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SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2599

S.P. 1026

In Senate, March 3, 2000

An Act to Establish Fairer Pricing for Prescription Drugs.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 205.

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

OBuen

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator PINGREE of Knox. Cosponsored by Speaker ROWE of Portland and Senators: BERUBE of Androscoggin, CAREY of Kennebec, CATHCART of Penobscot, DOUGLASS of Androscoggin, FERGUSON of Oxford, GOLDTHWAIT of Hancock, KILKELLY of Lincoln LaFOUNTAIN of York, President LAWRENCE of York, MICHAUD of Penobscot, MURRAY of Penobscot, NUTTING of Androscoggin, O'GARA of Cumberland, PARADIS of Aroostook, PENDLETON of Cumberland, RAND of Cumberland, RUHLIN of Penobscot, TREAT of Kennebec, Representatives: AHEARNE of Madawaska, ANDREWS of York, BERRY of Livermore, BOLDUC of Auburn, BROOKS of Winterport, BULL of Freeport, CLARK of Millinocket, COLWELL of Gardiner, COWGER of Hallowell, DESMOND of Mapleton, DUDLEY of Portland, DUGAY of Cherryfield, DUPLESSIE of Westbrook, ETNIER of Harpswell, FULLER of Manchester, GAGNON of Waterville, GREEN of Monmouth, HATCH of Skowhegan, KANE of Saco, KNEELAND of Easton, LEMOINE of Old Orchard Beach, LINDAHL of Northport, LORING of Penobscot Nation, LOVETT of Scarborough, MAILHOT of Lewiston, MARTIN of Eagle Lake, MATTHEWS of Winslow, MAYO of Bath, McALEVEY of Waterboro, McDONOUGH of Portland, McGLOCKLIN of Embden, McKEE of Wayne, McNEIL of Rockland, MITCHELL of Vassalboro, MURPHY of Berwick, NORBERT of Portland, of Lewiston, O'NEAL of

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Limestone, O'BRIEN of Lewiston, PIEH of Bremen, POWERS of Rockport, RICHARD of Madison, RICHARDSON of Brunswick, SAVAGE of Union, SAXL of Bangor, SAXL of Portland, SHIAH of Bowdoinham, SIROIS of Caribou, STANLEY of Medway, SULLIVAN of Biddeford, TESSIER of Fairfield, THOMPSON of Naples, TOWNSEND of Portland, TRACY of Rome, TRIPP of Topsham, TWOMEY of Biddeford, VOLENIK of Brooklin, WATSON of Farmingdale, WHEELER of Eliot, WILLIAMS of Orono.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	PART A
4	Sec.A-1. 5 MRSA §12004-E, sub-§4 is enacted to read:
б	4. Fair Drug Expenses: 22 MRSA §2682
8	<u>Pricing Board</u> <u>Legislative</u> <u>per diem for</u>
10	<u>Legislators;</u> \$35 per day for
12	nonstate
14	employees
16	Sec.A-2. 22 MRSA c. 603 is enacted to read:
18	<u>CHAPTER 603</u>
20	MAINE PRESCRIPTION DRUG FAIR PRICING ACT
22	§2681. Short_title
24	This chapter may be known and cited as the "Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act."
26	§2682. Fair Drug Pricing Board
28	The Fair Drug Pricing Board, referred to in this chapter as the "board," is established.
30	1. Membership. The board consists of the following 11
32	members:
34	A. One Senator, appointed by the President of the Senate;
36	B. One Representative, appointed by the Speaker of the House;
38	C. Three members of the public appointed jointly by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, one
40	each representing the interests of the following:
42	(1) Senior citizens;
44	(2) Disabled citizens; and
46	(3) Low-income citizens.
48	Members appointed pursuant to this paragraph must be residents of this State and be at least 21 years of age;
50	<u>restaênes of fuis place and he at least (1 leats of ad6)</u>

	<u>D. Two members of the medical community, one of whom must</u>
	be a member from the nursing community, appointed jointly by
	the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House,
	representing the interests of senior citizens;
	E. Two pharmacists, appointed by the Governor. The
	pharmacists must meet the following gualifications in order
	to be appointed to and remain on the board. Neither
	pharmacist may be a member of the Maine Board of Pharmacy.
	Each pharmacist must:
	Lach pharmacise muse:
	(1) Be licensed to practice pharmacy in this State and
	in good standing to do so;
	(2) Be engaged in the practice of pharmacy in this
	<u>State;</u>
	(3) Have at least 5 years of experience in this State
	as a licensed pharmacist; and
	(4) Be a resident of this State; and
	F. The Director of the Bureau of Health within the
	department and the Commissioner of Professional and
	Financial Regulation, who serve as ex officio, nonvoting
	members.
	member 57
	2. Terms. Members of the board serve for terms of 3 years
and	may be reappointed. With the exception of the pharmacist
	bers, if the profession or qualifications of a board member
	nge during the term of board membership, the member may
	tinue to serve in the capacity for which the appointment was
mad	<u>e.</u>
	3. Meetings. The board shall meet at least once per month.
	4. Director: staffing. The board shall appoint a director
<u>who</u>	shall perform the duties delegated by the board. If the
	rd determines that additional staff is needed, the board may
<u>hir</u>	e such staff with approval and appropriate funding by the
Leg	islature.
	5. Cooperation. In performing its duties, the board shall
coo	perate and work with the department, the Maine Board of
	armacy and the Department of Professional and Financial
	ulation.
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48 §2683. Prescription drug pricing

	Beginning	January	10, 2	001, a	nd each	January	<u> 10th</u>
2	thereafter, the	board sha	all adop	t rules	establish:	ing the m	aximum
	prices for presc	ription d	rugs.				

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1. Manufacturers. The board shall establish the price 6 schedule of maximum manufacturer prices for prescription drugs sold in the State after consideration of the prices charged for prescription drugs in Canada, the prices listed on the federal 8 supply schedule for pharmaceuticals and drugs maintained by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs and any other 10 relevant information. The maximum manufacturer price of a 12 prescription drug may not exceed the manufacturer price for that drug sold in Canada. If a prescription drug is not sold in Canada, the maximum manufacturer price may not exceed the maximum 14 price for all other prescription drugs within the same 16 classification of drugs.

18 2. Wholesalers. The maximum wholesaler price for a prescription drug sold in the State by a wholesaler is the
 20 maximum manufacturer price under subsection 1 plus any reasonable and customary cost of doing business and profit markup by the
 22 wholesaler, as determined by the wholesaler, as long as that wholesale price does not constitute an unfair and deceptive act
 24 or practice in commerce as determined by the Attorney General upon review of a complaint.

3. Retailers. The maximum retailer price for a prescription drug sold in the State by a retailer is the maximum wholesaler price under subsection 2, plus any usual and customary cost of doing business and profit markup by the retailer, as determined by the retailer, as long as that retail price does not constitute an unfair and deceptive act or practice in commerce as determined by the Attorney General upon review of a complaint.

4. Effective date of maximum prices. The maximum prices 36 for prescription drugs established under subsections 1, 2 and 3 take effect on October 1st of the same year in which the prices 38 are established beginning October 1, 2001, unless by September 1st of that same year the board determines, after a public 40 hearing, that prescription drug prices are less than or equal to the maximum prices set pursuant to this section or that 42 alternative, nonregulatory mechanisms have been implemented to ensure that prescription drugs are sold in this State at prices that do not exceed the maximum prices established pursuant to 44 subsections 1, 2 and 3. In making a determination under this 46 subsection, the board shall consider the effect of nonregulatory initiatives undertaken by the State and other factors, including, 48 but not limited to:

	A. The implementation and effect of the Medicaid drug
2	rebate program pursuant to sections 254 and 3174-R;
4	<u>B. The implementation and effect of the Medicaid elderly prescription drug program pursuant to section 3174-G,</u>
б	subsection 1-A;
8	C. The implementation and effect of the Maine resident
	low-cost prescription drug program pursuant to section 254-B;
10	D. The report of the Maine Ambulatory Care Coalition
12	regarding access to lower priced prescription drugs;
14	E. The effect on prescription drug prices of the physician directed drug initiative program for Maine Medicaid patients
16	established in the Bureau of Medical Services within the department;
18	-
20	F. The effect on prescription drug prices of patient access
20	<u>to pharmaceutical manufacturer patient assistance programs; and </u>
22	
~ 4	G. The effect on prescription drug prices of any regional
24	<u>strategies and regional purchasing alliances implemented in the State.</u>
26	
_	5. Exception. The provisions of this section establishing
28	maximum prices for prescription drugs do not apply to prices subject to legally binding contracts entered into before the
30	effective date of this chapter.
2.2	Racad December 1 and 1 a
32	§2684. Prescription drug survey
34	The board, to assist in the development of maximum drug
	prices and the determinations required pursuant to section 2683,
36	shall conduct a semiannual survey of prescription drugs. The board shall adopt rules to implement this section. Rules adopted
38	pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined
	in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
40	1. Survey information. The survey must include the
42	1. Survey information. The survey must include the following information:
44	A. Current manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer maximum
46	prices of prescription drugs in the State, as set by the
40	board;
48	B. Manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer maximum prices for
50	<u>prescription drugs for the previous 5 years at 6-month</u> intervals;

2	C. The federal supply schedule for pharmaceuticals and drugs maintained by the United States Department of Veterans
4	Affairs;
6	D. The drug formulary maintained by the Province of Quebec;
8	E. Current data regarding the elderly low-cost drug program conducted pursuant to section 254; and
10	
12	F. Any other information concerning prescription drug prices in the State that the board considers appropriate.
14	2. Reports. Semiannually, the board shall provide copies of the results of the survey performed pursuant to subsection 1 to
16	the Legislature, the department, the Maine Board of Pharmacy and the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation.
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20	3. Internet site. The board shall maintain a publicly accessible site on the Internet containing the results of the survey conducted pursuant to subsection 1.
22	
	§2685. Powers of board
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26	In carrying out its duties, the board has all the powers
20	necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including, but not limited to:
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	1. Rulemaking. The power to adopt rules, in accordance
30	with Title 5, chapter 375, including the adoption of emergency
	rules to implement the provisions of this chapter. Rules adopted
32	pursuant to this chapter are major substantive rules as defined
~ 4	in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A, unless specifically
34	designated otherwise;
36	2. Collection of information. The power to collect from
	any manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer of prescription drugs
38	sold in Maine such information as is necessary for the board to
	carry out its duties under this chapter. The following
40	provisions apply with regard to the collection of data,
4.2	statistics, information, books, accounts and documents by the
42	board pursuant to this subsection.
44	A. A manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer of prescription
46	drugs sold in this State shall file with the board, on
70	request, such data, statistics, schedules or information as the board may require to enable it to carry out its duties.
48	the board may require to enable it to carry out its duties.
	B. The board may examine books, accounts and documents of
50	any manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer of prescription

	drugs sold in this State, subpoena witnesses and documents,
2	administer oaths to witnesses and examine those witnesses
	and documents on all matters over which the board has
4	jurisdiction.

- 6 <u>C. For the purpose of supporting fair and effective</u> <u>competition and pricing that reflects actual costs in the</u> 8 <u>market of prescription drugs, the board shall adopt rules</u> for the designation of information collected by the board as 10 <u>public information or as proprietary information that may</u> not be disclosed to any person other than the board and its 12 <u>staff or to the Attorney General for law enforcement</u> <u>purposes; and</u>
- 14

3. Explore regional strategies and purchasing alliances. 16 The power to explore regional strategies and purchasing alliances to benefit the people of the State. The board shall report on 18 the results of those efforts to the department, the Governor and the Legislature, including making recommendations for entering 20 into such regional strategies.

22 §2686. Emergency measures

24 The board shall draft a plan that includes emergency measures to be implemented in the event that the board determines 26 that there is a severe limitation or shortage of or loss of access to prescription drugs in the State that is threatening or 28 endangering the health or welfare of the public. If the board determines that such an event is occurring, the board shall 30 provide the Governor with the plan and petition the Governor to implement the emergency measures.

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§2687. Appeals

A manufacturer of prescription drugs may appeal the maximum price of a prescription drug established pursuant to section 2683, subsection 1 to the board. The board may grant an exemption from the board's price schedule on its own initiative or upon appeal of the manufacturer. If the manufacturer appeals the maximum price, the manufacturer bears the burden of proof in demonstrating the need for an exemption.

- **1. Factors in appeal.** Factors to be considered by the board in an appeal include:
- 46 <u>A. Changed circumstances since the price schedule was</u> established;
 48
- B. Reasonable costs of production, distribution, marketing50and research;

- C. The profit through sale and the price charged in other markets for the prescription drug;
 4
- D. The availability of prescription drugs essential to the health of the State's citizens, or any other factor related to the health and safety of the State's citizens; and
 - E. Other relevant information.
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2. Appeals to Superior Court. Rulings on appeals by the 12 board may be appealed to the Superior Court in Kennebec County.

- 14 3. Disclosure. If a manufacturer of prescription drugs appeals a price set by the board, the manufacturer shall fully 16 disclose to the board information regarding the production costs of the drug and any other information pertinent to the appeal 18 requested by the board, notwithstanding any law protecting the manufacturer from having to disclose such information.
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 4. Effect of appeal. The filing of an appeal does not
 22 delay the implementation or effective dates of maximum prices imposed by the board.

- <u>§2688. Violation</u>
- A violation of this chapter is a violation of the Maine 28 <u>Unfair Trade Practices Act.</u>

30 §2689. Agreements with other entities

32 The board may enter into agreements with other states in the Northeast and with Canadian provinces for the purpose of 34 maintaining fair and uniform prescription drug prices and ensuring maximum access to affordable prescription drugs.

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§2690. Patient assistance programs

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Health care providers licensed by the State shall examine
 the applicability of pharmaceutical manufacturer patient
 assistance programs and prescription drug assistance programs
 provided by the State to the patients of the health care provider
 and, if those programs would be of assistance to the health care
 provider's patients, provide appropriate information to the
 patients with the goal of increasing access to reasonably priced
 prescription drugs and lowering the cost to the patients.

48 §2691. Fund established

The Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Fund, referred to 2 in this section as the "fund," is established. An amount equal to any savings that are realized as a result of the implementation of this Act due to a decrease in the costs of the 4 prescription drug insurance plan provided to state employees and 6 retirees, as recommended by the State Employee Health Commission pursuant to Title 5, chapter 13, subchapter II, must be placed in the fund and used to increase the funding levels of the Medicaid 8 elderly prescription drug program established in section 3174-G, 10 subsection 1-A. Any unexpended amounts in the fund do not lapse but must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose.

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Sec. A-3. Findings; intent; purpose.

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1. Findings. The Legislature makes the following findings.

- A. Pharmaceutical companies are charging the citizens of
 Maine excessive prices for prescription drugs, denying Maine
 citizens access to medically necessary health care and
 thereby threatening their health and safety.
- B. Citizens of Maine and other Americans pay the highest prices in the world for prescription drugs, prices that
 result in extremely high profits for pharmaceutical companies.
- с. Lack of affordable access to medically necessary 28 prescription drugs results in the denial of health care, the likelihood of serious illness and death and the inability to lead a life of good health for many Maine citizens. Many 30 Maine citizens are admitted to or treated at hospitals each 32 year because they can not afford the drugs prescribed for them. Many others are forced into expensive institutional 34 care settings because they can not afford their necessary prescription drugs. All Maine citizens are threatened by 36 the possibility that when they need medically necessary prescription drugs most they will be unable to afford their 38 doctor's recommended treatment.
- Prescription drug costs represent the fastest growing 40 D. item in health care and are a driving force in rapidly 42 increasing hospital costs and insurance rates. Excessive pricing for prescription drugs threatens Maine government's 44 ability to assist with the health care costs of Maine citizens. undermines financial the capacity of Maine 46 communities to meet the educational needs of Maine children, hurts the ability of the Maine business community to provide 48 health insurance coverage to Maine's workforce and has a negative effect on Maine's economy.

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Intent. It is the intent of the Legislature to 2. implement a series of nonregulatory programs as intermediate 2 steps designed to achieve the legislative purpose of providing affordable access to medically necessary prescription drugs for 4 If these nonregulatory programs do not all Maine citizens. succeed in ensuring that prescription drugs are sold in Maine at 6 fair and nondiscriminatory prices, the Legislature finds that a 8 fair pricing program, one that prohibits excessive and discriminatory pricing in transactions that take place in Maine, is the most effective and timely alternative to lower drug prices 10 for all Maine citizens and thereby protect the health and safety 12 of Maine citizens.

14 3. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is the promotion of health and safety of all Maine citizens by providing them with 16 affordable access to prescription drugs at the lowest possible prices through nonregulatory means or, if necessary, through a 18 regulatory system that ensures that prices charged to Maine citizens for medically necessary prescription drugs are fair and 20 nondiscriminatory but not excessive.

Sec. A-4. Initial appointments to Fair Drug Pricing Board; initial meeting. All initial appointments to the Fair Drug Pricing Board, as established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 2682, must be made no later than August 15, 2000. The Director of the Bureau of Health within the Department of Human Services shall call the first meeting of the board no later than 28 September 1, 2000.

Sec. A-5. Initial rules. 30 The Fair Drug Pricing Board established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 2682 shall submit all initial rules adopted pursuant to Title 22, 32 chapter 603, including the schedule of prices for prescription 34 drugs, to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over health and human services matters by January 11, 2001. All initial rules are provisionally adopted, effective 36 May 1, 2001, pending action by the Legislature. 38

Sec. A-6. Report. The Maine Ambulatory Care Coalition shall
investigate the ability of the federally qualified health centers, as defined in 42 United States Code, Section 1395x,
subsection (aa) (1993), to obtain lower priced prescription drugs under Section 340B of the federal Public Health Service Act,
investigate any barriers in state or federal law to obtaining lower cost drugs through that Act and report its findings by
April 1, 2001 to the Fair Drug Pricing Board established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 2682.

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Sec. A-7. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated 2 from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act. 2000-01 4 **ATTORNEY GENERAL.** 6 **DEPARTMENT OF THE** 8 **Administration - Attorney** 10 General 12 All Other \$500,000 14 Provides a one-time appropriation for increased staffing and other costs related 16 to enforcement of the Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act, as established in the 18 Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, chapter 603. 20 DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL 22 TOTAL \$500,000 24 **HUMAN SERVICES. DEPARTMENT OF** 26 **Fair Drug Pricing Board** 28 Positions - Legislative Count (1.000)30 Personal Services \$37,500 All Other 7,500 32 TOTAL \$45,000 34 Provides for the appropriation of funds to 36 establish the position of Director of the Fair Drug Pricing Board and related staffing 38 pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 2682, subsection 4. 40 **Fair Drug Pricing Board** 42 All Other \$5,000 44 Provides funds to allow the Fair Drug 46 Pricing Board to perform a survey of prescription drug prices and publish the 48 results of that survey pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 2684.

- 2 4
- DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

\$50,000

6 TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS

\$550,000

8 Sec. A-8. Retroactivity. That section of this Part that enacts the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, chapter 603 applies 10 retroactively to the date of final enactment of this Act.

PART B

14 Sec. B-1. 22 MRSA §14, as amended by PL 1999, c. 483, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

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§14. Action against parties liable for medical care rendered to assistance recipients; assignment of claims

Recovery procedures. When benefits are provided or will 1. 22 provided to a beneficiary under the Medicaid program be administered by the department pursuant to the United States Social Security Act, Title XIX, or under the Maine--Health 24 Program, - section -- 3189 basic component of the elderly low-cost 26 drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B, for the medical costs of injury, disease, disability or similar occurrence for which a 3rd party is, or may be, liable, the 28 commissioner may recover from that party the reasonable value of 30 the benefits provided. This right of recovery is separate and independent from any rights or causes of action belonging to a 32 beneficiary under the Medicaid program or under the Maine-Health Program basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program 34 under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B. For Medicaid recipients who participated in the Medicaid managed care program, 36 "reasonable value" means the total value of coverable medical services provided measured by the amount that Medicaid would have 38 paid to providers directly for such services, were it not for the managed care system. The Medicaid program and Maine--Health 40 Program basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B are the payors of 42 last resort and shewld shall provide medical coverage only when there are no other available resources. The Attorney General, or 44 counsel appointed by the Attorney General, may, to enforce this right, institute and prosecute legal proceedings directly against 4б the 3rd party in the appropriate court in the name of the commissioner.

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In addition to the right of recovery set forth in this 50 subsection, the commissioner must also be subrogated, to the

extent of any benefits provided under the Medicaid program or under the Maine-Health-Pregram basic component of the elderly 2 low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B, to any cause of action or claim that a beneficiary has against 4 a 3rd party who is or may be liable for medical costs incurred by or on behalf of the beneficiary. The Attorney General, or 6 counsel appointed by the Attorney General, to enforce this right may institute and prosecute legal proceedings in the name of the 8 injured person, beneficiary, guardian, personal representative, If necessary to enforce the commissioner's 10 estate or survivor. right of recovery, the Attorney General, or counsel appointed by 12 the Attorney General, may institute legal proceedings against any beneficiary who has received a settlement or award from a 3rd 14 party.

The commissioner's right to recover the reasonable value of 16 benefits provided constitutes a statutory lien on the proceeds of an award or settlement from a 3rd party if recovery for Medicaid 18 costs was or could have been included in the recipient's claim for damages from the 3rd party. The commissioner is entitled to 20 recover the amount of the benefits actually paid out or, with regard to Medicaid recipients who participated in the managed 22 care program when the commissioner has determined that collection will be cost-effective, the reasonable value of benefits provided 24 to the extent that there are proceeds available for such recovery 26 after the deduction of reasonable attorney's fees and litigation costs from the gross award or settlement. In determining whether collection will be cost-effective, the commissioner shall 28 consider all factors that diminish potential recovery by the 30 department, including but not limited to questions of liability and comparative negligence or other legal defenses, exigencies of trial that reduce a settlement or award in order to resolve the 32 recipient's claim and limits on the amount of applicable 34 insurance coverage that reduce the claim to the amount recoverable by the recipient. The department's statutory lien may not be reduced to reflect an assessment of a pro rata share 36 of the recipient's attorney's fees or litigation costs. The commissioner may compromise, or settle and execute a release of, 38 any claim or waive any claim, in whole or in part, if the commissioner determines the collection will not be cost-effective 40 or that the best possible outcome requires compromise, release or settlement. 42

44 2-A. Assignment of rights of recovery. The receipt of benefits under the Medicaid program administered by the department pursuant to the United States Social Security Act, 46 Title XIX, or under the Maine-Health-Program, -- section -3189 basic 48 component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B, constitutes an assignment by the 50 recipient or any legally liable relative to the department of the

right to recover from 3rd parties for the medical cost of injury, disease, disability or similar occurrence for which the recipient receives medical benefits. The department's assigned right to recover is limited to the amount of medical benefits received by the recipient and does not operate as a waiver by the recipient of any other right of recovery against a 3rd party that a recipient may have.

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The recipient is also deemed to have appointed the commissioner as the recipient's attorney in fact to perform the specific act of submitting claims to insurance carriers or endorsing over to the department any and all drafts, checks, money orders or any other negotiable instruments connected with the payment of 3rd-party medical claims.

2-B. Direct reimbursement to health care provider. 16 When an insured is eligible under the Medicaid program administered by the Department of Human Services, pursuant to the United States 18 Social Security Act, Title XIX, or under the Maine--Health Program, - section - 3189 basic component of the elderly low-cost 20 drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B, for the medical costs or injury, disease, disability or similar 22 occurrence for which an insurer is liable, and the insured's 24 claim is payable to a health care provider as provided or permitted by the terms of a health insurance policy or pursuant 26 to an assignment of rights by an insured, the insurer shall directly reimburse the health care provider to the extent that the claim is honored. 28

Direct reimbursement to the Department of Human 30 2-C. Services. When an insured is eligible under the Medicaid program administered by the Department of Human Services, pursuant to the 32 United States Social Security Act, Title XIX, or under the Maine 34 Health--Program,--section--3189 basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph 36 B, for the medical costs of injury, disease, disability or similar occurrence for which an insurer is liable, and the claim 38 is not payable to a health care provider under the terms of the health insurance policy, the insurer shall directly reimburse the 40 Department of Human Services, upon request, for any medical services paid by the department on behalf of a Medicaid or Maine 42 Health--Program basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B recipient to 44 the extent that those medical services are payable under the terms of the health insurance policy.

 2-D. Notification of claim. A Medicaid or Maine-Health
 Pregram basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B recipient, or any
 attorney representing a Medicaid or Maine-Health--Pregram basic

component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B recipient, who makes a claim to recover 2 the medical cost of injury, disease, disability or similar 4 occurrence for which the party received medical benefits under the Medicaid program, pursuant to the United States Social Security Act, Title XIX, or the Maine-Health-Program, -- section 6 3189 basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B, shall advise 8 the department in writing with information as required by the 10 department of the existence of the claim.

12 Notification of pleading. In any action to recover 2-E. the medical cost of injury, disease, disability or similar 14 occurrence for which the party received medical benefits under the Medicaid program or Maine-Health-Program basic component of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 16 1, paragraph B, the party bringing the action shall notify the 18 department of that action at least 10 days prior to filing the pleadings. Department records indicating medical benefits paid by the department on behalf of the recipient are prima facie 20 evidence of the medical expenses incurred by the recipient for the related medical services. 22

24 2-F. Disbursement. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a disbursement of any award, judgment or settlement may not be made to a recipient without the recipient or the 26 recipient's attorney first paying to the department the amount of the statutory lien from the award, judgment or settlement or 28 obtaining from the department a release of any obligation owed to it for medical benefits provided to the recipient. If a dispute 30 arises between the recipient and the commissioner as to the settlement of any claim that the commissioner may have under this 32 section, the 3rd party or the recipient's attorney shall withhold from disbursement to the recipient an amount equal to the 34 commissioner's claim. Either party may apply to the Superior 36 Court or the District Court in which an action based upon the recipient's claim could have been commenced for an order to determine a reasonable amount in satisfaction of the statutory 38 consistent with federal law, considering whether an lien, 40 action by the commissioner would have independent been cost-effective.

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2-H. Honoring of assignments. The following provisions
 44 apply to claims for payment submitted by the department or a health care provider.

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A. Whenever a participating health care provider or the
48 department submits claims to an insurer, as defined in Title
24-A, section 4, or to a health maintenance organization on
50 behalf of a Medicaid or Maine-Health-Program basic component

of the elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B recipient for whom an assignment of rights has been received, or whose rights have been assigned by the operation of law, the insurer or health maintenance organization doing business in the State must respond within 60 days of receipt of a claim by forwarding payment or issuing a notice of denial directly to the submitter of the claim.

10 Whenever a nonparticipating health care provider or the в. department on behalf of a nonparticipating provider submits 12 claims to an insurer, as defined in Title 24-A, section 4, or a health maintenance organization that operates through a series of participation agreements on behalf of a Medicaid 14 or Maine--Health--Pregram basic component of the elderly 16 low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B recipient for whom an assignment of rights has 18 been received or whose rights have been assigned by the operation of law, the insurer or health maintenance 20 organization doing business in the State must respond within 60 days of receipt of a claim by forwarding payment, issuing 22 a notice of denial or issuing a copy of the explanation of benefits directly to the submitter of the claim.

2-I. Claims against estates of Medicaid recipients. Claims
 against the estates of Medicaid recipients are governed by this subsection.

A. The department has a claim against the estate of a
 30 Medicaid recipient when, after the death of the recipient:

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- (1) Property or other assets are discovered that existed and were owned by the recipient during the period when Medicaid benefits were paid for the recipient and disclosure of the property or assets at the time benefits were being paid would have rendered the recipient ineligible to receive the benefits;
- (2) It is determined that the recipient was 55 years
 40 of age or older when that person received Medicaid assistance; or

(3) It is determined that the recipient has received
 or is entitled to receive benefits under a long-term
 care insurance policy in connection with which assets
 or resources are disregarded and medical assistance was
 paid on behalf of the recipient for nursing facility or
 other long-term care services.

The amount of Medicaid benefits paid and recoverable в. 2 under this subsection is a claim against the estate of the deceased recipient. 4 As to assets of the recipient included in the (1)б probated estate, this claim may be enforced pursuant to Title 18-A, Article III, Part 8. 8 As to assets of the recipient not included in the (2) probated estate, this claim may be enforced by filing a 10 claim in any court of competent jurisdiction. 12 C. A claim may not be made under paragraph A, subparagraph (2) or (3) until: 14 The recipient has no surviving spouse; and 16 (1) The recipient has no surviving child who is under 18 (2) age 21 or who is blind or permanently and totally 20 disabled as defined in 42 United States Code, Section 1382c. 22 Paragraph A, subparagraphs (2) and (3) apply only to a D. recipient who died on or after October 1, 1993 for Medicaid 24 payments made on or after October 1, 1993. 26 A claim under paragraph A, subparagraph (2) must be Ε. waived if enforcement of the claim would create an undue 28 hardship under criteria developed by the department. 30 As used in this subsection, unless the context otherwise F. indicates, the term "estate" means: 32 34 (1)All real and personal property and other assets included in the recipient's estate, as defined in Title 18-A, section 1-201; and 36 Any other real and personal property and other 38 (2) assets in which the recipient had any legal interest at the time of death, to the extent of that interest, 40 including assets conveyed to a survivor, heir or assign of the deceased recipient through tenancy in common, 42 survivorship, life estate, living trust, joint tenancy 44 in personal property or other arrangement. 3. Definitions. For purposes of this section, "3rd party" 46 or "liable party" or "potentially liable party" means any entity, including, but not limited to, an insurance carrier that may be 48 liable under a contract to provide health, automobile, workers' compensation or other insurance coverage that is or may be liable 50

to pay all or part of the medical cost of injury, disease,
disability or similar occurrence of an applicant or recipient of Medicaid or Maine-Health-Pregram basic component of the elderly
low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, paragraph B benefits. For purposes of this section and sections 18 and 19,
an "insurance carrier" includes health insurers, group health plans as defined in 29 United States Code, Section 1167(1),
service benefit plans and health maintenance organizations.

10 "Liable party," "potentially liable party" or "3rd party" also includes the trustee or trustees of any mortuary trust 12 established by the recipient or on the recipient's behalf in which there is money remaining after the actual costs of the funeral and burial have been paid in accordance with the terms of 14 the trust and in which there is no provision that the excess be paid to the decedent's estate. "Liable party," "potentially 16 liable party" or "3rd party" may also include the recipient of the Medicaid or Maine--Health--Program basic component of the 18 elderly low-cost drug program under section 254, subsection 1, 20 paragraph B benefits.

- 22 Sec. B-2. 22 MRSA §254, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1999, c. 401, Pt. KKK, §1 and affected by §10 and c. 531, Pt. F, §2, is amended to read:
- 26 The basic component of the program must provide drugs Α. and medications for cardiac conditions and high blood 28 diabetes, arthritis, pressure, anticoagulation, hyperlipidemia, osteoporosis, chronic obstructive pulmonary 30 and asthma, incontinence, thyroid disease diseases, parkinson's glaucoma, disease, multiple sclerosis and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. 32 <u>Drugs and medications for</u> additional conditions may be provided in the basic component 34 of the program if sufficient funds are available.
- 36 Sec. B-3. 22 MRSA §254, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1999, c. 401, Pt. KKK, §1 and affected by §10 and c. 531, Pt. F, §2, is further 38 amended to read:

40 Income eligibility. Income eligibility of individuals 2. must be determined by this subsection and by reference to the 42 federal nonfarm income official poverty level, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget and revised annually in 44 with the United States Omnibus Budget accordance and Reconciliation Act of 1981, Section 673, Subsection 2. If the household income, as defined in subsection 9, is less than 185% 46 of the federal poverty line applicable to the household, the 48 individual is eligible for the basic and--the--supplemental program. Individuals are also eligible for the basic program and 50 the-supplemental-program if the household spends at least 40% of

direct its income on unreimbursed medical expenses for 2 prescription drugs and medications and the household income is not more than 25% higher than the levels specified in this For the purposes of this subsection, the cost of 4 subsection. drugs provided to a household under this section is considered a 6 cost incurred by the household for eligibility determination purposes. If the household income is less than 300% of the 8 federal poverty line applicable to the household, the individual is eligible for the supplemental program; 10 SUMMARY 12 14 In order to protect the public health and safety through the establishment of prescription drug prices that more adequately reflect the actual costs of those prescription drugs, Part A of 16 this bill establishes the Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing 18 Act. The Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act and Part A of this bill accomplish that purpose by doing the following: 20 It establishes the Fair Drug Pricing Board. The board, 1. 22 with the approval of the Legislature, sets the maximum prices for prescription drugs based upon a specific formula. The maximum 24 price schedule established by the board takes effect only if: 26 The board determines that the prices of prescription Α. drugs in Maine are above the prices set in the schedule; and 28 B. Other nonregulatory programs enacted by the Legislature,

30 such as the Medicaid drug rebate program and the Maine resident low-cost prescription drug program, will not reduce
 32 the price of prescription drugs in Maine to or below the prices set in the schedule.

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The board is required to work with the Department of Human Services, the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation and the Maine Board of Pharmacy and to report regularly to those entities and the Legislature. Prices established by the board may be appealed by a manufacturer. The board may enter into agreements with other states or Canadian provinces to ensure uniform prices for prescription drugs. The board is also required to maintain an Internet site to give the public access to the price schedule established by the board.

2. It sets forth the purpose and intent of the Legislature 46 in enacting the Maine Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act, which provide affordable access to medically is to necessary 48 prescription drugs to Maine citizens by nonregulatory means. If such nonregulatory programs do not succeed in ensuring that 50 prescription drugs are sold in Maine fair at and nondiscriminatory prices, a fair pricing program that prohibits excessive and discriminatory pricing is the most effective and timely alternative to lower drug prices for all Maine citizens and the protection of the health and safety of citizens.

6 3. It requires Maine health care providers, if appropriate, to inform their patients of pharmaceutical manufacturer patient assistance programs and state programs and measures that provide 8 those patients with affordable access to prescription drugs. These programs and measures include the Medicaid prescription 10 drug waiver, the Medicaid drug rebate program, exploration of regional strategies and purchasing alliances, the Maine resident 12 low-cost prescription drug program, a report from the Maine Ambulatory Care Coalition on possibilities for lowering drug 14 prices and the Medicaid program physician directed druq 16 initiative established in the Department of Human Services, Bureau of Medical Services.

 It gives specific enforcement power of the Maine
 Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act to the Attorney General through the Maine Unfair Trade Practices Act and appropriates
 \$500,000 for that purpose.

- 5. It directs the Maine Ambulatory Care Coalition to investigate lower prices under the federal Public Health Services
 Act.
- 28 6. It appropriates \$50,000 for the purposes of the Fair Drug Pricing Board.
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Part B of this bill modernizes Medicaid recovery procedures 32 and increases the eligibility level for the supplemental component of the elderly low-cost drug program established in the 34 Maine Revised Statutes, Title 22, section 254.