MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document No. 1265

H.P. 951

House of Representatives, February 28, 2001

Millient M. Mac failand

An Act to Clarify the Criminal Extradition Laws.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative SAVAGE of Buxton. Cosponsored by Representative BERRY of Livermore.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 15 MRSA §210, first ¶, as amended by PL 1997, c. 181, §1, is further amended to read:

A person arrested upon a Governor's warrant may not be delivered over to the agent whom the executive authority demanding the person has appointed to receive the person, unless the person is first taken before a judge of a court of record in this State, who shall inform the person of the demand made for the person's surrender and of the crime with which the person is charged and that the person has the right to demand and procure legal counsel. The judge shall inform the person arrested upon the Governor's warrant of the person's right to waive extradition in accordance with section 226. Ιf the prisoner prisoner's counsel states that the prisoner may or will contest extradition, the judge shall fix a reasonable time, not to exceed days, to allow the person to file a petition contesting extradition. The petition must be filed in District Court and state the grounds upon which extradition is contested. petition is filed, netice-of-it-and-of the court shall promptly set a time and place of for the hearing and notice must be given to the prosecuting attorney of for the county in which the arrest is made and in which the accused is in custody, to the Attorney General and to the agent of the demanding state.

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Sec. 2. 15 MRSA §213, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 671, §12, is amended to read:

2. Apprehension by warrant. A warrant issued by a judge or magistrate pursuant to subsection 1 shall must command the law enforcement officer to whom it is directed to apprehend the person named therein in the warrant, wherever-he-may be-found-in this-State, and, in accordance with the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 5, to bring him the person before the-same-er-any ether a judge or magistrate who may be available in or convenient of access to the place where the arrest may-be is made, to answer the charge on the complaint and affidavit.

Sec. 3. 15 MRSA §214 is amended to read:

§214. Arrest without warrant; hearing

The arrest of a person may be lawfully made by an officer or a private citizen without a warrant, upon reasonable information that the aeeused <u>person</u> stands charged in the courts of another state with a crime punishable by death or imprisonment for a term exceeding one year; but when so arrested, the aeeused <u>person</u> must be taken before a judge or magistrate with—all—practicable—speed in accordance with the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 5,

and complaint must be made against him the person under oath setting forth the ground for the arrest as in section 213. Thereafter his the person's answer shall must be heard as if he the person had been arrested on a warrant.

Sec. 4. 15 MRSA §215, first ¶, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 671, §13, is amended to read:

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The judge or magistrate shall conduct an examination of the person arrested pursuant to section 213 or 214 at the person's initial appearance in accordance with the Maine Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 5 or within a reasonable time not to exceed 30 days if the person has not been admitted to bail as provided in section 216. If, from the examination by the judge or magistrate of the complaint, affidavits in support thereof, formal charging documents or judgments supplied by the demanding state or any other evidence, including reliable hearsay evidence, which that may be presented, it appears that the person held is the person charged with having committed the crime alleged and that there is probable cause to believe that he the person committed the crime, and that he the person is a fugitive from justice, the judge or magistrate shall continue the case and may commit the person to jail, by a warrant specifying the accusation, for any time not exceeding 60 days which that will enable the arrest of the aeeused person to be made under a warrant of the Governor on a requisition of the executive authority of the state having jurisdiction of the offense.

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Sec. 5. 15 MRSA §215, last \P , as enacted by PL 1977, c. 671, §13, is repealed.

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SUMMARY

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This bill amends the criminal extradition laws by requiring a judge to inform the person arrested of the person's right to waive extradition. The bill also requires a judge or magistrate to conduct an examination of the person arrested at the time of the person's initial appearance in court.