MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1190

H.P. 898

House of Representatives, February 28, 2001

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Criminalize the Unauthorized Use of Food Stamp Devices.

Submitted by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative COLWELL of Gardiner.

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
	Sec. 1. 17-A MRSA §759 is enacted to read:
4	§759. Unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices
6	
8	1. A person is guilty of unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices if, for consideration of any kind, the person intentionally or knowingly furnishes coupons, authorization cards
10	or access devices issued pursuant to 7 United States Code, Chapter 51 to any person other than an entity approved by the
12	United States Secretary of Agriculture for such transactions.
14	Redemption of coupons by an entity approved by the United States Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to 7 United States Code,
16	Chapter 51 for redemption or redemption of coupons by financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
18	or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or the Federal Credit Union Act does not constitute a violation of this
20	section.
22	2. Unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices is a Class D
24	
26	3. Notwithstanding subsection 2, unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices is a Class C crime if the State also pleads and proves:
28	
30	A. That the consideration for the coupons, authorization cards or access devices included dangerous weapons, firearm ammunition or explosives, or that the person unlawfully
32	trafficking in the coupons, authorization cards or access devices did so with the intent to use the consideration
34	received, whatever that consideration may have been, for acquiring dangerous weapons, firearm ammunition or
36	explosives;
38	B. That the value of the coupons, authorization cards or access devices, or the consideration for which they were
40	furnished, in fact exceeded \$2,000; or
42	C. That the defendant had been previously convicted of a violation of this section or a criminal violation of T
44	United States Code, Chapter 51. The date of such a prior

4. For the purposes of this section, the meaning of "value" must be determined according to section 352, subsection 5, paragraphs A to D. Amounts of value involved in individual

the crime being enhanced by no more than 10 years.

46

48

50

	instances of unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices that are
2	committed pursuant to one scheme or course of conduct, whether
	the trafficking is to one person or several persons, may be
4	aggregated to charge a single unlawful trafficking in food stamp
	devices of the appropriate class or grade.
6	
	Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §3104, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 418,
8	Pt. A, §4, is repealed.

10

SUMMARY

12

14

16

This bill creates the crime of unlawful trafficking in food stamp devices that can be enforced by state and local enforcement agencies whenever a person intentionally or knowingly furnishes food stamp access devices, coupons or authorization cards to an entity not approved by the United States Secretary of Agriculture.