Penal	ties

A person who violates a provision of sections 991 to 994 or a provision of a marketing order duly issued by the commissioner commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Each day during which a violation continues constitutes a separate offense.

Sec. B-9. 10 MRSA §3331, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 1, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§3331. Violations and penalty

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1. Violation. A processor may not remove any farm product that is delivered to the processor or any processed form of the farm product upon which any of the liens that are provided for in this chapter are attached from this State or beyond the processor's ownership or control, except any farm product or processed form of the product as may be in excess of a quantity that is on hand of a value that is sufficient to satisfy all existing liens, provided, that neither this section and the penalties provided in this section or any other provision of this chapter may affect, impede or restrict the rights and remedies of a lienor or holder of a security interest having priority under section 3325 to enforce its liens or security interests against the inventory of a processor and the proceeds and products of the processor and the lienor or security interest holder or any person cooperating or acting in accordance with the request of the lienor or security interest holder may not be in violation of this section.

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2. Penalty. A person who violates a provision of this chapter commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

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Sec. B-10. 12 MRSA §6072-C, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 567, §2, is amended to read:

1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not engage in the activities authorized under this section without a current limited-purpose aquaculture license or a lease issued under this Part authorizing the activities.

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Sec. B-11. 12 MRSA §6072-C, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 567, §2, is amended to read:

	/. Prohibition; molesting gear. Itis-unlawful-for-a
2	person other than a marine patrol officer, the licensed owner of
	the gear or the licensed owner's assistant, with written
4	permission from the licensed owner, to may not utilize, raise,
	lift, transfer, possess or in any manner molest any approved
6	aquaculture gear that is deployed under a current limited-purpose
	aquaculture license.
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	AIf-a-person-violates-this-subsection-by-sutting-any-lines
10	ermarkerbuoysorintentionallydamagingapprove
	aquaeulture-gear,-the-court-shall,-upon-finding-a-violation
12	ef-this-subsection:
14	(1)Orderthatpersontopaytotheownerofthe
	approved - aquaculture - qear - that - was - cut - or - damaged - ar
16	amount-equal-to-twice-the-replacement-value-of-the-gear
10	that-was-damaged-or-lost-as-a-result-of-the-eutting-01
18	damaging-action;-and
10	намадінд-аны
20	(2) - Direct - that - person - to - provide - the - commissioner,
	upon-making-full-payment-as-ordered-by-the-court,-proof
22	ef-that-payment.
24	BA-penalty-imposed-under-this-subsection-is-in-addition-te
	any-penalty-imposed-under-section-6204-
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	Sec. B-12. 12 MRSA §6072-C, sub-§9 is enacted to read:
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	9. Violation; restitution. A person who violates this
30	section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not
	less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. If a person
32	violates subsection 7 by cutting any lines or marker buoys or
	intentionally damaging approved aquaculture gear, the court shall
34	also:
36	A. Order that person to pay to the owner of the approved
	aquaculture gear that was cut or damaged an amount equal to
38	twice the replacement value of the gear that was damaged or
	lost as a result of the cutting or damaging action; and
40	
	B. Direct that person to provide the commissioner, upon
42	making full payment as ordered by the court, proof of that
	payment.
44	Enter Toronto and Art.
	Sec. B-13. 12 MRSA §6112, as amended by PL 1991, c. 378, is
46	further amended to read:
~ ~	THE CASE CARRELAGE CO LEGICA
48	§6112. Labeling of food products containing surimi
	Correct concerns or room broduces concerning our nur

A food product may not be sold in this State consisting of or containing surimi unless the packaging containing the food 2 product is clearly and conspicuously labeled or, if there is no packaging, unless a sign is conspicuously displayed, indicating that the product is "imitation lobster," "imitation crab," "imitation" followed by the name of the seafood imitated, 6 "processed seafood," "surimi," "lobster-processed seafood salad," 8 "crab-processed seafood salad" or other terms as approved by the Department of Marine Resources through rules adopted 10 accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II. Any term approved by that department is sufficient to notify the public that the product contains surimi. A person who violates this 12 section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not 14 less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

Sec. B-14. 12 MRSA §6113, as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 622, §4, is amended to read:

§6113. Serving food containing surimi

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Ne-feed Food containing surimi or a surimi product may not be served in any eating establishment in the State whether for consumption on or off the premises, unless on the menu and all notices advertising the food it is clearly and conspicuously labeled as "imitation lobster," "imitation crab," "imitation" followed by the name of the seafood imitated, "surimi," salad," seafood," "lobster-processed seafood "crab-processed seafood salad" or other terms as approved by the Marine Resources through adopted Department of rules accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II. Any term approved by that department shall-be is sufficient to notify the A person who violates public that the product contains surimi. this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

Sec. B-15. 12 MRSA §6351, as amended by PL 1995, c. 218, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§6351. Suspension based on criminal conviction or civil adjudication

1. Grounds for suspension. Any of the following is grounds for suspension of a license or certificate issued under this Part:

A. A conviction for a violation of a marine resources law;

B. A conviction for a violation of Title 17-A, chapter 31;

C. A conviction for a criminal offense against a marine
patrol officer while that officer is engaged in the
performance of official duty; or

2	D. A civil adjudication of having violated a marine
	resources law.
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c	2. Suspension procedure. In order to suspend a license or
6	certificate because of a conviction or adjudication, the
0	commissioner shall follow the procedures of this article.
8	Co. D 16 12 MDCA 86401
10	Sec. B-16. 12 MRSA §6401, as amended by PL 1985, c. 43, is further amended to read:
12	§6401. Suspension based on criminal conviction or civil adjudication
14	
	1. Violation of marine resources laws. The commissioner may
16	suspend any and all licenses or certificates issued under this Part if a person is convicted or adjudicated in court of
18	violating any section of the marine researces! resources laws.
20	2. Length of suspension. The suspension of a license or certificate may not exceed the-fellowing:
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	A. One year from the date of the first conviction or
24	adjudication;
26	B. Two years from the date of the 2nd conviction or adjudication; and
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30	C. Three years from the date of the 3rd or subsequent conviction or adjudication.
32	3. Applicable standards. Any conviction or adjudication
	occurring more than 7 years before the last conviction shall may
34	not be counted in determining lengths of suspension.
36	Sec. B-17. 12 MRSA §6402, as amended by PL 1993, c. 543, §1,
38	is further amended to read:
40	§6402. Suspension based on adjudication of molesting
40	The commissioner shall suspend the lobster and crab fishing
42	license of a license holder eenvieted <u>adjudicated</u> in court of violating section 6434. This suspension is for 3 years from the
44	date of conviction adjudication.
46	1. Adjudications for cutting lobster trap lines. A person
48	eenvieted adjudicated under section 6434 of molesting lobster gear by cutting a lobster trap line shall, upon making full
50	payment as ordered by the court under section 6434, subsection 4- $\underline{5}$, paragraph A, provide the commissioner with proof of that

payment. If the commissioner does not receive that proof within

years after the date of senvietien adjudication, the
commissioner shall continue that license suspension until such
time as that proof is received.

Sec. B-18. 12 MRSA §6402-A, as amended by PL 1987, c. 1, §1, is further amended to read:

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§6402-A. Suspension based on adjudication of dragging in cable area

For any a person eenvieted adjudicated in court of violating section 6954 or 6954-A, the commissioner shall suspend the license authorizing the activity in which the person was engaged at the time of the violation. The suspension shall-be is for one year from the date of the eenvietien adjudication. If the person was ordered by the court to pay restitution as provided in section 6954 or 6954-A, the commissioner shall continue the license suspension longer than one year until the person has made payment in full and provides the commissioner with proof of that payment.

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Sec. B-19. 12 MRSA §6404-A, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 536, Pt. A, §5, is amended to read:

§6404-A. Suspension based on adjudication of molesting elver gear

The commissioner shall suspend the elver fishing license of any license holder eenvieted <u>adjudicated</u> in court of violating section 6575-D. This suspension must be for one year from the date of eenvietien <u>adjudication</u>.

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Sec. B-20. 12 MRSA §6421, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 568, §1, is further amended to read:

1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current Class I, Class II, Class III, apprentice, student or noncommercial lobster and crab fishing license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.

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Sec. B-21. 12 MRSA §6421, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1999, c. 658, §1 and c. 790, Pt. B, §1, is further amended to read:

5. Eligibility. A Class I, Class II, Class III, apprentice, noncommercial or student lobster and crab fishing license may only be issued to an individual and who is a resident license. A Class I, Class II or Class III license may be issued to a person only if the person:

2	A. Possessed a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license in the previous calendar year;
4	
6	C. Meets the requirements of the apprentice program under section 6422 or section 6475;
8	D. Did not possess a Class I, Class II or Class III lobster and crab fishing license in the previous calendar year
10	because the commissioner had suspended the person's license privileges for a length of time that included the previous
12	calendar year; or
14	H. Has held a student lobster and crab fishing license in 3 consecutive years and:
16	(1) Is 18 years of age or older; or
18	
20	(2) Is a high school graduate.
22	This paragraph is repealed December 31, 2001.
24	Sec. B-22. 12 MRSA §6421, sub-§9 is enacted to read:
26	9. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
28	Sec. B-23. 12 MRSA §6431-A, sub-§4 is enacted to read:
30	4. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
32	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
34	Sec. B-24. 12 MRSA §6434, as amended by PL 1993, c. 543, §2,
36	is further amended to read:
38	§6434. Molesting lobster gear
40	No \underline{A} person may <u>not</u> raise, lift, transfer, possess or in any manner molest any lobster trap, warp, buoy or car except as
42	provided in this section.
44	1. Permitted activities. Lobster traps, warps, buoys and cars may be raised, lifted, transferred, possessed or otherwise
46	molested by the-fellowing:
48	A. A marine patrol officer;
50	B. The licensed owner;

2	C. Any person having written permission from the licensed
	owner; and
4	
	D. Any person authorized by rule pursuant to subsection 2.
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•	2. Adoption of rules required. The commissioner shall
8	premulgate adopt rules, no later than January 1, 1990,
10	authorizing the removal of traps, warps, buoys or cars that are
10	washed up above the mean low tide mark or are otherwise abandoned or lost.
12	or rost.
14	3. Prohibition. Traps A person other than the licensed
14	owner may not use for fishing traps, warps, buoys or cars may-net
	be-used-for-fishing-by-any-person-other-than-the-licensed-owner
16	unless except with written permission from the licensed owner.
	warded one of the wife of permitted of the first of the state of the s
18	4Additional-penaltyIf-the-holder-of-a-lobster-and-erab
	fishing-license-violates-this-section-by-eutting-a-lobster-trap
20	line,-the-eourt-shall+
22	AOrder-that-person-to-pay-to-the-owner-of-the-trap-line
	that-was-cut-an-amount-equal-to-twice the -replacement-value
24	of-all-traps-lost-as-a-result-of-that-eutting;-and
26	BDirectthat-person-to-provide-proof-of-payment-of-that
	restitutiontotheGommissionerofMarineResourcesas
28	required-by-section-6402,-subsection-1.
30	A-penalty-imposed-under-this-subsection-is-in-addition-to-any
2.2	penalty-imposed-under-section-6204-
32	F
2.4	5. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
34	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
36	more than \$500 may be adjudged. If the holder of a lobster and crab fishing license violates this section by cutting a lobster
30	trap line, the court shall also:
38	crap rime, the court sharr arso.
50	A. Order that person to pay to the owner of the trap line
40	that was cut an amount equal to twice the replacement value
	of all traps lost as a result of that cutting; and
42	
	B. Direct that person to provide proof of payment of that
44	restitution to the commissioner as required by section 6402,
	subsection 1.
46	
	Sec. B-25. 12 MRSA §6474, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1997, c.
48	574, §4, is amended to read:

1. Prohibition. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not submerge a lobster trap in the Monhegan Lobster Conservation Area unless a lobster trap tag designated for use in the Monhegan Lobster Conservation Area is affixed to the trap. commissioner shall charge fees and deposit those fees for Monhegan Lobster Conservation Area trap tags in accordance with 6 section 6431-B. 8 Sec. B-26. 12 MRSA §6474, sub-§8 is enacted to read: 10 8. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor 12 more than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 Sec. B-27. 12 MRSA §6501, as amended by PL 1999, c. 491, §4, 16 is further amended to read: 18 §6501. Commercial fishing license 20 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person te may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-lieense 22 under this section without a current commercial fishing license or other license under this Part authorizing the activities. 24 Licensed activity. The holder of a commercial fishing 26 license may fish for or take fish or possess, ship, transport or sell fish which-he that the holder has taken. The license shall 2.8 also-authorizes crew members aboard the licensee's boat when it is engaged in commercial fishing to undertake these 30 activities, if the license provides for crew members. Exemptions. The fellowing-shall-be-exempted-from-this 32 licensing requirement under subsection 1 does not apply to 34 activities described in this subsection. 36 Any \underline{A} person may fish for, take, possess or transport any species of fish if they have been taken by speargun, 38 harpoon, minnow trap, hand dip net or hook and line and are only for personal use. 40 Any A person may fish for, take, possess or transport 42 halibut if they have been taken by tub trawl and are only for personal use. 44 Any A person may fish for, take, possess, ship, 46 transport, or sell smelts if they have been taken by hook

Eligibility. A commercial fishing license shall-enly may

and line through the ice.

be issued only to an individual.

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12	6. Definition. For the purposes of this chapter, "fish"
14	means all marine finfish and squid or other marine animals, except lobsters, crabs, sea urchins, shellfish, scallops, marine
	worms, elvers, eels or shrimp.
16	8. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
18	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
20	Sec. B-28. 12 MRSA §6502, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt.
22	T, §3, is further amended to read:
24	§6502. Nonresident special tuna permit
26	A nonresident individual may fish for, take, possess, ship, transport or sell tuna which-he that the individual has taken,
28	without a commercial fishing license, if he the
30	individual has a current special tuna permit.
30	1. Eligibility. A special tuna permit may be issued to a
32	nonresident individual who is a registered participant in a tuna
34	tournament which that is sponsored and operated by a nonprofit association or corporation that has existed for at least one year
34	prior to the tournament. No \underline{An} individual shall \underline{may} not be
36	issued more than one permit in any one calendar year.
38	2. Authorized activity. A special tuna permittee may fish
	for, take for sale and sell only one tuna in any one calendar
40	year. The permit shallbe is valid for the length of the
42	tournament plus one day or for 7 days from the date of issue, whichever is shorter.
14	WILCIEVE IS SHOT COTT
44	3. Fee. The permit fee is \$84, which may be credited
1.0	against the license fee for a commercial fishing license, if it
46	is issued to the permittee within 30 days of the issuing of the permit.
48	permit.
- •	4. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a

5. Fees. Fees for commercial fishing licenses are:

Eighty-nine dollars for resident operator and all crew

dollars for nonresident

A. Thirty-three dollars for resident operator;

Three hundred thirty-four

operator and all crew members.

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C.

members; and

civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor

more than \$500 may be adjudged.

2	Sec. B-29. 12 MRSA §6505-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 536, Pt. A, §8, is amended to read:
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6	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not fish for or take elvers or possess, ship, transport or sell elvers that the person has taken unless the person is issued an
8	elver fishing license under this section.
10	Sec. B-30. 12 MRSA §6505-A, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 7, §5, is amended to read:
12	
14	6. Minimum age. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person who is under 15 years of age to may not fish for or take elvers.
16	Sec. B-31. 12 MRSA §6505-A, sub-§8 is enacted to read:
18	8. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
20	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	Sec. B-32. 12 MRSA §6505-B, as amended by PL 1999, c. 7, §6, is further amended to read:
24	§6505-B. Elver gear fees
26	1 Plane Colorest and Chaldren and there Con The headers for
28	1. Elver fyke net and Sheldon eel trap fee. It-is-umlawful fer-a A person to may not submerge an elver fyke net or a Sheldon eel trap in the waters of the State to fish for or take elvers
30	unless the net or trap owner pays annually the following fees:
32	A. Fifty dollars per net or trap for the use ofa- an elver fyke net or Sheldon eel trap, except that the fee
34	under this paragraph does not apply to an elver fyke net or
36	Sheldon eel trap a person utilizes pursuant to section 6505-A, subsection 5.
38	2. Tags for elver fyke net and Sheldon eel trap. It-is
40	unlawful-fer-a \underline{A} person to may not submerge an elver fyke net or Sheldon eel trap in the coastal waters of the State to fish for or take elvers unless a tag issued by the department is affixed
42	to the shoreside wing of the net or trap and is clearly visible.
44	The department may issue a replacement tag when an owner issued a tag documents that a net or trap has been damaged or lost.
46	3. Dip net fee. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not
48	utilize a dip net to fish for or take elvers without paying a fee of \$50 per dip net annually.
50	This subsection does not apply to a dip net a person utilizes pursuant to section 6505-A, subsection 5.

The fees required under Payment with license. subsections 1 and 3 must be paid upon application for an elver fishing license under section 6505-A. 6 Disposition of fees. All fees collected under this section accrue to the Eel and Elver Management Fund established 8 in section 6505-D. 10 6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor 12 more than \$500 may be adjudged. 14 Sec. B-33. 12 MRSA §6505-C, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 536, Pt. A, §8, is amended to read: 16 §6505-C. Eel harvesting license 18 License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may 20 not fish for or take eels in the coastal waters of the State or possess, ship, transport or sell eels that the person has taken 22 in the coastal waters of the State without an eel harvesting license. 24 2. Exemptions. A person may fish for or take for personal 26 use an eel in the coastal waters of the State by speargun, harpoon, trap or hook and line and may possess or transport that 28 eel. 30 Eligibility. An eel harvesting license may enly be issued only to an individual. 32 The fee for an eel harvesting license is \$100. 4. Fees. 34 Disposition of fees. All fees collected under this 36 section accrue to the Eel and Elver Management Fund established in section 6505-D, except that \$33 must accrue to the General Fund for each license sold under this section. 38 40 6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor 42 more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-34. 12 MRSA §6535, as amended by PL 1997, c. 158, §§3 44 to 5, is further amended to read: 46

not operate a boat as a platform for the harvesting of sea

License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may

§6535. Sea urchin and scallop diving tender license

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urchins and scallops by hand, to act as a diving tender on a boat engaged as a platform for the harvesting of sea urchins and scallops by hand or to possess, ship, transport or sell scallops or sea urchins unless that person is licensed under this section, section 6701 or section 6748.

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- 2. Licensed activity. A person licensed under this section may tend divers who harvest sea urchins and scallops by hand and operate a boat as a platform for the harvesting of sea urchins and scallops by hand and may possess, ship, transport and sell sea urchins and scallops harvested by licensed harvesters the tender has tended. A sea urchin and scallop diving tender license does not authorize the holder to harvest sea urchins and scallops.
- 2-A. Thirty-day temporary license. A person may be issued a 30-day temporary sea urchin and scallop diving tender license.
- A person may be issued a license only one time under this subsection. A license issued under this subsection may not be renewed.
- 3. Eligibility. A sea urchin and scallop diving tender license and a 30-day temporary sea urchin and scallop diving tender license may be issued only to an individual and-are who is a resident licenses.

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- 4. Fee. Fees for licenses issued under this section are as fellews:
- A. For a sea urchin and scallop diving tender license, \$89; and

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- B. For a 30-day temporary sea urchin and scallop diving tender license, \$25.
- 5. Prima facie evidence. The failure of at least one person on board the boat operated as a platform during periods of diving to harvest scallops or sea urchins to have a license issued under section 6701 or 6748 is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.
- 42 <u>6. Violation.</u> A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-35. 12 MRSA §6536, as amended by PL 1997, c. 19, §7, is further amended to read:

§6536. Scallop diving tender license

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1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may

not operate a boat as a platform for the harvesting of scallops
by hand, to act as a diving tender on a boat engaged as a

platform for the harvesting of scallops by hand or to possess,
ship, transport or sell scallops unless that person is licensed
under this section, section 6535, section 6701 or section 6748.

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- 2. Licensed activity. A person licensed under this section may tend divers who harvest scallops by hand and operate a boat as a platform for the harvesting of scallops by hand and may possess, ship, transport and sell scallops harvested by licensed harvesters the tender has tended. A scallop diving tender license does not authorize the holder to harvest scallops.
- 3. Eligibility. A scallop diving tender license may be issued only to an individual and who is a resident license.
- 18 4. Fee. The fee for a scallop diving tender license is \$89.
- 5. Prima facie evidence. The failure of at least one person on board the boat operated as a platform during periods of diving to harvest scallops to have a license issued under section 6701 is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.
- 6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-36. 12 MRSA §6575-D, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 30 536, Pt. A, §9, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 2. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-37. 12 MRSA §6601, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 38 661, §5, is amended to read:
- 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current shellfish license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.
 - Sec. B-38. 12 MRSA §6601, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1989, c. 348, §5, is further amended to read:
- 48 **2. Licensed activities.** The holder of a shellfish license may fish for or take shellfish or possess, ship or transport within the state limits or sell shellstock the holder has taken.

2	holder has taken and sell those shucked shellfish from that home in the retail trade. This license shall does not authorize the
4	holder to fish for or take shellfish in violation of a municipal
6	ordinance adopted pursuant to section 6671.
U	Sec. B-39. 12 MRSA §6601, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1977, c.
8	661, §5, is amended to read:
10	3. Eligibility. A shellfish license shallenly may be issued only to an individual and-shallbe who is a resident
12	license.
14	<pre>Sec. B-40. 12 MRSA §6601, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 281, §1, is repealed.</pre>
16	Sec. B-41. 12 MRSA §6601, sub-§8 is enacted to read:
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20	8. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
22	Sec. B-42. 12 MRSA §6701, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt.
24	T, §5, is further amended to read:
26	§6701. Scallop license
26 28	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to
	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or
28	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.
28	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or
28 30 32	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop
28 30 32 34	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or
28 30 32 34 36	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed
28 30 32 34 36 38	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed pursuant to section 6703 may take or possess not more than 2
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed
28 30 32 34 36 38	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed pursuant to section 6703 may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell scallops or 4 quarts of shucked scallops for personal use without a scallop license under this section.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed pursuant to section 6703 may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell scallops or 4 quarts of shucked scallops for personal use without a scallop license under this section. 5. Fee. The fee for a scallop license is \$89.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	1. License required. It—is—unlawful—for—any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a current hand fishing scallop license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a hand fishing scallop license may take scallops by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell scallops he the holder has taken. 3. Eligibility. A scallop license shall—enly may be issued only to an individual and—shall—be who is a resident license. 4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed pursuant to section 6703 may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell scallops or 4 quarts of shucked scallops for personal use without a scallop license under this section.

The holder may also shuck, in the holder's home, shellfish the

4	§6702. Scallop boat license
б	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not use a boat for dragging for scallops unless that boat
8	carries a scallop boat license issued by the commissioner.
10	2. Licensed activity. A boat licensed under this section may be used for dragging for scallops and to possess, ship, sell
12	or transport scallops taken under the license. The license also authorizes the captain and crew members aboard the licensed boat
14	when engaged in dragging for scallops to undertake these activities.
16	3. Eligibility. A scallop boat license shall-enly may be
18	issued only to an individual and-shall-be who is a resident lieense.
20	4. Exception. In any one day, any a person licensed
22	pursuant to section 6703 may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell scallops or 4 quarts of shucked scallops for
24	personal use without a scallop license under this section.
26	5. Fee. The fee for a scallop boat license is \$89.
28	6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
30	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
32	Sec. B-44. 12 MRSA §6731, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §9, is further amended to read:
34	§6731. Mahogany quahogs
36	 License required. Except as provided in subsection 3,
38	itisunlawfulforany a person to may not engage in the activities authorized under this section without a current
40	mahogany quahog license.
42	2. Licensed activities. The holder of a mahogany quahog license may:
44	A. Fish for or take mahogany quahogs in any harvesting area
46	indicated on the license;
48	B. Possess, ship or transport mahogany quahogs within the State; or
50	C. Sell mahogany quahogs that the holder has taken.

Sec. B-43. 12 MRSA \S6702, as amended by PL 1997, c. 572, $\S2$,

is further amended to read:

- The license authorizes crew members aboard the licensee's boat to undertake these activities when engaged in dragging for mahogany quahogs if the licensee is present.
- 6 3. Personal use exception. Any \underline{A} person may take or possess no more than 3 bushels of mahogany quahogs for personal use in one day without a license.
- 10 **4. Fee.** The fee for a mahogany quahog license is \$89. Fees collected pursuant to this section must be deposited in the 12 General Fund.
- 5. Conditions. Each licensee may participate in the monitoring program established in section 6731-A within the harvest area indicated on the license. The holder of a mahogany quahog license shall comply with all other conditions of licensing established by the commissioner.
- 20 **6. Violation.** A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
 - Sec. B-45. 12 MRSA §6732, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 297, §4, is amended to read:

§6732. Other quahogs

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- 1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to
 may not engage in the activities authorized under this section
 without a current shellfish license or other license issued under
 this Part authorizing the activities.
- 2. Licensed activities. The holder of a shellfish license may fish for or take quahogs, other than mahogany quahogs, or possess, ship or transport within the state limits or sell quahogs he the holder has taken.
- 3. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-46. 12 MRSA §6745, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §10, is further amended to read:

§6745. Hand-raking mussel license

1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized under this section without a current mussel license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.

- 2 Licensed activity. The holder of a hand-raking mussel license may take mussels by hand raking or possess, ship, transport or sell mussels he the holder has taken.
- 6 3. Eligibility. A hand-raking mussel license shall-only may be issued only to an individual and-shall-be who is a resident license.
- 10 **4.** Exception. In any one day, any <u>a</u> person may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell mussels for personal use without a mussel license.
- 5. Fee. The fee for a hand-raking mussel license is \$63.
- 6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-47. 12 MRSA §6746, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §11, is further amended to read:

§6746. Mussel boat license

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1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any \underline{A} person to \underline{may} not use a boat for dragging for mussels unless that boat carries a current mussel boat license issued by the commissioner.

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2. Licensed activity. A boat license under this section may be used for dragging for mussels. The license shall also authorizes the captain and crew members aboard the licensed boat when engaged in dragging for mussels to undertake these activities.

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3. Eligibility. A mussel boat license shall-enly may be issued only to an individual who is a resident.

38 **4. Exception.** In any one day, any <u>a</u> person may take or possess not more than 2 bushels of shell mussels for personal use without a mussel license.

- 5. Fee. The fee for a mussel boat license is \$130.
- 44 <u>6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.</u>
- Sec. B-48. 12 MRSA §6748, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 416, §2 and affected by §4, is amended to read:

§6748.	Handfishing	sea	urchin	license
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	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may
4	not engage in the activities authorized by-the-license under this
	section without a current handfishing sea urchin license or other
6	license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.

- 8 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a handfishing sea urchin license may take sea urchins by hand or possess, ship, transport or sell sea urchins taken by that licensee.
- 3. Eligibility. A handfishing sea urchin license may be issued only to an individual and who is a resident lieense.
- 4. Fee. The fee for a handfishing sea urchin license is 16 \$89.
- 5. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-49. 12 MRSA §6748-A, as amended by PL 1993, c. 740, §1, is further amended to read:

§6748-A. Sea urchin draggers license

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1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may
28 not use a boat for dragging for sea urchins unless that boat carries a sea urchin dragging license issued by the commissioner.

2. Licensed activity. A boat licensed under this section may be used for dragging for sea urchins. The license also authorizes the captain and crew members aboard the licensed boat to drag for and possess, ship, transport and sell sea urchins.

- 3. Eligibility. A sea urchin dragging license may be issued only to an individual and who is a resident license.
 - 4. Fee. The fee for a sea urchin dragging license is \$89.
- 5. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-50. 12 MRSA §6748-D, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 392, 46 §4, is amended to read:
- 48 §6748-D. Sea urchin hand-raking and trapping license

	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may
2	<pre>not engage in the activities authorized under this section</pre>
	without a current sea urchin hand-raking and trapping license.
4	
	2. Licensed activity. The holder of a sea urchin
6	hand-raking and trapping license may take sea urchins by
	hand-raking or by trap and may possess, ship, transport or sell
8	sea urchins taken by that licensee.
10	3. Eligibility. A sea urchin hand-raking and trapping
	license may be issued only to an individual and who is a resident
12	license.
14	4. Fee. The fee for a sea urchin hand-raking and trapping
	license is \$89.
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	5. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
18	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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	Sec. B-51. 12 MRSA §6751, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt.
22	T, §12, is further amended to read:
24	§6751. Marine worm digger's license
26	1 Timeme memical Theolibe colonial for our leaves
20	1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-lieense
28	under this section without a current marine worm digger's license
20	or other license issued under this Part authorizing the
30	activities.
30	decivieres.
32	2. Licensed activity. The holder of a marine worm digger's
· •	license may fish for or take marine worms or possess, ship,
34	transport or sell within the State worms he the licensee has
-	taken.
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	3. Eligibility. A marine worm digger's license shall-enly
38	may be issued only to an individual andshallbe who is a
	resident lieense.
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	4. Fee. The fee for a marine worm digger's license is \$43.
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	5. Violation, A person who violates this section commits a
44	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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	Sec. B-52. 12 MRSA §6803, as corrected by RR 1999, c. 1, §17,
48	is amended to read:

§6803. Seaweed permit

Z	1. Permit required. #E-#S-WHHAWHWH-HOF-any A person to may
4	not harvest, possess, ship, transport or sell seaweed without a
4	current seaweed permit, except that an employee or immediate relation of a seaweed permit holder may harvest, possess or
6	transport seaweed for commercial purposes with a supplemental
	seaweed permit.
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	2. Exceptions. The requirement of following are not
10	required to have a permit shall-net-apply-te:
12	A. The holder of a current marine worm dealer's license;
14	B. The holder of a current wholesale seafood license;
	2. Ind helder of a carron more base boarder from by
16	C. Any A person who harvests, possesses, ships or
	transports no more than 50 pounds of seaweed a day for
18	noncommercial purposes;
20	D. Charitable or municipal organizations that harvest,
	possess, ship or transport seaweed for noncommercial use by
22	that organization; or
24	E. Anyone harvesting, possessing, shipping, transporting or
	selling seaweed which that has detached naturally and is
26	dead.
28	3. Fees. The fee schedule for seaweed permits is as
	follows:
30	3 mig. 3.33 g (3.45 g)
2.2	A. Fifty dollars for a resident seaweed permit;
32	D. M. Davida and A. Barra C.
2.4	B. Two hundred dollars for a nonresident seaweed permit;
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2.6	C. Twenty-five dollars for a resident supplemental seaweed
36	permit; and
38	D. Fifty dollars for a nonresident supplemental seaweed
30	D. Fifty dollars for a nonresident supplemental seaweed permit.
40	permit.
10	4. Disposition of fees. All fees collected under this
42	section accrue to the Seaweed Management Fund established in
	section 6806.
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	5. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
46	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
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	Sec. B-53. 12 MRSA §6804, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1999, c.
50	491, §5 and affected by §9, is amended to read:

2	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under
4	this section without a current commercial shrimp license.
6	Sec. B-54. 12 MRSA §6804, sub-§9 is enacted to read:
8	9. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
10	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
12	<pre>Sec. B-55. 12 MRSA §6851, sub-§§1 and 4, as amended by PL 1991, c. 523, §3, are further amended to read:</pre>
14	1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to
16	may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-lieense under this section without a current wholesale seafood license or other
18	license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.
20	4. License limited. A license under this section enly authorizes activities at only one establishment or with only one
22	vehicle, but not on a vessel rigged to fish, provided that this license also authorizes the sale and transportation of scallops
24	from any vessel.
26	Sec. B-56. 12 MRSA §6851, sub-§7 is enacted to read:
26 28	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
28	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977,
28	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read:
28 30 32	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license
28 30 32 34	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person
28 30 32 34 36	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a retail seafood license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 3. License limited. A license shallonlyauthorize
28 30 32 34 36 38	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by—this—license under this section without a retail seafood license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.
28 30 32 34 36 38	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a retail seafood license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 3. License limited. A license shallonlyauthorize authorizes these activities at only one establishment or with
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged. Sec. B-57. 12 MRSA §6852, sub-§§1 and 3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, are amended to read: 1. License required. It-shall-be unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a retail seafood license or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities. 3. License limited. A license shall-only-authorize authorizes these activities at only one establishment or with only one vehicle.

Sec. B-59. 12 MRSA §6853, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §16, is further amended to read:

§6853. Marine worm dealer's license

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- 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-license under this section without a current marine worm dealer's or other license issued under this Part authorizing the activities.
- 2. Licensed activity. The holder of a marine worm dealer's license may buy, possess, ship, transport or sell marine worms.
- 3. License limited. A license shall--only--authorize authorizes these activities at only one establishment or with only one vehicle.
- 18 **4. Supplemental license.** A supplemental license shall must be obtained for each additional establishment or vehicle.
- 5. Eligibility. The marine worm dealer's license shall-be is a resident license.
- 6. Fee. The fee for a marine worm dealer's license is \$55 and the fee for a supplemental license is \$22.
- 7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-60. 12 MRSA §6854, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt.
 32 T, §17, is further amended to read:

34 §6854. Lobster transportation license

- 1. License required. It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized under this-license by this section without a lobster transportation license.
- 40 2. License activity. The holder of a lobster transportation license may buy from a licensed wholesale seafood dealer and transport beyond the state limits lobsters or their parts or meat. Lobster parts or meat may enly be transported only if they are properly permitted under section 6857 or lawfully imported.
- 3. License limitations. A license shall-only-authorize
 48 authorizes these activities with only one vehicle,--which--is owned, leased or rented by the license holder.

- Supplemental license. A supplemental license shall must
 be obtained for each additional vehicle.
- 5. Information required. Each application shall-indentify must identify each vehicle or other mode of transportation to be used for transporting lobster.
- 8 **6. Fees.** The fee for a lobster transportation license is \$217 and the fee for a supplemental license is \$43.

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7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

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Sec. B-61. 12 MRSA §6855, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §18, is further amended to read:

§6855. Shellfish transportation license

- 20 **1. License required.** It-shall-be-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized under this license by-this section without a shellfish transportation license.
- 24 2. License activity. The holder of a shellfish transportation license may buy certified shellfish and transport them beyond the state limits, to the extent these activities are expressly authorized by a shellfish certificate or its equivalent from another state.
- 30 3. License limitations. All shellfish transported under this license shall must be procured from a wholesale seafood licensee certified under section 6856. A license shall--only authorizes these activities with only one vehicle, which is owned, leased or rented by the license holder.
 - 4. Supplemental license. A supplemental license shall must be obtained for each additional vehicle.

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5. Information required. Each application shall must identify each vehicle or other mode of transportation to be used for transporting shellfish.

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- 6. Fees. The fee for a shellfish transportation license is \$259 and the fee for a supplemental license is \$85.
- 46 7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

Sec. B-62. 12 MRSA §6857, as amended by PL 1991, c. 591, Pt. T, §19, is further amended to read:

§6857. Lobster meat permit

- 1. Permit required. It-shall-be unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-this-lieense under this section without a current lobster meat permit.
- 2. Permitted activity. A lobster meat permit authorizes a wholesale seafood license holder or a retail seafood license holder to remove lobster meat from the shell for sale, under the following conditions.
- A. The meat shall-enly may be removed from the shell only at the establishment named in the permit.
- B. The meat shall--only may come from only legal--sized legal-sized lobsters.
 - C. Tail sections shall must be removed from the shell whole and intact and shall must be maintained in that state.
- D. All containers in which lobster meat is packed after removal and which that are to be sold, shipped or transported shall must be clearly labeled with the lobster meat permit number of the packer.
 - 3. **Exception.** No \underline{A} permit shall—be <u>is not</u> required to remove lobster meat for serving in hotels and restaurants <u>provided if</u> the meat is removed from the shell in a hotel or restaurant for serving on the premises.
- 4. License limitation. A permit shall--enly--authorize authorizes these activities at only one location or place of business.
- 38 5. Fee. The fee for a lobster meat permit is \$110.
- 6. Prima facie evidence meat removed for sale. If any lobster meat which that has been removed from the shell is found on the premises of any establishment which that is engaged in the selling, serving, processing or transporting of food in any form for human consumption, it shall-be is prima facie evidence that the meat was removed for sale.

7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

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Sec. B-63. 12 MRSA §6862, as amended by PL 1997, c. 84, §1, is further amended to read:

4 §6862. Lobster tail permit

- 1. Current lobster tail permit. It-is-unlawful-for-any A person to may not engage in the activities authorized by-a-permit issued under this section without a current lobster tail permit.
- 2. Permitted activity. A lobster tail permit authorizes a wholesale seafood license holder to remove a lobster tail from a lobster and to process that whole lobster tail or portions of that lobster tail under the following conditions.

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- A. The lobster tail or lobster tail portions may be processed only at the establishment named in the permit.
- B. The lobster tail or lobster tail portions may enly come from only a legal-sized legal-sized lobster, as defined in section 6431.
- C. All containers in which lobster tails or lobster tail portions are packed to be sold, shipped or transported must be clearly labeled with the name, address and permit number of the packer.
 - 3. Permit limitation. A permit may--only--authorize authorizes these activities at only one location or place of business.
 - 4. Rules. The commissioner, in accordance with the-Maine Administrative-Procedure-Aet, Title 5, chapter 375, may adopt such--regulations--as--are--determined rules necessary for implementation and enforcement of this section. These regulations rules may include provisions for determining that lobster tails or lobster tail portions processed by a wholesale seafood license holder under this section were removed by that wholesale seafood license holder from legal--sized legal-sized lobsters and other provisions as may be determined necessary.
- 6. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-64. 12 MRSA §6864, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 536, Pt. A, §10 and affected by §13, is amended to read:
- 1. License required. It-is-unlawful-for-a A person to may not buy, possess, ship, transport or sell elvers without an elver dealer's license.

4	7. Violation. A person who violates this section commits a
	civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
6	more than \$500 may be adjudged.
8	Sec. B-66. 12 MRSA §6954, as amended by PL 1997, c. 78, §1, is further amended to read:
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	§6954. Dragging in cable area
12	1. Towing a drag or trawl in cable area. It-is-unlawful-to
14	A person may not operate any watercraft when towing a drag or
	trawl in any waters that are identified or marked as underwater
16	cable or pipeline areas, either as shown on the most recently published United States Government nautical chart or as shown or
18	described by rule adopted by the commissioner. The commissioner may make rules showing or describing the locations of underwater
20	cables or pipelines that are not identified on the most recent United States Government nautical charts. A drag or trawl must
22	be lifted out of the water to transit the cable area.
24	2. Violation. A vielation-of person who violates this section is-a-Class-D-crime, except that the minimum-fine-shall-be
26	commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than
28	\$500 and may not-be-suspended be adjudged. If a person violates subsection 1, the court may also:
2.0	subsection 1, the court may also.
30	A. Order that person to pay to the owner of any cable or pipeline that was cut or damaged an amount equal to the
32	replacement value of the cable or pipeline that was cut or
	damaged, along with the costs of replacement or repair;
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36	B. Order that person to pay consequential damages to any person injured by the interruption in service caused by the
	cutting of or damage to the cable or pipeline; and
38	C. Direct that parson to provide the semmissioner upon
40	C. Direct that person to provide the commissioner, upon making full payment as ordered by the court, proof of that
42	payment.
44	Sec. B-67. 12 MRSA §6954-A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 78, §2, is further amended to read:
46	§6954-A. Dragging and scalloping prohibited in the Frenchboro area
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	1. Tow drag or trawl in Frenchboro area. Unless permitted
50	by rules adopted under subsection 1-A, it-is-unlawful-to a person

Sec. B-65. 12 MRSA $\S6864$, sub- $\S7$ is enacted to read:

- may not take scallops by any means or to operate any watercraft when towing a drag or trawl within the following area: starting at the easternmost point on Red Point, Swan's Island; thence in an easterly direction to the southernmost point of the western Sister's Island; thence in a southeasterly direction to the southernmost point of Crow Island; thence in a southerly 6 direction to the northernmost point of Harbor Island, Frenchboro, Long Island; thence southerly to the state ferry terminal located 8 on the eastern side of Lunt's Harbor, Frenchboro, Long Island, and then starting at the westernmost point of Gooseberry Point on 10 Frenchboro, Long Island; westerly to the northeast point of 12 John's Island; thence northwest to the easternmost point of the largest of the Baker Islands; thence northwesterly to the northeastern point of Harbor Island, Swan's Island; thence 14 northerly to Quarry Wharf, Minturn, Swan's Island. A drag or 16 trawl must be lifted out of the water to transit the cable area.
- 18 1-A. Scalloping permitted by rule. The commissioner may adopt and amend rules permitting the taking of scallops in the 20 Frenchboro area, as defined in subsection 1, except that the rules may not permit the use of drags more than 30 inches wide 22 and may not permit the use of drag ropes more than 3/8 inch in diameter.
 - 2. Violation. A vielation-of person who violates this section is-a-Class-D-orime, except that the minimum-fine-shall-be commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$500 and may not-be-suspended be adjudged. If a person violates subsection 1, the court may also:
 - A. Order that person to pay to the owner of any cable that was cut or damaged an amount equal to the replacement value of the cable that was cut or damaged, along with the costs of replacement or repair;
- B. Order that person to pay consequential damages to any person injured by the interruption in service caused by the cutting of or damage to the cable; and
- C. Direct that person to provide the commissioner, upon making full payment as ordered by the court, proof of that payment.
- Sec. B-68. 12 MRSA §7061, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 420, §1, is repealed.
- Sec. B-69. 12 MRSA §7077, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by 48 PL 1995, c. 346, §4 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

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1. Conviction or adjudication of violation. Any conviction or adjudication for a violation of chapters 701 to 721 is grounds 2 for suspension of any license or permit issued under this Part. Except where provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the suspension period. To suspend a license or permit based upon a conviction or adjudication, the commissioner shall follow the 6 procedures under section 7077-B. Suspensions and revocations of a license by the District Court are subject to the provisions of section 7101, subsection 8. 10 Sec. B-70. 12 MRSA §7077, sub-§1-A, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 136, §1, is amended to read: 12 Hunting-or-pessessing Possessing caribou, in violation 14 of section 7456-B 7238; 16 Sec. B-71. 12 MRSA §7077, sub-§1-B, as amended by PL 1999, c. 320, §§2 and 3, is further amended to read: 18 20 Mandatory fishing license revocation for 1-B. The commissioner shall suspend a person's fishing violations. license for at least one year and may suspend any other license 22 issued under this Part and held by that person if that person is convicted or adjudicated of a violation of one of the following: 24 26 Introducing fish into inland waters without a permit in violation of section 7371, subsection 3 as it applies to section 7203, subsection 1; 28 30 Taking or possessing sport fish in violation of bag, weight and size limits in violation of section 7604, as it 32 relates to trout, salmon, togue and black bass, whenever the violation involves twice the bag and possession limit 34 adopted by rule by the commissioner for that species of fish in that body of water; 36 Taking fish by jigging, in violation of section 7607; 38 Importing live bait fish or smelts, in violation of D. section 7613; 40 42 Buying or selling freshwater sport fish, in violation of section 7615; and 44 Taking fish by explosive, poisonous or stupefying substances, in violation of section 7617.

432, §16, is further amended to read:

Sec. B-72. 12 MRSA §7077-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c.

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- For mandatory suspensions. For violations having a 2 minimum statutory suspension period, a suspension is effective upon conviction or adjudication and the license holder must surrender the license immediately to the commissioner. person is not entitled to a hearing under section 7077-D if the 6 suspension period does not exceed the minimum period of suspension required by law. In addition to any suspension period ordered by the commissioner, a person whose license is suspended for a violation having a mandatory suspension must successfully 10 complete an outdoor ethics course conducted or endorsed by the department prior to being eligible to have that license 12 reinstated.
- Sec. B-73. 12 MRSA §7077-C, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 346, §12, is amended to read:

§7077-C. Notice of suspension

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A decision by the commissioner to suspend a license of a person convicted or adjudicated of a violation that does not carry a mandatory suspension must be made within 60 days after that conviction. The commissioner shall give written notice of all suspensions immediately following a decision to suspend. A notice of suspension must state the license or permit that is suspended and the effective date and length of the suspension and must inform the person of any applicable hearing provisions under section 7077-D.

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Sec. B-74. 12 MRSA §7077-D, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 346, §12, is amended to read:

- 2. Decisions. Decisions of the commissioner must be in writing. Except as provided in subsection 3, the commissioner may reinstate the license or permit or reduce the suspension period if the commissioner finds that the person has not been convicted or adjudicated or that reinstatement of the license or permit or reduction of the suspension period would be in the best interests of justice.
- Sec. B-75. 12 MRSA §7078, as amended by PL 1987, c. 317, §5, is further amended to read:

§7078. Refusal to issue license or permit

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If any person is convicted <u>or adjudicated</u> of a violation of any provision of chapters 701 to 721 and is not the holder of a valid license or permit issued under chapters 701 to 721, the commissioner may refuse to issue a related license or permit to that person for up to 5 years following the date of conviction <u>or</u> adjudication, except when the killing or wounding of a human

being has occurred, in which case the commissioner may revoke the license or permit for a period of not less than 5 years.

Sec. B-76. 12 MRSA §7079, as amended by PL 1987, c. 317, §6, is further amended to read:

§7079. License revocation of habitual violator

1. Conviction or adjudication of violation. If any a habitual violator, as defined in section 7001, subsection 13-A, is convicted or adjudicated of a violation of any provision of chapters 701 to 721, the commissioner shall revoke all licenses and permits held by that person. No A license may not be granted to that person for a period to be determined by the commissioner, but not less than 3 years from the date of revocation.

2. Hearing provisions. A hearing for a person whose licenses and permits have been revoked under this section is governed by this subsection.

A. Any \underline{A} person whose licenses and permits have been revoked under this section may, within 30 days of the effective date of the revocation, petition for a hearing before the commissioner to show cause why $h \pm s$ the licenses and permits should not have been revoked.

B. If, after the hearing, the commissioner finds that the person's petitioner's record does not bring him the petitioner within the definition of an habitual violator, the commissioner shall rescind the revocation shall—be reseinded. If the commissioner finds that the person's petitioner's record does bring him the petitioner within the definition of an habitual violator, the revocation shall remain remains in effect. If the petitioner denies any of the facts contained in the record, he—shall—have the petitioner has the burden of proof.

Sec. B-77. 12 MRSA §7365, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 502, §4, is amended to read:

1. Requirement. A commercial whitewater outfitter's license is required for all commercial whitewater outfitters. Operation-of-a-commercial-whitewater-trip-by-an An outfitter may not operate a commercial whitewater trip without a license is prehibited,-and-is-subject-te-penalty-under-section-7370-A.

Sec. B-78. 12 MRSA §7368-A, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
883, §10, is amended to read:

6	which the passengers were carried. Inaccuratereportingor failure-to-report-may-subject-the-outfitter-to-the-penaltics-in section-7370-A.
8 10	Sec. B-79. 12 MRSA §7370-A, as amended by PL 1983, c. 786, §10, is repealed.
12	Sec. B-80. 12 MRSA §7406, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1995, c. 679, §3, is further amended to read:
14 16 18	3. Hunting while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. A person commits the crime of hunting while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs if that person hunts wild animals or wild birds:
20	A. While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
24	B. For a person 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or
26	C. For a person less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in the blood.
30	Hunting-while-under-the-influence-of-intoxicating-liquor-or-drugs is-a-Glass-D-crime.
32	Sec. B-81. 12 MRSA §7456-B, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 543, §43, is repealed.
34 36	Sec. B-82. 12 MRSA §7801, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1995, c. 679, §5, is further amended to read:
38	9. Operating watercraft while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. A person commits the crime of
40 42	operating a watercraft while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs if that person operates or attempts to operate any watercraft:
14	A. While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
46 48	B. For a person 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or

2. Reporting. Each outfitter shall report monthly to the

department the number of passengers carried each day on each rapidly flowing river. This report must be accurate and

submitted by the 30th day of the month following the month in

2

2 amount of alcohol in the blood. Operating-a-watercraft-while-under-the-influence-of-intexicating liquer-er-drugs-is-a-Class-D-erime-Sec. B-83. 12 MRSA §7801, sub-§28, as amended by PL 1987, c. 196, §2, is further amended to read: 10 Failure to display an excise tax decal. An The owner of a watercraft whe-fails-to shall display the excise tax decal, as required by Title 36, chapter 112,-commits-a-civil-violation 12 for-which-a--forfeiture,-payable--to-the-municipality-where--the watereraft-is-subject-to-excise-tax,-of-net-less-than-\$25-ner 14 mere-than-\$250-shall-be-adjudged. In all cases where the owner of a watercraft fails to display an excise tax decal as required 16 Title 36, chapter 112, the law enforcement officer discovering the failure shall notify the tax collector of the 18 owner's residence or, in the case of nonresidents, partnerships or corporations, foreign or domestic, the tax collector of the 20 municipality where the watercraft is principally moored, docked 22 or located or has its established base of operations. Sec. B-84. 12 MRSA §7801, sub-§29, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 24 196, §3, is amended to read: 26 29. Failure to maintain a list or to make lists available. Where-a \underline{A} marina or boat yard owner fails-to \underline{shall} maintain the 28 list required by Title 36, section 1504, subsection 9, er-fails 30 to and make that list available as required by that section,-he commits-a-civil-violation-for-which a-for-feiture-of-not-less-than \$25-ner-mere-than-\$250-shall-be-adjudged. 32 Sec. B-85. 12 MRSA §7827, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1995, c. 34 679, §6, is further amended to read: 36 Operating a snowmobile while under the influence of 38 intoxicating liquor or drugs. A person commits the crime of operating a snowmobile while under the influence of intoxicating 40 liquor or drugs if that person operates or attempts to operate any snowmobile: 42 While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 44 drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs; 46 For a person 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or 48 C. For a person less than 21 years of age, while having any

C. For a person less than 21 years of age, while having any

amount of alcohol in the blood.

2	Operating-a-snowmobile-while-under-the-influence-of-interieating liquer-er-drugs-is-a-Class-D-erime-
4	Sec. B-86. 12 MRSA §7856, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1983, c.
6	297, §§1 and 3, is amended to read:
8	2. Stop and identify requirement. Any A person operating
10	an ATV upon the land of another shall stop and identify himself the person upon the request of the landowner or his the
12	landowner's duly authorized representative. Any A person in violation shall must be held accountable to the owner under
14	existing laws and the penalty provided in Title 12, section 7901-A.
16	<pre>Sec. B-87. 12 MRSA §7857, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1995, c. 679, §9, is further amended to read:</pre>
18	10. Operating an ATV while under the influence of
20	intoxicating liquor or drugs. A person commits the crime of operating an ATV while under the influence of intoxicating liquor
22	or drugs if that person operates or attempts to operate any ATV:
24	A. While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or a combination of liquor and drugs;
2628	B. For a person 21 years of age or older, while having 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in that person's blood; or
30	C. For a person less than 21 years of age, while having any amount of alcohol in the blood.
32	Operating-an-ATV-while-under-the-influence-of-intexicating-liquer er-drugs-is-a-Class-D-erime.
36	Sec. B-88. 12 MRSA §7901, as amended by PL 1999, c. 771, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. D, §§1 and 2, is repealed.
38	Sec. B-89. 12 MRSA §7901-A is enacted to read:
40	§7901-A. Penalties
42	A person who violates a provision of chapters 701 to 721 commits a Class E crime, except as provided in this section.
46	1. Violations of chapter 703. The following violations are civil violations for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor
48	more than \$500 may be adjudged:

2	A. Defacement of notices as described in section 7036, subsection 2; and
4	B. Trapping by certain department employees as described in section 7036, subsection 5.
6	
8	2. Violations of chapter 705, subchapter III. The following violations are civil violations for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged:
10	
12	A. Illegal disposal of offal or littering as described in section 7064.
14	3. Civil violations of chapter 707, subchapter X-A. Violations of chapter 707, subchapter X-A are civil violations
16	for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged, except that the following are Class E crimes:
18	A. Operation of a commercial whitewater trip without a
20	license as described in section 7365; and
22	B. Operation of a commercial whitewater trip on the river in violation of the safety requirements of section 7367,
24	subsection 1.
26	The penalties for failure to comply with or for providing false information under chapter 707, subchapter X-A include nonrenewal,
28 30	revocation or suspension of an outfitter's or guide's license or an allocation or both, subject to the procedures of Title 5, chapter 375.
32	
	4. Civil violations of chapter 707, subchapter XI. The following violations of chapter 707, subchapter XI are civil
34	violations for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged:
36	A. License restriction violation as described in section
38	7371, subsection 1;
40	B. License privilege violation as described in section 7371, subsection 2;
42	C Cuido glient in violetien as degrained in gestion
44	C. Guide client in violation as described in section 7371-A, subsection 1;
46	D. Guide fails to report violation by client as described in section 7371-A, subsection 2;
48	
50	E. Guide party of more than 12 on inland waters, as described in section 7371-A, subsection 3;

2	F. Purchase of live smelts from unlicensed dealer as
	described in section 7371-B; and
4	
	G. Unlawfully hiring a guide as described in section 7376-A.
б	
	5. Criminal violations of chapter 707, subchapter XI. The
8	following violations of chapter 707, subchapter XI are criminal
	violations.
10	
	A. Failure to have license or permit as described in
12	section 7371, subsection 3, as it applies to section 7203,
	subsection 1 is a Class E crime, except that,
14	notwithstanding Title 17-A, section 1301, the fine may not
11	be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000.
16	be less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000.
10	D. Cuiding without a linear on described in section 7271
	B. Guiding without a license as described in section 7371,
18	subsection 3, as it applies to section 7311, subsection 1,
	is a Class D crime for which the court shall impose a
20	sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment of 3
	days, none of which may be suspended. The court shall also
22	impose a fine of \$1,000, none of which may be suspended.
24	C. Failure to have a license or permit as described in
	section 7371, subsection 3, is a Class E crime for which the
26	minimum fine is \$50 plus an amount equal to twice the
	applicable license fee, none of which may be suspended.
28	applicable license ree, none of which may be suspended.
20	6 divid minimize of whether 700 Mbs. Sallanian
2.0	6. Civil violations of chapter 709. The following
30	violations of chapter 709 are civil violations for which a
	forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be
32	adjudged, unless otherwise specified:
34	A. Chapter 709, subchapter I violations:
36	(1) Shooting at or near wildfowl decoys as described
	in section 7406, subsection 11;
38	
	(2) Hunting without hunter orange clothing as
40	described in section 7406, subsection 12; and
40	described in section 74007 Subsection 127 and
42	(3) Allowing a junior hunter to hunt without adult
42	
	supervision as described in section 7406, subsection 21;
44	
	B. Chapter 709, subchapter II violations:
46	
	(1) Trapping near compact, built-up portion of city or
48	village as described in section 7432, subsection 6; and
50	(2) Failure to label traps as described in section
	7432 subsection 0:

2	C. Chapter 709, subchapter III violations:
4	(1) Hunting or trapping bear near dumps as described in section 7452, subsection 5;
6	
8	(2) Leaving a bear as described in section 7452, subsection 8;
10	(3) Failure to attach a bear tag to a bear as described in section 7452, subsection 11;
12	
	(4) Illegally transporting bear as described in
14	section 7452, subsection 13;
16	(5) Transporting bear out of the State as described in section 7452, subsection 14;
18	
	(6) Hunting migratory game birds without certification
20	as described in section 7456, subsection 1-A;
22	(7) Hunting waterfowl on Haley Pond as described in section 7456, subsection 2;
24	
	(8) Transporting deer out of the State as described in
26	section 7458, subsection 12;
28	(9) Hunting deer with .22 caliber rim fire cartridge as described in section 7458, subsection 13;
30	
32	(10) Use of firearm in the Town of Southport as described in section 7458, subsection 14;
34	(11) Transporting wild hares or rabbits out of the State as described in section 7462, subsection 3;
36	
38	(12) Possessing or transporting wild hares or rabbits as described in section 7462, subsection 4;
40	(13) Failure to attach a moose tag to a moose as described in section 7464, subsection 6;
42	described in section 7404, Subsection 6;
44	(14) Use of illegal firearms as described in section 7464, subsection 8-A;
46	(15) Illegal hunting methods as described in section 7464, subsection 8-C;
48	
F.0	(16) Failure to attach a wild turkey tag to a wild
50	turkey as described in section 7460 subsection 7:

2	(17) Use of illegal weapons or ammunition as described
	in section 7469, subsection 11; and
4	(10) Taking of analyse and turtles from the wild for
6	(18) Taking of snakes and turtles from the wild for commercial purposes as described in section 7471;
U	commercial purposes as described in section /4/1/
8	D. Chapter 709, subchapter IV violations:
10	(1) Failure to report an accident with deer, moose or
	bear as described in section 7505, subsection 1;
12	
	(2) Removing a portion of carcass as described in
14	section 7505, subsection 2; and
16	(3) Failure to restrain or control a nuisance dog as
1.0	described in section 7505, subsection 3; and
18	E. Chapter 709, subchapter V violations:
20	E. Chapter 709, Subchapter v violations:
20	(1) Transportation of wild animal or bird as described
22	in section 7535, subsection 1.
24	7. Criminal violations of chapter 709. The following
	violations of chapter 709 are criminal violations.
26	
	A. A person is guilty of buying or selling wild birds or
28	wild animals if that person:
20	(1) Pour au 11 - bana in minimum of martine 7452
30	(1) Buys or sells bear in violation of section 7452, subsection 9;
32	subsection 9;
34	(2) Sells wild birds in violation of section 7456,
34	subsection 5;
0.1	<u> </u>
36	(3) Buys or sells deer in violation of section 7458,
	subsection 3;
38	
	(4) Buys or sells moose in violation of section 7464,
40	subsection 8; or
42	(5) Buys or sells wild turkey in violation of section
4.4	7469, subsection 9.
44	During on calling wild binds on wild animals is a Class D
46	Buying or selling wild birds or wild animals is a Class D
40	<pre>crime for which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment of not less</pre>
48	than 10 days for a first offense, none of which may be
20	suspended, and not less than 20 days for each succeeding
EΩ	offense none of which may be suggested. The sount also

2	shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be suspended.
4	B. Failure to aid injured person or report a hunting accident as described in 7406, subsection 15 is a Class C
6	crime.
8	C. The following crimes are Class D crimes for which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative involving a term
10	of imprisonment not to exceed 180 days; the court also shall
12	impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which may be suspended:
14	(1) Hunting a bear during the closed season or
16	possessing a bear taken during the closed season as described in section 7406, subsection 1;
18	(2) Hunting or trapping a bear after having killed one, as described in section 7452, subsection 3; and
20	(3) Exceeding the bag limit on bears as described in
22	section 7452, subsection 4.
24	D. The following crimes are Class D crimes for which the court shall impose a sentencing alternative of not less than
26	3 days for the first offense, none of which may be suspended, and of not less than 10 days for each succeeding
28	offense, none of which may be suspended; the court also shall impose a fine of not less than \$1,000, none of which
30	may be suspended:
32	(1) Hunting a deer during the closed season or possessing a deer taken during the closed season as
34	described in section 7406, subsection 1;
36	(2) Night hunting for wild animals or wild birds as
38	described in section 7406, subsection 5;
40	(3) Illegally possessing wild animals or wild birds as described in section 7406, subsection 10 when the wild
42	animal or bird was taken in violation of section 7406, subsection 5;
44	(4) Exceeding the bag limit on deer as described in
46	section 7458, subsection 1;
4.8	(5) Hunting deer after having killed one as described in section 7458 subsection 2:

2	(6) Illegally hunting moose as described in section 7464, subsection 1; and
4	(7) Illegally possessing moose as described in section 7464, subsection 2.
6	
8	E. The following are Class E crimes for which the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$500, none of which may be suspended:
10	(1) Illegally humbing wild bunkers as described in
12	(1) Illegally hunting wild turkeys as described in section 7469, subsection 1; and
14	(2) Illegally possessing wild turkeys as described in section 7469, subsection 2.
16	The court also shall impose a fine of \$500 for each turkey
18	illegally possessed or killed, none of which may be suspended.
20	O Civil ministrana of chapter 710 The fellowing
22	8. Civil violations of chapter 710. The following violations of chapter 710 are civil violations for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be
24	adjudged, unless otherwise specified:
26	A. Interference with taking as described in section 7541, subsection 1; and
28	
30	B. Disturbing wild animals, wild birds or fish as described in section 7541, subsection 2.
32	9. Civil violations of chapter 711. The following violations of chapter 711 are civil violations for which a
34	forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged:
36	A. Sale of bait or baitfish in polystyrene foam containers
38	as described in section 7606, subsection 1-A;
40	B. Failure to label baitfish traps or baitfish holding boxes as described in section 7606, subsection 2;
42	
44	C. Failure to check baitfish traps as described in section 7606-B;
46	D. Possession of illegal implements and devices as described in section 7609;
48	F. Dunchago on colo of governing first in discussion in
50	E. Purchase or sale of certain fish as described in section 7615;

2	F. Illegal importation or sale of certain fresh or frozen fish as described in section 7616;
4	G. Advance baiting as described in section 7622;
6	H. Failure to label fish as described in section 7625;
8	I. Night ice fishing as described in section 7626;
10	J. Leaving ice fishing shack as described in section 7627;
12	K. Illegally placing ice fishing shack as described in section 7627-A;
14	
16	L. Failure to label ice fishing shack as described in section 7628; and
18	M. Violation of ice fishing restriction as described in section 7629.
20	10. Criminal violations of chapter 711. The following
22	violations of chapter 711 are criminal violations.
24	A. Except as provided in subsection 8, a fishing violation as described in chapter 711, subchapter III is a Class E
26	crime. The court also shall impose a fine of \$20 for each fish illegally possessed, none of which may be suspended.
28	If the violation is illegal fishing of Atlantic salmon, in violation of section 7603, the court also shall impose a
30	fine of \$500 per fish, none of which may be suspended.
32	11. Civil violations of chapter 713. The following violations of chapter 713 are civil violations for which a
34	forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged:
36	
	A. Chapter 713, subchapter I violations:
38	
40	(1) Using a motorboat within Merrymeeting Bay Game Sanctuary as described in section 7654, subsection 4;
42	(2) Carrying a loaded firearm on the bounds of Limington, Hollis and Waterboro Sanctuary as described
44	in section 7654, subsection 5;
46	(3) Carrying a loaded firearm on the bounds of Standish Sanctuary as described in section 7654,
48	subsection 6;

2	(4) Fishing in Carleton Pond as described in section 7654, subsection 7; and
4	(5) Acts in violation of rules or regulations of the
б	Maine Indian Tribal-State Commission as described in section 7655;
8	B. Chapter 713, subchapter II violations:
10	(1) Tampering with a screen as described in section 7674, subsection 1;
12	C. Chapter 713, subchapter III violations:
14	(1) Tampering with a fishway as described in section
16	7702, subsection 1;
18	(2) Building a dam without notice as described in section 7702, subsection 2; and
20	(3) Tampering with a dam as described in section 7702,
22	subsection 3;
24	D. Chapter 713, subchapter IV violations:
26	(1) Keeping a wild animal in captivity as described in section 7736, subsection 1;
28	(2) Hunting on a state game farm as described in
30	section 7736, subsection 2; and
32	(3) Hunting in a licensed wildlife exhibit as described in section 7736, subsection 3; and
34	E. Chapter 713, subchapter VI violations:
36	(1) Certain stocking of alewives prohibited as
38	described in section 7775, subsection 1.
40	12. Violations of chapter 715. The following violations of chapter 715 are civil violations for which a forfeiture of not
42	less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged, unless otherwise provided:
44	A. Chapter 715, subchapter I violations:
46	
48	(1) Operating a motorboat without a certificate of number as described in section 7801, subsection 1;

	(2) Operating a motorboat without identification
2	number or validation stickers as described in section
	7801, subsection 2;
4	
	(3) Illegal operation of watercraft on inland waters
6	without a holding tank or with a holding tank with
	through-hull fittings as described in section 7801,
8	subsection 2-A;
0	Subsection 2-A,
10	(4) Wielsties of ligance normit on contificate
10	(4) Violation of license, permit or certificate
	restriction as described in section 7801, subsection 3;
12	
	(5) Holding a regatta, race, boat exhibition or
14	water-ski exhibition without a permit as described in
	section 7801, subsection 4;
16	
	(6) Unlawfully crossing the area of an authorized
18	regatta, race, boat exhibition or water-ski exhibition
	as described in section 7801, subsection 5;
20	<u> </u>
20	(7) Operating a motorboat carrying passengers for hire
22	without a certificate of number as described in section
22	7801, subsection 6;
2.4	7801, Subsection 6;
24	
	(8) Leasing or renting a motorboat without a
26	certificate of number as described in section 7801,
	subsection 6-A;
28	
	(9) Operating a motorboat carrying passengers for hire
30	without an operator's license to carry passengers for
	hire as described in section 7801, subsection 7;
32	
	(10) Imprudent operation of a watercraft as described
34	in section 7801, subsection 11-A;
36	(11) Operating a motorboat in bathing areas as
	described in section 7801, subsection 12;
38	
30	(12) Operating a motorboat while under age as
40	described in section 7801, subsection 13;
40	described in Section 7801, Subsection 13;
42	(13) Operating a watercraft to molest wild animals or
42	
4.4	wild birds as described in section 7801, subsection 14;
44	(14)
4.6	(14) Operating a motorboat without a muffler as
46	described in section 7801, subsection 15;
48	(15) Operating a watercraft without proper safety
	equipment as described in section 7801, subsection 16:

	(16) Failure to report a watercraft accident as
2	described in section 7801, subsection 19;
4	(17) Illegally operating a motorboat in a prohibited area as described in section 7801, subsection 20;
6	died as described in section 7001, subsection 20;
8	(18) Operating an airmobile upon a public way as described in section 7801, subsection 21;
10	(19) Failure to stop an airmobile before entering a public way as described in section 7801, subsection 22;
12	
14	(20) Failure to yield right-of-way while operating an airmobile as described in section 7801, subsection 23;
16	(21) Operating an airmobile that exceeds the noise limit as described in section 7801, subsection 24;
18	
20	(22) Operating an airmobile on railroad tracks as described in section 7801, subsection 25;
22	(23) Operating an airmobile too close to certain buildings as described in section 7801, subsection 26;
24	
26	(24) Failure to display an excise tax decal as described in section 7801, subsection 28, for which the
28	forfeiture may not be less than \$25 nor more than \$250 and must be paid to the municipality where the
30	watercraft is subject to excise tax;
	(25) Failure to maintain a list or make a list
32	available as described in section 7801, subsection 29, for which that the forfeiture may not be less than \$25
34	nor more than \$250;
36	(26) Failure to comply with additional safety requirements while operating a personal watercraft as
38	described in section 7801, subsection 30;
40	(27) Unlawfully permitting operation of a watercraft as described in section 7801, subsection 31; and
42	
44	(28) Unlawfully operating a watercraft within the water safety zone as described in section 7801,
46	subsection 32;
48	B. Chapter 715, subchapter II violations:
T U	(1) Operating an unregistered snowmobile as described
50	in section 7827, subsection 1:

2	(2) Operating a snowmobile upon a controlled access
4	highway as described in section 7827, subsection 2;
	(3) Unlawfully operating a snowmobile on a plowed road
6	as described in section 7827, subsection 3;
8	(4) Operating a snowmobile on a public way as
	described in section 7827, subsection 4;
10	(5) Unlawfully operating a vehicle on a snowmobile
12	trail as described in section 7827, subsection 4-A;
14	(6) Failure to stop a snowmobile before entering a
16	public way as described in section 7827, subsection 5;
	(7) Failure to yield the right-of-way while operating
18	a snowmobile as described in section 7827, subsection 6;
20	(8) Crossing a closed bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass with a snowmobile as described in section
22	7827, subsection 7;
24	(9) Unlawfully operating a snowmobile while under age as described in section 7827, subsection 12;
26	
28	(10) Permitting an unaccompanied child to operate a snowmobile as described in section 7827, subsection 13;
30	(11) Operating a snowmobile that exceeds the noise limit as described in section 7827, subsection 14;
32	
34	(12) Unlawfully modifying a snowmobile as described in section 7827, subsection 15;
36	(13) Operating a snowmobile with insufficient lights as described in section 7827, subsection 16;
38	
40	(14) Failure to use snowmobile lights as described in section 7827, subsection 17;
42	(15) Unlawfully operating a snowmobile on railroad tracks as described in section 7827, subsection 18;
44	
46	(16) Operating a snowmobile in a cemetery as described in section 7827, subsection 19;
48	(17) Operating a snowmobile too close to certain buildings as described in section 7827, subsection 20;
50	

2	as described in section 7827, subsection 21;
4	(19) Failure to report an accident as described in section 7827, subsection 22;
6	
8	(20) Unlawful issuance of snowmobile registration as described in section 7827, subsection 24;
10	(21) Renting or leasing a snowmobile as described in section 7827, subsection 26; and
12	(22) Partius and Jameira and Jameira and Jameira
14	(22) Renting or leasing a personal watercraft as described in section 7827, subsection 27;
16	C. Chapter 715, subchapter IV violations:
18	(1) Operating an unregistered ATV as described in section 7857, subsection 1;
20	(2) 7 12
22	(2) Failure to display ATV registration numbers as described in section 7857, subsection 1-A;
24	(3) Operating an ATV upon a controlled access highway as described in section 7857, subsection 2;
26	(4) Importable acception to ATM on a greenshile twoil
28	(4) Unlawfully operating an ATV on a snowmobile trail as described in section 7857, subsection 3;
30	(5) Unlawfully operating an ATV on a private road as described in section 7857, subsection 4;
32	(6) Operating an ATV on a public way as described in
34	section 7857, subsection 5;
36	(7) Failure to stop an ATV before entering a public way as described in section 7857, subsection 6;
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40	(8) Failure to yield the right-of-way while operating an ATV as described in section 7857, subsection 7;
42	(9) Crossing a closed bridge, culvert, overpass or underpass with an ATV as described in section 7857,
44	subsection 8;
46	(10) Operating an ATV while under age as described in section 7857, subsection 13;
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FO	(11) Operating an ATV without certificate of training
50	as described in section 7857, subsection 13-A;

2	(12) Operating an ATV without protective headgear as described in section 7857, subsection 13-B;
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	(13) Carrying a passenger on an ATV without headgear as
6	described in section 7857, subsection 13-C;
8	(14) Permitting an unaccompanied child to operate an ATV as described in section 7857, subsection 14;
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12	(15) Permitting a child under 10 years of age to operate an ATV as described in section 7857, subsection
12	14-A;
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	(16) Operating an ATV without a muffler as described
16	in section 7857, subsection 15;
18	(17) Operating an ATV with insufficient lights as
	described in section 7857, subsection 16;
20	
	(18) Failure to use ATV lights as described in section
22	7857, subsection 17;
24	(19) Unlawfully operating an ATV on railroad tracks as
	described in section 7857, subsection 18;
26	
	(20) Operating an ATV too close to certain buildings
28	as described in section 7857, subsection 20;
30	(21) Unlawfully permitting operation of ATV as
	described in section 7857, subsection 21;
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	(22) Failure to report an ATV accident as described in
34	section 7857, subsection 22;
36	(23) Operating an ATV in a prohibited area as
30	described in section 7857, subsection 22-A; and
38	debelibed in Section 1051, Subsection 22-A, and
	(24) Operating an ATV on cropland or pastureland as
40	described in section 7857, subsection 23.
42	13. Criminal violations of chapter 715. The following
	violations of chapter 715 are Class D crimes:
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	A. Reckless operation of watercraft as described in section
46	7801, subsection 8;
48	B. Reckless operation of a snowmobile as described in
	section 7827, subsection 8; and
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	C. Reckless operation of an all-terrain vehicle as
2	described in section 7857, subsection 9.
4	14. Civil violations of chapter 717. The following
*	violations of chapter 717 are civil violations for which a
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6	forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 may be adjudged:
8	A. Possessing a firearm while training dogs as described in
10	section 7863, subsection 1;
12	B. Hunting on a licensed dog training area as described in section 7863, subsection 2;
14	C. Misuse of a licensed dog training area as described in
16	section 7863, subsection 3; and
18	D. Illegal use of a firearm during training or field trials
20	as described in section 7863, subsection 4.
	15. Penalties for hunting or attempting to hunt and
22	operating or attempting to operate a watercraft, snowmobile or
	all-terrain vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating
24	liquor or drugs. The offenses defined in section 7406,
4.4	subsection 3; section 7801, subsection 9; section 7827,
26	
26	subsection 9; and section 7857, subsection 10 are Class D
20	crimes. In determining an appropriate sentence, refusal to
28	submit to a chemical test must in every case be an aggravating
	factor. In the following cases the following minimum penalties
30	apply.
32	A. In the case of a person having no previous convictions of a violation of section 7406, subsection 3; section 7801,
34	
34	subsection 9; section 7827, subsection 9; or section 7857,
2.6	subsection 10 within the previous 6-year period, the fine
36	may not be less than \$400. If that person was adjudicated
	within the previous 6-year period for failure to comply with
38	the duty to submit to and complete a blood-alcohol test
	under section 7408, 7805, 7828 or 7860, the fine may not be
40	less than \$500. A conviction under this paragraph must include a period of incarceration of not less than 48 hours,
42	none of which may be suspended, when the person:
44	(1) Was tested as having a blood-alcohol level of
	0.15% or more;
46	
	(2) Failed or refused to stop upon request or signal
48	of an officer in uniform, as defined in section 6953 or
	7060, during the operation that resulted in prosecution
50	for operating under the influence or with a
	blood-alcohol level of 0.08% or more; or

2 (3) Failed to submit to a chemical test to determine that person's blood-alcohol level or drug 4 concentration, requested by a law enforcement officer on the occasion that resulted in the conviction. 6 B. In the case of a person having one previous conviction 8 of a violation of section 7406, subsection 3; section 7801, subsection 9; section 7827, subsection 9; or section 7857, 10 subsection 10 within the previous 6-year period, the fine may not be less than \$600. If that person was adjudicated 12 within the previous 6-year period for failure to comply with the duty to submit to and complete a blood-alcohol or drug concentration test under section 7408, 7805, 7828 or 7860, 14 the fine may not be less than \$800. A conviction under this 16 paragraph must include a period of incarceration of not less than 7 days, none of which may be suspended. 18 C. In the case of a person having 2 or more previous 20 convictions of violations of section 7406, subsection 3: section 7801, subsection 9; section 7827, subsection 9; or section 7857, subsection 10 within the previous 6-year 22 period, the fine may not be less than \$1,000. If that 24 person was adjudicated within the previous 6-year period for failure to comply with the duty to submit to and complete a 26 blood-alcohol or drug concentration test under section 7408. 7805, 7828 or 7860, the fine may not be less than \$1,300. A 28 conviction under this paragraph must include a period of incarceration of not less than 30 days, none of which may be 30 suspended. 32 D. In addition to the penalties provided under paragraphs A to C, the court may order the defendant to participate in 34 the alcohol and other drug education, evaluation and treatment programs for multiple offenders administered by 36 the Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, Office of Substance Abuse, as 38 established in Title 5, chapter 521. 40 E. The penalties provided under paragraphs B, C and D may not be suspended by the court. 42 F. If the State pleads and proves that, while hunting or 44 operating a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle or watercraft in violation of this section, the defendant in fact caused 46 serious bodily injury as defined in Title 17-A, section 2, subsection 23, to another person or in fact caused the death 48 of another person, the sentencing class for the offenses in section 7406, subsection 3; section 7801, subsection 9; 50 section 7827, subsection 9; and section 7857, subsection 10 are

Class C crimes. The minimum penalties specified in this subsection apply, unless a longer minimum period otherwise applies.

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Any alternatives defined in section 7406, subsection 3; section 7801, subsection 9, paragraphs A and B; section 7827, subsection 9; and section 7857, subsection 10 may be pleaded in the alternative. The State may, but is not required to, elect prior to submission to the fact finder.

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For purposes of this subsection, a prior conviction has occurred within the 6-year period if the date of docket entry by the clerk of a judgment of conviction or adjudication is 6 years or less from the date of the new conduct that is penalized or for which the penalty is or may be enhanced.

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In determining the appropriate sentence, the court shall consider 18 the defendant's record of convictions for hunting or operating a snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle or watercraft while under the 20 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs and for failure to comply with the duty to submit. The court may rely upon oral 22 representations based on records maintained by the courts, by the Department of Public Safety, State Bureau of Identification; by 24 the Secretary of State, including telecommunications of records maintained by the Secretary of State; or by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife. If the defendant disputes the 26 accuracy of any representation concerning a conviction or 28 adjudication, the court shall grant a continuance for the purposes of determining the accuracy of the record.

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References in this Title to this subsection are determined also to refer to the juvenile crime stated in Title 15, section 3103, subsection 1, paragraph E and to the disposition, including a suspension, for that juvenile crime as provided in Title 15, section 3314, subsection 3, except as otherwise provided or when the context clearly requires otherwise.

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16. Penalties for failure to comply with duty to submit. The offenses defined in section 7406, subsection 3-A; section 7801, subsection 9-A; section 7827, subsection 9-A and section 7857, subsection 10-A are civil violations for which a forfeiture of up to \$500 may be adjudged.

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17. Habitual violators. When an habitual violator, as defined in section 7001, subsection 13-A, is convicted of a crime in chapters 701 to 721 the court shall impose a sentencing alternative involving not less than 3 days imprisonment, none of which may be suspended, and a fine of not less than \$500, none of which may be suspended.

	18. Rule violations. Violations of rules adopted pursuant
2	to chapters 701 to 721, as set out in this subsection are civil
	violations for which a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more
4	than \$500 may be adjudged:
б	A. A violation of a rule regulating open water fishing and ice fishing, except that a violation of a rule governing the
8	number, amount, size or weight of fish is a Class E crime;
10	B. A violation of a rule regulating state-owned wildlife
12	management areas;
14	C. A violation of a rule regulating scientific collection permits;
16	D. A violation of a rule regulating snowmobiles;
18	E. A violation of a rule regulating the protection and safety of spectators at snowmobile races;
20	F. A violation of a rule regulating all-terrain vehicles;
22	G. A violation of a rule regulating watercraft, including:
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26	(1) Violation of rules adopted pursuant to section 7792, subsection 2 concerning:
28	(a) Operation of watercraft without lights;
30	(b) Towing of a water-skier without an observer; and
32	(c) Violating the water safety zone; and
34	•
36	(2) Violation of rules adopted pursuant to section 7792, subsection 3 concerning inadequate personal flotation devices;
38	H. A violation of a rule regulating commercial whitewater
40	rafting, except that a violation of a rule establishing safety restrictions for whitewater trips adopted pursuant to
42	section 7367, subsection 1 is a Class E crime;
44	I. A violation of a rule regulating state game farms;
46	J. A violation of a rule regulating the operation of motor vehicles on public water supplies;
48	K. A violation of a rule regulating taxidermy:

2	L. A violation of a rule regulating hunting and fishing license agents;
4	M. A violation of a rule regulating camp trip leader
6	permits and course instructor certificates; and
8	N. A violation of a rule regulating licensed guides.
10	Sec. B-90. 12 MRSA §7910, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1989, c. 918, Pt. D, §13 and affected by §20, is further amended to read:
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14	A. All fees, fines, penalties, officers' costs and all other money received, collected or recovered by the court or the department under any provisions of chapters 701 to 721,
16	except section 7109; sections 7361 to 7370-A 7370; sections 7751 to 7756; section 7800, subsection 3; section 7824,
18	subsection 3; and section 7854, subsection 4;
20	<pre>Sec. B-91. 24-A MRSA §2168, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1973, c. 585, §12, is further amended to read:</pre>
22	3. Violation. Any A person violates this
24	section shall-be-punished-by-a-fine-of-not-more-than-\$100-or-by imprisonment-of-net-more-than-60-days,-or-by-both;-and-if-he
26	helds-a-license-from-the-superintendent,-he-shall-forfeit-the same commits a civil violation and is subject to civil penalties
28	and other remedies as provided in section 12-A. The Superior Court, on complaint by any person that this section is being
30	violated, may issue an injunction against such the violation and may hold in contempt and punish therefor in case of disregard of
32	such the injunction.
34	Sec. B-92. 24-A MRSA $\S4138$, first \P , as enacted by PL 1969, c. 132, $\S1$, is amended to read:
36	No A person shall may not cause or permit to be made, issued
38	or circulated in any form:
40	Sec. B-93. 24-A MRSA §4138, last \P , amended by PL 1991, c. 797, \S 10, is further amended to read:
42	None A manage who exists are managed as this continue as
44	Any A person who violates any provision of this section or knowingly receives any compensation or commission by or in consequence of such violation commits a Class-E-crime-and-is-in
46	civil violation and is subject to civil penalties and other remedies as provided in section 12-A. In addition, the person is
48	liable for a civil penalty in the amount of 3 times the sum received by such violator as compensation or commission, which
50	penalty may be sued for and recovered by any person or society aggrieved for that person's or society's own use and benefit in
52	accordance with the provisions of civil practice.

Sec. B-94. 32 MRSA §228, as amended by PL 1983, c. 413, §12 and PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

§228. Penalties

Vielation-of A person who violates any provision of this chapter shall-be-a-Class-E-orime punishable-by-a-fine for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less-than-\$100-ner more than \$500,-er by-imprisenment-for-not-more-than-3-months,-or-by-beth \$1,000 may be adjudged.

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The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in—the—District—Court—or—whether—eriminal preceedings—have—been—or—may—be—instituted.

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Sec. B-95. 32 MRSA §1094, as amended by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §77, is further amended to read:

§1094. Penalties

A person who violates a provision of this chapter, for the violation of which a penalty has not been prescribed, commits a Class-E-erime civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged. The-several-presecuting-efficers-efthis-State,-en-notice-from a member-of-the-board,-shall-institute presecutions-fer-effenses-under-this-ehapter.

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Sec. B-96. 32 MRSA §1256, as amended by PL 1995, c. 355, §4 and PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

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§1256. Violations; penalties; injunction

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A person who practices or offers to practice the profession of engineering in this State without being registered or exempted in accordance with this chapter, or a person presenting or attempting to use the certificate of registration or the seal of another, or a person who gives a false or forged evidence of any kind to the board or to a member of the board in obtaining a certificate of registration, or a person who impersonates any other registrant of like or different name, or a person who attempts to use an expired or revoked certificate of registration, or a person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a Glass-E-erime civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged.

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The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin a person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-or-whether-criminal-proceedings have-been-or-may-be-instituted.

It-is-the-duty-of-all-duly-constituted-officers-of-the-law of-this-State-or-any-political-subdivision-of-this-State-to enforce-this-chapter-and-to-prosecute-any-persons-violating-the provisions-of-this-chapter. The Atterney-Ceneral-or-a-designated assistant-shall-act-as-legal-adviser-of-the-board-and-render-such legal-assistance-as-may-be-necessary-in-carrying-out-this-chapter

Sec. B-97. 32 MRSA $\S1660$ -E, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 413, $\S86$ and as amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, $\S78$ and affected by $\S80$, is further amended to read:

§1660-E. Violations

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Any A person who violates any provision of this chapter or any of the rules of the board is-guilty-of-a-Class-E-erime for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged.

The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-or-whether-eriminal proceedings-have-been-or-may-be-instituted.

Sec. B-98. 32 MRSA §2106, as amended by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §117, is further amended to read:

§2106. Criminal violations; penalties

It is a crime for any person, including a corporation, or association or individual, to:

- 1. Fraudulent diploma or record. Sell or fraudulently obtain or furnish a nursing diploma, license, renewal or record or provide aid in doing so;
- 2. Fraudulent license. Practice nursing as defined by this chapter under cover of a diploma, license or record illegally or fraudulently obtained or signed or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation;
 - 3. Practice without license. Practice professional nursing or practical nursing as defined by this chapter unless licensed to do so:

- 4. Implying license. Use in connection with the person's name a designation tending to imply that the person is a licensed registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse unless so licensed under this chapter;
 5. License suspended or revoked. Practice professional nursing or practical nursing during the time the person's license issued under this chapter is suspended or revoked; or
 - 6.-- Violation of chapter. -- Otherwise vielate provisions of this chapter.
- 14 A person who violates this section commits a Class E crime.
- The District Court has original and concurrent jurisdiction with the Superior Court over all prosecutions for violation of this chapter. All fines and forfeitures collected under this chapter must accrue to the county where the offense is prosecuted. It is necessary to prove in a prosecution or hearing under this section only a single act prohibited by law or a single holding out or an attempt without proving a general course of conduct in order to constitute a violation. These crimes are prosecuted by the district attorney.
 - Sec. B-99. 32 MRSA §2106-A is enacted to read:

§2106-A. Civil violations; penalties

- A person who violates any provsion of this chapter for which a penalty is not prescribed commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged.
- Sec. B-100. 32 MRSA §4919, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 413, §185 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

§4919. Penalties; injunction

A person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter is-quilty-of-a-Class-E-erime for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged.

The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-or-whether-eriminal preceedings-have-been-or-may-be-instituted.

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Sec. B-101. 32 MRSA $\S6031$, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 413, $\S209$ and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, $\S78$ and affected by $\S80$, is further amended to read:

§6031. Penalty

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Every \underline{A} person found-guilty-of-violating-a who violates any provision of this chapter is-guilty-of-a-Glass-E-erime for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged.

The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-or-whether-eriminal proceedings-have-been-or-may-be-instituted.

Sec. B-102. 32 MRSA §13005, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 395, Pt. A, §212 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

§13005. Penalties

Any A person or entity violating who violates any provision of this chapter shall-be-punished, -upon-conviction, -by -a-fine-of commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$2,000 for each violation may be adjudged, plus the amount of compensation received in the subject transaction,-by-imprisonment fer-net-more-than-6-months, or-by-beth. Any officer or agent of an entity, who shall personally participate participates in or be is accessory to any a violation of this chapter, -- shall-be is subject to the penalties prescribed under this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction shall-have has full power to try any violation of this chapter and, upon conviction, the court may at its discretion revoke or suspend the license of the person or entity so convicted. All fines and penalties over and above the cost of court proceedings shall inure to the commission. violation of this chapter includes performing or attempting to perform those acts which that constitute prohibited practices.

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The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-District-Court-er-whether-eriminal proceedings-may-have-been-instituted.

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Sec. B-103. 32 MRSA §13854, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c. 895, §7, is further amended to read:

- Licensing. Effective October 1, 1992, ne a person may not, unless specifically exempted by this chapter, profess to be a clinical professional counselor, professional counselor, marriage and family therapist, licensed pastoral counselor or conditional license holder unless licensed in accordance with this chapter.
- 8 Sec. B-104. 32 MRSA §13854, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 465, §3 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:
 - 3. Violation; injunction. Any a person who violates any provision of this chapter is-guilty-of-a-Glass-E-erime for which a penalty is not specifically provided commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged. The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-er-whether-criminal-proceedings have-been-er-may-be-instituted.
 - Sec. B-105. 32 MRSA §14006, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 185, §5 and amended by c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

§14006. Violation; injunction

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A person who violates any provison of this chapter for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a Glass-E-erime civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged. The State may bring action in Superior Court to enjoin a person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the District-Gourt-or-whether-criminal-preceedings have-been-er-may-be-instituted.

Sec. B-106. 32 MRSA §14309, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 403, §1 and amended by PL 1999, c. 547, Pt. B, §78 and affected by §80, is further amended to read:

§14309. Penalty; injunction

Any A person who violates any provision of this chapter for which a penalty has not been prescribed commits a Class-E-erime civil violation for which a forfeiture of not more than \$1,000 may be adjudged. The State may bring an action in Superior Court to enjoin any person from violating this chapter, regardless of whether other administrative, civil or criminal proceedings have been or may be instituted in-the-District-Court-er-whether criminal-proceedings-have-been-er-may-be-instituted.

2 SUMMARY 4 This bill is the legislative recommendations Committee to Study the Further Decriminalization of the Criminal 6 Laws of Maine, created by 1999 Joint Order H.P. 1914. This bill creates general statutes applicable to all civil violations. These include: 10 limitations bringing a 12 1. A 3-year statute of for prosecution for a civil violation; 14 Specifically providing the district attorneys with the responsibility for prosecuting civil violations; 16 18 Providing for restitution as a possible result of a civil violation; and 20 4. Establishing general authority for each department and agency to suspend or revoke licenses, permits and certifications 22 issued by the department or agency based on a crime or civil 24 violation. 26 This bill also revises many offenses that are currently crimes, and makes them civil violations. These offenses are within the jurisdictions of the Department of Marine Resources, 28 the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, the Department 30 of Professional and Financial Regulation and the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources.