MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2673

H.P. 1927

House of Representatives, April 3, 2000

An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Commission to Propose an Alternative Process for Forensic Examinations for Sexual Assault Victims.

(EMERGENCY)

Reported by Representative POVICH for the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice pursuant to Resolve 1999, chapter 84, section 8.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not
2	become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
4	****
6	Whereas, this Act implements the recommendations of the Commission to Propose an Alternative Process for Forensic
8	Examinations for Sexual Assault Victims; and
	Whereas, the Legislature needs to provide swift relief so
10	that victims of sexual assault will no longer have to pay the costs of forensic examinations; and
12	Whomas this lat allow the Winting! Commenced on Board and
14	Whereas, this Act allows the Victims' Compensation Board and the Department of Public Safety to immediately begin their rulemaking in order to implement the Victims' Compensation Fund
16	payment plan for forensic examinations and to develop a standardized forensic examination kit, respectively, by November
18	2000; and
20	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts
	create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of
22	Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
2.4	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and
24	safety; now, therefore,
26	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
28	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §3360-M is enacted to read:
30	§3360-M. Payment for forensic examinations for alleged victims
	of gross sexual assault
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	1. Payment. The board shall pay the costs of forensic
34	examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault from the
36	Victims' Compensation Fund. The board shall track expenditures for forensic examinations separately from all other
30	expenditures. Forensic examination payments are not subject to
38	any other provision of this chapter.
40	2. Forensic examination. The board shall determine by rule
	what a forensic examination may include for purposes of payment.
42	An examination must include at least all services directly
4.4	related to the gathering of forensic evidence and related testing
44	and treatment for pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.
46	The board shall pay a licensed hospital or licensed health care practitioner the actual cost of the forensic examination up to a
	maximum of \$500.
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	3. Process for payment. A licensed hospital or licensed
50	health care practitioner that performs forensic examinations for

alleged victims of gross sexual assault shall submit a bill to 2 the Victims' Compensation Board directly for payment of the forensic examinations. The hospital or health care practitioner that performs a forensic examination shall take steps necessary 4 to ensure the confidentiality of the alleged victim's identity. 6 The bill submitted by the hospital or health care practitioner may not identify the alleged victim by name but must be assigned 8 a tracking number that corresponds to the forensic examination kit. The tracking number may not be the alleged victim's social 10 security number. The hospital or health care practitioner that performs the examination may not bill the alleged victim or the 12 alleged victim's insurer, nonprofit hospital or medical service organization or health maintenance organization for payment of 14 the examination. The alleged victim is not required to report the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency.

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- 4. Other reimbursement. The fact that forensic examinations are paid for separately through the Victims' Compensation Fund does not preclude alleged victims of gross sexual assault from seeking reimbursement for expenses other than those for the forensic examination. A victim seeking reimbursement from the Victims' Compensation Fund for expenses other than the forensic examination is subject to all other provisions of this chapter.
- 5. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
 - Sec. 2. 24 MRSA §2986 is enacted to read:
 - §2986. Performing forensic examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault

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- 1. Standard forensic examination kit. All licensed hospitals and licensed health care practitioners shall use a standard forensic examination kit developed and furnished by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Title 25, section 2915 to perform forensic examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault.
- 2. Victims' Compensation Board billing. All licensed hospitals and licensed health care practitioners that perform forensic examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault shall submit a bill to the Victims' Compensation Board directly for payment of the forensic examinations. The Victims' Compensation Board shall determine what a forensic examination includes pursuant to Title 5, section 3360-M. The hospital or health care practitioner that performs a forensic examination shall take steps necessary to ensure the confidentiality of the

- alleged victim's identity. The bill submitted by the hospital or 2 health care practitioner may not identify the alleged victim by name but must be assigned a tracking number that corresponds to 4 the forensic examination kit. The tracking number may not be the alleged victim's social security number. The Victims' 6 Compensation Board shall pay the actual cost of the forensic examination up to a maximum of \$500. Licensed hospitals and licensed health care practitioners that perform forensic 8 examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault may not 10 bill the alleged victim or the alleged victim's insurer, nonprofit hospital or medical service organization or health 12 maintenance organization for payment for the examination.
- 14 3. Completed kit. If the alleged victim has not reported the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency when the examination is complete, the hospital or health care practitioner 16 shall then notify the nearest law enforcement agency, which shall transport and store the kit for at least 90 days. The completed 18 kit may be identified only by the tracking number. If during 20 that 90-day period an alleged victim decides to report the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency, the alleged victim 22 may contact the hospital or health care practitioner to determine the tracking number. The hospital or health care practitioner 24 shall provide the alleged victim with the tracking number on the forensic examination kit and shall inform the alleged victim 26 which law enforcement agency is storing the kit.
- If the alleged victim reports the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency by the time the examination is complete, the investigating law enforcement agency shall transport the kit directly to the Maine State Police Crime Laboratory.
 - 4. Other payment. A licensed hospital or licensed health care practitioner is not precluded from seeking other payment for treatment or services provided to an alleged victim that are outside the scope of the forensic examination.

Sec. 3. 25 MRSA §2915 is enacted to read:

§2915. Uniform forensic examination kit for evidence collection in alleged cases of gross sexual assault

1. Development of uniform forensic examination kit. The Department of Public Safety shall determine by rule what constitutes a uniform standardized forensic examination kit for evidence collection in alleged cases of gross sexual assault. The rules must define the contents of the kit, instructions for administering the kit and a checklist that examiners must follow and enclose in the completed kit.

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	2. Use of uniform forensic examination kit. A licensed
2	hospital or licensed health care practitioner that conducts
	physical examinations of alleged victims of gross sexual assault
4	shall use the uniform standardized forensic examination kit
	developed by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to
6	subsection 1. A health care practitioner who conducts physical
	examinations of alleged victims of gross sexual assault must be
8	trained in the proper evidence collection procedures for
	conducting a forensic examination.
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Evidence collection results may not be excluded as evidence in any proceeding before any court of this State as a result of the examiner's failure to use the standardized evidence collection kit or as a result of the examiner's failure to be trained in the proper procedures for the collection of evidence required by this subsection.

- 3. Furnishing of uniform forensic examination kit. The
 Department of Public Safety shall furnish the uniform forensic
 examination kits to licensed hospitals and licensed health care
 practitioners that perform forensic examinations of alleged
 victims of gross sexual assault.
- 24 4. Rules. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
 - Sec. 4. 25 MRSA c. 407 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 407

TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE OF FORENSIC EXAMINATION KITS FOR ALLEGED VICTIMS OF GROSS SEXUAL ASSAULT

\$3821. Transportation and storage of forensic examination kits

If an alleged victim of gross sexual assault has a forensic examination and has not reported the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency when the examination is complete, the licensed hospital or licensed health care practitioner that completed the forensic examination shall notify the nearest law enforcement agency. That law enforcement agency shall transport the completed kit, identified only by a tracking number assigned by the hospital or health care practitioner, to its evidence storage facility. The law enforcement agency shall store the kit for at least 90 days from the time of receipt. If during that 90-day period the alleged victim reports the offense to a law enforcement agency, the agency storing the kit shall transport the kit to the Maine State Police Crime Laboratory.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §287, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 101, is amended to read:

1. Payment of expenses by district attorney. Except as provided in subsection 2, in all cases reported to a law enforcement officer of sexual abuse-of crimes against minors, or assault when serious bodily injury has been inflicted and-gress sexual-assault, the office of the district attorney of the county in which the alleged crime occurred shall pay the expenses of a physical examination of the victim conducted for the purpose of obtaining evidence for the prosecution. Pursuant to Title 5, section 3360-M, the Victims' Compensation Board shall pay the expenses of forensic examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault.

Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §287, sub-§2-A is enacted to read:

- 2-A. Drug and alcohol testing. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 and Title 5, section 3360-M, the district attorney shall pay the expense of any analysis of a drug or alcohol test performed as part of a forensic examination of an alleged victim of gross sexual assault when the purpose of the analysis is to obtain evidence for the prosecution.
- Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §287, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

3. Medical personnel not liable for furnishing reports, records or testimony. We A physician, nurse, hospital, clinic or any other person, firm or corporation attending a victim under subsection 1 may-be is not liable in damages or otherwise for providing reports or records, copies of reports or records or for their testimony relating to any examination performed under this section when those reports, records or testimony are provided to a district attorney, a law enforcement officer or a court for the purpose of prosecuting the alleged crime, whether or not the reports, records or testimony are provided with the written authorization of the victim examined under this section.

- Sec. 8. 30-A MRSA §287, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1997, c. 333, §1, is repealed.
- Sec. 9. Rulemaking. Notwithstanding the effective date section of this Act, the Victims' Compensation Board shall begin its rule-making process pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 3360-M, subsections 2 and 5 when this Act is approved. Notwithstanding the effective date section of this Act, the Department of Public Safety shall begin its rule-making

2	when this Act is approved.		
4	Sec. 10. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.		
6	2000-01		
8	PUBLIC SAFETY, DEPARTMENT OF		
10	Bureau of State Police		
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14	All Other \$2,400		
16	Appropriates funds to cover the General Fund share of the cost of providing forensic		
18	examination kits to all licensed hospitals and to all licensed health care		
20	practitioners.		
22	Sec. 11. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Highway Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.		
24	2000-01		
26			
28	PUBLIC SAFETY, DEPARTMENT OF		
30	Bureau of State Police		
32	All Other \$3,600		
34	Allocates funds to cover the Highway Fund share of the costs of providing forensic		
36	examination kits to all licensed hospitals and to all licensed health care		
38	practitioners.		
40	Sec. 12. Allocation. The following funds are allocated fro Other Special Revenue funds to carry out the purposes of this Act		
42	2000-01		
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46	ATTORNEY GENERAL, DEPARTMENT OF THE		
48	Victims' Compensation Board		

All Other \$100,000

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Provides funds to support the cost of reimbursing health care practitioners for forensic examinations of alleged victims of gross sexual assault.

Sec. 13. Effective date. Those sections of this Act that enact the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 3360-M, Title 24, section 2986, Title 25, section 2915 and chapter 407 and Title 30-A, section 287, subsection 2-A; that amend Title 30-A, section 287, subsection 1 and subsection 3; and that repeal Title 30-A, section 287, subsection 4 take effect November 1, 2000.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved, except as otherwise indicated.

FISCAL NOTE

2000-01

APPROPRIATIONS/ALLOCATIONS

General Fund	\$2,400
Highway Fund	3,600
Other Funds	100,000

This bill includes a General Fund appropriation of \$2,400 in fiscal year 2000-01 for the Bureau of State Police within the Department of Public Safety to cover the General Fund share of the costs of providing forensic examination kits to all licensed hospitals and all licensed health care practitioners. The estimated annual future costs are \$2,400 beginning in fiscal year 2001-02. This bill also includes a Highway Fund allocation of \$3,600 in fiscal year 2000-01 for the Bureau of State Police to cover the Highway Fund share of the costs of providing forensic examination kits. The estimated annual future costs are \$3,600 beginning in fiscal year 2001-02. The Bureau of State Police will also incur some minor additional costs to adopt rules pertaining to forensic examination kits. These costs can be absorbed within the bureau's existing budgeted resources.

This bill also includes an Other Special Revenue funds allocation of \$100,000 from the Victims' Compensation Fund within the Department of the Attorney General to support the cost of reimbursing health care practitioners who perform forensic examinations on alleged victims of gross sexual assault. The annual cost is estimated to be \$150,000. Since revenue accruing to the Victims' Compensation Fund has historically exceeded

expenditures from the fund by over \$200,000 annually, sufficient revenue exists to support this additional cost.

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SUMMARY

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Pursuant to Resolve 1999, chapter 84, this bill is being submitted by the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice to implement the recommendations of the Commission to Propose an Alternative Process for Forensic Examinations for Sexual Assault Victims. The bill outlines the responsibilities of the Victims' Compensation Board, hospitals and health care practitioners and law enforcement agencies in regards to forensic examinations of alleged victims of sexual assault.

The bill directs the Victims' Compensation Board to pay for all forensic examinations conducted on or after November 1, 2000 from the Victims' Compensation Fund and to track expenditures for forensic examinations separately. The board shall determine by rule what a forensic examination may include for purposes of payment. An examination must include at least all services directly related to the gathering of forensic evidence and related testing and treatment for pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Forensic examination payments are not subject to any other provision of the victims' compensation program and are not considered payments to victims for purposes of the cap.

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The bill directs the Department of Public Safety to determine by rule what a standardized forensic examination kit includes and to furnish the kits to hospitals and health care practitioners who perform forensic examinations of sexual assault victims.

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A hospital or health care practitioner that completes a forensic examination shall bill the Victims' Compensation Board directly for payment. The board shall pay the hospital or health care practitioner the actual costs of the examination up to a maximum of \$500. Hospitals and health care practitioners performing forensic examinations shall use uniform kits developed and furnished by the Department of Public Safety. A victim is not required to report the alleged offense to law enforcement in order for the board to pay for the examination. If an alleged victim of gross sexual assault has a forensic examination but has not reported the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency when the examination is complete, the hospital or health care practitioner that completed the forensic examination shall notify the nearest law enforcement agency. That law enforcement agency shall transport the completed kit, identified only by a tracking number assigned by the hospital or health care practitioner, to

its evidence storage facility and shall store the kit for at
least 90 days from the time of receipt. If the victim reports
the offense during the 90 days, the victim may contact the
hospital or health care practitioner to determine the tracking
number and which law enforcement agency is storing the kit. The
law enforcement agency then shall transport the kit to the Maine
State Police Crime Laboratory. If the victim reports the alleged
offense to a law enforcement agency by the time the examination
is complete, the investigating law enforcement agency shall
transport the kit directly to the Maine State Police Crime
Laboratory.

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The bill also requires district attorneys to pay the expense of the analysis of a drug or alcohol test performed as part of the examination to obtain evidence for the prosecution.

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The bill is an emergency in order to give the Victims' Compensation Board and the Department of Public Safety time to adopt the rules required under this Act and so that payment for all forensic examinations conducted on or after November 1, 2000 will be made by the Victims' Compensation Board.