MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2445

H.P. 1739

House of Representatives, January 10, 2000

An Act to Amend the Laws Governing Municipal Tax Increment Financing to Encourage Downtown Investment.

Submitted by the Department of Economic and Community Development pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative GAGNON of Waterville. Cosponsored by Senator KONTOS of Cumberland and Representatives: CIANCHETTE of South Portland, O'NEAL of Limestone, Senator: DAGGETT of Kennebec.

R۵	it	enacted	hy the	People	of the	State	of Maine	as follows:
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Sec. 1. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

Captured assessed value. "Captured assessed value"

means the valuation-amount-by-which-the-current assessed-value-of

2. Captured assessed value. "Captured assessed value" means the valuation-amount-by-which the current assessed-value-of a-tax-increment-financing-district-exceeds-the-original-assessed value-of-the-district--If-the-current assessed-value-is-equal-to or-less-than-the-original-there-is-no-captured-assessed-value amount, as a percentage or stated sum, of increased assessed value that is utilized from year to year to finance the project costs contained within the development program.

Sec. 2. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§§4-A and 4-B are enacted to read:

- 4-A. Downtown. "Downtown" means the traditional central business district of a community that has served as the center of socioeconomic interaction in the community, characterized by a cohesive core of commercial and mixed-use buildings, often interspersed with civic, religious and residential buildings and public spaces, typically arranged along a main street and intersecting side streets and served by public infrastructure.
- 4-B. Downtown development district. "Downtown development district" means a tax increment financing district located in the municipality's downtown area, as defined in an approved downtown redevelopment plan consistent with the Department of Economic and Community Development's quality downtown criteria established pursuant to rules of the department.

Sec. 3. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§5-B is enacted to read:

5-B. Increased assessed value. "Increased assessed value"

means the valuation amount by which the current assessed value of a tax increment financing district exceeds the original assessed value of the district. If the current assessed value is equal to or less than the original there is no increased assessed value.

Sec. 4. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§8, ¶A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 220, §2, is further amended to read:

A. The term "project costs" does not include the cost of facilities, buildings or portions of buildings used predominantly for the general conduct of government or for public recreational purposes. These facilities and buildings include, but are not limited to, city halls and other headquarters of government where the governing body meets regularly, courthouses, jails, police stations and other State Government and local government office

buildings, recreation centers, athletic fields and swimming pools. Facilities and buildings used by State Government may be included as project costs if located in approved downtown development districts.

Sec. 5. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§8, ¶B, as amended by PL 1999, c. 272, §§4 and 5, is further amended by amending subparagraph (11) to read:

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(11) Costs associated with developing new employment opportunities; promoting public events; advertising educational and commercial cultural, activities; providing public safety; establishing and maintaining administrative and management support; assisting in mitigating any adverse impact of a district upon the municipality and its constituents; funding economic development programs or environmental improvement programs developed by the municipality; marketing the municipality as a business location; and such other services as are necessary or appropriate to carry out the development program if the activities and programs generating such costs are provided for in development program and bear a reasonable relationship to the improvements or activities within the district or the impacts on the district; and

Sec. 6. 30-A MRSA §5252, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 737, Pt. A, §2 and Pt. C, §106 and as amended by PL 1989, c. 104, Pt. C, §§8 and 10, is further amended to read:

9. Tax increment. "Tax increment" means that-portion-ef all those real and personal property taxes assessed by a municipality, in excess of any state, county or special district tax, upon the eaptured increased assessed value of property in the development district.

Sec. 7. 30-A MRSA §5253, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 669, §2, is further amended to read:

1. Districts. The municipal legislative body may designate development districts within the boundaries of the municipality. Before designating a district, the municipal legislative body or the municipal legislative body's designee shall hold at least one public hearing. Notice of the hearing must be published at least 10 days before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality. The conditions in paragraphs A to E do not apply to approved downtown development districts.

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A. At least 25%, by area, of the real property within a development district must meet at least one of the following criteria:

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(1) Must be a blighted area;

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- (2) Must be in need of rehabilitation, redevelopment or conservation work; or
- (3) Must be suitable for industrial or commercial sites.

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- B. The total area of a single development district may not exceed 2% of the total acreage of the municipality. All development districts may not exceed 5% of the total acreage of the municipality. The boundaries of a development district may be altered only after meeting the requirements for adoption under this subsection.
- The aggregate value of equalized taxable property, as defined in Title 36, sections 208 and 305, of a tax increment financing district determined as of the April 1t preceding the date the designation of the district becomes effective, plus all existing tax increment districts determined as of the April 1st preceding the date the designation of each such district became effective, may not exceed 5% of the total value of equalized taxable property within the municipality as of the April preceding the date the designation of the development However, excluded from the district becomes effective. calculation of this limit is any district involving project costs in excess of \$10,000,000, the geographic area of which consists entirely of contiguous property owned by a single taxpayer and the assessed value of which exceeds 10% of the municipality's total assessed value. For the purpose of this paragraph, "contiguous property" includes a parcel or parcels of land divided by a road, power line right-of-way.
- D. The aggregate value of municipal general obligation indebtedness financed by the proceeds from tax increment financing districts within any county may not exceed \$50,000,000, adjusted by a factor equal to the percentage change in the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index, United States City Average, from January 1, 1996 to the date of calculation.
- E. The designation of captured assessed value of property within a tax increment financing district is subject to the following limitations.

- (1) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall adopt rules necessary to allocate or apportion the designation of captured assessed value of property within tax increment financing districts in accordance with these limitations.
- (2) The acquisition, construction and installment of all real and personal property improvements, buildings, structures, fixtures and equipment within the district contemplated by the development program and to be financed through municipal bonded indebtedness must be completed within 5 years of the designation of the tax increment financing district by the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development.

F. Before final designation of a tax increment financing district, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall review the proposal to ensure that the proposal complies with statutory requirements and shall identify tax shifts within the county where increment financing district will be designated. designation under this subsection is effective upon approval by the municipal legislative body and, for tax increment financing districts, upon approval by the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development. In the case of downtown development districts, the State Planning Office and the Department of Transportation shall review proposals and provide advice to assist the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development in making decisions under this paragraph. Ιf the municipality has a charter, designation of a development district must not be in conflict with the provisions of the municipal charter.

SUMMARY

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This bill amends the municipal tax increment financing laws by removing the percentage limitations on district size and value for downtown investment and redevelopment projects. The bill also makes technical changes.