MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2487

H.P. 1776

House of Representatives, January 12, 2000

An Act to Amend the Jurisdiction of the District Court.

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 203.

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO. Clerk

Presented by Representative THOMPSON of Naples.

Be	it	enacted	by	the	Peo	ple	of	the	State	of	Maine	as	follow
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Sec. 1. 4 MRSA §2-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 683, Pt. E,

\$1, is amended to read:

§2-A. Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court to sit in District Court

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court may assign a Justice or Active Retired Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court to sit in the District Court er-the-Administrative-Court, and when so directed the justice has authority and jurisdiction in the District Court er-the-Administrative-Court as if the justice were a regular judge of that court. When assigned under this section, the justice may hear all matters and issue all orders, notices, decrees and judgments that any Judge of the District Court er-the-Administrative-Court is authorized to hear and issue.

The order of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court directing a Justice or an Active Retired Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court to sit in the District Court er-the-Administrative Geurt must be filed with the Executive Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court, but need not be docketed or otherwise recorded in any case heard by that justice.

Sec. 2. 4 MRSA §8, first ¶, as amended by PL 1983, c. 653, is further amended to read:

The Supreme Judicial Court shall—have has the power to prescribe, by general rules, for the Administrative, Probate, District and Superior Courts of Maine, the forms of process, writs, pleadings and motions, and the practice and procedure in civil actions at law. Said rules shall may neither abridge, enlarge nor modify the substantive rights of any litigant. They shall take effect on such date not less than 6 months after their promulgation as the Supreme Judicial Court may fix. After their promulgation the Supreme Judicial Court may repeal, amend, modify or add to them from time to time with or without a waiting period. After the effective date of said rules as promulgated or amended, all laws in conflict therewith shall—be are of no further force or effect.

Sec. 3. 4 MRSA §9-B, as amended by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. E, §2 and affected by §47, is further amended to read:

§9-B. Committee on judicial responsibility and disability

The Supreme Judicial Court has the power and authority to prescribe, repeal, add to, amend or modify rules relating to a committee to receive complaints, make investigations and make

2	discipline, disability, retirement or removal of justices of the Supreme Judicial Court and the Superior Court and judges of the
4	District Court, and the probate courts and -the-Administrative Geurt.
6	Sec. 4. 4 MRSA §121, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 891, Pt. A,
8	\$1, is amended to read:
10	§121. Justice or Active Retired Justice of Superior Court assigned to sit in District Court
12	A Justice or an Active Retired Justice of the Superior Court
14	may be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court to sit in the District Court er-the-Administrative-Gourt
16	and when so directed the justice has authority and jurisdiction in the District Court er-the-Administrative-Gourt as if the
18	justice were a regular judge of that court; and whenever the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court so directs, the
20	justice may hear all matters and issue all orders, notices, decrees and judgments that any Judge of the District Court er-the
22	Administrative-Gourt is authorized to hear and issue.
24	The order of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court directing a Justice or an Active Retired Justice of the Superior
26	Court to sit in the District Court er-the-Administrative-Court must be filed with the Executive Clerk of the Supreme Judicial
28	Court, but need not be docketed or otherwise recorded in any case heard by that justice.
30 32	<pre>Sec. 5. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§5, ¶O, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 392, §1, is amended to read:</pre>
34	O. Actions in which the pleading demands a judgment:
36	(1) To exclude a person from a vested or contingent
38	interest in or lien upon specific property within the State;
40	(2) That a vested or contingent interest in or lien upon specific property within the State be enforced; er
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44	(2-A) That real property be partitioned by sale; or
46	(3) Otherwise affecting title to any real property;
48	<pre>Sec. 6. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 573, §1, is amended to read:</pre>

8. Consent to minor's abortion. Original jurisdiction, concurrent with that of the Probate Court, to grant equitable relief in proceedings brought under Title 22, section 1597-A-;

Sec. 7. 4 MRSA §152, sub-§§9 and 10 are enacted to read:

- 9. Licensing jurisdiction. Except as provided in Title 5, section 10004; Title 8, section 279-B; Title 10, section 8003, subsection 5; Title 20-A, sections 10712 and 10713; Title 29-A; Title 32, chapters 105 and 114; and Title 35-A, section 3132, exclusive jurisdiction upon complaint of an agency or, if the licensing agency fails or refuses to act within a reasonable time, upon complaint of the Attorney General to revoke or suspend licenses issued by the agency. The District Court has original jurisdiction upon complaint of a licensing agency to determine whether renewal or reissuance of a license of that agency may be refused. The District Court has original concurrent jurisdiction to grant equitable relief in proceedings initiated by an agency or the Department of the Attorney General alleging any violation of a license or licensing laws or rules.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a licensing agency may not reinstate or otherwise affect a license suspended, revoked or modified by the District Court pursuant to a complaint filed by the Attorney General without the approval of the Attorney General; and
 - 10. Appellate jurisdiction. Exclusive jurisdiction to review disciplinary decisions of occupational licensing boards and commissions taken pursuant to Title 10, section 8003. Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII governs this procedure as far as applicable, substituting "District Court" for "Superior Court."
 - Sec. 8. 4 MRSA §157, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1999, c. 510, §1, is further amended to read:

A. The Governor, subject to review by the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over judiciary matters and to confirmation by the Legislature, shall appoint to the District Court 31 33 judges. At least one judge must be appointed from each district who is a resident of a county in which the district lies, except that in District 3 there must be 2 judges appointed who are residents of a county in which the district lies; in District 6 there must be 2 judges appointed who are residents of a county in which the district lies; and in District 9 there must be 2 judges appointed who are residents of a county in which the district lies. Each District Court Judge has a term of office of 7 years.

To be eligible for appointment as a District Judge, a person must be a member of the bar of the State. The term "District Judge" includes the Chief Judge and Deputy Chief Judge.

Sec. 9. 4 MRSA §157-C, as amended by PL 1983, c. 112, is further amended to read:

§157-C. Judge or Active Retired Judge of the District Court to sit in Superior Court

A Judge or an Active Retired Judge of the District Court er Administrative-Genrt may be assigned by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court to sit in the Superior Court in any county, and when so directed he-shall-have has authority and jurisdiction therein as if he-were a regular Justice of the Superior Court; and whenever the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court so directs, he that judge may hear all matters and issue all orders, notices, decrees and judgments that any Justice of the Superior Court is authorized to hear and issue.

No Judge or Active Retired Judge of the District Court er Administrative-Geurt so sitting in the Superior Court shall may act in any case in which he that judge has sat in the District Court er-Administrative-Geurt nor in which he that judge otherwise has an interest.

The order of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court directing a Judge or an Active Retired Judge of the District Court er-Administrative-Court to sit in the Superior Court shall must be filed with the Executive Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court, but need not be docketed or otherwise recorded in any case heard by him that judge.

Sec. 10. 4 MRSA §157-E, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 891, Pt. A, §6, is repealed.

Sec. 11. 4 MRSA §184 is enacted to read:

§184. Licensing and appellate actions

- 1. Notice and hearing. In any action within the District Court's jurisdiction under section 152, subsection 9 or 10, all parties must be afforded an opportunity for hearing after reasonable notice.

2. Complaint filed. On commencement of any case, a written complaint must be filed with the District Court. A copy of the complaint and summons must be served on the defendant either by personal delivery in hand, by leaving it with a person of

- suitable age or discretion at the defendant's dwelling place or usual place of abode or by sending it by certified mail to the defendant's last known address. The summons must inform the defendant of the time limit for filing an answer to the complaint and the consequences of failing to do so. The complaint must contain a conclusion indicating the violation of a statute or rule, citing the statute or rule violated and stating the relief requested.
- 3. Witness sworn. At the hearing, before any testimony is received, the presiding judge shall swear in the witness.

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- 4. Official record. The presiding judge shall prepare an official record, including testimony and exhibits, in each case but need not have a transcript of the testimony prepared unless required for rehearing or appeal. The record of the hearing may be taken by stenographic notes or by mechanical or electronic recording.
- 5. Disposition by agreement. On approval of the presiding judge, disposition of any case may be made by agreement or consent decree.
- 24 **Emergency proceedings.** The District Court has jurisdiction to revoke temporarily or suspend a license without notice or hearing upon the verified complaint of a licensing 26 agency or the Attorney General. The complaint must be 28 accompanied by affidavits demonstrating that summary action is necessary to prevent an immediate threat to the public health, 30 safety or welfare. Upon issuance of an order revoking or suspending a license under this section, the District Court shall 32 promptly schedule a hearing on the agency's complaint, which hearing must take precedence over all other matters except older 34 matters of the same character on the docket of the court. Any order temporarily suspending or revoking a license expires within 30 days of issuance unless renewed by the court after such 36 hearing as it may determine necessary.

This subsection may not be considered to abridge or affect the jurisdiction of the Superior Court to issue injunctive relief or to exercise such other powers as may be authorized by law or rule of the court.

7. Decisions. After hearing, on default or by agreement of the parties, the District Court may suspend, revoke or modify the license of any party properly served with process or, if the applicable law so provides, the court may order issuance of a license to an applicant according to the terms of the applicable law. The District Court may take any other action with relation

- to the party that could have been taken before the enactment of former section 1155 by the agency involved in the hearing.
- Every final decision of the District Court must be in writing or stated in the record and must include findings of fact and conclusions of law sufficient to apprise the parties and any interested member of the public of the basis for the decision. A copy of the decision must be delivered or promptly mailed to each party to the proceeding or their representatives of record.

 Written notice of the party's rights to review of the decision and of the action required and the time within which that action must be taken in order to exercise the right of review must be given to each party together with the decision.

8. Fines. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the District Court may impose a fine of a specific sum, which may not be less than \$50 nor more than \$1,500 for any one offense or as may be provided by the statutes relating to the licensing question. Such a fine may be imposed instead of or in addition to any suspension, revocation or modification of a license by the court. Section 1057 applies to any fine imposed by this subsection.

- 9. Rules of procedure. The Supreme Judicial Court may adopt, amend, repeal or modify rules governing the forms of complaints, pleadings and motions and the practice, procedure and evidence in and appeals from the District Court. The rules may not abridge or enlarge the substantive rights of any litigant. The rules must be filed with the Secretary of State in the manner required by Title 5, section 8056, subsection 1, paragraph B.
- Sec. 12. 4 MRSA §454, first ¶, as amended by PL 1997, c. 134, §6, is further amended to read:

There is established a Maine Criminal Justice Sentencing Institute under the administrative supervision of the State Court Administrator to provide a continuing forum for the regular discussion of the most appropriate methods of sentencing convicted offenders and adjudicated juveniles by judges in the justice system, prosecutors, law enforcement correctional personnel, representatives of advisory and advocacy groups and such representatives of the defense bar as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court may invite. All Supreme Court, Superior Court, Judicial <u>and</u> District Administrative-Gourt Judges, all District Attorneys and attorneys within the Criminal Division of the Office of the Attorney General are, and such other criminal justice personnel as the Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court may authorize may be, members of the institute.

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Sec. 13. 4 MRSA c. 25, as amended, is re
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- Sec. 14. 4 MRSA §1701, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 451, §1, is amended to read:
- 1. Commission established. The Judicial Compensation Commission, referred to in this chapter as the "commission," established by Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 23-A shall study and make recommendations concerning the salary, benefits and retirement to be paid for all justices and judges of the Supreme Judicial Court, the Superior Court, and the District Court and-the-Administrative-Gourt.
- Sec. 15. 5 MRSA §5304, as amended by PL 1987, c. 402, Pt. A, §54, is further amended to read:

§5304. Appeals

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Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of any licensing agency in possible violation of this chapter may file a statement of complaint with the Administrative <u>District</u> Court designated in chapter 375.

Sec. 16. 5 MRSA §8001, as reallocated by PL 1977, c. 696, §48, is amended to read:

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§8001. Short title

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This chapter and—Title—4,—chapter—25—shall—be is known and may be cited as the "Maine Administrative Procedure Act."

Sec. 17. 5 MRSA §8002, sub-§7, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 551, §3, is amended to read:

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- C. Any agency bringing a complaint to Administrative District Court under section 10051.
- Sec. 18. 5 MRSA §10003, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, §37, is further amended to read:

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1. Opportunity for hearing. Subject to the provisions of section 10004, an agency shall may not amend or modify any license unless it has afforded the licensee an opportunity for hearing in conformity with subchapter IV, nor shall may it refuse to renew any license unless it has afforded the licensee either an opportunity for an agency hearing in conformity with subchapter IV or an opportunity for a hearing in the Administrative District Court. In any such proceeding deemed determined by the agency to involve a substantial public interest, an opportunity for public comment and participation

subchapter IV. 2 Sec. 19. 5 MRSA c. 375, sub-c. VI is amended by repealing the subchapter headnote and enacting the following in its place: 6 SUBCHAPTER VI 8 DISTRICT COURT 10 Sec. 20. 5 MRSA §10051, as amended by PL 1995, c. 140, §1, is 12 further amended to read: 14 §10051. Jurisdiction of District Court; retained powers of agency 16 Jurisdiction. Except as provided in section 10004; Title 8, section 279-B; Title 10, section 8003; Title 20-A, sections 10712 and 10713; Title 29-A; Title 32, chapters 105 and 18 114; and Title 35-A, section 3132, the Administrative District Court has exclusive jurisdiction upon complaint of any agency or, 20 if the licensing agency fails or refuses to act within a reasonable time, upon complaint of the Attorney General, to 22 revoke or suspend licenses issued by the agency and has original 24 jurisdiction upon complaint of an agency to determine whether renewal or reissuance of a license of that agency may be refused. 26 Complaining agency. The complaining agency shall-retain 28 retains every other power granted to it by statute or necessarily implied therein, except the power of revoking or suspending 30 licenses issued by it. Such retained powers shall include, but are not be limited to, the granting or renewing of licenses, the 32 investigating and determining of grounds for the filing of a complaint under this section, and the prosecution of such complaints. 34 The Administrative District 36 3. Appellate jurisdiction. Court has exclusive jurisdiction to review disciplinary decisions 38 of occupational licensing boards and commissions taken pursuant to Title 10, section 8003 and licensing decisions of the Bureau 40 of Liquor Enforcement taken pursuant to Title 28-A, sections 453-A, 458 and 653. The -- Maine -- Administrative -- Procedure -- Act, 42 ehapter Chapter 375, subchapter VII, governs these proceedings as far as applicable, substituting "Administrative District Court" 44 for "Superior Court." 46 Violations. The Administrative District Court shall-have has exclusive jurisdiction to hear complaints of the Public 48 Utilities Commission for violations of Title 35-A, section 704.

shall must also be given by public notice in conformity with

Sec. 21. 7 MRSA §1456, as repealed and replaced by PL 1977, c. 694, §118, is amended to read:

\$1456. Cancellation of permit

The permit to operate the sales rings may be canceled by the Administrative District Court pursuant to Title 4, chapter 25 5.

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Sec. 22. 7 MRSA §2955, 4th ¶, as amended by PL 1977, c. 694, \$141, is amended to read:

The Administrative District Court as designated by Title 4, chapter 25 5 may, upon proper evidence, decline to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license already granted upon 14 due notice and after hearing. Violation of this chapter or of any order, rule or regulation made, or conviction of violating any other law or regulation of the State relating to the production, distribution and sale of milk, shall-be is sufficient cause to suspend, revoke or withhold such license.

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- Sec. 23. 7 MRSA §3152, sub-§4-A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 447, §5, is amended to read:
- 24 Eligible marketing cooperative. "Eligible marketing cooperative" means an association of milk producers organized to negotiate producer prices higher than the minimum producer prices 26 established pursuant to the New England Milk Marketing Order and which the commissioner has determined will not, through its 28 operation, evade, impair or undermine the purposes of this chapter. Notwithstanding Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2 30 9 and Title 5, section 10051, subsection 1, the commissioner may revoke the eligible status of a marketing cooperative upon a 32 determination that it has through its operation evaded, impaired 34 or undermined the purposes of this chapter.
 - Sec. 24. 7 MRSA §3155-A, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 447, \$12, is amended to read:

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Administrative enforcement. When the commissioner, after such investigation as he--deems the commissioner determines appropriate, believes that a violation of this section has occurred, he the commissioner may order the eligible marketing cooperative to cease that violation. In lieu of, or in addition to, such an order and notwithstanding Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2 9 and Title 5, section 10051, subsection 1, the commissioner may also revoke the eligible status of cooperative for purposes of this chapter for a period not to exceed one year for a first violation, 2 years for a 2nd violation and permanently for a 3rd or subsequent violation. Before issuing such an order or revoking a cooperative's eligibility, the commissioner shall afford the cooperative an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a final order or decision issued under this subsection may obtain judicial review in Superior Court by filing a petition in accordance with Title 5, section 11001 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80C. In responding to such a petition, the commissioner may seek enforcement of his the order or decision, including civil penalties for any violation found, and the court, if it upholds the order or decision, may order its enforcement, including civil penalties.

Sec. 25. 7 MRSA §3991, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 1993, c. 468, §25, is further amended to read:

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- D. If the commissioner concludes that suspension or revocation of the license is in order, shall file a complaint in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 5.
- Sec. 26. 8 MRSA §271, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 528, §11, is further amended to read:

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Licensing. If the commission is satisfied that all of this chapter and rules prescribed by the commission have been 24 substantially complied with during the past year and will be 26 fully complied with during the coming year by the person, association or corporation applying for a license; that the directors, officers, 28 applicant, its members, shareholders, employees, creditors and associates are of good moral character; 30 that the applicant is financially responsible; and that the award of racing dates to the applicant is appropriate under 32 criteria contained in subsection 2, it may issue a license for the holding of harness horse races or meets for public exhibition with pari-mutuel pools, which must expire on December 31st. 34 fee for a license is \$100 or \$10 per week, whichever is higher. The commission shall provide a booklet containing harness racing 36 laws and rules and relevant portions of the Maine Administrative 38 Procedure Act to every initial licensee and a fee not to exceed \$10 must be included in the license fee to cover the cost of this 40 publication. The commission shall provide necessary revisions of this booklet to those persons renewing licenses at the time of 42 renewal and shall include the cost of the revisions, not to exceed \$10, in the renewal fee. The license must set forth the 44 name of the licensee, the place where the races or race meets are to be held and the specific race dates and time of day or night during which racing may be conducted by the licensee. 46 location stated in the license where the race or race meet is to 48 be held may be transferred to any other licensee on the dates set forth in the license during which the racing may be conducted, but, with respect to that transfer, the transfer may only be made 50

to another licensee and the licensee is liable for compliance with all laws and regulations governing the conduct of harness Any such license issued is not transferable Administrative District Court Judge, The assignable. designated in Title 4, chapter 25 5, may revoke any license issued at any time for violation of the commission's rules or licensing provisions upon notice and hearing. The license of any corporation is automatically revoked, subject to Title 5, chapter 375, upon the change in ownership, legal or equitable, of 50% or more of the voting stock of the corporation and the corporation may not hold a harness horse race or meet for public exhibition without a new license.

Sec. 27. 8 MRSA §275-D, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 528, §24, is amended to read:

528, §24, is amended to read 16

- 11. Revocation. The Administrative District Court Judge, as designated in Title 4, chapter 25 5, may revoke any license issued at any time for violation of the commission's rules or licensing provisions upon notice and hearing. The license of any corporation is automatically revoked, subject to Title 5, chapter 375, upon the change in ownership, legal or equitable, of 50% or more of the voting stock of the corporation, and the corporation may not conduct off-track betting without a new license.
- Sec. 28. 12 MRSA §685-C, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1987, c. 816, Pt. KK, §12, is further amended to read:

Enforcement, inspection and penalties for violations. Standards, rules and orders issued by the commission pursuant to 30 this chapter shall have the force and effect of law. development may be undertaken, except in conformance with this 32 chapter, the standards, rules and orders enacted or issued pursuant to this chapter, and any real estate or personal 34 property existing in violation of such shall-be is a nuisance. For the purposes of inspection and to assure ensure compliance 36 with standards, orders and permits issued or adopted by the 38 commission, authorized commission staff, forest rangers and the state supervisor or consultant personnel may conduct 40 investigations, examinations, tests and site evaluations deemed necessary to verify information presented to it, and may obtain 42 access to any lands and structures regulated pursuant to this chapter.

Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or the terms or conditions of any standards, rules, permits or orders adopted or issued pursuant to this chapter, is subject to a civil penalty, payable to the State, of not more than \$10,000 for each day of the violation.

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In addition to the other penalties provided, the commission may, in the name of the State of Maine, institute any appropriate 2 action, injunction or other proceeding to prevent, restrain, correct or abate any violation hereof or of the orders or standards or rules promulgated hereunder. This action may include, but is not limited to, proceedings to revoke or suspend 6 any commission permit or approval, taken either before the commission itself in accordance with Title 5, section 10004, 8 before the Administrative District Court in accordance with Title 4, seetiens--1152-to--1157, chapter 5 or, notwithstanding the 10 provisions of Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2, 9 or Title section 10051, before the Superior Court as part of an 12 enforcement action brought by the commission.

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In addition to any such penalties or remedies provided in this subsection, the court may order restoration of any area affected by any action or inaction found to be in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or of any order, standard, rule or permit of the commission, or any decree of the court, to the condition of such area prior to the violation. When such restoration is not practicable, the court may order other actions to be taken by the person charged with the violation which are in mitigation of the damage caused by the violation.

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A person who willfully or knowingly falsifies any statement contained in a permit application or other information required to be submitted to the commission shall-be is in violation of this chapter and subject to the penalties of this chapter.

Sec. 29. 12 MRSA §1884, last ¶, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 678, §13, is amended to read:

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In addition, the bureau may in the name of the State institute any appropriate action, injunction or other proceeding to prevent, restrain, correct or abate any violation of this subchapter or of the rules or permits issued under it. This action may include, but is not limited to, proceedings to revoke or suspend any bureau permit or approval taken before the Administrative District Court in accordance with Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2 9 and Title 4, sections—1152—to—1157 chapter 5 or, notwithstanding the provisions of Title 5, section 10051, before the Superior Court, as part of an enforcement action brought by the bureau.

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Sec. 30. 12 MRSA §6371, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, §5, is amended to read:

3. Suspension for violations. Violation of any section of marine resources' laws shall-be is grounds for suspension of any and all licenses or certificates issued under this Part. In order

to suspend a license or certificate for a violation, the commissioner shall follow the procedures for license suspension or revocation in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court, as provided under Title 4, chapter 25 5.

Sec. 31. 12 MRSA $\S6373$, first \P , as enacted by PL 1977, c. 661, $\S5$, is amended to read:

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In order to suspend a license or certificate for refusal to allow a shellfish inspection or for violation of shellfish sanitation regulations, the commissioner shall follow for suspension procedures license or revocation inthe Administrative District Court, as provided under Title 4, chapter 25 5. The suspension for these reasons shall must be a summary action necessary to prevent an immediate threat to the public health, safety and welfare and shall must be an emergency proceeding under Title 4, section 1153 184, subsection 6.

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- Sec. 32. 12 MRSA \$8833, sub-\$2, as enacted by PL 1979, c. 545, \$3, is amended to read:
- 22 2. Revocation. The director may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any registration of any mill for violation of sections 8830 and 8831 under the authority granted in Title 5, section 10004. The Administrative District Court, acting pursuant to Title 4, chapter 25 5, may revoke the registration granted to any mill for violation of sections 8830 and 8831 for a period not to exceed 2 years, after which time the mill may make application for reinstatement as a registered mill.

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- Sec. 33. 12 MRSA §9321, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 504, §2, is amended to read:
- 2. Revocation. The director or his the director's delegate may revoke any permit during a period of high forest fire danger or any permit which results in creation of a nuisance condition without compliance with the provisions of Title 4, chapter 25 5 or Title 5, chapter 375.
- Sec. 34. 12 MRSA §9322, sub-§3, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 555, §2, is amended to read:

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3. Resident guides. Upon application, the Director of the Bureau of Forestry may issue a statewide yearly permit for out-of-door fires to resident guides licensed by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife. The director may restrict the scope of a permit to correspond with the classification of the guide license. Use of the permit is conditional upon the permittee:

4	B. Complying with any landowner campfire restrictions;
4	C. Complying with applicable out-of-door burning laws; and
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8	D. Complying with out-of-door fire restrictions established by the director for the area in which and the time during
•	which fires are made.
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	The director shall revoke the permit of any person who violates
12	any condition or restriction established by this subsection. The
	director is not required to comply with the provisions of Title
14	4, chapter 25 5 or Title 5, chapter 375 in revoking a permit under this subsection.
16	under this subsection.
	Sec. 35. 13-A MRSA §1210, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1989, c.
18	501, Pt. L, §19, is further amended to read:
20	1. Notwithstanding Title 4, chapter $25 ext{ } \underline{5}$, and Title 5, chapter 375, the authority of a foreign corporation to do
22	business in this State may be revoked by the Secretary of State,
	as provided by subsections 2 and 3, when:
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	A. The corporation has failed to file its annual report
26	within the time specified by this Act or has failed to pay
2.0	any fees, franchise taxes or penalties prescribed by this
28	Act when they have become due and payable; er
30	B. The corporation has failed to appoint and maintain a
	registered agent in this State as required by section 1212;
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34	C. The corporation has failed, after change of its
36	registered office or registered agent, to file in the office
30	of the Secretary of State a statement of such change as required by section 1212; er
38	required by seccion 1212, or
	D. The corporation has failed to file in the office of the
10	Secretary of State within the required time any articles of
	merger as required by section 1206 or amended application
12	for authority as required by section 1207; or
1 1	P) miguamusquatation has been made of a material force !
14	E. A misrepresentation has been made of a material fact in any application, report, affidavit or other document
1 6	required by this Act.
18	Sec. 36. 13-A MRSA §1302, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c.
	458, §5, is further amended to read:

A. Possessing a valid guide license;

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- 1. A corporation required to deliver an annual report for 2 filing as provided by section 1301 that fails to deliver its properly completed annual report to the Secretary of State shall 4 pay, in addition to the regular annual report fee, the sum of \$25, providing the report is received by the Secretary of State prior to revocation or suspension. Upon a corporation's failure to file the annual report and to pay the annual report fee or the 8 penalty, the Secretary of State, notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, shall revoke a foreign 10 corporation's authority to do business in this State and suspend a domestic corporation from doing business. The Secretary of State shall use the procedures set forth in section 1210, 12 relative to revoking the right of foreign corporations to do 14 business in this State, for suspending domestic corporations. foreign corporation whose authority to do business in this State has been revoked under this subsection that wishes to do business 16 again in this State must be authorized as provided in section A domestic corporation that has been suspended under this 18 subsection may be reinstated by filing the current annual report, 20 together with the current annual filing fee, and by paying the reinstatement fee of \$125 for each year the corporation failed to 22 file an annual report. The maximum reinstatement fee may not exceed \$500, regardless of the number of delinquent reports or 24 the period of delinquency.
 - Sec. 37. 13-B MRSA §1210, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1993, c. 316, §42, is further amended to read:

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- 1. Secretary of State may revoke authority. Notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5, and Title 5, chapter 375, the authority of a foreign corporation to carry on activities in this State may be revoked by the Secretary of State, as provided by subsections 2 and 3, when:
- The corporation has failed to file its annual report 36 within the time specified by this Act, or has failed to pay any fees or penalties prescribed by this Act, when they have become due and payable;
 - The corporation has failed to appoint and maintain a registered agent in this State as required by section 1212;
- corporation has failed, after change of 44 registered office or registered agent, to file in the office of the Secretary of State a statement of such change as required by section 1212; 46
- 48 The corporation has failed to file in the office of the Secretary of State within the required time any articles of

merger as required by section 1206 or amended application for authority as required by section 1207; or

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- E. A misrepresentation has been made of a material fact in any application, report, affidavit or other document required by this Act.
- 8 Sec. 38. 13-B MRSA §1302, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 349, §36, is amended to read:
 - Failure to file annual report. Any corporation that is required to deliver an annual report for filing, as provided by section 1301, and fails to deliver its properly completed annual report to the Secretary of State, shall pay the sum of \$10 for each failure to file on time. Upon a corporation's failure to file the annual report and to pay the annual report fee and the penalty, the Secretary of State, notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 $\underline{5}$ and Title 5, chapter 375, shall revoke a foreign corporation's authority to carry on activities in this State and suspend a domestic corporation from carrying on activities. The Secretary of State shall use the procedures set forth in section 1210, relative to revoking the right of foreign corporations to carry on activities in this State, for suspending domestic corporations. A foreign corporation whose authority to carry on activities in this State has been revoked under this subsection that wishes to carry on activities again in this State must be authorized as provided in section 1202. A domestic corporation that has been suspended under this subsection may be reinstated by filing the current annual report and by paying the penalty accrued.
- Sec. 39. 15 MRSA §1003, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 758, §20, is amended to read:
- Court. "Court" means any Justice of the Supreme Judicial
 Court or Superior Court or any active retired justice and any District Court Judge or active retired judge, ---er--any
 Administrative-Court-Judge-or-active-retired-judge-when-assigned under-Title-4, section-157-C-er-1158.
- Sec. 40. 22 MRSA §1471-D, sub-§7, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1977, c. 694, §339, is amended to read:
- D. This subsection shall is not be governed by the provisions of Title 4, chapter 25 5 or Title 5, chapter 375.
- Sec. 41. 22 MRSA §2144, sub-§4, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1983, c.
 48 570, is amended to read:

C. Any license issued under this chapter may be suspended or revoked for violation of applicable laws and rules committing, permitting, aiding or abetting any illegal practices in the operation of the provider of conduct or practices detrimental to the welfare of persons to whom home health care services are provided. When the department believes that a license shall must be suspended or revoked, it shall file a complaint with the Administrative District Court in accordance with Title 4, section 1153 184 or the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375.

Sec. 42. 22 MRSA §2500, 2nd \P , as enacted by PL 1981, c. 203, \S 2, is amended to read:

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Whenever, upon inspection, conditions are found which violate this chapter or regulations adopted thereunder, or which may endanger the life, health or safety of persons living in or attending any licensed establishment under this chapter, the department may request an emergency suspension of license of the Administrative District Court pursuant to Title 4, section 1153 184, subsection 6, and the court may grant suspension subject to reinstatement following a hearing before the court if cause is not shown.

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- Sec. 43. 22 MRSA \$7802, sub-\$3, \PC , as enacted by PL 1983, c. 386, \$2, is amended to read:
- C. Whenever, upon investigation, conditions are found which, in the opinion of the department, immediately endanger the health or safety of persons living in or attending a facility, the department may request the Administrative District Court for an emergency suspension pursuant to Title 4, section 1153 184, subsection 6.

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Sec. 44. 24 MRSA §2314, as amended by PL 1997, c. 592, §4, is further amended to read:

§2314. Suspension or revocation of certificate of authority

- Notwithstanding Title 4, seetien-1151 chapter 5 and Title 5, section 10051, the superintendent may suspend or revoke a certificate of authority granted under this chapter for cause at any time pursuant to a hearing held in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV.
- Sec. 45. 24-A MRSA §416, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1983, c. 419, §1, is further amended to read:
- 1. Notwithstanding Title 4, section--1151 chapter 5, and 50 Title 5, section 10051, the superintendent shall refuse to

continue or shall suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate of authority:

A. If such action is required by any provision of this Title;

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B. If a foreign insurer and it no longer meets the requirements for a certificate of authority, on account of deficiency of capital or surplus or otherwise;

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C. If a domestic insurer and it has failed to cure an impairment of capital or surplus within the time allowed therefor by the superintendent under this Title or is otherwise no longer qualified for the certificate of authority;

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- D. If the insurer's certificate of authority to transact insurance therein is suspended or revoked by its state of domicile, or state of entry into the United States, if an alien insurer; or
- E. For failure of the insurer to pay taxes on its premiums as required by law.

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- Sec. 46. 24-A MRSA §417, sub-§§1 and 3, as amended by PL 1983,
 c. 419, §2, are amended to read:
- 1. Notwithstanding Title 4, seetien--1151, chapter 5 and Title 5, section 10051, the superintendent may refuse to continue or may suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate of authority, if he the superintendent finds, after a hearing thereon or upon waiver of hearing by the insurer, that the insurer has violated or failed to comply with any lawful order of the superintendent, or has willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with any lawful rule of the superintendent, or has violated any provision of this Title other than those for violation of which suspension or revocation is mandatory.

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3. Notwithstanding Title 4, seetiens-1151-and-1153, chapter 5 and Title 5, section 10051, the superintendent may, without notice or a hearing thereon, immediately suspend the certificate of authority of any insurer as to which proceedings for receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation or delinquency proceedings have been commenced against the insurer in any state by the public official charged with supervising the insurance industry in that state. Upon suspending a certificate of authority under this subsection, the superintendent shall promptly schedule a hearing on the matter, to be held within 30 days of the suspension. The superintendent shall make determination within 30 days after the conclusion of that hearing.

Sec. 47. 24-A MRSA §4216, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 683, Pt. B, \$14, is further amended by amending the first paragraph to read: Notwithstanding Title 4, seetien--1151 chapter 5 and 6 Title 5, section 10051, the superintendent may suspend or revoke a certificate of authority issued to a health maintenance 8 organization under this chapter if the superintendent finds that 10 any of the following conditions exist after a hearing held in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV: 12 Sec. 48. 29-A MRSA §853, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 14 16 §853. Suspension and revocation Notwithstanding Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2 9 18 and Title 5, sections 10003 and 10051, the Secretary of State may 20 suspend, revoke or deny any license, registration or renewal issued pursuant to this chapter. 22 Sec. 49. 29-A MRSA §1612, 3rd ¶, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 683, Pt. A, §2 and affected by Pt. B, §5, is amended to read: 24 26 Notwithstanding Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2 9 and Title 5, sections 10003 and 10051, the Secretary of State has the authority to suspend a motor vehicle dealer license upon the 28 dealer's failure to maintain insurance as required by this section. 30 Sec. 50. 29-A MRSA §2552, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 32 65, Pt. A, §124 and affected by §153 and Pt. C, §15, is further 34 amended to read: 36 Notwithstanding Title 4, section 1151 152, subsection 2, 9 and Title 5, sections 10003 and 10051, the Secretary of State 38 shall immediately revoke, without preliminary hearing, the license to operate a motor vehicle of an habitual offender. 40 Sec. 51. 30-A MRSA §4451, sub-§6, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. A, §45 and Pt. C, §10, is amended to read: 42 The Administrative <u>District</u> Court may revoke 44 certificate of a code enforcement officer, in accordance

The code enforcement officer has practiced fraud

with Title 4, chapter $25 ext{ } extstyle extstyle 5}$, when it finds that:

or deception;

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Reasonable care, judgment or the application of a 2 duly trained and knowledgeable code officer's ability was not used in the performance of 4 the duties of the office; or The code enforcement officer is incompetent or 6 (3) unable to perform properly the duties of the office. 8 Sec. 52. 31 MRSA §498, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 1991, c. 780, Pt. U, §28, is further amended to read: 10 12 A. Notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, the authority of a foreign limited partnership to do business in this State may be revoked by the Secretary 14 of State as provided in paragraphs C and D when: 16 (1) The foreign limited partnership fails to deliver its annual report for filing within the time specified 18 by this chapter or fails to pay any fees or penalties 20 as prescribed by this chapter when they become due and payable; 22 (2) The foreign limited partnership fails to appoint and maintain a registered agent in this State as 24 required by section 494; 26 (3) The foreign limited partnership fails, after change 28 of its registered office or registered agent, to file with the Secretary of State a statement of the change 30 required by section 494; 32 (4) The foreign limited partnership has failed to file with the Secretary of State an amended application for authority required by section 495; or 34 36 (5) A misrepresentation of a material fact is made in any application, report, affidavit or other document 38 required by this chapter. Sec. 53. 31 MRSA §530, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 458, 40 §18, is further amended to read: 42 Failure to file annual report. A limited partnership 44 required to deliver an annual report for filing as provided by section 529 that fails to deliver its properly completed annual 46 report to the Secretary of State shall pay, in addition to the regular annual report fee, the sum of \$25, providing the report is received by the Secretary of State prior to revocation or 48 suspension of the limited partnership. Upon a limited

partnership's failure to file the annual report and to pay the

annual report fee or the penalty, the Secretary of State, 2 notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, shall revoke a foreign limited partnership's authority to do business in this State and suspend a domestic limited partnership from doing business. The Secretary of State shall use the procedures set forth in section 498, subsection 2, relative to revoking the right of foreign limited partnerships to do business in this State, for suspending domestic limited partnerships. A 8 foreign limited partnership whose authority to do business in this State has been revoked under this subsection that wishes to 10 do business again in this State must be authorized as provided in A domestic limited partnership that has been 12 section 492. suspended under this subsection may be reinstated by filing the 14 current annual report together with the current annual filing fee and by paying the reinstatement fee of \$125 for each year the 16 limited partnership failed to file an annual report. The maximum reinstatement fee may not exceed \$500, regardless of the number of delinquent reports or the period of delinquency. 18

Sec. 54. 31 MRSA §719, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 718, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read:

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- A. Notwithstanding Title 4, chapter $25 ext{ } ext{5}$ and Title 5, chapter 375, the authority of a foreign limited liability company to do business in this State may be revoked by the Secretary of State as provided in paragraphs C and D when:
 - (1) The foreign limited liability company fails to deliver its annual report for filing within the time specified by this chapter or fails to pay any fees or penalties as prescribed by this chapter when they become due and payable;
 - (2) The foreign limited liability company fails to appoint and maintain a registered agent in this State as required by section 714;
 - (3) The foreign limited liability company fails, after change of its registered office or registered agent, to file with the Secretary of State a statement of the change required by section 714;

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(4) The foreign limited liability company has failed to file with the Secretary of State an amended application for authority required by section 715; or

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(5) A misrepresentation of a material fact is made in any application, report, affidavit or other document required by this chapter.

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Sec. 55. 31 MRSA §758, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 458, §24, is further amended to read:

- Failure to file annual report. A limited liability company required to deliver an annual report for filing as provided by section 757 that fails to deliver its properly completed annual report to the Secretary of State shall pay, in addition to the regular annual report fee, the sum of \$25, if the report is received by the Secretary of State prior to revocation or suspension of the limited liability company. Upon a limited liability company's failure to file the annual report and to pay the annual report fee or the penalty, the Secretary of State, notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, shall revoke a foreign limited liability company's authority to do business in this State and suspend a domestic limited liability company from doing business. The Secretary of State shall use the procedures set forth in section 719, subsection 2, relative to revoking the right of foreign limited liability companies to do business in this State, for suspending domestic limited liability companies. A foreign limited liability company whose authority to do business in this State has been revoked under this subsection that wishes to do business again in this State must be authorized as provided in section 712. A domestic limited liability company that has been suspended under this subsection may be reinstated by filing the current annual report together with the current annual filing fee and by paying the reinstatement fee of \$125 for each year the limited liability failed to file annual report. company an The reinstatement fee may not exceed \$500, regardless of the number of delinquent reports or the period of delinquency.
- Sec. 56. 31 MRSA §859, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 633, Pt. B, §1, is amended to read:
 - A. Notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, the status of a foreign partnership as a limited liability partnership with respect to doing business in this State may be revoked by the Secretary of State as provided in paragraphs C and D when:
 - (1) The foreign limited liability partnership fails to deliver its annual report for filing within the time specified by this chapter or fails to pay any fees or penalties as prescribed by this chapter when they become due and payable;
 - (2) The foreign limited liability partnership fails to appoint and maintain a registered agent in this State as required by section 807;

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- The foreign limited liability partnership fails, after change of its registered office or registered agent, to file with the Secretary of State a statement of the change required by section 807;
 - The foreign limited liability partnership fails to file with the Secretary of State an amended application for authority required by section 855; or
- A misrepresentation of a material fact is made in any application, report, affidavit or other document 12 required by this chapter.
 - Sec. 57. 31 MRSA §874, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 633, Pt. B, §1, is amended to read:

Failure to file annual report; revocation of status. 18 limited liability partnership required to deliver an annual report for filing, as provided by section 873, that fails to 20 deliver its properly completed annual report to the Secretary of State shall pay, in addition to the regular annual report fee, 22 the sum of \$25, provided that the report is received by the Secretary of State prior to revocation of its status as a limited 24 liability partnership. Upon a partnership's failure to file the annual report and to pay the annual report fee or the penalty, 26 the Secretary of State, notwithstanding Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, chapter 375, shall revoke the status of that partnership as a foreign limited liability partnership or a registered 28 limited liability partnership. The Secretary of State shall use 30 the procedures set forth in section 859, subsection 1 relative to revoking the status of a partnership as a foreign limited 32 liability partnership for revoking the status of a partnership as a registered limited liability partnership. A foreign limited liability partnership whose limited liability partnership status 34 has been revoked under this subsection that wishes to do business again as a limited liability partnership in this State must 36 follow the procedures set forth in section 808, subsection 3 relative reinstatement of registered limited 38 liability to A partnership whose status as a registered limited partnerships. liability partnership has been revoked under this subsection may 40 be reinstated by filing the current annual report together with the current annual filing fee and by paying the reinstatement fee 42 of \$125 for each year the limited liability partnership failed to file an annual report. The maximum reinstatement fee may not 44 exceed \$500, regardless of the number of delinquent reports or 46 the period of delinquency.

Sec. 58. 32 MRSA §64-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 378, §2, is amended to read:

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2	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in
4	the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
4	4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
6	Sec. 59. 32 MRSA §90-A, sub-§4, ¶D, as amended by PL 1993, c. 575, §2, is further amended to read:
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	D. Except in the specific circumstances where theMaine
10	Administrative-Procedure-Act, Title 5, section 10004 may be invoked, if the board or its staff concludes that suspension
12	or revocation of the license is in order, the board or its
	staff shall hold a hearing or request the Attorney General
14	to file a complaint in the Administrative District Court in
	accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 $\underline{5}$ to commence either
16	full or emergency proceedings.
18	Sec. 60. 32 MRSA §503-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 378, §4, is amended to read:
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	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of
22	the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in
24	the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
26	Sec. 61. 32 MRSA §1077, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c.
28	378, §7, is amended to read:
-0	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of
30	the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in
	the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
32	4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
34	<pre>Sec. 62. 32 MRSA §1356, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 355, §14, is further amended to read:</pre>
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	The board may suspend or revoke the registration of an
38	engineer or the certificate of an engineer-intern pursuant to
40	Title 5, section 10004. The board may refuse to issue or renew or the Administrative District Court, pursuant to Title 4, chapter
40	25 5, may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew the registration of
42	a registered professional engineer or the certificate of an
	engineer-intern who is found guilty of:
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16	Sec. 63. 32 MRSA §2105-A, sub-§1-A, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1985,
46	c. 724, §12, is amended to read:
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48	E. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of

2	Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
4	<pre>Sec. 64. 32 MRSA §2431-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 378, §30, is amended to read:</pre>
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8	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
10	4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
12	<pre>Sec. 65. 32 MRSA §2591-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 378, §38, is amended to read:</pre>
14	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of
16	the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
18	4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
20	Sec. 66. 32 MRSA §2594-D, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §187, is further amended to read:
22	2. Consent to physical or mental examination; objections to
24	admissibility of physician's testimony waived. For the purposes of this section, every physician assistant licensed under these
26	rules who accepts the responsibility of rendering medical services in this State by the filing of an application and of
28	annual licensure:
30	A. Is deemed to have given consent to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board; and
32	B. Is deemed to have waived all objections to the
34	admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or reports on the ground that these constitute a privileged
36	communication.
38	Pursuant to Title 4, section 1153 184, subsection 6, the Administrative District Court shall immediately suspend the
40	license of a physician assistant who can be shown, through the results of the medical or physical examination conducted under
42	this section or through other competent evidence, to be unable to render medical services with reasonable skill and safety to
44	patients by reason of mental illness, alcohol intemperance,
46	excessive use of drugs or narcotics or as a result of a mental or physical condition interfering with the competent rendering of medical services.
48	medical selvices.
50	Sec. 67. 32 MRSA §3270-C, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 600, Pt. A, §207, is further amended to read:

2	2. Consent to physical or mental examination; objections to admissibility of physician's testimony waived. For the purposes
4	of this section, every physician assistant registered under these
-	rules who accepts the privilege of rendering medical services in
6	this State by the filing of an application and of biannual
•	registration renewal:
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Ū	A. Is deemed to have consented to a mental or physical
10	examination when directed in writing by the board; and
12	B. Is deemed to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or
14	reports on the ground that these constitute a privileged communication.
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-	Pursuant to Title 4, section 1153 184, subsection 6, the
18	Administrative <u>District</u> Court shall immediately suspend the certificate of a physician assistant who can be shown, through
20	the results of the medical or physical examination conducted under this section or through other competent evidence, to be
22	unable to render medical services with reasonable skill and
	safety to patients by reason of mental illness, alcohol
24	intemperance, excessive use of drugs or narcotics or as a result
	of a mental or physical condition interfering with the competent
26	rendering of medical services.
28	Sec. 68. 32 MRSA §3282-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as repealed and replaced
	by PL 1991, c. 824, Pt. A, §68, is amended to read:
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30	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of
32	the license is in order, the board shall file a complaint in
J.2	the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
34	4, chapter 25 5.
J 4	i, chapter so v.
36	Sec. 69. 32 MRSA §3655-A, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 1993,
30	c. 600, Pt. A, \$248, is further amended to read:
38	c. ooo, it. A, grao, is intended to read.
	D. If the board concludes that suspension or revocation of
40	the license is in order, the board may file a complaint in
	the Administrative <u>District</u> Court in accordance with Title
42	4, chapter 25 <u>5</u> .
44	Sec. 70. 32 MRSA §4175, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1989, c. 890,
	Pt. A, §5 and affected by §40, is further amended to read:
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	The Administrative District Court may revoke the certificate
48	of an operator, in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 5, when it

is found that the operator has practiced fraud or deception; that

reasonable care, judgment or the application of the operator's

knowledge or ability was not used in the performance of the operator's duties; or that the operator is incompetent or unable properly to perform the operator's duties.

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Sec. 71. 32 MRSA §4864, first \P , as amended by PL 1997, c. 246, \S 21, is further amended to read:

The board, on its own motion or upon complaint made to it, may hold a hearing to determine whether or not violations of this chapter or the standards for the practice of veterinary medicine adopted by the board have been violated. Hearings conducted under this section are "adjudicatory proceedings" and must be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV. The board has the authority to issue subpoenas subject to the provisions of Title 5, section 9060. If the board considers a licensee has committed any of the acts set forth in this section, it shall either report its findings to the Attorney General for prosecution in the Administrative District Court for suspension or revocation in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 5, or place the licensee on probation for a certain period of time during which the licensee shall file periodic affidavits of the licensee's practice in accordance with the standards set by the board, or censure, by letter, the licensee. The following acts are grounds for disciplinary action by the board or for revocation or suspension by the Administrative District Court:

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Sec. 72. 32 MRSA §4865-A, first ¶, as amended by PL 1993, c. 404, Pt. A, §11, is further amended to read:

The board, on the board's own motion or upon complaint made to the board, may hold a hearing held in accordance with rules adopted by the board to determine whether or not violations of this chapter relating to veterinary technicians have Hearings conducted under this section are considered "adjudicatory proceedings" and are conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter IV. The board may issue subpoenas subject to the provisions of Title 5, section 9060. If the board considers that a veterinary technician has committed any of the acts set forth in this section, the board shall either report the board's findings to the Attorney General prosecution in the Administrative District Court suspension or revocation of the veterinary technician's registration in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 5; place the licensee on probation for a certain period of time during which the licensee shall file periodic affidavits of the licensee's duties in accordance with the standards set by the board; or censure, by letter, the veterinary technician. The following acts grounds for disciplinary action by the board or for revocation or suspension by the Administrative District Court:

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Sec. 73. 32 MRSA §4913, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1983, c. 413, §184, is further amended to read:

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- 1. Powers of board and District Court Judge concerning complaints. The board shall investigate or cause to be investigated all complaints against certified geologists or soil scientists and persons granted temporary authorizations pursuant to this chapter and all cases of violations of this chapter. The board may, pursuant to Title 5, section 10004, suspend or revoke a license issued by it. In addition, the board may refuse to issue or renew the license, or the Administrative District Court may, pursuant to Title 4, chapter 25 5, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of any registrant who is found guilty of:
- A. The practice of any fraud or deceit in obtaining a certificate or registration;
- B. Any gross negligence, incompetence or misconduct in the practice of geology or soil science;
 - C. Any felony or any crime adversely affecting the ethical standards of the professions regulated by this chapter, subject to the limitations of Title 5, chapter 341; or
 - D. Any violation of this chapter or any rule of the board.
- Sec. 74. 32 MRSA $\S 5018$, first \P , as amended by PL 1987, c. 395, Pt. A, $\S 190$, is further amended to read:
 - The board may, pursuant to Title 5, section 10004, revoke or suspend the license of a professional forester. In addition, the board may refuse to issue or renew the license, or the Administrative District Court may, pursuant to Title 4, chapter 25 5, revoke, suspend or refuse to renew the license, of a professional forester who has been found guilty of any deceit, misconduct, misrepresentation, fraud, incompetence or gross negligence in his professional practice, or has been guilty of any fraud or deceit in obtaining his a license, or aids or abets any person alledged alleged to have been defrauded in the violation of any provisions of this chapter or fails in any material respect to comply with the provisions of this chapter.
 - Sec. 75. 32 MRSA §12274, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 489, §2, is amended to read:
- A. Report its findings to the Attorney General for prosecution in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court for suspension in accordance with Title 4, chapter 25 5; or

Sec. 76. 32 MRSA §13068, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 2 395, Pt. A, §212, is amended to read: Licensing. After hearing, the commission may affirm, modify or reverse the director's decision to deny an examination, license or renewal license, or, in its discretion, file a 6 complaint in the Administrative District Court pursuant to Title 4, chapter 25 5 and Title 5, section 10051, to determine whether 8 a license may be denied. 10 Sec. 77. 33 MRSA §153 is repealed and the following enacted 12 in its place: 14 §153. Sale or mortgage of estates subject to contingent remainders 16 1. Sale or mortgage. When real estate is subject to a contingent remainder, executory devise or power of appointment, 18 the Superior Court, the District Court or the Probate Court for the county or district in which the real estate is situated may, 20 upon the petition of any person who has an estate in possession in the real estate and after notice and other proceedings as 22 required, appoint one or more trustees and authorize the trustee 24 or trustees: 26 A. To sell and convey the estate or any part of the estate in fee simple, if such a sale and conveyance appears to the 28 court to be necessary or expedient; or B. To mortgage the estate, either with or without power of 30 sale, for such an amount, on such terms and for such purposes as may seem to the court judicious or expedient. 32 34 The conveyance or mortgage is valid and binding upon all parties. 36 2. Petition. The petition must set forth the nature of the petitioner's title to the real estate, the source from which the title was derived, the names and addresses of all persons known 38 to be interested in the real estate and any other facts necessary for a full understanding of the matter. 40 Sec. 78. 35-A MRSA §704, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 42 141, Pt. A, §6, is amended to read: 44 Violation of rules. If the commission finds that a public utility has willfully or recklessly violated 46 substantive rule promulgated by the commission pursuant to the

authority granted in this section, the commission may bring a

complaint against the public utility before the Administrative District Court as provided in Title 5, section 10051, subsection

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4, except that the jurisdiction in the Administrative <u>District</u> Court shall <u>does</u> not include the issuance, renewal, denial or revocation of a license of a public utility. The Administrative <u>District</u> Court may impose fines in accordance with Title 4, section 1156 184, subsection 8.

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Sec. 79. Transition provisions.

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- 1. The District Court is the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the former Administrative Court.
- 2. Any positions authorized and allocated subject to the personnel laws to the former Administrative Court are transferred to the District Court and may continue to be authorized. The Chief Judge and the Associate Judge of the former Administrative Court are District Court judges for all purposes. Their terms as District Court judges are for the balances of the terms for which they were confirmed as judges of the Administrative Court; no appointment or confirmation is required for each to serve the remainder of their terms as District Court judges.
 - 3. All records, property and equipment previously belonging to or allocated for the use of the former Administrative Court become, on the effective date of this Act, part of the property of the District Court.

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Sec. 80. Maine Revised Statutes amended; revision clause. Wherever in the Maine Revised Statutes the words "Administrative Court" appear or reference is made to those words, they are amended to read and mean "District Court," and the Revisor of Statutes shall implement this revision when updating, publishing or republishing the statutes.

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SUMMARY

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This bill amends the jurisdiction of the District Court in 2 ways. First, it gives the District Court the equitable jurisdiction to order the partition of property by sale. Both the Superior Court and the probate courts currently have this equity jurisdiction in the situation where a life tenant is followed by a contingent remainder. Boyer v. Boyer, 1999 ME 128 (August 5, 1999).

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Second, this bill gives the District Court jurisdiction, powers and responsibilities of the Administrative Court and eliminates the Administrative Court. The 2 sitting Administrative Court judges become District Court judges, serving remainder of their terms without reappointment reconfirmation.