MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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120th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2001

Legislative Document

No. 1156

H.P. 877

House of Representatives, February 28, 2001

Millient M. Mac Failand

An Act to Update the Maine Consumer Credit Code Regarding Rental-purchase Agreements.

Reference to the Committee on Business and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

MILLICENT M. MacFARLAND, Clerk

Presented by Representative DUDLEY of Portland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 9-A MRSA §11-104, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
 4 787, is amended to read:
- 2. The consumer is a resident of this State at the time the merchant, wherever located, offering the rental-purchase agreement solicits the rental-purchase agreement or modification of the rental-purchase agreement in this State, whether the solicitation is made personally, by mail or by telephone.
- For the purposes of this Article, the residence of the consumer is the address given by the consumer as the consumer's residence in any writing signed by the consumer in connection with the rental-purchase agreement. Unless the consumer notifies the merchant of a new or different residence address, the given residence address is presumed to be unchanged.
- Sec. 2. 9-A MRSA §11-105, sub-§§2 and 3, as enacted by PL 1991,
 c. 787, are amended to read:
- 22 2. "Advertisement" means a commercial message in any medium that directly or indirectly aids, promotes or assists a rental-purchase agreement, but does not include in-store merchandising aids such as window signs and ceiling banners.
- 3. "Cash price" means the price for which the merchant would sell the property to the consumer for cash on the date of the rental-purchase agreement. The "eash-price" cash price must be reasonably related to the fair market value of the property.

 Either of the following is conclusive evidence of a reasonable relationship to fair market value for new property, but a reasonable relationship may also be demonstrated by other evidence:
- A. Published prices or advertisements by retailers of similar products selling in the same trade area in which the merchant is located, if the prices were published or disseminated within the 90-day period preceding consummation of the rental-purchase agreement; or
- B. Cash price in an amount not exceeding twice the bona fide actual cost, including freight charges, of the rental property to the merchant from a wholesaler, distributor or manufacturer, net of volume rebates, discounts or incentives received by the merchant for the specific item and known by the merchant at the time the merchant purchased the item.

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The cash price for used property must be reduced to reflect the age and condition of the property and may not exceed the cash price of the new property when new.

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- Sec. 3. 9-A MRSA §11-105, sub-§§5-A, 5-B, 6-A to 6-C, 8 and 9 are enacted to read:
- 8 5-A. "Debt" means an obligation or alleged obligation of a consumer to surrender or return rental property or pay money arising out of a rental-purchase agreement.
- 5-B. "Location information" means a consumer's place of residence and the consumer's telephone numbers at that location and at the consumer's place of employment.
- 16 6-A. "Periodic payment" means the total payment the consumer will make for a specific rental period, including the rental payment, any administrative fees or delivery charges, taxes and fees or charges for optional products and services.

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- 6-B. "Rental payment" means a payment to be made by a consumer for the right of possession and use of rental property for a specific rental period, but does not include taxes imposed on such payment.
- 6-C. "Rental period" means a week, month or other specific period of time during which the consumer has a right to possess and use the property after making the rental payment and applicable tax payment for such period.

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- 8. "Rental-purchase cost" means the total of charges payable by the consumer and imposed by the merchant as a condition of entering into and acquiring ownership of property under a rental-purchase agreement. "Rental-purchase cost" includes rental payments and any initial administrative fees, but does not include taxes, delivery charges, late charges, payment pick-up fees or any optional charges or fees that meet the requirements of section 11-111, subsection 4.
- 9. "Total of payments to acquire ownership" means the total of all charges payable by the consumer to acquire ownership of the rental property. "Total of payments to acquire ownership" includes the rental-purchase cost and taxes, but does not include taxes, delivery charges, late charges, payment pick-up fees or any optional charges or fees that meet the requirements of section 11-111, subsection 4.
- Sec. 4. 9-A MRSA §11-107, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is amended to read:

3. The disclosure must be made clearly and conspicuously, in a clear and coherent manner, in writing, in type size not less 2 type and appropriately divided 8-point standard captioned by various sections. A copy of the rental-purchase 4 agreement must be provided to the consumer. If more than one consumer executes a rental-purchase agreement, the merchant shall provide a copy of the agreement to each consumer. The disclosure required under section 11-108 must be made en-the-face-of-the 8 eentract above the line for the consumer's signature. 10 disclosures are made on more than one page, the contract complies with this subsection if the consumer signs each page of the 12 contract. Sec. 5. 9-A MRSA §11-107, sub-§5 is enacted to read: 14 16 5. A merchant may disclose information that is not required by this Article if the additional information is not stated, used 18 or placed in a manner that contradicts, obscures or distracts attention from the required information. 20 Sec. 6. 9-A MRSA §11-108, sub-§1, ¶¶A and B, as enacted by PL 22 1991, c. 787, are repealed. Sec. 7. 9-A MRSA §11-108, sub-§1, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 24 787, is amended to read: 26 A statement that the consumer is responsible for the 28 fair market value, remaining rent, early purchase option amount or cost of repair of the property, whichever is least, if, and as of the time, it is lost, stolen, damaged 30 or destroyed; 32 Sec. 8. 9-A MRSA §11-108, sub-§1, ¶F, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 34 787, is repealed. Sec. 9. 9-A MRSA §11-108, sub-§1, ¶¶G and L, as enacted by PL 36 1991, c. 787, are amended to read: 38 A statement that the total amount of payments does not 40 include other charges the consumer may incur, such as late-payment and payment pick-up fees. Late-payment and 42 payment pick-up fees must be separately disclosed in the agreement; 44 may terminate statement that the consumer agreement without penalty by voluntarily surrendering or 46

with any past due rental payments;

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returning the property to the merchant in good repair upon

on or before the expiration of any rental term period along

	Sec. 10. 9-A MRSA §11-108, sub-§§2 and 3 are enacted to read:
2	2. To the extent applicable, the following information must
4	be disclosed and grouped together in each rental-purchase
	agreement:
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	A. The amount of the payment required at or before
8	consummation of the agreement or delivery of the property,
	whichever is later, using the term "initial periodic
10	payment." The merchant shall itemize each component of the
12	initial periodic payment by type and amount, including any initial administrative fee, delivery charge, rental payment,
12	taxes and fees or charges for optional products or services;
14	takes and rees or charges for opcional products of services,
	B. The amount of the regular periodic payment. The merchant
16	shall itemize each component of the regular periodic payment
	by type and amount, including any initial administrative
18	fee, delivery charge, rental payment, taxes and fees or
	charges for optional products or services. If the final
20	periodic payment is less than or equal to the regular
22	<pre>periodic payment, the components of the final periodic payment need not be itemized;</pre>
2 2	payment need not be Itemized;
24	C. The rental purchase cost and a brief description of the
	total of the initial administrative fee and all rental
26	payments necessary to acquire ownership. If a
	rental-purchase agreement involves the rental of 2 or more
28	items, the merchant may disclose the aggregate
	rental-purchase cost for all items;
30	D. The betal of permants and a built description of the
32	D. The total of payments and a brief description of the total amount the consumer will have paid, including the
, ,	rental-purchase cost and taxes, if the consumer acquires
34	ownership of the property by making all scheduled payments,
	but not including late charges or payment pick-up fees the
36	consumer may incur or charges for optional products or
	services the consumer may elect to purchase;
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	E. A statement in substantially the following form in no
10	less than 8-point boldface type: "YOU WILL BE RENTING THE PROPERTY. YOU WILL NOT ACQUIRE EQUITY OR OWNERSHIP RIGHTS IN
12	THE PROPERTY UNLESS YOU MAKE ALL PAYMENTS NECESSARY TO
. <i>L</i>	ACQUIRE OWNERSHIP";
14	
	F. The following statement: "Other important terms. See
16	your rental-purchase agreement for additional important
	information on termination, purchase option, reinstatement
8	rights, warranties, maintenance responsibilities, late
	charges, payment pick-up fees and your liability for loss,

theft or destruction of the property"; and

2	G. The payment schedule and a biler description of the
	number, amount and due dates or periods of payments
4	scheduled under the agreement. A merchant may also disclose
	alternative periodic payments and payment schedules.
c	dictingly believe baymenes and parmene sanguares.
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	3. A merchant is deemed to comply with the disclosure
8	provisions of subsection 2 with respect to other than the
_	sufficiency or accuracy of the disclosures provided by the
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10	merchant if the merchant uses a model form adopted by the
	Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Office of
12	Consumer Credit Regulation through rulemaking. Rules adopted
	The state of the s
	pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as
14	defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. Use of such a
	model form is optional.
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10	Coo 11 0 A MDCA 511 100 out \$12
	Sec. 11. 9-A MRSA §11-109, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
18	787, is amended to read:
20	12 An offer of A provision requiring the general to
20	12. Anefferef A provision requiring the consumer to
	<u>purchase</u> insurance from the merchant te-the-censumer.
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	Sec. 12. 9-A MRSA §11-111, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is
2.4	amended to read:
24	amended to read:
26	§11-111. Allowable charges
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28	In addition to make a newester a management was continued for
20	In addition to rental payments, a merchant may contract for
	and receive the following <u>charges</u> or fees.
30	
	1. An initial administrative fee not to exceed \$15 \$22.50
2.2	
32	may be assessed enly-ence-per-consumer-regardless-of-the-number
	ef-rental-purchase-agreements-entered-inte-by-the-consumer-and
34	but the fee must be refunded to the consumer if the rental
	agreement is not consummated. If a consumer enters into more
36	
30	than one rental-purchase agreement with a merchant on the same
	day, only one initial administrative fee may be assessed.
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	2. An optional delivery charge may not exceed \$29 \$30 for 3
4.0	
40	or fewer items actually delivered or $$49$ $$60$ for 4 or more items
	actually delivered.
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	3. An optional payment pick-up fee may not exceed \$5 \$7.50
44	and may be assessed only once per payment.
46	4. A liability damage waiver fee may be contracted for and
	received pursuant to section 11-115.
	received pursuant to section in-in-
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	Sec. 13. 9-A MRSA §11-113, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is

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amended to read:

§11-113. Reinstatement

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- 1. A consumer who fails to make a timely rental payment but has returned or surrendered the merchandise, made-arrangements fer-its-return-or-surrendered-the-property-upen-the rental property to the merchant within 7 days after missing a payment or within 2 days of the merchant's request, whichever comes later, may reinstate the agreement without losing any rights or options that exist under the agreement by payment of:
 - A. All past due rental charges; and
 - B. Other charges expressly provided in this Article, except any initial administrative fee.
- 2. --Whenever-a-consumer-has-paid-less-than-1/3-of-the-total

 of-payments-necessary-to-acquire-ownership-and-is-in-default-or
 the-property-has-been-returned-other-than-through-order-of-the

 court,-the-consumer-may-reinstate-the-agreement-during-a-period
 of-not-less-than-45-days-after-the-date-of-the-default-or-the

 return-of-the-property.
 - 3.--Whenever-a-consumer-has-paid-mere-than-1/3--but-less than-2/3-of-the-total-ef-payments-necessary-to-acquire-ewnership and-is-in-default-or-the-preperty-has-been-returned-other-than through-order-of-the-court/-the-consumer-may-reinstate-the agreement-during-a-period-of-not-less-than-90-days-after-the-date of-the-default-or-the-return-of-the-property.
 - 4. Whenever-a-consumer has paid-more-than-2/3-of-the-total of-payments-necessary-to-acquire-ownership-and-is-in-default-or the-property-has-been-returned-other-than-through-order-of-the court,--the-consumer A consumer who has returned or surrendered the rental property within the reinstatement period set forth in subsection 1 may reinstate the agreement during a period of not less than 180 days after the date of the default-or-the-return-of the-property missed payment.
 - 5. Nothing in this section prevents a merchant from attempting to repossess property during the reinstatement period, but such a repossession does not affect the consumer's right to reinstate.
 - 6. Upon reinstatement, the merchant shall provide the consumer with the same property or substitute property of comparable quality and condition.
- Sec. 14. 9-A MRSA §11-115, first \P , as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is amended to read:

In addition to the other charges permitted by this Article, the parties may contract for a liability damage waiver. 4 for the liability damage waiver may not exceed the greater of 5% of any periodic rental payment due or \$2 in the case of any rental-purchase agreement with weekly--or--biweekly renewal dates periods more frequent than monthly or the greater of 5% of any 8 periodic rental payment due or \$5 \$7.50 in the case of any rental-purchase agreement with monthly renewal 10 selling or offering for sale of a liability damage waiver pursuant to this Article is subject to the following prohibitions 12 and requirements.

Sec. 15. 9-A MRSA §11-115, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is amended to read:

3. The liability damage waiver agreement must include a statement of the total charge for the liability damage waiver and must display in 8-point boldface type the following notice or a notice in a substantially similar form:

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NOTICE: THIS CONTRACT OFFERS, FOR AN ADDITIONAL CHARGE, A LIABILITY DAMAGE WAIVER TO COVER YOUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY. BEFORE DECIDING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE LIABILITY DAMAGE WAIVER, YOU MAY WISH TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOUR HOMEOWNERS OR CASUALTY INSURANCE AFFORDS YOU COVERAGE FOR DAMAGE TO THE RENTAL PROPERTY AND THE AMOUNT OF THE DEDUCTIBLE UNDER YOUR OWN INSURANCE COVERAGE. THE PURCHASE OF THIS LIABILITY DAMAGE WAIVER IS NOT MANDATORY AND MAY BE DECLINED.

Sec. 16. 9-A MRSA §11-115, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. A liability damage waiver may not be a factor in the approval by the merchant of the rental-purchase transaction and the contract may take effect only after the consumer has signed or initialed an affirmative request to purchase the liability damage waiver after written disclosure of the cost of the liability damage waiver.

Sec. 17. 9-A MRSA §11-118, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is amended to read:

§11-118. Advertising and point-of-sale disclosure

1. An advertisement for a rental-purchase agreement that refers to or states the dollar amount of any payment <u>for a</u> <u>specific item</u> must state clearly and conspicuously:

A. That the transaction advertised is a rental-purchase agreement;

4	necessary-te-acquire-ewnership rental-purchase cost; and
4	C. That the consumer does not acquire ownership rights if
6	until the total amount of payments necessary to acquire ownership is not paid.
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10	2. If For any item of property is displayed or offered for rent-with-a-point-of-sale rental-purchase, the merchant shall display a point-of-rental placard, that-refers-to-or-states-the
12	amount-of-any-weekly-or-monthly-payment,-the-point-of-sale The
14	<pre>point-of-rental placard must state, in numerals and lettering at least as prominent as the payment price, the following:</pre>
16	A. The number of weekly or monthly <u>rental</u> payments necessary to acquire ownership of the item; and
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20	B. The totalamountofpaymentsnecessarytoacquire ownership rental-purchase cost of the item.
22	3. An owner or the personnel of a medium in which an
24	advertisement appears or through which an advertisement is disseminated is not liable under this section.
2.7	disseminated is not liable under this section.
26	4. A merchant may make the disclosures required by subsection 2 in the form of a list or catalog that is readily
28	available to the consumer if the property is not displayed in the merchant's showroom or if displaying a point-of-rental placard
30	would be impractical due to the size of the property.
32	This section does not apply to an advertisement that does not refer to or state the amount of any payment.
34	and record to the control of any payments
	Sec. 18. 9-A MRSA §11-119, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is
36	repealed and the following enacted in its place:
38	§11-119. Collection activity
40	The following provisions govern the debt collection practices of merchants under this Article.
42	practices of merchants under this Article.
	1. A merchant communicating with any person other than the
44	consumer for the purpose of acquiring location information about the consumer may:
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48	A. Identify the merchant; state that the merchant is confirming or correcting location information concerning the consumer; and, only if expressly requested, identify the
50	merchant's employer;

2	B. Not state that the consumer owes any debt:
4	C. Not communicate with such a person more than once,
6	unless requested to do so by that person or unless the
6	merchant reasonably believes that the earlier response of that person was erroneous or incomplete and that the person
8	now has correct or complete location information;
O	now has correct or comprete rocation information;
10	D. Not communicate by postcard;
12	E. Not use language or a symbol on an envelope or in the
	contents of a communication effected by the mails or by
14	telegram that indicates that the communication relates to
	the collection of a debt; and
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	F. After the merchant knows the consumer is represented by
18	an attorney with regard to the subject debt and has
	knowledge of, or can readily ascertain, that attorney's name
20	and address, not communicate with any person other than that
	attorney, unless the attorney fails to respond within a
22	reasonable period of time to communication from the merchant.
24	2. Without the prior consent of the consumer given directly
~ T	to the merchant or the express permission of a court of competent
26	The state of the s
20	jurisdiction, a merchant may not communicate with a consumer in
28	connection with the collection of any debt:
20	A At an unuqual time or along or a time or along known or
30	A. At an unusual time or place or a time or place known or that should be known to be inconvenient to the consumer. In
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2.2	the absence of knowledge of circumstances to the contrary, a
32	merchant shall assume that the convenient time for
2.4	communicating with a consumer is after 8 a.m. and before 9
34	p.m. local time at the consumer's location;
36	B. If the merchant knows that the consumer is represented
30	by an attorney with respect to that debt and has knowledge
38	of, or can readily ascertain, that attorney's name and
30	address, unless the attorney fails to respond within a
40	reasonable period of time to a communication from the
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42	merchant or unless the attorney consents to direct
42	communication with the consumer; or
44	C. At the consumer's place of employment if the merchant
77	knows or has reason to know that the consumer's employer
4.6	prohibits the consumer from receiving a communication.
46	promibits the consumer from receiving a communication.
48	3. Except as provided in subsection 1, without the prior
•	consent of the consumer given directly to the merchant or the
50	express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, or
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except as reasonably necessary to effectuate a post-judgment 2 judicial remedy, a merchant may not communicate, in connection with the collection of a debt, with a person other than the consumer, the consumer's attorney, a consumer reporting agency if 4 otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor or the attorney of the merchant. 6 Я 4. A merchant may not engage in conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress or abuse a person in 10 connection with the collection of a debt. Without limiting the general application of this subsection, the following conduct is a violation of this section: 12 14 A. The use or threat of use of violence or other criminal means to harm the physical person, reputation or property of 16 a person; 18 B. The use of obscene or profane language or language the natural consequence of which is to abuse the hearer or 20 reader; 22 C. The publication of a list of consumers who allegedly refuse to pay debts, except to a consumer reporting agency 24 or to persons meeting the requirements of Title 10, chapter 210; 26 D. The advertisement for sale of a debt to coerce payment of the debt; 28 30 E. Causing a telephone to ring or engaging a person in telephone conversation repeatedly or continuously with 32 intent to annoy, abuse or harass a person at the called number; 34 F. Except as provided in subsection 1, the placement of 36 telephone calls without meaningful disclosure of the caller's identity; and 38 G. The use of "shame cards," "shame automobiles" or similar devices, except that delivery vehicles used by the merchant 40 in the ordinary course of business may not be considered "shame automobiles." 42 44 5. A merchant may not use a false, deceptive or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of a debt. Without limiting the general application of this 46 subsection, the following conduct is a violation of this section: 48 A. The false representation or implication that the debt

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collector is vouched for, bonded by or affiliated with the

	<u>United States or any state, including the use of any badge,</u>
2	uniform, seal, insignia or facsimile;
4	B. The false representation of the character, amount or legal status of a debt;
б	
8	C. The false representation or implication that an individual is an attorney or that a communication is from an attorney;
10	
12	D. The representation or implication that nonpayment of a debt will result in the arrest or imprisonment of a person or the seizure, garnishment, attachment or sale of property
14	or wages of a person, unless that action is lawful and the debt collector or creditor intends to take that action;
16	E. The threat to take an action that may not legally be
18	taken or that is not intended to be taken;
20	F. The false representation or implication that a sale, referral or other transfer of any interest in a debt will
22	cause the consumer to:
24	(1) Lose a claim or defense to payment of the debt; or
26	(2) Become subject to a practice prohibited by this Article;
28	G. The false representation or implication that the
30	consumer committed a crime or other conduct in order to disgrace the consumer;
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34	H. Communicating or threatening to communicate to any person credit information that is known or that should be known to be false, including the failure to communicate that
36	a disputed debt is disputed;
38	I. The use or distribution of a written communication that simulates or is falsely represented to be a document
40	authorized, issued or approved by a court, official or agency of the United States or any state, or that creates a
42	false impression as to its source, authorization or approval;
44	J. The use of a false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect a debt or to obtain
46	information concerning a consumer;
4 B	K The false representation or implication that accounts

have been turned over to innocent purchasers for value;

2	L. The false representation or implication that documents are legal process;
4	M. The use of a business, company or organization name other than the true name of the merchant's business, company
6	or organization;
8	N. The false representation or implication that documents are not legal process forms or do not require action by the
10	consumer; or
12	O. The false representation or implication that a merchant operates or is employed by a consumer reporting agency, as
14	defined by Title 10, section 1312, subsection 4.
16	6. A merchant may not use unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect a debt. Without limiting the
18	general application of this subsection, the following conduct is a violation of this section:
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22	A. The collection of an amount, including any interest, fee, charge or expense incidental to the principal obligation, unless the amount is expressly authorized by the
24	agreement creating the debt or permitted by law;
26	B. The solicitation by a merchant of any postdated check or other postdated payment instrument for the purpose of
28	threatening or instituting criminal prosecution;
30	C. Depositing or threatening to deposit any postdated check or other postdated payment instrument prior to the date on
32	the check or instrument;
34	D. Causing charges to be made to a person for communications by concealment of the true purpose of the
36	communication. These charges include, but are not limited to, collect telephone calls and telegram fees;
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40	E. Communicating with a consumer regarding a debt by postcard;
42	F. Using language or a symbol, other than the merchant's address and business name, on an envelope when communicating
44	with a consumer in connection with a debt; or
46	G. Using or employing notaries public, constables, sheriffs or any other officer authorized to serve legal papers in the
4.8	collection of a debt.

	Sec. 19. 9-A MIKSA 911-120, Sub-93, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
2	787, is amended to read:
4	3. A civil action by an aggrieved consumer in which the
	consumer may recover actual damages, plus costs of the action and
6	reasonable attorney's fees. or In lieu of actual damages a
	consumer named as a plaintiff in the complaint as originally
8	filed has a right to recover from a merchant violating this
	Article \$250, whichever-is-greater, plus costs of the action and
10	reasonable attorney's fees.
12	Sec. 20. 9-A MRSA §11-120, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 787, is
12	amended by adding a new paragraph at the end to read:
14	amended by adding a new paragraph at the ond to read.
	An action pursuant to this section may not be brought more
16	than 2 years after the violation occurs.
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20	SUMMARY
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2.2	This bill updates and clarifies the provisions of the Maine
22	Consumer Credit Code relating to rental-purchase agreements. It amends consumer disclosure provisions and clarifies the term
24	"cash price." The bill also limits the consumer's liability for
	the property to the least of the fair market value, early
26	purchase option price, remaining rent or repair cost and
	lengthens the time consumers have in which to reinstate the
28	rental-purchase agreement. The bill requires merchants to
	display a point-of-rental placard for any item offered for
30	rental-purchase.
32	The bill also tailors provisions of the Maine Fair Debt
34	Collection Practices Act to rental-purchase agreements.

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