



## **119th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000**

Legislative Document

No. 2642

S.P. 1052

In Senate, March 22, 2000

An Act to Amend the Nutrient Management Laws to Include the Regulation of the Discharge from Fish Hatcheries Except for Aquaculture.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

(EMERGENCY)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 205.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator KIEFFER of Aroostook. Cosponsored by Representative DUNLAP of Old Town and Senators: KILKELLY of Lincoln, LIBBY of York, NUTTING of Androscoggin, Representatives: BRYANT of Dixfield, CLARK of Millinocket, HONEY of Boothbay, JOY of Crystal, TRUE of Fryeburg. **Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, fish hatcheries are an important part of the 5 State's economy and resource management efforts; and

8 Whereas, currently, fish hatcheries are not properly regulated, causing confusion and concern among the hatcheries, 10 which are unable to expand and are unclear about the future due to the lack of regulatory guidance; and

Whereas, the industry is vulnerable to immediate adverse economic harm without proper regulatory guidance; and

16 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of 18 Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and 20 safety; now, therefore,

## 22 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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Sec. 1. 7 MRSA §4204, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1999, c. 530, §4, is further amended to read:

Nutrient management plan required. A person who owns or 1. operates a farm that meets the criteria established in subsection 28 2 shall have a nutrient management plan for that farm and, except for a farm that meets the criteria of subsection 2, paragraph E. 30 shall implement the provisions in that plan by the dates specified for that category of farm in subsection 4, 5, 6 or 7. 32 The nutrient management plan must be prepared by a person 34 certified in accordance with section 4202, subsection 2 and must address the storage and utilization of all farm nutrients generated on or transported to the farm. A nutrient management 36 plan developed by a farm owner or operator is deemed to have been 38 prepared by a certified nutrient management specialist if a certified nutrient management specialist reviews the plan for compliance with this chapter, signs the plan and notifies the 40 department in accordance with subsection 3. For livestock farms, 42 the nutrient management plan must address storage and utilization of farm nutrients for the entire farm operation including leased 44 or rented land. For crop farms, the plan must address storage and utilization of farm nutrients on land on which manure is utilized or stored. The plan must establish minimum distances 46 between manure storage, stacking and spreading areas and property lines and surface water based on site-specific factors. The plan 48 must provide for manure storage for a minimum of 180 days. Ά copy of a nutrient management plan required under this section 50

2	nust be available to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee upon request. A nutrient management plan must include the following:
4	A. Provisions for soil erosion control;
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8	B. Minimum distances between manure storage, stacking and spreading areas and property lines and surface waters;
10	C. Results of soil tests for land designated in the plan for manure spreading or manure irrigation;
12	D. Results of manure tests;
14	E. Statement of yield goals for land receiving farm
16	nutrients;
18	F. Additional information established through rulemaking;
20	G. Site-specific dates recommended for the spreading of manure and spraying or irrigation of liquid manure. In
22	compliance with section 4207, the plan may not recommend
24	spreading between December 1st of a calendar year and March 15th of the following calendar year; and
26	H. A recommended timetable for implementing the plan.
28	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §4204, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
30	1-A. Fish hatcheries. A nutrient management plan for a
32	fish hatchery under subsection 2, paragraph E must address discharge into state waters. The department may adopt routine
34	technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
36	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §4204, sub-§2, ¶C, as amended by PL 1999, c.
38	530, §4, is further amended to read:
40	C. A farm that is the subject of a verified complaint of improper manure handling; or
42	Sec. 3. 7 MRSA §4204, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 642, §2, is amended to read:
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46	D. A farm that stores or utilizes regulated residuals. $\frac{1}{2}$ or
48	Sec.4. 7 MRSA §4204, sub-§2, ¶E is enacted to read:
50	E. A fish hatchery, except for offshore aquaculture operations in estuarine or marine waters.

2	Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §413, sub-§2-H is enacted to read:
4	2-H. Exemptions; fish hatcheries. A license is not
6	required under this section for a discharge from a fish hatchery.
8	<b>Emergency clause.</b> In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.
10	SUMMARY
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	This bill requires fish hatcheries, other than offshore
14	aquaculture operations in estuarine or marine waters, to have a nutrient management plan under the nutrient management laws and
16	exempts fish hatcheries from needing a discharge license under the Department of Environmental Protection.