MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib

Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied

(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document **No. 1310**

S.P. 395 In Senate, March 5, 2001

An Act to Amend the Maine Health Data Organization Laws.

Submitted by the Maine Health Data Organization pursuant to Joint Rule 204.
Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN
Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator RAND of Cumberland.
Cosponsored by Representative FULLER of Manchester and
Senator MARTIN of Aroostook, Representatives: DUDLEY of Portland, MAYO of Bath, Speaker SAXL of Portland.

Printed on recycled paper

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §8702, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:

1-A. Carrier. "Carrier" means an insurance company licensed in accordance with Title 24-A, including a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, a fraternal benefit society or a nonprofit hospital or medical service organization or health plan licensed pursuant to Title 24. An employer exempted from the applicability of Title 24-A, chapter 56-A under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 United State Code, Sections 1001 to 1461 (1988) is not considered a carrier.

Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §8702, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 653, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §7, is amended to read:

2. Clinical data. "Clinical data" includes but is not limited to the data required to be submitted by providers, payors, 3rd-party administrators and carriers that provide only administrative services for a plan sponsor pursuant to sections 8708 and 8711.

Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §8702, sub-§§8-A and 10-A are enacted to read:

8-A. Plan sponsor. "Plan sponsor" means any person, other than an insurer, who establishes or maintains a plan covering residents of this State, including, but not limited to, plans established or maintained by 2 or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations or the association, committee, joint board of trustees or other similar group of representatives of the parties that establish or maintain the plan.

10-A. Third-party administrator. "Third-party administrator" means any person who, on behalf of a plan sponsor, health care service plan, health maintenance organization or insurer, receives or collects charges, contributions or premiums for, or adjusts or settles claims on, residents of this State.

Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §8703, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §2, is further amended to read:

1. Objective. The purpose of the organization is to ~~improve the health of Maine citizens through the creation and maintenance of~~ create and maintain a useful, objective, reliable and comprehensive health information database that is used to improve the health of Maine citizens. This database must be publicly accessible while protecting patient confidentiality and

respecting providers of care. The organization shall collect, process and analyze clinical and financial data as defined in this chapter.

Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §8703, sub-§3, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 653, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §7, is amended to read:

B. The terms of departmental board members are 2-year terms. Departmental board members may serve ~~3 full terms consecutively~~ an unlimited number of terms.

Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §8704, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §6, is further amended to read:

A. The board shall develop and implement data collection policies and procedures for the collection, processing, storage and analysis of clinical, financial and restructuring data in accordance with this subsection for the following purposes:

(1) To use, build and improve upon and coordinate existing data sources and measurement efforts through the integration of data systems and standardization of concepts;

(2) To coordinate the development of a linked public and private sector information system;

(3) To emphasize data that is useful, relevant and is not duplicative of existing data;

(4) To minimize the burden on those providing data; and

(5) To preserve the reliability, accuracy and integrity of collected data while ensuring that the data is available in the public domain~~; and~~ .

~~(6) To collect information from providers who were required to file data with the Maine Health Care Finance Commission. The organization may collect information from additional providers and payors only when a linked information system for the electronic transmission, collection and storage of data is reasonably available to providers.~~

Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §8704, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §8, is further amended to read:

2. Contracts for data collection; processing. The board ~~shall~~ may contract with one or more qualified, nongovernmental,

independent 3rd parties for services necessary to carry out the data collection, processing and storage activities required under this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, a group or organization affiliated with the University of Maine System is not considered a governmental entity. Unless permission is specifically granted by the board, a 3rd party hired by the organization may not release, publish or otherwise use any information to which the 3rd party has access under its contract and shall otherwise comply with the requirements of this chapter. ~~If an appropriate contract can not be entered into or is terminated, data collection, processing and storage activities required under this chapter may be performed by the organization for a period of up to 12 months.~~

Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §8704, sub-§10, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 653, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §7, is amended to read:

10. Quality improvement foundations. In order to conduct quality improvement research, including, but not limited to, monitoring of health care utilization, analyses of population-based care, analyses of cost effectiveness and patient-oriented outcomes of care, continuous quality improvement initiatives and the development and implementation of practice guidelines, the board may designate a quality improvement ~~foundation~~ foundations if the board finds the following:

A. That the ~~foundation conducts~~ foundations conduct reliable and accurate research consistent with standards of health services and clinical effectiveness research; and

B. That the ~~foundation has~~ foundations have acceptable, established protocols to safeguard confidential and privileged information.

Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §8705, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §9, is further amended to read:

2. Forfeitures. Except for circumstances beyond a person's or entity's control, a person or entity that violates the requirements of this chapter commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture may be adjudged not to exceed $1000 per day for a health care facility, payor, 3rd-party administrator or carrier that provides only administrative services for a plan sponsor or $100 per day for all other persons, entities and providers. A forfeiture imposed under this subsection may not exceed $25,000 for a health care facility, payor, 3rd-party administrator or carrier that provides only administrative services for a plan sponsor for any one occurrence or $2,500 for any other person or entity for any one occurrence.

Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §8706, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §11, is further amended to read:

C. The operations of the organization must be supported from 3 sources as provided in this paragraph:

(1) Fees collected pursuant to paragraphs A and B;

(2) Annual assessments of not less than $100 assessed against the following entities licensed under Titles 24 and 24-A ~~on the basis of the total annual health care premium~~: nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations, health insurance carriers~~,~~ and health maintenance organizations on the basis of the total annual health care premium; and 3rd-party administrators and carriers that provide only administrative services for a plan sponsor on the basis of ~~administration of health benefits plans administered for employers~~ claims processed or paid for each plan sponsor. The assessments are to be determined on an annual basis by the board. Health care policies issued for specified disease, accident, injury, hospital indemnity, ~~Medicare supplement,~~ disability, long-term care or other limited benefit health insurance policies are not subject to assessment under this subparagraph. The total dollar amount of assessments under this subparagraph must equal the assessments under subparagraph (3); and

(3) Annual assessments of not less than $100 assessed by the organization against providers. The assessments are to be determined on an annual basis by the board. The total dollar amount of assessments under this subparagraph must equal the assessments under subparagraph (2).

The aggregate level of annual assessments under subparagraphs (2) and (3) must be an amount sufficient to meet the organization's expenditures authorized in the state budget established under Title 5, chapter 149. ~~The annual assessment may not exceed $760,000 in fiscal year 1999-00. In subsequent fiscal years, the annual assessment may increase above $760,000 by an amount not to exceed 5% per fiscal year.~~ The board may waive assessments otherwise due under subparagraphs (2) and (3) when a waiver is determined to be in the interests of the organization and the parties to be assessed.

Sec. 11. 22 MRSA §8707, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §12, is further amended to read:

1. Public access; confidentiality. The board shall adopt rules making available to any person, upon request, information, except privileged medical information and confidential information, provided to the organization under this chapter as long as individual patients ~~or health care practitioners~~ are not directly identified. The board may adopt rules to protect the identity of certain health care practitioners, as it determines appropriate. The identity of practitioners performing abortions as defined in section 1596 is confidential. The board shall adopt rules governing public access in the least restrictive means possible to information that may indirectly identify a particular patient ~~or health care practitioner~~.

Sec. 12. 22 MRSA §8707, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 653, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §7, is amended to read:

3. Public health studies. The rules may allow exceptions to the confidentiality requirements only to the extent authorized in this subsection.

A. The board may approve access to identifying information for patients ~~or health care practitioners~~ to the department and other researchers with established protocols that have been approved by the board for safeguarding confidential or privileged information.

B. The rules must ensure that:

(1) Identifying information is used only to gain access to medical records and other medical information pertaining to public health;

(2) Medical information about any patient identified by name is not obtained without the consent of that patient except when the information sought pertains only to verification or comparison of health data and the board finds that confidentiality can be adequately protected without patient consent;

(3) Those persons conducting the research or investigation do not disclose medical information about any patient identified by name to any other person without that patient's consent;

(4) Those persons gaining access to medical information about an identified patient use that information to the minimum extent necessary to accomplish the purposes of the research for which approval was granted; and

(5) The protocol for any research is designed to preserve the confidentiality of all health care information that can be associated with identified patients, to specify the manner in which contact is made with patients ~~or health care practitioners~~ and to maintain public confidence in the protection of confidential information.

C. The board may not grant approval under this subsection if the board finds that the proposed identification of or contact with patients ~~or health care practitioners~~ would violate any state or federal law or diminish the confidentiality of health care information or the public's confidence in the protection of that information in a manner that outweighs the expected benefit to the public of the proposed investigation.

Sec. 13. 22 MRSA §8708, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §14, is further amended to read:

2. Additional information on ambulatory services and surgery. Pursuant to rules adopted by the board for form, medium, content and time for filing, each provider shall file with the organization a completed data set, comparable to data filed by health care facilities under subsection 1, paragraph B~~, for each ambulatory service and surgery listed in rules adopted pursuant to subsection 4, occurring after January 1, 1990~~. This subsection may not be construed to require duplication of information required to be filed under subsection 1.

Sec. 14. 22 MRSA §8708, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1999, c. 353, §14, is repealed.

Sec. 15. 22 MRSA §8708, sub-§6-A, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 353, §14, is amended to read:

6-A. Additional data. Subject to the limitations of section 8704, subsection 1, the board may adopt rules requiring the filing of additional clinical data from other providers ~~and~~ , payors, 3rd-party administrators and carriers that provide only administrative services for a plan sponsor.

Sec. 16. 22 MRSA §8711, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 653, Pt. A, §2 and affected by §7, is amended to read:

1. Development of health care information systems. In addition to its authority to obtain information to carry out the specific provisions of this chapter, the organization may require providers ~~and~~ , payors, 3rd-party administrators and carriers

that provide only administrative services for a plan sponsor to
2 furnish information with respect to the nature and quantity of services or coverage provided to the extent necessary to develop
4 proposals for the modification, refinement or expansion of the systems of information disclosure established under this
6 chapter. The organization's authority under this subsection includes the design and implementation of pilot information
8 reporting systems affecting selected categories or representative samples of ~~payors and~~ providers, payors, 3rd-party administrators
10 and carriers that provide only administrative services for a plan sponsor.
12

Sec. 17. 24-A MRSA §1906, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
14 846, Pt. D, §2 and affected by Pt. E, §4, is amended to read:

16 **4.** The administrator shall file with the superintendent the names and addresses of the insurers, health care service plans,
18 health maintenance organizations and plan sponsors with whom the administrator has entered into written agreements. If an
20 insurer, health care service plan, health maintenance organization or plan sponsor does not assume or bear the risk,
22 the administrator must disclose the name and address of the ultimate risk bearer. In addition, at the time of a license
24 renewal, the administrator shall also file with the superintendent for the most recent complete calendar year for all
26 covered individuals in the State the total number of claims paid by the administrator by each plan sponsor and the total dollar
28 amount of claims paid by each plan sponsor. This subsection applies to the initial application for an administrator's license
30 and any renewal of a license.

32 **Sec. 18. 24-A MRSA §2215, sub-§1, ¶¶O and P,** as enacted by PL
1997, c. 677, §3 and affected by §5, are amended to read:
34

O. To a lienholder, mortgagee, assignee, lessor or other
36 person shown on the records of a carrier or producer as having a legal or beneficial interest in a policy of
38 insurance, only if:

40 (1) No health care information is disclosed unless the disclosure would otherwise be permitted by this
42 section; and

44 (2) The information disclosed is limited to that which is reasonably necessary to permit that person to
46 protect its interests in the policy; ~~or~~

48 P. To an affiliate whose only use of the information will be in connection with an audit of the regulated insurance
50 entity or the marketing of a product or service of the

affiliate, if the information disclosed for marketing purposes does not include health care information and if the affiliate agrees not to disclose the information for any other purpose or to unaffiliated persons. ; or

Sec. 19. 24-A MRSA §2215, sub-§1, ¶Q is enacted to read:

Q. To state governmental entities in order to protect the public health and welfare when reporting is required or authorized by law and when the identification of individual consumers is prohibited by statute.

Sec. 20. 24-A MRSA §4302, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Claims data. A carrier that provides only administrative services for a plan sponsor shall annually file with the superintendent for the most recent complete calendar year for all covered individuals in the State the total number of claims paid for each plan sponsor and the total dollar amount of claims paid for each plan sponsor.

SUMMARY

This bill makes a number of technical corrections to the Maine Health Data Organization laws and repeals language that is outdated. In addition, this bill eliminates the restriction that the identification of health care practitioners be kept confidential in Maine Health Data Organization public data sets. This bill requires 3rd-party administrators of health care plans to submit clinical and claims data that are currently required of all other health care providers and payors. This bill also modifies the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation statutes to require 3rd-party administrators of health care plans to submit additional reporting information to the Bureau of Insurance.