



## **119th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999**

Legislative Document

No. 2222

S.P. 816

In Senate, May 7, 1999

An Act to Retain Jobs at Paper Production Facilities in the State.

(AFTER DEADLINE)

(EMERGENCY)

Approved for introduction by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint Rule 205.

Reference to the Committee on Business and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator MICHAUD of Penobscot. Cosponsored by Representative CLARK of Millinocket and Senators: CATHCART of Penobscot, DAVIS of Piscataquis, President LAWRENCE of York, Representatives: CAMPBELL of Holden, CARR of Lincoln, JOY of Crystal, Speaker ROWE of Portland, STANLEY of Medway.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted 2 as emergencies; and 4 Whereas, paper companies have been selling and offering to sell their Maine assets and have been closing or limiting . 6 production at their paper production facilities in the State; and 8 Whereas, the employees of one paper production facility in the State have been conducting negotiations with the owner to 10 purchase the facility; and 12 Whereas, it is essential to the continued success of the negotiations that the State demonstrate immediately that the 14 State will make available under certain conditions financial assistance for employee buyouts of paper production facilities in 16 the State; and 18 Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of 20 Maine and require the following legislation as immediately 22 necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore, 24 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 26 Sec. 1. 10 MRSA §963-A, sub-§10, ¶P, as amended by PL 1997, c. 500,  $\S3$ , is further amended to read: 28 Any workers' compensation residual market mechanism 30 Ρ. project; and 32 Sec. 2. 10 MRSA §963-A, sub-§10, ¶Q, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 500,  $\S4$ , is amended to read: 34 36 Q. Any clean fuel vehicle project ; and Sec. 3. 10 MRSA §963-A, sub-§10, ¶R is enacted to read: 38 40 R. Any paper industry job retention project. Sec. 4. 10 MRSA §963-A, sub-§42-C is enacted to read: 42 42-C. Paper industry job retention project. "Paper industry job retention project" means the acquisition and 44 46 improvement of a paper production facility in the State that is projected to retain as an operating business a facility that, at the time of application for financial assistance, employs at 48 least 500 persons. 50 Sec. 5. 10 MRSA §1043, sub-§2, ¶I, as amended by PL 1995, c. 4, §6, is further amended to read: 52

2 I. The project will, to the extent possible, cooperate with representatives of the Department of Labor and the 4 Department of Human Services regarding employment opportunities for recipients of the services of those 6 departments; and

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Sec. 6. 10 MRSA §1043, sub-§2, ¶J, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 4, §7, is amended to read:

J. In the case of major business expansion projects, the applicant is creditworthy and there is a strong likelihood 12 that the revenue obligation securities will be repaid 14 through the revenues of the project and any other sources of revenues and collateral pledged to the repayment of those In order to make this determination, 16 securities. the authority shall consider such factors as it considers 18 necessary to measure and evaluate the sufficiency of the pledged revenues to repay the obligations, including:

(1) Whether individuals or entities obligated to repay
 the obligations have demonstrated sufficient revenues
 from the project or from other sources to repay the
 obligations, and a strong probability that those
 revenues will continue to be available for the term of
 the revenue obligation securities;

- 28 (2) Whether the applicant demonstrates a strong probability that the project will continue to operate
  30 and provide the public benefits projected to be created for the term of the revenue obligation securities;
- (3) Whether the applicant demonstrates that the
   34 benefits projected to be created by the project are
   enhanced through the use of financing assistance from
   36 the authority;
- 38 (4) Whether the applicant's creditworthiness is demonstrated by such factors as historical financial
  40 performance, management ability, its plan for marketing its product or service and its ability to access
  42 conventional financing;
- 44 (5) Whether the applicant meets or exceeds industry average financial performance ratios commonly accepted
   46 in determining creditworthiness in that industry;
- 48 (6) Whether the applicant demonstrates that the need for authority assistance is due to the reduced cost and
   50 increased flexibility of the financing for the project that result from authority assistance and not from an
   52 inability to obtain necessary financing without the

provided fund security by the capital reserve 2 authority; and (7) Whether collateral securing the repayment 4 obligation reasonably sufficient under the is 6 circumstances. Financing assistance for any one major business expansion 8 project may not exceed \$25,000,000 in loan amount. The authority may establish, pursuant to rules adopted in 10 accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II, application procedures, approval criteria and reasonable 12 fees for major business expansion projects -; and 14 Sec. 7. 10 MRSA §1043, sub-§2, ¶K is enacted to read: 16 K. In the case of a paper industry job retention project, the applicant is creditworthy and there is a strong 18 likelihood that the revenue obligation securities will be 20 repaid through the revenues of the project and any other sources of revenues and collateral pledged to the repayment of those securities. In making this determination, the 22 authority shall consider factors it considers necessary to 24 measure and evaluate the sufficiency of the pledged revenues to repay the securities, including: 26 (1) Whether individuals or entities obligated to repay the securities have demonstrated sufficient revenues 28 from the project or from other sources to repay the securities and a strong probability that those revenues 30 will continue to be available for the term of the securities; 32 (2) Whether the applicant demonstrates a strong 34 probability that the project will continue to operate 36 and to provide the public benefits projected to be created for the term of the securities. If, as a condition of the financial assistance, a significant 38 interest in the owner of the project will be owned or 40 controlled by or for the benefit of all of the employees of the project at the time financial 42 assistance is provided, then such ownership is prima facie evidence that the project will benefit the public; 44 (3) Whether the applicant demonstrates that the 46 benefits projected to be created by the project are enhanced through the use of financial assistance from 48 the authority; 50 (4) Whether the applicant's creditworthiness is demonstrated by such factors as historical financial performance, management ability and the applicant's plan for marketing products or service:

 4 (5) Whether the applicant meets or exceeds industry average financial performance ratios commonly accepted
 6 in determining creditworthiness in that industry;

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- 8(6)Whether collateral securing the repayment<br/>obligation, valued in place and in use, is reasonably10sufficient under the circumstances; and
- 12(7) Whether the owner will make an important equity<br/>contribution to the project. For purposes of the<br/>authority's consideration of the project, the net<br/>present value of any contractual labor cost reductions16that, as a condition of the financial assistance, will<br/>be in effect at the time financial assistance is<br/>provided must be treated as the equivalent of cash<br/>equity.

Sec. 8. 10 MRSA §1053, sub-§6, as repealed and replaced by PL 1997, c. 781, §1, is amended to read:

6. Securities outstanding. The principal amount of revenue obligation securities the authority may have outstanding at any
 one time, to which subsection 5 is stated to apply in the trust agreement or other document, may not exceed an aggregate
 principal amount equal to \$657,000,000 \$777,000,000 as follows:

- A. The sum of \$330,000,000 consisting of not more than \$275,000,000 for loans and up to \$55,000,000 for use of bond
   proceeds to fund capital reserve funds for revenue obligation securities issued pursuant to this subchapter
   relating to loans for electric rate stabilization projects;
- B. The sum of \$120,000,000 consisting of not more than \$100,000,000 for loans and up to \$20,000,000 for use of bond
  proceeds to fund capital reserve funds for revenue obligation securities issued pursuant to this subchapter
  relating to loans for major business expansion projects;

C. The sum of \$57,000,000 consisting of not more than \$45,000,000 for loans and up to \$12,000,000 for use of bond
proceeds to fund capital reserve funds for revenue obligation securities issued pursuant to this subchapter
relating to workers' compensation residual market mechanism projects; and

D. The sum of \$150,000,000 less the aggregate outstanding balance of mortgage loans secured by capital reserve funds pursuant to section 1032 for all other revenue obligation securities issued pursuant to this subchapter; and

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2	E. The sum of \$120,000,000 consisting of not more than \$100,000,000 for loans and up to \$20,000,000 for use of bond
4	proceeds to fund capital reserve funds for revenue obligation securities issued pursuant to this subchapter
б	relating to loans for paper industry job retention projects.
8	The amount of revenue obligation securities issued to refund securities previously issued may not be taken into account in
10	determining the principal amount of securities outstanding, provided that proceeds of the refunding securities are applied as
12	promptly as possible to the refunding of the previously issued securities. In computing the total amount of revenue obligation
14	securities of the authority that may at any time be outstanding for any purpose, the amounts of the outstanding revenue
16	obligation securities that have been issued as capital appreciation bonds or as similar instruments are valued as of any
18	date of calculation at their then current accreted value rather than their face value.
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22	SUMMARY
	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability
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22 24	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability to support employee purchases of paper industry assets in the State by: 1. Adding any paper industry job retention project to the
22 24 26	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability to support employee purchases of paper industry assets in the State by: 1. Adding any paper industry job retention project to the list of eligible projects;
22 24 26 28	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability to support employee purchases of paper industry assets in the State by: 1. Adding any paper industry job retention project to the list of eligible projects; 2. Defining "paper industry job retention project";
22 24 26 28 30	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability to support employee purchases of paper industry assets in the State by: 1. Adding any paper industry job retention project to the list of eligible projects;
22 24 26 28 30 32	This bill expands the Finance Authority of Maine's ability to support employee purchases of paper industry assets in the State by: 1. Adding any paper industry job retention project to the list of eligible projects; 2. Defining "paper industry job retention project"; 3. Listing the criteria for a certificate of approval for a