MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2600

S.P. 1027

In Senate, March 3, 2000

An Act to Implement the Land Use Recommendations of the Task Force on State Office Building Location, Other State Growth-related Capital Investments and Patterns of Development.

Reported by Senator TREAT of Kennebec for the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources pursuant to Joint Order S.P. 1014.

Reference to the Committee on Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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- Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §1742-D, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1991, c. 780, 4 Pt. Y, §59, is further amended to read:
- 6 2. Establish standards; waiver. The Bureau of General Services shall establish the following:
- A. Standards for occupant safety and comfort in leased space must--be that are consistent with law and all applicable building, fire, handicapped accessibility and environmental codes; and
- By July 1, 1991, standards for space use for all state 14 facilities that ensure the equitable and distribution of available floor space, including common 16 areas, consistent with cost, program and functional 18 objectives.
- The Director of the Bureau of General Services may provide a waiver of the standards and criteria established under this section if the director concludes that the unique conditions of location, program or employee function require such a waiver or in order to meet the purpose of Title 30-A, section 4349-A, subsection 2, relating to priority locations for state office buildings, courts and other state civic buildings.

Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §1742-D, sub-§10 is enacted to read:

- 10. Downtown Leasehold Improvement Fund. The Downtown Leasehold Improvement Fund, referred to in this subsection as the "fund," is established within the Bureau of General Services to assist state agencies in securing suitable space in downtowns whenever possible by providing for capital improvements to real property leased by the State in downtowns necessary to meet public health, safety and accessibility requirements of federal, state and local statutes and codes.
- The fund is a nonlapsing fund consisting of sums that are
 appropriated by the Legislature or transferred to the fund from
 time to time by the Treasurer of State, the proceeds of notes or
 bonds issued by the State for the purpose of deposit in the fund,
 grants and awards made to the State or an instrumentality of the
 State by the Federal Government for the purpose for which the
 fund has been established and other funds from any public or
 private source received for use for the purpose for which the
 fund has been established.
- The bureau shall invest in leasehold improvements from this fund only when it determines that the length and other terms of

| | the lease will provide for reasonable use of and return on the |
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| 2 | investments for the State. |
| 4 | The bureau may establish accounts and subaccounts as it |
| | determines desirable to effectuate the purpose of the fund. |
| 6 | Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §13058, sub-§10-A is enacted to read: |
| 8 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| | 10-A. Maine Downtown Center. The commissioner shall |
| 10 | establish the Maine Downtown Center, referred to in this |
| | subsection as the "center," within the department to encourage |
| 12 | downtown revitalization in the State. |
| 14 | A. The center serves the following functions: |
| 16 | (1) To advocate for downtown revitalization; |
| 18 | (2) To promote awareness about the importance of vital downtowns; |
| 20 | 49 114 CQ 1141 I |
| 20 | (3) To serve as a clearinghouse for information |
| 22 | relating to downtown development; and |
| 2.4 | (4) m |
| 24 | (4) To provide training and technical assistance to communities that demonstrate a willingness and ability |
| 26 | |
| 20 | to revitalize their downtowns. |
| 28 | B. The commissioner shall appoint a director of the center |
| | who shall administer the center in accordance with the |
| 30 | policies of the commissioner and the provisions of this |
| | subsection. |
| 32 | |
| | C. The commissioner shall collaborate with the Director of |
| 34 | the State Planning Office within the Executive Department to |
| | coordinate the programs of the center. |
| 36 | |
| | D. For the purposes of this subsection, "downtown" means |
| 38 | the traditional central business district of a community |
| | that has served as the center for socioeconomic interaction |
| 40 | in the community and is characterized by a cohesive core of |
| | commercial and mixed-use buildings, often interspersed with |
| 42 | civic, religious and residential buildings and public |
| | spaces, typically arranged along a main street and |
| 44 | <pre>intersecting side streets, walkable and served by public infrastructure.</pre> |
| 46 | |
| | Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §15908, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. |
| 48 | 721, Pt. B, §1 and affected by Pt. H, §1, is amended to read: |

4. Consistent siting. The state board shall adopt criteria governing applications under this chapter to direct construction projects for new schools to areas determined suitable under the provisions of Title 30-A, chapter 187, subchapter II, by the municipality within which the project will be located. The board may not require a minimum contiguous parcel size for the project as a condition of approval. The criteria must require that the municipality in which the project will be located consider, with the assistance of the Executive Department, State Planning Office, priority locations in selecting a school building site. Priority locations are as follows:

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- A. A locally designated growth area, as identified in a comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to Title 30-A, chapter 187, subchapter II; or
- B. In the absence of a comprehensive plan pursuant to

 paragraph A, an area served by a public sewer system that
 has the capacity for the school construction project, an

 area identified by the latest Federal Decennial Census as a
 census designated place, or a compact area of an urban

 compact municipality as defined by Title 23, section 754.
- 24 If the municipality does not select a school building site in a priority location, the municipality shall provide a written 26 explanation to the state board explaining why a priority site was not selected. State funds may then be used for the project only if the municipality in which the project will be located 28 certifies to the state board that the municipality's land use 30 regulations do not prohibit, within a 1/4 mile of the edge of the property on which the school construction project will be 32 located, residential development at a density of at least 3 dwelling units per acre if the area is served by a public sewer system or at least 1.5 dwellings per acre if the area is not 34 served by a public sewer system. The state board may waive this 36 requirement if the municipality certifies that more restrictive municipal land use regulations are necessary because the area 38 contains wetlands or similar natural resources unsuitable for residential development at that density.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §4301, sub-§§5-A and 5-B are enacted to read:

5-A. Downtown. "Downtown" means the traditional central business district of a community that has served as the center for socioeconomic interaction in the community and is characterized by a cohesive core of commercial and mixed-use buildings, often interspersed with civic, religious and residential buildings and public spaces, typically arranged along

a main street and intersecting side streets, walkable and served by public infrastructure.

- 4 5-B. Growth-related capital investment. "Growth-related capital investment" means investment in only the following projects, whether using state, federal or other funds, and 6 whether in the form of a purchase, lease, grant, loan, loan guarantee, credit, tax credit or other financial assistance: 8 significant highway projects as defined in rules adopted by the 10 Department of Transportation under Title 23, section 73; the construction or purchase of newly constructed single-family homes 12 or purchase of loans for newly constructed single-family homes; the construction or acquisition of newly constructed multifamily 14 rental housing; the development of industrial or business parks; the construction or expansion of pollution control facilities that expands treatment capacity; the construction or extension of 16 sewer, water and other utility lines; grants and loans for infrastructure, public facilities and community buildings; and 18 construction or expansion of state office buildings, state courts and other state civic buildings that serve public clients and 20 customers. "Growth-related capital investment" does not include projects using funds for the operation or maintenance of a 22 governmental or quasi-governmental facility or program; the 24 construction of school capacity for additional students, provided the requirements of Title 20-A, section 15908, subsection 4 are 26 met; the renovation of an existing school and its related facilities at an existing site that does not add capacity for 28 additional students; the renovation of a governmental facility that does not significantly expand the facility's capacity; 30 general purpose aid for education other than for the construction of new schools and related facilities; community revenue sharing; 32 or public health programs.
- Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §4349, as amended by PL 1993, c. 721, Pt. B, §2 and affected by Pt. H, §1, is repealed.
 - Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §4349-A is enacted to read:

§4349-A. State capital investments

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- 1. Growth-related capital investments. The State may make growth-related capital investments only in:
- A. A locally designated growth area, as identified in a comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to and consistent with the goals and guidelines of this subchapter;
- B. In the absence of a consistent comprehensive plan, an area served by a public sewer system that has the capacity for the growth-related project, or an area identified in the

| | latest Federal Decennial Census as a census designated |
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| 2 | place, or a compact area of an urban compact municipality as defined by Title 23, section 754; or |
| 4 | |
| 6 | C. Areas other than those described in paragraph A or B for the following projects: |
| 8 | (1) A project certified to the Land and Water Resources Council established in Title 5, section 3331 |
| 10 | by the head of the agency funding the project as necessary to remedy a threat to public health or safety |
| 12 | or to comply with environmental clean-up laws; |
| 14 | (2) An acquisition of land for a park, conservation, open space or public access or acquisition of an |
| 16 | agricultural, conservation or historic easement; |
| 18 | (3) A project related to a commercial or industrial activity that, due to its operational or physical |
| 20 | characteristics, typically is located away from other development, including natural resource-based industry, |
| 22 | such as an agricultural operation, forestry, mineral extraction or power generation; an airport, port or |
| 24 | railroad or industry that must be proximate to an airport, a port or a railroad line or terminal; and a |
| 26 | pollution control facility; |
| 28 | (4) A project that increases the capacity of a highway or bridge that is part of the national highway system |
| 30 | or an arterial if the project addresses a regionwide or statewide need and if the project incorporates best |
| 32 | access management practices: |
| 34 | (5) A project that maintains, expands or promotes a tourist or cultural facility that is required to be |
| 36 | <pre>proximate to a specific historic, natural or cultural resource;</pre> |
| 38 | (6) A project located in a municipality that has none |
| 40 | of the geographic areas described in paragraph A or B and that prior to January 1, 2000 formally requested |
| 42 | but had not received from the office funds to assist with the preparation of a comprehensive plan or that |
| 44 | received funds to assist with the preparation of a comprehensive plan within the previous 2 years. This |
| 46 | exception expires for a municipality 2 years after such funds are received: or |
| 48 | (7) A project certified to the Land and Water |
| 50 | Resources Council established in Title 5, section 3331 |

by the head of the agency funding the project as having
no feasible location within an area described in
paragraph A or B, if the Land and Water Resources
Council finds that extraordinary circumstances or the
unique needs of the agency require state funds for the
project.

- 2. State facilities. The Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of General Services shall develop by rule site selection criteria for state office buildings, state courts and other state civic buildings that serve public clients and customers, whether owned or leased by the State, that give preference to priority locations, while ensuring safe, healthy, appropriate work space for employees and clients and accounting for agency requirements. Preference must be given to priority locations in the following order: service center downtowns, service center growth areas and downtowns and growth areas in other than service center communities. If no suitable priority location exists, the facility must be located in accordance with subsection 1. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
- 24 3. Capital investments that are not growth-related. When awarding grants or assistance for capital investments or undertaking its own capital investment programs other than for 26 projects listed under section 4301, subsection 5-B, a state 28 agency shall give preference to a municipality that receives a certificate of consistency under section 4348 or that has adopted 30 a comprehensive plan and implementation strategies consistent with the goals and quidelines of this subchapter over a 32 municipality that does not obtain the certificate or finding of consistency within 4 years after receipt of the first installment 34 of a financial assistance grant or rejection of an offer of financial assistance.

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- 4. Application. This section applies to state capital investments made after June 30, 2000.
- Sec. 8. 30-A MRSA §4354, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read:

A. For the purposes of this subsection, infrastructure facilities include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Waste water collection and treatment facilities;
- 48 (2) Municipal water facilities;
- 50 (3) Solid waste facilities;

| 2 | (4) Fire protection facilities; |
|------------|---|
| 4 | (5) Roads and traffic control devices; and |
| 6 | (6) Parks and other open space or recreational areas.: and |
| 8 | |
| 10 | (7) School facilities. |
| 10 | Sec. 9. 30-A MRSA §5903, sub-§§3-B and 3-C are enacted to read: |
| 12 | |
| 14 | 3-B. Downtown. "Downtown" means the traditional central business district of a community that has served as the center for socioeconomic interaction in the community and is |
| 16 | characterized by a cohesive core of commercial and mixed-use buildings, often interspersed with civic, religious and |
| 18 | residential buildings and public spaces, typically arranged along |
| 20 | a main street and intersecting side streets, walkable and served by public infrastructure. |
| 22 | 3-C. Downtown improvement. "Downtown improvement" includes |
| 24 | facade, utility relocation or extension, historic preservation and parking and road improvement; elevator, sprinkler system and traffic control devices installation; purchase of development |
| 26 | rights for a park or open space and construction of park and open |
| | space amenities; and streetscape, sidewalk and curb installation |
| 28 | or upgrade. |
| 30 | Sec. 10. 30-A MRSA $\S5953$ -D, as renumbered by RR 1993, c. 2, $\S27$, is amended to read: |
| 32 | Prora positive of the state of |
| 34 | §5953-D. Assistance from Municipal Investment Trust Fund |
| J 2 | Application for public service infrastructure grants and |
| 36 | loans. In addition to the other forms of financial assistance |
| | available under section 6006-D, an eligible municipality or group |
| 38 | of municipalities may apply for a <u>public service infrastructure</u> |
| 40 | grant or loan from the Municipal Infrastructure Investment Trust |
| 40 | Fund, in this section called the "fund," the proceeds of which |
| 42 | must be used to acquire, design, plan, construct, enlarge, repair, protect or improve public service infrastructure owned by the applicant. |
| 44 | the applicant. |
| 17 | The bank, in conjunction with the Department of Economic and |
| 46 | Community Development, may prescribe an application form or procedure for an eligible municipality or group of municipalities |
| 48 | to apply for a grant or loan under this section. The application |

must include all information necessary for the purpose of implementing this section and section 6006-D.

1-A. Application for downtown improvement loan. In addition

to the other forms of financial assistance available under section 6006-D, an eligible municipality or group of municipalities may apply for a downtown improvement loan from the fund, the proceeds of which must be used to acquire, design, plan, construct, enlarge, repair or protect downtown improvements.

The bank, in conjunction with the Department of Economic and Community Development, may prescribe an application form or procedure for an eligible municipality or group of municipalities to apply for a loan under this subsection. The application must include all information necessary for the purpose of implementing this section and section 6006-D.

Loan; loan agreements. Loans from the fund are subject to this subsection.

A. The bank may make loans from the fund to an eligible municipality or group of municipalities for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection 1 and subsection 1-A. Each of the loans is subject to the following conditions.

 (1) The total amount of loans outstanding at any one time from the fund may not exceed the balance of the fund; the proceeds of bonds or notes of the bank deposited in the fund, revenues from other sources deposited in the fund and binding financial commitments of the United States to deposit money in the fund must be included in determining the fund balance.

(2) The loan must be evidenced by a municipal bond or other debt instrument, payable by the municipality over a term not to exceed 40 years with annual principal or interest payments commencing not later than one year after the project being financed is completed.

(3) The rate of interest charged for the loans must be at or below market interest rates.

(4) Subject to the limitations of subparagraph (3), the rate of interest charged for the loans made to municipalities under this section or the manner of determining the rate of interest must be established from time to time by direction of the bank, taking into consideration the current average rate on outstanding marketable obligations.

- Loans made to a municipality by the bank under this section must be evidenced by and made in accordance with the 2 terms and conditions specified in a loan agreement to be 4 executed by the bank and the municipality. agreement must specify the terms and conditions 6 disbursement of loan proceeds. The loan agreement must state the term and interest rate of the loan, the scheduling 8 of loan repayments and any other terms and conditions determined necessary or desirable by the bank. 10 Bligibility certification. The bank may not make a 12 grant or loan to a municipality or group of municipalities under this section until: 14 The applicant certifies to the bank that it has secured all permits, licenses and approvals necessary to construct 16 the improvements to be financed by the grant or loan; 18
 - B. In the case of a loan, the applicant demonstrates to the bank that it has established a rate, charge or assessment schedule that generates annually sufficient revenue to pay, or has otherwise provided sufficient assurances that it pays, the principal of and interest on the municipal bond or
- other debt instrument that evidences the loan made by the bank to the municipality pursuant to the loan agreement under this section and to pay reasonably anticipated costs of operating and maintaining the financed project and the system of which it is a part;
- C. In the case of a loan, the applicant certifies to the bank that it has created a dedicated source of revenue that may constitute general revenues of the applicant through a general obligation pledge of the applicant for repayment of the loan; and
 - D. The <u>In the case of a public service infrastructure grant or loan</u>, the Department of Economic and Community Development affirms that the applicant has met the conditions of this paragraph.
 - (1) A municipality is eligible to receive a grant or a loan, or a combination of both, if that municipality has adopted a local growth management program certified under section 4348 that includes a capital improvement program comprised composed of the following elements:
 - (a) An assessment of all public facilities and services, such as, but not limited to, roads and other transportation facilities, sewers, schools, parks and open space, fire and police;

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| 2 | (b) An annually reviewed 5-year plan for the |
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| 4 | replacement and expansion of existing public facilities or the construction of such new |
| | facilities as are required to meet expected growth |
| 6 | and economic development. The plan must include |
| 8 | <pre>projections of when and where those facilities will be required; and</pre> |
| 10 | (c) An assessment of the anticipated costs for |
| 12 | replacement, expansion or construction of public facilities, an identification of revenue sources available to meet these costs and recommendations |
| 14 | for meeting costs required to implement the plan. |
| 16 | (2) A municipality is eligible to receive a loan if that municipality: |
| 18 | |
| 20 | (a) Has adopted a comprehensive plan that is determined by the DepartmentofEconomicand Community-Development Executive Department, State |
| 22 | Planning Office to be consistent with section 4326, subsections 1 to 4+-and. |
| 24 | 1020, Subsections 1 to 17-dad. |
| 26 | (b)The-request-for-a-lean-is-part-of-a-semplete application-for-financial-assistance-that-is-filed |
| 28 | en-er-befere-December-31,-1998. |
| 20 | Subject to the limitations of this subsection, 2 or more |
| 30 | municipalities that each meet the requirements of subparagraphs (1) or (2) may jointly apply for assistance |
| 32 | under this section+; and |
| 34 | E. In the case of a downtown improvement loan, the Department of Economic and Community Development affirms |
| 36 | that the applicant has met the conditions of this paragraph. A municipality is eligible to receive a downtown |
| 38 | improvement loan if that municipality has: |
| 40 | (1) Shown broad-based support for downtown revitalization; |
| 42 | * 4.4.2 (8.2.2.2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4. |
| | (2) Established a comprehensive downtown revitalization |
| 44 | <pre>work plan, including a definition and a map of the affected area;</pre> |
| 46 | ATT A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A |
| 10 | (3) Developed measurable goals and objectives: |
| 48 | (4) Demonstrated an historic preservation ethic; |
| | 14) Downwart area an wiscours Diesel Agriou equic; |

| 2 | (5) Established an ongoing board of directors, with associated committees; |
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| _ | AND |
| 4 | (6) Provided an adequate operating budget; |
| 6 | (7) Hired a professional downtown manager; |
| 8 | (8) Established an ongoing training program for staff and volunteers; |
| 10 | |
| 12 | (9) Developed the capacity to report on the progress of the downtown program; and |
| 14 | (10) Established the ability and willingness to support integrated marketing efforts for retailers, services, |
| 16 | activities and events. |
| 18 | 4. Criteria; conditions for public service infrastructure grants and loans. The Department of Economic and Community |
| 20 | Development, in conjunction with the bank, shall develop criteria and conditions for the award of <u>public service infrastructure</u> |
| 22 | loans and grants to eligible municipalities after consultation with the Municipal Capital Investment Advisory Commission and |
| 24 | subject to the requirements of this section. The department shall: |
| 26 | A. Give priority to those municipalities that are |
| 28 | experiencing rapid growth and possess a public service infrastructure inadequate to accommodate that growth; |
| 30 | |
| 32 | B. Establish a preference for those municipalities eligible under subsection 3, paragraph D, subparagraph (1) over those |
| 34 | <pre>municipalities eligible under subsection 3, paragraph D, subparagraph (2);</pre> |
| 36 | C. Establish a preference for those municipalities with |
| 38 | higher local property tax burdens. The comparative local property tax burden must be determined under section 5681; |
| 40 | D. Establish a preference for capital investment projects undertaken jointly by 2 or more municipalities or that |
| 42 | provide substantial regional benefits; |
| 44 | E. Adopt other criteria as it determines necessary to ensure that loans and grants made under this section |
| 46 | maximize the ability of municipalities to accommodate planned growth and economic development; and |

F. Condition any loans and grants under this section on consistency with the municipality's comprehensive plan or local growth management program.

4-A. Criteria; conditions for downtown improvement loans. The Department of Economic and Community Development, in conjunction with the bank, shall develop criteria and conditions for the award of downtown improvement loans to eligible municipalities after consultation with the state agencies listed in subsection 5 and subject to the requirements of this section. The department shall establish a preference for municipalities that are regional service centers or urban compact municipalities or have adopted a comprehensive plan consistent with section 4326.

- 5. Coordination. The bank shall coordinate the loans and grants made under this section with all other community assistance loans and grants administered by the Department of Economic and Community Development and with other state assistance programs designed to accomplish similar objectives, including those administered by the Department of Education, the Department of Transportation, the State Planning Office within the Executive Department, the Finance Authority of Maine, the Maine State Housing Authority, the Maine Historic Preservation Commission, the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, the Department of Conservation and the Department of Environmental Protection.
- 6. Municipal Capital Investment Advisory Commission. The Municipal Capital Investment Advisory Commission is established to provide expert assistance and input to the Department of Economic and Community Development on the development of loans and grants criteria under this section. The commission is composed of 5 members who shall serve staggered 4-year terms except that the terms of the initial members are as follows: one member serves for 2 years; 2 members serve for 3 years; and 2 members serve for 4 years. The Governor shall appoint the members who must each have expertise and experience in municipal government or locally supported regional associations. The commission shall meet at least twice annually and shall review the loans and grants criteria annually.
 - 7. Report to the Legislature. The bank shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resource matters no later than January 1,-1995-and biennially-thereafter 1st of each odd-numbered year on the loans and grants program. The bank may make any recommendations it finds necessary to more effectively achieve the purposes of this section, including the appropriation of any necessary additional funds.

| 2 | <pre>Sec. 11. 30-A MRSA §6006-D, as corrected by RR 1993, c. 2, §§30 and 31, is amended to read:</pre> |
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| 4 | §6006-D. Municipal Investment Trust Fund |
| 6 | 1. Establishment; administration. The Municipal Infrastructure Investment Trust Fund, referred to in this section |
| 8 | as the "fund," is established in the custody of the bank as a special fund as provided in this section. |
| 10 | |
| 12 | A. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance under subsection 2 for the acquisition, design, planning, construction, enlargement, repair, protection or |
| 14 | improvement of public service infrastructure and downtown improvements. |
| 16 | |
| 18 | B. The bank shall administer the fund. The fund must be invested in the same manner as permitted for investment of |
| 20 | funds belonging to the State or held in the State Treasury. The fund must be established and held separate from any other funds or money of the State or the bank and used and |
| 22 | administered exclusively for the purpose of this section and section 5953-D. The fund consists of the following: |
| 24 | · |
| 26 | (1) Sums that are appropriated by the Legislature or transferred to the fund from time-to-time by the Treasurer of State; |
| 28 | (2) Principal and interest received from the repayment |
| 30 | of loans made from the fund; |
| 32 | (3) Capitalization grants and awards made to the State or an instrumentality of the State by the Federal |
| 34 | Government for any of the purposes for which the fund has been established. These amounts must be paid |
| 36 | directly into the fund without need for appropriation by the State; |
| 38 | |
| 40 | (4) Interest earned from the investment of fund balances; |
| 42 | (5) Private gifts, bequests and donations made to the State for any of the purposes for which the fund has |
| 44 | been established; |
| 46 | (6) The proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the State for the purpose of deposit in the fund; |
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| 50 | (7) The proceeds of notes or bonds issued by the bank for the purpose of deposit in the fund; and |

| 2 | (8) Other funds from any public or private source received for use for any of the purposes for which the |
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| 4 | fund has been established. |
| 6 | 2. Uses. The fund may be used for one or more of the following purposes: |
| 8 | |
| 10 | A. To make grants and loans to municipalities under this section and section 5953-D; |
| 12 | B. To guarantee or insure, directly or indirectly, the payment of notes or bonds issued or to be issued by a |
| 14 | municipality for the purpose of financing the construction of any capital improvement described in section 5953-D, |
| 16 | subsection 1; |
| 18 | C. To guarantee or insure, directly or indirectly, funds established by municipalities for the purpose of financing |
| 20 | construction of any capital improvement described in section 5953-D, subsection 1; |
| 22 | |
| | D. To invest available fund balances and to credit the net |
| 24 | interest income on those balances to the fund; |
| 26 | E. To invest as a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and interest on general or special |
| 28 | obligations of the bank if the proceeds of the sale of the obligations have been deposited in the fund or loaned to |
| 30 | eligible participants in the programs financed with the fund, or as a source of revenue to subsidize municipal loan |
| 32 | payment obligations; and |
| 34 | F. To pay the costs of the bank associated with the administration of the fund and projects financed by it as |
| 36 | long as no more than 2% of the aggregate of the highest fund balance in any fiscal year is used for these purposes. |
| 38 | 7001 10 day 1001 10 day 101 0 |
| | 3. Establishment of accounts. The bank may establish |
| 40 | accounts and subaccounts within the fund as it determines |
| | desirable to effectuate the purposes of this section, including, |
| 42 | but not limited to, accounts to segregate a portion of the fund |
| | for grants and as security for bonds issued by the bank for |
| 44 | deposit in the fund and to be invested for the benefit of specified projects receiving financial assistance from the fund. |
| 46 | specified projects receiving linancial assistance from the fund. |
| 4 0 | Sec. 12. Department of Economic and Community Development to |

develop investment policy to assist municipalities and private property

Development

The Department of

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shall

owners in the redevelopment of downtowns.

Community

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and

investment policy that will provide further means to improve the condition of downtown properties and infrastructure to meet the multiple-use needs of downtowns. The policy must be based upon a proactive strategy that promotes investment in downtowns by:

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 Targeting transportation, economic and business development funds to assist in renovations to meet the contemporary needs of retail and office businesses and to provide appropriate access to and circulation within downtowns;

2. Encouraging the development and redevelopment o mixed-use spaces, including residential units, in downtowns;

- 3. Providing outreach and active technical assistance to communities that have state offices or facilities that serve clients to attract state facility development and other downtown business opportunities; and
- 4. Reviewing and, as appropriate, making recommendations
 for changes to building, safety and accessibility codes that will
 continue to promote the purposes of these codes while
 streamlining and enhancing the ability to renovate downtown
 structures for productive and economical use.

The Department of Economic and Community Development shall work with the Bureau of General Services within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, the Department Transportation, the Maine State Housing Authority, the Finance Authority of Maine, the State Fire Marshal, the State Planning Office within the Executive Department, the Maine Human Rights Commission and other state agencies in developing this state policy. It shall submit a report, including its proposed policy and any implementing legislation, to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over business and economic development matters by January 15, 2001. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over business and economic development matters may report out a bill to the First Regular Session of the 120th Legislature concerning the proposed policy.

Sec. 13. Task Force to Study Growth Management. The Task Force to Study Growth Management, referred to in this section as the "task force," is established.

- 1. The task force consists of 16 members appointed as follows:
- A. One member from the Senate who serves on the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources, appointed by the President of the Senate;

B. Two members from the House of Representatives, at least one of whom serves on the Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; 6 C. The Director of the State Planning Office within the Executive Department or the director's designee; 8 The Commissioner of Environmental Protection or 10 the commissioner's designee; 12 E. The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development or the commissioner's designee; 14 16 F. Two members representing environmental interests, one of whom is appointed by the President of the Senate and one of 18 whom is appointed by the Speaker of the House; 20 G. Three members representing municipal interests, 2 of whom are appointed by the President of the Senate and one of whom 22 is appointed by the Speaker of the House; H. Two members representing regional councils, one of whom 24 is appointed by the President of the Senate and one of whom is appointed by the Speaker of the House; 26 28 I. One member representing a statewide planning association, appointed by the Speaker of the House; and 30 J. Two members representing real estate or development interests, one of whom is appointed by the President of the 32 Senate and one of whom is appointed by the Speaker of the 34 House. 36 The Senate member and the first House member named are the cochairs of the task force. All appointments must be made no later than 15 days following the effective date of this Act. 38 appointing authorities shall notify the Executive Director of the Legislative Council upon making their appointments. 40 The cochairs of the task force shall call and convene the first meeting of the 42 task force within 30 days of the date the last member is appointed. 44 2. The duties of the task force are as follows. 46 The task force shall conduct a targeted review of the growth management laws with the goal of improving the law to 48 make it more responsive to the issues of sprawl.

review, the task force shall evaluate whether the growth

management program works well in very small municipalities and in municipalities experiencing greater or less growth. The task force shall also consider ways to strengthen the State's enabling legislation for impact fees. The task force shall develop recommendations to make the growth management laws more effective in controlling sprawl, including recommendations on funding, staffing and statutory changes. In developing its recommendations, the task force shall consider appropriate regional models for growth management.

B. The task force shall establish an advisory working group, including people outside of the task force, to review municipal subdivision law and its impact on local planning and growth management and to consider recommendations to streamline the local review process and to make the law a more effective tool in the planning process. The task force may establish additional advisory working groups as it considers appropriate.

- 3. The task force shall complete its work by November 1, 2000 and submit its report, together with any implementing legislation, to the First Regular Session of the 120th Legislature. If the task force requires an extension of time to make its report, it may apply to the Legislative Council, which may grant the extension.
- 4. Members of the task force who are Legislators are entitled to receive the legislative per diem and reimbursement of necessary expenses for their attendance at authorized meetings of the task force. Public members not otherwise compensated by their employers or other entities whom they represent are entitled to receive reimbursement of necessary expenses and a per diem equal to the legislative per diem for their attendance at authorized meetings of the task force.

5. Upon approval of the Legislative Council, the Office of Policy and Legal Analysis shall provide necessary staffing services to the task force.

- 6. The cochairs of the task force, with assistance from the task force staff, shall administer the task force's budget. Within 10 days after its first meeting, the task force shall present a work plan and proposed budget to the Legislative Council for approval. The task force may not incur expenses that would result in the task force exceeding its approved budget.
- Sec. 14. Report on rural lands. The Land and Water Resources Council shall submit a report to the Legislature by

January 15, 2001 with an evaluation of and recommendations on the use of incentives to keep rural land undeveloped.

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Sec. 15. Brownfields initiative; report. The Executive Department, State Planning Office and the Department of Environmental Protection shall undertake an initiative to promote the Maine Municipal Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund administered by the Maine Municipal Bond Bank, and the voluntary response action administered by the Department of Environmental program, Protection pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 343-E, and shall submit a joint report by January 15, 2001 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters with an evaluation of recommendations expanding initiative and for redevelopment in the State of abandoned, idled or underused industrial or commercial property where expansion redevelopment is complicated by real or perceived environmental contamination, also known as "brownfields."

Sec. 16. Review of state codes. The Office of the State Fire Marshal within the Department of Public Safety shall convene a stakeholders group, including the Department of Public Safety, Bureau of General Services within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, the Historic Preservation Commission, local code enforcement officers and disability rights advocates, to review state codes and federal regulations that restrict the reuse of existing structures and to recommend revisions to encourage renovation of existing buildings. As part of its review, the stakeholders group shall review New Jersey's rehabilitation subcode for existing buildings undergoing renovations and its applicability to Maine. The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall submit a report with its recommendations by January 15, 2001 to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters and the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over economic development matters.

Sec. 17. Model ordinances. The Executive Department, State Planning Office shall work with municipalities and regional planning commissions to develop model land use ordinances that accommodate so-called "smart growth" design standards and provide for flexibility in zoning regulations to allow for traditional, compact development in designated growth areas and to preserve and revitalize existing neighborhoods.

Sec. 18. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.

2000-01

| 2 | ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF | |
|----|--|--------------------|
| 4 | Information Services | |
| 6 | | |
| 0 | Positions - Legislative Count | (1.000) |
| 8 | Personal Services All Other | \$50,000 25,000 |
| 10 | Capital Expenditures | 10,000 |
| 12 | Provides for the appropriation of funds to establish a Statewide Geographic Information | |
| 14 | System Coordinator position. | |
| 16 | DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES | |
| 18 | TOTAL | \$85,000 |
| 20 | EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT | |
| 22 | State Planning Office | |
| 24 | All Other | \$4,750,000 |
| 26 | Provides funds for grants for financial and technical assistance to municipalities, | |
| 28 | grants to regional councils and alternative growth management initiatives. At the end | |
| 30 | of each fiscal year, any unexpended balance may not lapse but must be carried forward to | |
| 32 | be used for the same purpose. | |
| 34 | EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT | |
| 36 | TOTAL | \$4,750,000 |
| 38 | TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS | \$4,835,000 |
| 40 | Sec. 19. Appropriation. The following funds are | |
| 42 | from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of th | is Act. |
| | | 2000-01 |
| 44 | ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL | |
| 46 | SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF | |
| 48 | Downtown Leasehold Improvement Fund | |

| 2 | All Other | \$800,000 |
|----------|--|---------------------|
| 4 | Provides for the appropriation of funds to capitalize the Downtown Leasehold | |
| 6 | Improvement Fund for capital improvements to leased space. At the end of each fiscal | |
| 8 | year any unexpended balance may not lapse but must be carried forward to be used for | |
| 10 | the same purpose. | |
| 12 | Sec. 20. Appropriation. The following funds are from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of th | |
| 14 | | 2000-01 |
| 16 | MAINE MUNICIPAL BOND BANK | |
| 18 | | |
| 20 | Municipal Investment Trust Fund | |
| 22 | All Other | \$5,000,000 |
| 24 | Provides for the appropriation of funds to capitalize the Municipal Investment Trust | |
| 26 28 | Fund for downtown improvement loans to municipalities. | |
| 30 | Sec. 21. Appropriation. The following funds are from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of the | |
| 32 | | 2000-01 |
| 34 | ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF | |
| 36 | , | |
| 38 | Administration - Economic and Community Development | |
| 40 | Positions - Legislative Count Personal Services | (1.000) \$60,000 |
| 42 | All Other | 190,000 |
| 44 | Provides for the appropriation of funds to establish a Director, Maine Downtown Center | |
| 46 | position and to encourage downtown revitalization in Maine communities. | |
| 48 | | |

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TOTAL

\$250,000

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Sec. 22. Retroactivity. Those sections of this Act that repeal the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 4349 and enact Title 30-A, section 4349-A apply retroactively to state capital investments made after June 30, 2000.

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SUMMARY

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This bill implements the recommendations of the Task Force on State Office Building Location, Other State Growth-related Capital Investments and Patterns of Development that relate to land use policy. The bill establishes the Downtown Leasehold Improvement Fund to assist state agencies in securing space in downtowns whenever possible by providing for capital improvements to real property leases and appropriates \$800,000 to capitalize the fund.

The bill establishes the Maine Downtown Center within the Department of Economic and Community Development to encourage downtown revitalization in Maine communities through advocacy, information, training and technical assistance to communities.

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The bill requires municipalities in which construction projects for new schools will be located to consider, with the assistance of the Executive Department, State Planning Office, priority locations in selecting a school building site. Priority locations are identified as locally designated growth areas identified in a comprehensive plan or, in the absence of a comprehensive plan, areas served by a public sewer system, areas identified as census designated places or compact areas of urban compact municipalities. If a municipality does not select a priority location, state funds may be used for the project only if the municipality's land use regulations do not prohibit denser residential development within 1/4 mile of the school property.

The bill defines state growth-related capital investments and directs them to locally designated growth areas as identified in local comprehensive plans, or, if there is no comprehensive plan, to areas with public sewers capable of handling the development, to areas identified as census designated places or to compact areas of urban compact municipalities as defined in transportation law. Exceptions are made for state investments required to remedy threats to public health and safety; to mitigate nonpoint sources of pollution; to purchase land for open space and conservation; to assist resource-based industries and other activities that by their

nature are typically located away from other development; to expand highways that meet national, state or regionwide needs; and for tourist and cultural facilities that rely on specific historic, natural or cultural resources. An exception also is made for municipalities that, prior to January 1, 2000, have requested but have not yet received state financial assistance for the preparation of a comprehensive plan or that have received such assistance within the previous 2 years.

The bill requires the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of General Services to develop site selection criteria for state facilities that give preference to priority locations, identified as service center downtowns, service center growth areas and downtowns and growth areas in other than service center communities. The bill directs the Department of Economic and Community Development to develop an investment policy that will provide means to improve the condition of downtown properties and infrastructure to meet the multiple-use needs of downtowns and to report its recommendations to the Legislature by January 15, 2001.

The bill adds school facilities to the list of infrastructure facilities for which impact fees may be used by municipalities.

The bill authorizes the Maine Municipal Bond Bank to make loans to municipalities from the Municipal Investment Trust Fund for downtown improvements, including facade improvements, utility relocation improvements, elevator installation, historic preservation improvements, sprinkler system installation, parking improvements, roads, traffic control devices, parks and open space amenities, purchase of development rights for parks and open space, streetscape, sidewalks and curbs and utility upgrade and extension. The bill appropriates \$5,000,000 for downtown improvement loans.

The bill establishes the Task Force to Study Growth Management, composed of 16 members, to conduct a review of the growth management laws and issues related to growth management.

The bill requires the Land and Water Resources Council to submit a report to the Legislature with an evaluation of the use of incentives to keep rural land undeveloped. The bill requires the State Planning Office and the Department of Environmental Protection to promote the Maine Municipal Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund and the voluntary response action program and to submit a joint report by January 15, 2001 to the Legislature with an evaluation of the initiative and recommendations for expanding the redevelopment of so-called "brownfields" in the State.

The bill requires the Department of Public Safety, Office of the State Fire Marshal to convene a stakeholders group to review state codes and federal regulations that restrict the reuse of existing structures and to recommend revisions to encourage renovation of existing buildings. The bill also requires the State Planning Office to work with municipalities and regional planning commissions to develop model land use ordinances that accommodate so-called "smart growth" design standards and provide for flexibility in zoning regulations to allow for traditional, compact development in designated growth areas and to preserve and revitalize existing neighborhoods.

The bill appropriates funds for the position of Statewide Geographic Information System Coordinator within the Office of Geographic Information Systems. The bill also appropriates funds for grants for financial and technical assistance to municipalities, grants to regional councils and alternative growth management initiatives.