



# **120th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001**

Legislative Document

No. 1333

H.P. 996

House of Representatives, March 5, 2001

An Act to Permit Consumer-owned Water Utilities to Exercise Local Control Regarding Matters within the Jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission.

Reference to the Committee on Utilities and Energy suggested and ordered printed.

Millicent M. Mac Jailand

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative SAVAGE of Buxton. Cosponsored by Senator DAGGETT of Kennebec and Representatives: BERRY of Belmont, CLOUGH of Scarborough, COWGER of Hallowell, Speaker SAXL of Portland, Senators: CARPENTER of York, DOUGLASS of Androscoggin, GOLDTHWAIT of Hancock, SMALL of Sagadahoc.

	Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA c. 62 is enacted to read:
	<u>CHAPTER 62</u>
	LOCALLY GOVERNED WATER DISTRICTS
	§6201. Short title
	This chapter is known and may be cited as the "Locally
1	Governed Water District Act."
	§6202. Definitions
	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
	<ol> <li>Charter. "Charter" has the same meaning as set forth in section 6402, subsection 1.</li> </ol>
	Section 0402/ Subsection 1.
	2. Consumer-owned water utility. "Consumer-owned water
	utility" has the same meaning as set forth in section 6101,
1	subsection 1-A.
	3. Governing body. "Governing body" has the same meaning
	as set forth in section 6101, subsection 1-B.
	4. Locally governed water district. "Locally governed
	water district" means a consumer-owned water utility that has made an election under section 6203 after that election has taken
	effect.
	§6203. Election for local control
	1. Blection of governing body. Upon the affirmative vote
	of its governing body, a consumer-owned water utility may elect
	to become subject to this chapter. The election must be
•	certified by the secretary or clerk of the utility.
	2. Public hearing. Prior to making an election under
	subsection 1, the consumer-owned water utility shall hold a
	public hearing at which the Public Advocate and any customer may
	testify and may guestion the utility's officials regarding the
	proposed election. Public notice of the time, date, location and
	purpose of the hearing must be made at least 14 days in advance
	in a newspaper of general circulation in the area encompassed by
	the utility. In addition, the utility shall provide one notice to each of its customers containing the same information in the
	public notice, which notice must be

<u>distributed by mail or other similar means at least 14 days prior</u> to the hearing. A copy of the notice must be provided concurrently to the commission and the Public Advocate.

- 3. Municipal approval. An election under subsection 1
  takes effect when the municipal officers of a municipality within the consumer-owner water utility's service area vote to approve
  the utility's election. For utilities serving more than one municipality, the approval of municipalities representing a
  majority of the population within the utility's service area is required. Prior to requesting a vote by any municipality under
  this subsection, the utility shall provide to the clerk of the municipality or municipalities a copy of the utility's certified
  vote pursuant to subsection 1.
- 16 4. Effective date. An election takes effect 30 days after the commission receives the certified vote of any municipality required to approve the election under subsection 3. The utility shall record the election in its bylaws once the election takes 20 effect.
- 22 §6204. Scope

2

4

- 24 **1. Chapter governs affairs.** Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, this chapter governs the affairs of locally governed water districts. Locally governed water districts are not subject to the provisions of this Title outside this chapter, except as specifically provided in subsection 2.
- 30 2. Regulation of districts. To the extent applicable to water utilities, the following laws apply to locally governed 32 water districts:
- 34 A. Section 706, subsections 3, 4, 5 and 6;
- 36 B. Section 761, subsection 3;
- 38 <u>C. Section 2102;</u>
- 40 D. Section 2110, but only to the extent the governing body of a locally governed water district consents to the
   42 extension of service under section 2110;
- 44 E. Sections 2303, 2307, 2308 and 2309;
- 46 <u>F. Chapter 25;</u>
- 48 <u>G. Section 6103;</u>
- 50 <u>H. Section 6110;</u>

<u>I. Sec</u>	ction 6111;
---------------	-------------

J. Chapter 64, but only to the extent the locally governed water district is chartered as a standard district;

K. Section 6705; and

L. Section 6706.

- 10

2

4

6

8

The application of these laws is not intended to permit the commission to issue any order or condition regulating locally governed water districts except as specifically permitted under this subsection or in this chapter.

3. Scope or application. This section may not be 16 interpreted to affect the scope or application of any provision 18 of law outside this Title. Although this chapter provides for a reduced level of regulation by the commission of locally governed 20 water districts, the districts remain water utilities for purposes of the applicable provisions of this Title listed in 2.2 subsection 2 and for all laws outside of this Title, Any reference outside this Title to entities that include water 24 utilities, including, but not limited to, references to public utilities, water districts and public service corporations, 26 includes locally governed water districts. Once a proposed rate becomes final, a copy of the rate must remain on file at the main 28 office of the district for public inspection.

30 §6205. Establishment of rates

 Authority. The governing body of a locally governed water district shall establish rates, tolls, deposits, customer
 contributions or charges in accordance with this section.

 36 2. Purposes. The governing body of a locally governed water district may establish rates or charges to provide revenue
 38 to the district in order to carry out any lawful purpose of the locally governed water district, including, but not limited to,
 40 the following purposes:

- A. To pay the current expenses for operating and maintaining the water system and to provide for normal
   renewals and replacements;
- 46 <u>B. To provide for the payment of the interest on the indebtedness created or assumed by the district;</u>
   48
- C. To create a sinking fund for the extinguishment of term 50 <u>indebtedness;</u>

- 2 D. To provide annual principal payments on serial indebtedness created or assumed by the district; 4 E. To provide for a contingency reserve fund to pay losses of the district in the event of insufficient revenues; 6 8 F. To provide for a water supply protection fund to acquire interests in land in order to protect the district's sources 10 of supply; G. To provide for system development related to an increase 12 in demand for service; and 14 H. To provide for capital improvements and expansions to the system. 16 3. Process. Prior to the adoption of a new rate schedule, 18 the governing body of a locally governed water district shall hold a public hearing regarding the proposed rate schedule. The 20 governing body shall publish the proposed rates and notice of the hearing in a newspaper having a general circulation in the 22 district not less than 7 days prior to the hearing. The district shall mail to each ratepayer a notice of the public hearing and 24 the proposed new rate at least 14 days prior to the hearing. 26 4. Just and reasonable rates. The governing body of a locally governed water district shall establish rates that are 28 just and reasonable and that do not give any undue or reasonable 30 preference, advantage, prejudice or disadvantage to a particular person. This subsection is not intended to limit the ability of 32 a locally governed water district to charge different rates or enter into special contracts upon a determination by the governing body that such a practice is in the best interest of 34 the district. 36 §6206. Eminent domain 38 A locally governed water district is authorized to acquire 40 and hold real and personal property necessary or convenient for its purposes and is granted the right of eminent domain. For 42 these purposes a locally governed water district is authorized to take and to hold, by exercising its right of eminent domain or by purchase or lease or otherwise, any land, real estate or 44 easements or interest in these for any source of water supply or 46 location for storage and for the protection of such locations, as well as for the transmission and distribution of water to the
- 48 <u>public. This section is not intended to limit any right of</u>
   <u>eminent domain contained in the charter of any locally governed</u>
   50 <u>water district.</u>

#### 2 §6207. Annual audit

4	<u>A locally governed water district shall conduct an annual</u>
	audit of its books and records by an independent accountant.
б	Within 3 months after the audit is completed, the district shall
	submit a copy of the audit to the commission. For good cause
8	shown, the commission may extend the deadline for submitting the
	audit.

10

12

#### §6208. Service standards; appeal

 Final decision; action. This section applies to any
 final decision or action of a locally governed water district with regard to the provision of water service by the district,
 including matters relating to denial or termination of service, terms and conditions of service and billing, metering and
 collection for service.

 20 2. Right of appeal. A person aggrieved by a final decision or action covered by this section may appeal that decision or
 22 action to the governing body of the locally governed water district. The governing body shall establish rules concerning
 24 the manner in which an appeal may be taken. A decision on appeal constitutes the final decision of the governing body.

26

3. Delegation of authority. The governing body of a locally governed water district may elect to delegate its authority to make a final decision on appeal under subsection 2 to any person, board or entity that may lawfully review and decide the appeals, including an ombudsman or appeals board appointed by the governing body.

34 §6209. Remedy

36 Except as otherwise provided in the charter of a locally governed water district, any person aggrieved by a final decision 38 of the governing body of that district has a right of appeal to the Superior Court on questions of law in the same manner as an 40 appeal taken to the Law Court from a judgment of the Superior Court in a civil action. Appeal pursuant to this section is the 42 exclusive remedy under this chapter.

#### 44 §6210. Relation to private and special laws

 46 This chapter is not intended to limit or restrict the terms of a private and special law or a valid charter of a locally
 48 governed water district, except that a law or charter may not prohibit or interfere with the ability of a consumer-owned water
 50 utility to make an election under section 6203.

### 2 §6211. District-initiated termination of local control

4	1. Election of governing body. Upon the affirmative vote
	of its governing body, a locally governed water district may
6	elect to terminate its status as a locally governed water
	district and no longer be subject to this chapter. The election
8	must be certified by the secretary or clerk of the district.
10	2. Municipal approval. In order for an election under
10	subsection 1 to become effective, the municipal officers of a
12	municipality within the district must vote to approve the
12	district's election. For districts serving more than one
14	municipality, the approval of municipalities representing a
14	
16	majority of the population within the district is required.
16	Prior to requesting a vote by a municipality under this
10	subsection, the district shall provide to the clerk of the
18	municipality or municipalities a copy of the district's certified
20	vote pursuant to subsection 1.
20	
• •	3. Effective date. An election under this section becomes
22	effective 30 days after the commission receives the certified
24	vote of a municipality required to approve the election under
24	subsection 2. The district shall record the election in its
	bylaws once the election becomes effective.
26	
20	
	§6212. Consumer-initiated termination of local control
28	
28	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the
	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000
28 30	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the
28	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its
28 30 32	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain
28 30	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of
28 30 32 34	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in
28 30 32	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of
28 30 32 34 36	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9.
28 30 32 34	<ol> <li>Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9.</li> <li>Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of</li> </ol>
28 30 32 34 36 38	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing
28 30 32 34 36	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certification, the clerk of the
28 30 32 34 36 38	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certificate to the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certificate to the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certificate to the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of each municipality to conduct a referendum. Upon receipt of the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certificate to the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of each municipality to conduct a referendum. Upon receipt of the certification, the municipalities shall
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certification, the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of each municipality to conduct a referendum. Upon receipt of the certification, the municipalities shall call a referendum to take place at a time no less than 90 days
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	<ol> <li>Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9.</li> <li>Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certification, the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of each municipality to conduct a referendum. Upon receipt of the certification, the municipalities shall call a referendum to take place at a time no less than 90 days following receipt of the certification, and further providing</li> </ol>
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	1. Consumer-initiated petition. Fifteen percent of the customers of a locally governed water district or 1,000 customers, whichever is less, may file with the clerk of the utility petitions demanding that the district terminate its status as a locally governed water district and no longer remain subject to this chapter. A signature is valid for purposes of this section only if it meets the requirements set forth in section 6104, subsection 9. 2. Scheduling of district-wide referendum. Upon receipt of petitions meeting the requirements of subsection 1, the governing body of the district shall within 30 days certify the petitions. Within 30 days following the certification, the clerk of the district shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the clerk of each municipality within the district along with a request of each municipality to conduct a referendum. Upon receipt of the certification, the municipalities shall call a referendum to take place at a time no less than 90 days

 3. Manner of voting. The district shall prepare and furnish to each municipality the required number of ballots for
 carrying out a referendum properly called under subsection 2, including absentee ballots. The referendum must place before the
 voters the following question: "Do you favor having (name of district) terminate its status as a locally governed water
 district so that its business affairs may be fully regulated by Maine's Public Utilities Commission?" Voting in the towns must
 be held and conducted in accordance with Title 21-A.

12 4. Certification of referendum results. Once the results of the referendum become final within each municipality, each 14 municipal clerk shall certify and send to the governing body the total number of votes cast in the affirmative and negative within 16 the municipality. Once all of the results from all of the municipalities have been returned, the governing body shall meet 18 and compute the total number of votes cast in all of the affected municipalities in the affirmative and the negative. If the governing body determines that there were more votes cast in the 20 affirmative than the negative, it shall declare that the referendum has passed, which result must be certified by the 22 district and submitted to the commission within 30 days. An 24 affirmative vote becomes effective 60 days after submitted to the commission. The district shall record an affirmative vote in its 26 bylaws along with the date submitted to the commission.

 5. Suspension of petition process. Prior to the holding of a referendum under this section, a petition process initiated
 under this section must be terminated at such time as any termination process initiated under section 6211 becomes
 effective.

34

36

#### **SUMMARY**

This bill permits consumer-owned water utilities to exercise local control by opting out of regulation by the Public Utilities Commission with respect to their rates, terms of service and business affairs.