MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-2000

Legislative Document

No. 2348

I.B. 3

House of Representatives, January 5, 2000

An Act to Enact the Maine Death with Dignity Act.

Transmitted to the Clerk of the 119th Maine Legislature by the Secretary of State on November 23, 1999 and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
Sec. 1. 18-A MRSA art. V, Part 9 is enacted to read:
PART 9
FART 9
MAINE DEATH WITH DIGNITY ACT
\$5-901. Short title
35-901. Short Citte
This Part may be known and cited as the "Maine Death with Dignity Act."
§5-902. Definitions
As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise indicates,
the following terms have the following meanings.
(a) Hadulth manus a namen the is 10 manus of any an alden
(a) "Adult" means a person who is 18 years of age or older.
(b) "Attending physician" means a physician who has primary
responsibility for the care of a patient and treatment of that
patient's terminal disease.
(c) "Capable" means not incapable.
(a) Mossoulting whereight was a whereight who is
(d) "Consulting physician" means a physician who is qualified by specialty or experience to make a professional
diagnosis and prognosis regarding the patient's disease. The
consulting physician may not be a partner or similar business
associate of the attending physician and may not have an office in the same building as the attending physician.
in the same building as the accending physician.
(e) "Counseling" means a consultation between a counselor
and a patient to carry out the purposes set forth in section
<u>5-907.</u>
(5) #Councilon# moons a war-shipt state 2 to come 2 to military
(f) "Counselor" means a psychiatrist licensed under Title 32, chapter 48 or a psychologist licensed under Title 32, chapter
56.
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(g) "Health care provider" means a person licensed,
certified or otherwise authorized or permitted by the laws of
this State, to administer health care in the ordinary course of
business or the practice of a profession and includes a health
care facility.
(h) "Incapable" means that, in the opinion of the patient's
attending physician or consulting physician, a patient lacks the
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2	care providers.
4	(i) "Informed decision" means a decision that is made by a qualified patient to request and obtain a prescription to end
6	that patient's life in a humane and dignified manner and that is
•	based on the patient's appreciation of the relevant facts after
8	being fully informed by the attending physician of:
10	(1) The patient's medical diagnosis;
12	(2) The patient's prognosis:
14	(3) The potential risks associated with taking the
	medication that is prescribed;
16	
	(4) The probable results of taking the prescribed
18	medication; and
20	(5) The feasible alternatives, including, but not limited
	to, comfort care, hospice care and pain control.
22	
	(j) "Medically confirmed" means that the medical opinion of
24	the attending physician is confirmed by a consulting physician
	who has examined the patient and the patient's relevant medical
26	records.
20	(12) Harriet of high includes a famile member on an adult sake
28	(k) "Next of kin" includes a family member or an adult who
20	has exhibited special concern for the patient and who is familian with the patient's personal values.
30	with the patient's personal values.
32	(1) "Palliative care specialist" means a person who is
J &	recognized to have expertise in palliative care. A palliative
34	care specialist may be, but is not limited to, a hospice worker,
0 -	nurse, nurse practitioner or physician.
36	
	(m) "Patient" means a person who is under the care of a
38	physician.
40	(n) "Personally communicated request" means a request that
	the patient makes directly in a face-to-face meeting with the
42	attending physician. A "personally communicated request" may be
	made orally, by sign language or by some other method of
44	communication, including a method using an interpreter, that
	clearly and unambiguously communicates the patient's intentions.
46	
	(o) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy
48	licensed to practice medicine by the Board of Licensure in

Medicine or the Board of Osteopathic Licensure.

(p) "Oualified patient" means a capable adult who is a resident of this State and who has satisfied the requirements of 2 this Act in order to obtain a prescription for medication to end that person's life in a humane and dignified manner. 4 6 (g) "Terminal disease" means an incurable and irreversible disease that has been medically confirmed and will, within 8 reasonable medical judgment, produce death within 6 months. 10 §5-903. Written request for medication 12 (a) A patient who is an adult, is capable, is a resident of this State and is determined by the attending physician and the 14 consulting physician to be suffering from a terminal disease and who has voluntarily expressed the wish to die may make a written 16 request for medication for the purpose of ending that patient's life in a humane and dignified manner in accordance with this Act. 18 (b) A valid request for medication under this Act must be 20 in the form described in section 5-921, signed and dated by the patient and witnessed by at least 2 individuals who, in the presence of the patient, attest that to the best of their 22 knowledge and belief the patient is capable, is acting 24 voluntarily and is not coerced to sign the request. 26 (1) A witness may not be a person who is: 28 (i) A relative of the patient by blood, marriage or adoption; 30 (ii) At the time the request is signed, entitled to 32 any portion of the estate of the qualified patient upon that patient's death, under a will or by operation of 34 law; or 36 (iii) An owner, operator or employee of a health care facility where the qualified patient is receiving 38 medical treatment or is a resident. 40 (2) The patient's attending physician at the time the request is signed may not be a witness. 42 (3) If the patient is a resident in a long-term care 44 facility at the time the written request is made, one of the witnesses must be an individual designated by the facility

Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

and must have the qualifications specified by the Department of Human Services by a routine technical rule, as defined in

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	(4) If the patient is physically unable to make a written
2	request, the attending physician shall enter that fact in the patient's medical record. The patient may then comply
4	with the requirement of a written request by making a
	separate personally communicated request:
6	
	(i) To the attending physician;
8	
	(ii) Before 2 witnesses qualified to witness a written
10	request: and
12	(iii) That is recorded verbatim and transcribed into
	written form and entered in the patient's medical
14	record.
16	§5-904. Attending physician's responsibilities
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18	The attending physician shall:
20	(a) Make the initial determination of whether a patient has
	a terminal disease, is capable and has voluntarily requested
22	medication under section 5-903;
<i>a a</i>	medicación under sección 5-3037
24	(b) Inform the patient of:
26	(1) The patient's medical diagnosis;
20	(I) The pacient's medical diagnosis,
28	(2) The patient's prognosis;
30	(3) The potential risks associated with taking the
	medication prescribed;
32	
J.2	(4) The probable result of taking the medication
34	prescribed; and
34	prescribed; and
36	(5) The feasible alternatives, including, but not limited
30	to, comfort care, hospice care and pain control;
38	co, comfort care, nospice care and pain control;
30	(a) Defend the meticulation communication for medical
4.0	(c) Refer the patient to a consulting physician for medical
40	confirmation of the diagnosis and for a determination that the
	patient is capable and acting voluntarily;
42	
	(d) Refer the patient to a palliative care specialist
44	pursuant to section 5-906;
46	(e) Refer the patient for counseling pursuant to section
-± U	
4.0	<u>5-907;</u>
48	
	(f) Request that the patient notify the next of kin. If
50	requested by the patient, the physician shall provide assistance

- in arranging notification of or contact with the patient's next
 of kin;
- 4 (g) Inform the patient of the opportunity to revoke the request for a prescription for medication under this Act at any time and in any manner and offer the patient an opportunity to revoke the request at the end of the 15-day waiting period pursuant to section 5-912;
- 10 (h) Verify, immediately before writing the prescription for medication under this Act, that the patient is making an informed decision;
- 14 (i) Fulfill the medical record documentation requirements of section 5-913; and
- (j) Ensure that all appropriate steps are carried out in

 18 accordance with this Act before writing a prescription for medication to enable a qualified patient to end that patient's
 20 life in a humane and dignified manner.

\$5-905. Consulting physician confirmation

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24 A patient is qualified under this Act if a consulting physician examines the patient and the patient's relevant medical 26 records and confirms, in writing, the attending physician's diagnosis that the patient is suffering from a terminal disease 28 and verifies that the patient is capable, is acting voluntarily and has made an informed decision. The consulting physician 30 shall inquire whether the patient wishes to notify the next of kin if the patient has not already done so. If requested by the patient, the consulting physician shall provide assistance in 32 arranging notification of or contact with the patient's next of 34 kin.

§5-906. Palliative care specialist's responsibilities

The palliative care specialist shall determine whether high-quality palliative care has been made available to the patient. The palliative care specialist shall further make all appropriate recommendations and referrals necessary to overcome any deficiencies in the current level of palliative care provided to the patient. Nothing in this section may be construed to limit or restrict in any way a capable patient's right to refuse palliative care or any other type of medical care.

§5-907. Counseling referral

The attending physician and the consulting physician shall refer the patient for counseling. The counselor shall determine

whether the patient is suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression that causes impaired judgment. Counseling must also include discussion about choosing to die.

Medication to end a patient's life in a humane and dignified manner may not be prescribed until the counselor determines that the patient is not suffering from a psychiatric or psychological disorder or depression that causes impaired judgment.

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The counselor shall inquire whether the patient wishes to notify the next of kin if the patient has not already done so. If requested by the patient, the counselor shall provide assistance in arranging notification of or contact with the patient's next of kin.

\$5-908. Informed decision

A person may not receive a prescription for medication to end that person's life in a humane and dignified manner unless that person has made an informed decision as defined in section 5-902, subsection (i). Before prescribing medication under this Act, the attending physician shall verify that the patient is making an informed decision.

§5-909. Family notification

The attending physician, consulting physician and counselor shall ask the patient to notify the next of kin of the patient's request for medication pursuant to this Act. If requested by the patient, the attending physician, consulting physician or counselor shall provide assistance in arranging notification of or contact with the patient's next of kin. A patient who declines or is unable to notify the next of kin may not be denied the request for medication for that reason.

\$5-910. Requests

To receive a prescription for medication to end the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner, a qualified patient must personally communicate a request and repeat the personally communicated request to the attending physician no sooner than 15 days after the initial request. Before the 2nd personally communicated request is made, the patient must make the request in writing as described in section 5-903. When the qualified patient makes the 2nd personally communicated request, the attending physician shall offer the patient an opportunity to revoke the request.

§5-911. Right to revoke request

2	A patient may revoke a request for medication under this Act at any time and in any manner without regard to the patient's
4	mental state. A prescription for medication under this Act may not be written without the attending physician offering the
б	qualified patient an opportunity to revoke the request.
8	§5-912. Waiting period
10	No fewer than 15 days may elapse between the patient's initial personally communicated request and the writing of a
12	prescription under this Act. No fewer than 48 hours may elapse between the patient's written request and the writing of a
14	prescription under this Act.
16	§5-913. Medical record filing requirements
18	The following information must be filed or noted on a chart in the patient's medical record:
20	
22	(a) All personally communicated requests by a patient for medication to end the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner;
24	(b) All written requests by a patient for medication to end
26	the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner;
28	(c) The attending physician's diagnosis and prognosis and that physician's determination that the patient is capable, is
30	acting voluntarily and is making an informed decision;
32	(d) The consulting physician's diagnosis and prognosis and that physician's determination that the patient is capable, is
34	acting voluntarily and is making an informed decision;
36	(e) A report of the determinations made during counseling;
38	(f) The attending physician's offer to the patient to revoke the request at the time of the patient's 2nd personally
40	communicated request pursuant to section 5-910; and
42	(g) A note by the attending physician stating that requirements under this Act have been met and indicating the
44	steps taken to carry out the request and the medication prescribed.
46	\$5-914. Residency requirement
48	Only persons who have been residents of this State for at
50	least 6 months immediately preceding the request may make and be granted requests under this Act.

\$5-915. Reporting requirements

(a) The Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health shall annually review records maintained pursuant to this Act.

- (b) The Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health shall adopt rules to facilitate the collection of information in compliance with this Act. The information is not a public record and is not available to the public.
- 12 (c) The Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health shall make available to the public an annual statistical report of information collected under subsection (b).

§5-916. Effect on construction of wills, contracts and laws

- (a) A provision in a contract, will or other agreement, whether written or oral, to the extent the provision affects the decision of a person to make or revoke a request for medication to end the person's life in a humane and dignified manner, is not valid.
 - (b) An obligation owing under any existing contract is not conditional to or affected by the making or revoking of a request for medication under this Act to end the person's life in a humane and dignified manner.

\$5-917. Insurance or annuity policies

Benefits payable under a life, health or accident insurance or annuity policy are not affected by making or revoking a request under this Act for medication to end the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner. A qualified patient's act of ingesting medication to end that patient's life in a humane and dignified manner may not have an effect upon benefits payable under a life, health or accident insurance or annuity policy.

§5-918. Construction

(a) This Act may not be construed to authorize a physician or any other person to end a patient's life by lethal injection, mercy killing or active euthanasia. Actions taken in accordance with this Act do not, for any purpose, constitute suicide, assisted suicide, mercy killing or homicide.

(b) This Act may not be construed to authorize any person to assist in the administration of medication prescribed under the provisions of this Act.

§5-919. Immunities

Except as provided in section 5-920, the following immunities apply.

(a) This Act may not be construed to repeal the State prohibition against assisting a suicide except that a person or entity may not be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for participating in good-faith compliance with this Act. The requirement of good faith is an additional requirement and not a substitute for the reasonable standard of care otherwise imposed upon health care providers in the exercise of their professions.

(b) A professional organization or association or health care provider may not subject a person to censure, discipline, suspension, loss of license, loss of privileges, loss of membership or any other penalty for participating or refusing to participate in good faith in any act under this Act.

(c) A request by a patient for medication or provision of medication by an attending physician in accordance with the provisions of this Act does not provide the sole basis for the appointment of a guardian or conservator. The provision of medication to a gualified patient does not constitute neglect on the part of an attending physician.

(d) A health care provider is not under a duty, whether by contract, by law or by any other legal requirement, to provide medication to end the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner. If a health care provider is unable or unwilling to carry out a patient's request under this Act and the patient transfers that patient's care to a new health care provider, the prior health care provider shall transfer, upon request, a copy of the patient's relevant medical records to the new health care provider.

(e) A pharmacist is not under a duty, whether by contract, by law or by any other legal requirement, to fill a prescription written in accordance with this Act that the pharmacist knows or has reason to know is intended to be ingested by a qualified patient to end that patient's life in a humane and dignified manner. If a pharmacist is unable or unwilling to fill a prescription under this Act, the pharmacist shall make that inability or refusal known to the patient, who may then seek another pharmacist to fill the prescription.

§5-920. Liabilities

	tal a person when wremout account pacton of the pactency
2	willfully alters or forges a request for medication or conceals
4	or destroys a revocation of that request with the intent or effect of causing the patient's death commits a Class A crime.
6	(b) A person who coerces or exerts undue influence on a patient to request medication for the purpose of ending the
8	patient's life or to destroy a revocation of such a request commits a Class A crime.
10	(c) This Act does not limit liability for civil damages
12	resulting from negligent conduct or intentional misconduct by any person or entity.
14	
16	(d) The penalties in this Act do not preclude criminal penalties applicable under other law for conduct that is inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.
18	
20	\$5-921. Form of request
	A request for medication as authorized by this Act must be
22	substantially in the following form.
24	REQUEST FOR MEDICATION
26	TO END MY LIFE IN A HUMANE AND DIGNIFIED MANNER
-	I am an adult of sound mind.
28	I am suffering from which my
30	attending physician has determined is a terminal disease and
32	which has been medically confirmed by a consulting physician.
J 2	I have been fully informed of my diagnosis and prognosis,
34	the nature of the medication to be prescribed and its potential associated risks, the expected result of taking the medication
36	and the feasible alternatives to ending my life in a humane and dignified manner, including comfort care, hospice care and pain
38	control.
40	I request that my attending physician prescribe medication that will end my life in a humane and dignified manner.
42	
44	INITIAL ONE:
46	I have informed my family or next of kin of my decision and have taken their opinions into consideration.
48	I have decided not to inform my family or next of kin
	of my decision.

2	I have no family or next of kin to inform of my decision.
4	I understand that I have the right to revoke this request at any time. I understand the full importance of this request, and
6	I expect to die when I take the medication to be prescribed.
Ŭ	1 Capece to the when I care the montantion to be proportional
8	I make this request voluntarily and without reservation.
10	
12	Signed: Dated:
14	DECLARATION OF WITNESSES
16	We declare that the person signing this request:
18	(A) Is personally known to us or has provided proof of identity;
20	
22	(B) Signed this request in our presence;
24	(C) Appears to be of sound mind and not to be under duress or fraudulent or undue influence; and
26	(D) Is not a patient for whom either of us is the attending physician.
28	
30	
32	Witness 2Date
34	Note: Neither witness may be a relative by blood, marriage or
34	adoption of the person's estate upon death or may own, operate
36	or be employed at a health care facility where the person is a
38	patient or resident. If the patient is an inpatient at a health care facility, one of the witnesses must be an individual designated by the facility.
40	designaced by the lacility.
42	SUMMARY
44	This initiated hill speates the Maine Death with Dismite
77	This initiated bill creates the Maine Death with Dignity Act. It allows a mentally competent adult who is suffering from
46	a terminal illness to request and obtain medication from a
	physician to end that patient's own life in a humane and
48	dignified manner, with safeguards to ensure that the patient's request is voluntary and based on an informed decision.