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FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 2190

S.P. 780

In Senate, April 13, 1999

An Act to Reestablish the Maine Meat Inspection Act.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

Buen

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator KILKELLY of Lincoln. Cosponsored by Representative PIEH of Bremen and Senators: DAVIS of Piscataquis, GOLDTHWAIT of Hancock, KIEFFER of Aroostook, LONGLEY of Waldo, MICHAUD of Penobscot, NUTTING of Androscoggin, Representatives: KNEELAND of Easton, POVICH of Ellsworth.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 22 MRSA c. 562-A is enacted to read:
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б	<u>Chapter 562-a</u>
	MAINE MEAT INSPECTION ACT
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10	SUBCHAPTER I
1 0	GENERAL PROVISIONS
12	
	§2511. Short title
14	Mile charten was he busine and sited on the UM-ins Mart
16	This chapter may be known and cited as the "Maine Meat Inspection Act."
18	§2511-A. Definitions
20	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
22	ANDAANUUU 1949 AAAAAAA UUUUU MAYO UMU AVAAVIIMA IIIOOMAMADI
	1. Adulterated. "Adulterated" applied to a carcass, meat
24	or a meat food product means that:
26) It have on contains a paisonous on harmful substance
	A. It bears or contains a poisonous or harmful substance that might render it injurious to health, but if that
28	substance is not an added substance, the article may not be considered "adulterated" if the quantity of the substance in
30	or on the article does not ordinarily render it injurious to
	health;
32	
	<u>B. It:</u>
34	(1) Person contains because of the educidation
36	(1) Bears or contains, because of the administration of any substance to the live animal or otherwise, an
	added poisonous or harmful substance other than one
38	that is a pesticide chemical in or on a raw
	agricultural commodity, a food additive or a color
40	additive that, in the judgment of the commissioner,
42	might make the article unfit for human food;
42	(2) Is in whole or in part a raw agricultural
44	commodity and bears or contains a pesticide chemical
	that is unsafe within the meaning of Section 321(2)(9)
46	of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
48	(3) Bears or contains a food additive that is unsafe
	within the meaning of Section 321(2)(5) of the Federal
50	Food. Drug and Cosmetic Act: or

2	(4) Bears or contains a color additive that is unsafe within the meaning of Section 321(2)(t)(1) of the
4	Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
6	An article that is not considered "adulterated" under subparagraph (2), (3) or (4) is considered "adulterated" if
8	use of the pesticide chemical, food additive or color additive in or on the article is prohibited by rules of the
10	commissioner in establishments at which inspection is maintained under this subchapter;
12	C. It consists in whole or in part of any foul, decayed or
14	decomposed substance or is for any other reason unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome or otherwise unfit for human food;
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18	D. It has been prepared, packed or held under unsanitary conditions where it might have become contaminated with
20	<u>filth or where it might have been rendered injurious to health:</u>
22	E. It is in whole or in part the product of an animal that has died otherwise than by slaughter;
24	
26	F. Its container is composed in whole or in part of a poisonous or harmful substance that might render the contents injurious to health;
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30	<u>G. It has been intentionally subjected to radiation, unless</u> the use of the radiation was in conformity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug
32	and Cosmetic Act;
34	<u>H. A valuable constituent has been in whole or in part</u> omitted or abstracted from the carcass or a substance has
36	been substituted wholly or in part; damage or inferiority has been concealed; or a substance has been added to the
38	carcass or mixed or packed with the carcass to increase its bulk or weight, reduce its quality or strength or make it
40	appear better or of greater value than it is; or
42	I. It is margarine containing animal fat and any of the raw material used in the animal fat consisted in whole or in
44	part of a foul, decayed or decomposed substance.
46	2. Animal or animals. "Animal" or "animals" means cattle, sheep, swine, goats, horses, mules or other equines and the
48	carcasses or parts or products of the carcasses of those animals.

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	3. Animal food manufacturer. "Animal food manufacturer"
2	means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing or
	processing animal food derived wholly or in part from the
4	carcasses or parts or products of the carcasses of animals.
6	4. Approved establishment. "Approved establishment" means
•	a place where meat or meat food products are prepared that is in
8	compliance with rules of the department on sanitation and operation.
10	
12	5. Color additive. "Color additive" has the same meaning as under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
14	6. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of
	Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources or the commissioner's
16	designee.
18	7. Department. "Department" means the Department of
10	Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources.
20	
	8. Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act. "Federal Food,
22	Drug and Cosmetic Act" means 21 United States Code, Section 301, approved June 25, 1938.
24	
	9. Federal Meat Inspection Act. "Federal Meat Inspection
26	Act" means 21 United States Code, Section 601, approved March 4,
	1907, as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act.
28	
	10. Firm. "Firm" means a partnership, association or other
30	unincorporated business organization.
32	11. Fit for human food. "Fit for human food" applied to a
	carcass or part or product of a carcass of an animal means not
34	denatured; not otherwise identified, as required by rules adopted
	by the commissioner, to deter its use as human food; or not
36	naturally inedible by humans.
38	12. Food additive. "Food additive" has the same meaning as
	under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
40	
	13. Intrastate commerce. "Intrastate commerce" means
42	commerce within this State.
44	14. Label. "Label" means a display of written, printed or
16	graphic matter upon the immediate container, not including the
46	package liner, of an article.
48	15. Labeling. "Labeling" means all labels and other
-10	written, printed or graphic matter on an article or on its
50	container or wrapper.
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2	16. Meat broker. "Meat broker" means a person engaged in
4	the business of buying or selling on commission meat, meat food products or the carcasses or parts or products of carcasses or
_	otherwise negotiating purchases or sales of the articles other
б	than for the meat broker's own account or as an employee of another person.
8	another person.
Ũ	17. Meat food products. "Meat food products" means
10	products fit for human food that are made wholly or in part from
	the meat or other portions of the carcass of an animal, excepting
12	products that contain meat or other portions of the carcass only
14	in a relatively small proportion or that historically are not considered by consumers as products of the meat food industry and
7.4	that are exempt from definition as meat food products by the
16	commissioner under conditions the commissioner prescribes to
	ensure that the meat or other portions of the carcass contained
18	in the products are not adulterated and that the products are not
20	represented as meat food products.
20	18. Misbranded. "Misbranded" applied to a carcass, meat or
22	a meat food product means that:
• •	
24	A. Its labeling is false or misleading;
26	B. It is offered for sale under the name of another food;
28	C. It is an imitation of another food, unless its label
	bears, in type of uniform size and prominence, the word
30	"imitation" and immediately after the word "imitation" the
22	name of the food imitated;
32	D. Its container is made, formed or filled so that it is
34	misleading;
36	E. Its package or container does not bear a label showing:
38	(1) The name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer or distributor; and
40	manufacturer, packer of distributor; and
10	(2) An accurate statement of the quantity of the
42	<u>contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical</u>
	count, except that under this subparagraph reasonable
44	variations may be permitted and exemptions for small
46	packages may be established by the commissioner by rule;
••	F. A word, statement or other information required by this
48	chapter to appear on the label or other labeling is not
	placed on the label prominently and in terms likely to be

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	read and understood by the ordinary individual under
2	customary conditions of purchase and use;
4	G. It purports to be or is represented as a food for which
6	a definition and standard of identity or composition have been established by rules of the commissioner under section
8	2514-A and it does not conform to that definition and standard and its label does not bear the name of the food
	specified in that definition and standard and, when required
10	by the rules, the common names of optional ingredients other than spices, flavoring and coloring that are present in the
12	food;
14	H. It purports to be or is represented as a food for which a standard of fill of container is established by rules of
16	the commissioner under section 2514-A and it falls below the standard of fill of container applicable to that food and
18	its label does not bear, in a manner and form the rules
20	specify, a statement that it falls below the standard;
22	I. It is a food not subject to paragraph G and its label does not bear the common or usual name of the food and, if
	it is fabricated from 2 or more ingredients, the common or
24	usual name of each such ingredient, except that, when authorized by the commissioner, spices, flavorings and
26	colorings may be designated as spices, flavorings and colorings without naming each. To the extent that
28	compliance with the requirements of this paragraph is impracticable or results in deception or unfair competition,
30	exemptions must be established by rules adopted by the commissioner;
32	
34	J. It purports to be or is represented as being for special dietary uses and its label does not bear information concerning the vitamin, mineral and other dietary properties
36	that the commissioner, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, determines to be and by
38	rule establishes as necessary in order to fully inform purchasers of its value for such uses;
40	_
42	K. It bears or contains any artificial flavoring, artificial coloring or chemical preservative and does not
44	bear labeling stating that fact. To the extent that compliance with the requirements of this paragraph is
46	impracticable, exemptions must be established by rules adopted by the commissioner; or
48	L. It fails to bear, directly on the carcass or on its
	container, as the commissioner establishes by rule, the
50	official inspection legend and any other information the

	commissioner requires in the rules to ensure that it does
2	not have false or misleading labeling and that the public is informed of the manner of handling required to maintain the
4	article in a wholesome condition.
б	19. Official certificate. "Official certificate" means a
Ŭ	certificate established by rule of the commissioner for issuance
8	by an inspector or other person performing official functions under this chapter.
10	
12	20. Official device. "Official device" means a device authorized by the commissioner for use in applying an official mark.
14	
16	21. Official inspection legend. "Official inspection legend" means a symbol established by rule of the commissioner
	showing that an article was inspected and passed in accordance
18	with this chapter.
20	22. Official mark. "Official mark" means the official inspection legend or any other symbol established by rule of the
22	commissioner to identify the status of an article or animal under this chapter.
24	
26	23. Person. "Person" means an individual, firm or <u>corporation.</u>
20	<u>corporación.</u>
28	24. Pesticide chemical. "Pesticide chemical" has the same meaning as under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
30	35 December (December) structured sourced
32	25. Prepared. "Prepared" means slaughtered, canned, salted, rendered, boned, cut up or otherwise manufactured or processed.
34	
26	26. Raw agricultural commodity. "Raw agricultural
36	<u>commodity" has the same meaning as under the Federal Food, Drug</u> and Cosmetic Act.
38	
40	27. Renderer. "Renderer" means a person engaged in the business of rendering carcasses of animals, but "renderer" does
10	not mean a person who renders carcasses of animals only for
42	purposes of inspection conducted under this chapter.
44	28. Slaughter. "Slaughter" means the butchering of animals for human consumption.
46	THE
4.0	§2512. Examination and inspection
48	To prevent the use in intrastate commerce of meat and meat
50	food products that are adulterated, the commissioner shall, by

inspectors appointed for that purpose, examine and inspect animals before they are allowed to enter into a slaughtering, 2 packing, meat-canning, rendering or similar establishment in this 4 State in which slaughtering and preparation of the meat and meat food products are conducted solely for intrastate commerce. Animals found on inspection to show symptoms of disease must be б set apart and slaughtered separately from all other animals. 8 After a diseased animal is slaughtered, its carcass must be subject to a careful examination and inspection, as provided by 10 rules adopted by the commissioner. 12 <u>§2512-A.</u> Postmortem examination and inspection 14 1. Postmortem examination. The commissioner, by inspectors appointed for that purpose, shall perform a postmortem examination and inspection of the carcass of an animal that is 16 fit for human food at a slaughtering, meat-canning, salting, 18 packing, rendering or similar establishment in this State in which meat and meat food products are prepared for intrastate 20 commerce. 22 2. Carcass not adulterated. The carcass of an animal found to be not adulterated must be marked, stamped, tagged or labeled 24 as "Inspected and Passed," After the first inspection, an inspector may reinspect a carcass to determine whether that 26 carcass has been adulterated since the first inspection. 28 3. Adulterated carcass. If, after a first or 2nd inspection, a carcass is found to be adulterated, the carcass 30 must be marked, stamped, tagged or labeled "Inspected and Condemned." A carcass that is inspected and condemned must be 32 destroyed for food purposes by the establishment in the presence of an inspector. 34 §2513. Application 36 Sections 2512 and 2512-A apply to all carcasses of animals and the meat or meat products of those carcasses, fit for human 38 food, that are brought into a slaughtering, meat-canning, 40 salting, packing, rendering or similar establishment where inspection under this subchapter is maintained, and the 42 examination and inspection must be performed before those carcasses are allowed to enter into any department where they are to be treated and prepared for meat food products. Sections 2512 44 and 2512-A apply to all products that, after having been issued 46 from a slaughtering, meat-canning, salting, packing, rendering or similar establishment, must be returned to the same or to any 48 similar establishment where inspection is maintained. 50 §2514. Inspectors; powers and duties

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2	The commissioner, by inspectors appointed for that purpose,
	shall examine and inspect all meat food products prepared in a
4	slaughtering, meat-canning, salting, packing, rendering or
_	similar establishment where articles are prepared solely for
-	
6	intrastate commerce. For the purposes of examination and
	inspection, the inspectors must have access at all times, whether
8	the establishment is operating or not, to every part of the
	establishment. The inspectors shall mark, stamp, tag or label as
10	"Maine Inspected and Passed" all products found to be not
	adulterated. The inspectors shall label, mark, stamp or tag as
12	"Maine Inspected and Condemned" all products found adulterated,
	and all condemned meat food products must be destroyed for food
14	
14	purposes. Such inspection and condemnation are not considered
	licensing or an adjudicatory proceeding as those terms are
16	defined by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act. On notice and
	opportunity for hearing in a manner consistent with the Maine
18	Administrative Procedure Act as to adjudicatory proceedings, the
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	commissioner may remove inspectors from any establishment that
20	fails to destroy the condemned meat food products and replace
	them with new inspectors.
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§2514-A. Labeling

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1. Containers. When meat or a meat food product prepared for intrastate commerce that has been inspected and marked "Maine 26 Inspected and Passed" is placed or packed in a can, pot, tin or 28 other receptacle or covering in an establishment where inspection under this chapter is maintained, the person preparing the 30 product shall attach a label to the receptacle or covering under supervision of an inspector. The label must state that the contents have been "Maine Inspected and Passed" under this 32 chapter. The inspection and examination of meat or a meat food 34 product deposited or enclosed in such a receptacle or covering in an establishment where inspection under this chapter is 36 maintained is not considered complete until the meat or meat food product has been sealed or enclosed in that receptacle or 38 covering under the supervision of an inspector.

40 2. Information. At the time they leave the establishment, all carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products
42 inspected at an establishment and found to be not adulterated must bear, in distinctly legible form directly on those articles
44 or on their containers as the commissioner requires, the information required under section 2511-A, subsection 18.
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- 3. Standards. The commissioner may establish by rule:
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2	A. The styles and sizes of type to be used in labeling to
2	avoid false or misleading labeling of any articles or
	animals subject to this subchapter and subchapter II; and
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-	B. For articles subject to this subchapter, definitions and
6	standards of identity or composition and standards of fill
-	of container that are not inconsistent with standards
8	established under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or
	under the Federal Meat Inspection Act.
10	
	4. Use withheld. If the commissioner has reason to believe
12	that the marking or labeling or the size or form of a container
	in use or proposed for use with respect to an article subject to
14	this subchapter is false or misleading, the commissioner may
	direct that the use be withheld unless the marking, labeling or
16	container is modified in a manner the commissioner prescribes so
	that it is not false or misleading. If the person using or
18	proposing to use the marking, labeling or container does not
	accept the determination of the commissioner, that person may
20	request a hearing, which must be held in a manner consistent with
	the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, but, if the commissioner
22	directs, the use of the marking, labeling or container must be
	withheld pending hearing and final determination by the
24	<u>commissioner.</u>
26	The withholding of use pending the opportunity for a hearing may
	not be considered licensing or an adjudicatory proceeding as
28	those terms are defined by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.
30	§2515. Sanitation
32	The commissioner, by appointed experts in sanitation or by
	other competent inspectors, shall inspect all slaughtering,
34	meat-canning, salting, packing, rendering or similar
	establishments in which animals are slaughtered and the meat and
36	meat food products are prepared solely for intrastate commerce.
	The commissioner shall adopt rules of sanitation that such
38	establishments must maintain. When the sanitary conditions of an
40	establishment result in adulterated meat or meat food products,

 the commissioner shall refuse to allow the meat or meat food products to be labeled, marked, stamped or tagged as "Maine
 Inspected and Passed."

44 §2515-A. Time of inspection

46 When the slaughtering of animals or the preparation of food products of animals is conducted at night at an establishment in 48 which animals are prepared for intrastate commerce, the commissioner, by inspectors appointed for that purpose, shall

examine and inspect the animals and the food products of animals 2 at night as well as during the day. 4 The commissioner is authorized to designate days of slaughter or operation for approved establishments. 6 §2516. Compliance 8 With respect to animals or carcasses or parts of carcasses, 10 meat or meat food products that are fit for human food, a person may not: 12 1. Establishment. Slaughter animals or prepare articles at 14 an establishment preparing the articles solely for intrastate commerce except in compliance with the requirements of this 16 chapter; 18 2. Articles. Sell, transport, offer for sale or transportation or receive for transportation in intrastate 20 commerce: 22 A. Articles that are adulterated or misbranded at the time of sale, transportation, offer for sale or transportation or 24 receipt for transportation; or 26 B. Articles required to be inspected under this subchapter unless they have been inspected and passed; or 28 3. Act in transportation. Commit an act while those 30 articles are being transported in intrastate commerce or held for sale after transportation that is intended to cause or causes 32 them to be adulterated or misbranded. 34 §2516-A. False labels, devices and statements 36 1. Labels. A brand manufacturer, printer or other person may not cast, print, lithograph or otherwise make a device that 38 contains an official mark or simulation of an official mark, a label that bears such a mark or simulation or a form of official 40 certificate or simulation of an official certificate except as authorized by the commissioner. 42 2. Devices and statements. A person may not: 44 A. Forge an official device, mark or certificate; 46 B. Without authorization from the commissioner, use an 48 official device, mark or certificate or a simulation of a device, mark or certificate or alter, detach, deface or 50 destroy an official device, mark or certificate;

2	device, mark or certificate;
4	device, main of certificate
-	D. Without promptly notifying the commissioner or the
6	commissioner's representative, possess an official device; a
	counterfeit, simulated, forged or altered official
8	certificate; or a device or label or a carcass of an animal
	or a part or product of an animal that bears a counterfeit,
10	simulated, forged or altered official mark;
12	E. Make a false statement in a shipper's certificate or
	other certificate provided for in the rules established by
14	the commissioner; or
16	F. Fraudulently represent that an article has been
	inspected and passed or exempted under this chapter.
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	<u>§2517. Plainly identified</u>
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	A person may not sell, transport, offer for sale or
22	transportation or receive for transportation in intrastate
~ 4	commerce carcasses or parts of carcasses of horses, mules or
24	other equines or the meat or meat food products of such carcasses
26	unless they are plainly and conspicuously marked or labeled or
20	otherwise identified as required by rules established by the commissioner to show the kinds of animals from which they were
28	derived. When required by the commissioner, with respect to
20	establishments at which inspection is maintained under this
30	subchapter, those animals and their carcasses, meat and meat food
	products must be prepared in establishments separate from those
32	in which cattle, sheep, swine or goats are slaughtered or their
	carcasses, meat or meat food products are prepared.
34	
	<u>§2517-A. Inspectors; appointment and duties; rules</u>
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The commissioner shall appoint inspectors to examine and 38 inspect animals, carcasses and parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products and the sanitary conditions of all establishments in which the meat and meat food products are prepared. The 40 inspectors shall refuse to stamp, mark, tag or label a carcass, 42 any part of a carcass or a meat food product from a carcass until the same has actually been inspected and found to be not adulterated. The inspectors shall perform other duties pursuant 44 to this chapter and rules adopted by the commissioner, and the commissioner shall, in a manner consistent with the Maine 46 Administrative Procedure Act, adopt rules that are necessary for the efficient execution of this chapter. All inspections and 48 examinations under this chapter must be made in the manner 50 prescribed in rules adopted by the commissioner.

	2	Inspectors must be present when a carcass that has been adulterated is destroyed. An inspector may be removed if the
	4	inspector fails to destroy a condemned carcass.
	6	The commissioner shall adopt the regulations and amendments of the United States Department of Agriculture Federal Meat
	8	Inspection Act, 21 United States Code, Section 601, as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act, as they are pertinent and applicable to
	10	this chapter.
-	12	<u>§2518. Humane slaughter; ritual slaughter</u>
÷	14	It is unlawful to shackle, hoist or otherwise bring animals other than poultry into position for slaughter by a method that
	16	causes injury or pain and to bleed or slaughter an animal other than poultry except by a humane method.
	18	
	20	The commissioner, after hearing, shall adopt rules governing humane methods of slaughter and may revise rules that conform substantially to the rules and regulations adopted by the
	22	Secretary of Agriculture of the United States pursuant to the Federal Humane Methods of Slaughter Act of 1978, 92 Stat. 1069,
	24	and any amendments to that act. The use of a manually operated hammer, sledge or poleax is not considered a humane method of
	26	slaughter within the meaning of this chapter.
	28	This chapter may not be construed to prohibit, abridge or in any way hinder the religious freedom of any person or group. In
	30	order to protect freedom of religion, ritual slaughter and the handling or other preparation of livestock for ritual slaughter
	32	are exempt from the terms of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "ritual slaughter" means slaughter in accordance
	34	with the ritual requirements of religious faith.
	36	§2518-A. Offering or accepting money, gifts or anything of value; penalties
	38	A person or an agent or employee of a person who gives, pays
	40	or offers money, gifts or anything of value, directly or indirectly, to an inspector, deputy inspector, chief inspector or
-	42	other officer or employee of this State who is authorized to perform the duties prescribed by this chapter or by the rules of
	44	the commissioner, with intent to influence the inspector, deputy inspector, chief inspector or other officer or employee of this
	46	State in the discharge of a duty provided for, is guilty of a crime punishable by a fine of not less than \$5,000 or more than
	48	\$10,000 and by imprisonment for not less than one year or more than 3 years. An inspector, deputy inspector, chief inspector or
	50	other officer or employee of this State authorized to perform the

	duties prescribed by this chapter who accepts money, gifts or
2	anything of value from a person or its officers, agents or
4	employees that is given with intent to influence the inspector's official action or who receives or accepts from a person engaged
б	in intrastate commerce a gift, money or anything of value given with any purpose or intent whatsoever is guilty of a crime
8	punishable by a fine of not less than \$1,000 or more than \$10,000 and by imprisonment for not less than one year or more than 3
10	years.
Ĩ	<u>§2519. Exemptions</u>
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14	1. Own use. The provisions of this subchapter requiring inspection of the slaughter of animals and the preparation of the
**	carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products at
16	establishments conducting such operations do not apply:
18	A. To the slaughtering by a person of animals owned and
	raised by that person and the preparation by that person and
20	transportation in intrastate commerce of the carcasses,
22	<u>parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products of those</u> animals exclusively for use by that person and members of
	that person's household and nonpaying guests and employees;
24	D The the sustain plays they be a new set with the share
26	<u>B. To the custom slaughter by a person of cattle, sheep, swine or goats delivered by the owner for custom slaughter</u>
	and the preparation by the slaughterer and transportation in
28	<u>intrastate commerce of the carcasses, parts of carcasses,</u> meat and meat food products of those animals exclusively for
30	use in the household of the owner by the owner and members
	of the owner's household and nonpaying guests and employees;
32	Or
34	C. To the custom preparation by a person of carcasses,
	parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products derived from
36	<u>the slaughter by a person of cattle, sheep, swine or goats</u> of that person's own raising or from game animals delivered
38	by the owner of the game animal for custom preparation and
40	<u>transportation in intrastate commerce of the custom prepared</u> articles exclusively for use in the household of the owner
40	by the owner and members of the owner's household and
42	nonpaying guests and employees.
44	When a person engages in custom operations at an establishment at
	which inspection under this chapter is maintained, the
46	commissioner may exempt from inspection at that establishment any animals slaughtered and meat or meat food products otherwise
48	prepared on such a custom basis. Custom operations at such an
	establishment may be exempt from inspection requirements under
50	this section only if the establishment complies with rules that

	the commissioner adopts to ensure: that carcasses, parts of
2	carcasses, meat or meat food products, wherever handled on a
	custom basis, and any containers or packages containing those
4	articles are separated at all times from carcasses, parts of
	carcasses, meat or meat food products prepared for sale; that
6	articles prepared on a custom basis and containers or packages
	containing those articles are plainly marked "Not For Sale"
8	immediately after being prepared and are kept so identified until
	delivered to the owner; and that the establishment conducting the
10	customer operation is maintained and operated in a sanitary
	manner.

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2. Retail stores and restaurants. The provisions of this
 14 chapter requiring inspection of the slaughter of animals and the preparation of carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat and meat food
 16 products do not apply to operations of types traditionally and usually conducted at retail stores and restaurants when those
 18 operations are conducted for the sale, in normal retail quantities, or the service of those articles to consumers at such
 20 establishments.

- 3. Limitations. The slaughter of animals and preparation of articles referred to in subsection 1, paragraph B and
 subsection 2 must be conducted in accordance with sanitary conditions the commissioner establishes by rule.
- **4.** Application. The adulteration and misbranding 28 provisions of this subchapter, other than the requirement of the inspection legend, apply to articles that do not require 30 inspection under this section.

32 §2519-A. Storage and handling

34 Whenever the commissioner determines it necessary to ensure that carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat and meat food products 36 fit for human food are not adulterated or misbranded when delivered to the consumer, the commissioner may set by rule 38 conditions under which persons engaged in the business of buying, selling, freezing, storing or transporting those articles in or 40 for intrastate commerce must store or handle them.

- 42 §2520. Registration of commercial establishments
- A person may not operate a commercial slaughterhouse or commercial meat processing establishment where commercial
 slaughter or commercial preparation of meat or meat food products is performed in accordance with this chapter unless that
 establishment is registered by the commissioner.

	An application for registration or renewal of registration
2	must be made on or before September 1st of each year on a form
2	prescribed by the commissioner. When the commissioner is
4	satisfied that there is compliance with the rules governing these
-	operations, the registration must be approved. A fee of \$5 is
6	charged for each registration or renewal.
-	
8	A registration covers all the buildings in one location that
	a registrant intends to use in the commercial slaughterhouse or
10	commercial meat processing establishment.
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12	<u>§2520-A. Registration of custom establishments</u>
14	<u>A person may not operate a custom slaughterhouse or custom</u>
	meat processing establishment where custom slaughter or custom
16	preparation of meat or meat food products is performed in
	accordance with this chapter unless that establishment is
18	registered by the commissioner.
20	An application for registration or renewal of registration
	must be made on or before September 1st of each year on a form
22	prescribed by the commissioner. When the commissioner is
	satisfied that there is compliance with the rules governing these
24	operations, the registration must be approved. A fee of \$5 is
	charged for each registration or renewal.
26	CALLACE FOR PORTECTOR OF TEMEWORT
	A registration covers all the buildings in one location that
28	a registrant intends to use in the custom slaughterhouse or the
	custom meat processing establishment.
30	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	SUBCHAPTER II
32	
	MEAT PROCESSORS AND RELATED INDUSTRIES
34	
• -	§2521. Not for human food
36	
	Inspection may not be provided under subchapter I at an
38	establishment for the slaughter of animals or the preparation of
	carcasses or parts or products of animals that are not intended
40	for use as human food, but such articles, unless naturally
	inedible by humans, before their offer for sale or transportation
42	in intrastate commerce must be denatured or identified as
	inedible, as established by rules of the commissioner, to deter
44	their use for human food. A person may not buy, sell, transport
	or offer for sale or transportation or receive for transportation
46	in intrastate commerce any carcasses, parts of carcasses, meat or
-110	meat food products of animals that are not intended for use as
4.0	
48	human food unless they are denatured or identified as inedible by
50	rules of the commissioner or are naturally inedible by humans.
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	§2521-A. Records
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	1. Examining records: samples of inventory. Records that
4	fully and correctly disclose all transactions involved in their
	<u>businesses must be kept by:</u>
6	
-	A. Persons that engage for intrastate commerce in the
8	business of slaughtering animals or preparing, freezing,
	packaging or labeling carcasses or parts or products of
10	carcasses of animals for use as human food or animal food;
12	B. Persons that buy or sell as meat brokers, wholesalers or
12	otherwise, transport in intrastate commerce or store for
14	intrastate commerce any carcasses or parts or products of
11	carcasses of animals; and
16	
	C. Persons that engage in business in or for intrastate
18	commerce as renderers or buy, sell or transport in
	intrastate commerce any dead, dying, disabled or diseased
20	animals, or parts of the carcasses of such animals, that
	died otherwise than by slaughter.
22	
	At all reasonable times and upon notice by a duly authorized
24	representative of the commissioner, persons subject to this
	section shall afford the representative and any authorized
26	representative of the Secretary of Agriculture of the United
	States accompanied by that representative access to their places
28	of business and the opportunity to examine the facilities,
	inventories and records of their businesses, to copy all records
30	and to take reasonable samples of their inventories upon offering
	or payment of the fair market value of the samples.
32	
	2. Retention. A record required to be maintained by this
34	section must be maintained for a period of time the commissioner
	establishes by rule.
36	Paraa na tétertine
2.0	§2522. Registration
38) nergon man not engage in huginess in on for interstate
40	<u>A person may not engage in business in or for intrastate commerce: as a meat broker, renderer or animal food manufacturer;</u>
40	as a wholesaler of carcasses or parts or products of carcasses,
42	whether intended for human food or other purposes; as a public
	warehouse operator storing such articles; or as a buyer, seller
44	or transporter of dead, dying, disabled or diseased animals or
	parts of the carcasses of animals that died otherwise than by
46	slaughter unless, when required by rules of the commissioner,
	that person has registered with the commissioner the person's
48	name and the address of each place of business at which and all
	trade warder which the person conducts such a business

trade names under which the person conducts such a business,

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§2522-A. Animals not slaughtered

	<u>92522-A. Animals not slaughtered</u>
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4	A person engaged in the business of buying, selling or transporting in intrastate commerce dead, dving, disabled or
	diseased animals or parts of the carcasses of animals that died
б	<u>otherwise than by slaughter may not buy, sell, transport, offer</u> for sale or transportation or receive for transportation in such
8	commerce any such animals or parts or products unless the transaction or transportation is made in accordance with rules
10	the commissioner establishes to ensure that such animals and the unwholesome parts or products are not used for human food
12	purposes.
14	§2523. Department: powers and duties
16	The department is designated as the state agency that is directed, under Section 661 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act,
18	to carry out the purposes of this chapter and the Federal Meat
	Inspection Act and to cooperate with the Secretary of Agriculture
20	of the United States in developing and administering the meat
22	inspection program of this State under this chapter to ensure that not later than November 15, 2000 its requirements are at
44	least equal to those imposed under subchapters I and II of the
24	Federal Meat Inspection Act.
26	The department is authorized to accept from the Secretary of
	Agriculture of the United States advice in planning and otherwise
28	developing the state program; technical and laboratory assistance
	and training, including necessary curricular and instructional
30	materials and equipment; and financial and other aid for administration of the program. The department is authorized to
32	spend public funds of this State appropriated for administration
52	of this chapter.
34	
	The department is authorized to recommend to the Secretary
36	of Agriculture of the United States officials or employees of
	this State the commissioner designates for appointment to the
38	advisory committees provided for in Section 661 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act. The commissioner shall serve as the
40	representative of the Governor for consultation with the
10	secretary under Section 661, paragraph (c) of the Federal Meat
42	Inspection Act unless the Governor selects another representative.
44	§2524. Inspection services; judicial review
46	The commissioner may withdraw or refuse to provide inspection services under subchapter I with respect to any
48	establishment if the commissioner determines, after a hearing,
	that the applicant or recipient is unfit to engage in any
50	business requiring inspection under subchapter I because the

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applicant or recipient or anyone responsibly connected with the business of the applicant or recipient has been convicted in a 2 federal or state court of a felony or of more than one violation of any law, other than a felony, based upon the acquiring, 4 handling or distributing of unwholesome, mislabeled or deceptively packaged food or upon fraud in connection with 6 transactions in food. This section does not affect in any way other provisions of this chapter for withdrawal of inspection 8 services under subchapter I from establishments that fail to maintain sanitary conditions or to destroy condemned carcasses, 10 parts, meat or meat food products. For the purpose of this section, a person "responsibly connected with the business" means 12 a partner, officer, director, holder or owner of 10% or more of the voting stock of that business or an employee in a managerial 14 or executive capacity. 16

§2524-A. Detention

18

When a carcass, part of a carcass, meat or a meat food 20 product of an animal, a product exempted by the commissioner from the definition of a meat food product or a dead, dying, disabled 22 or diseased animal is found by an authorized representative of the commissioner upon premises where it is held for the purpose of, or during or after distribution in, intrastate commerce and 24 there is reason to believe that the article or animal is adulterated or misbranded and is unfit for human food or that it 26 has not been inspected or has been or is intended to be distributed in violation of subchapter I or of the Federal Meat 28 Inspection Act or the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, it may 30 be detained by that representative for a period not to exceed 20 days, pending action under section 2525 or notification of 32 federal authorities having jurisdiction over such an article or animal, and may not be moved by any person from the place at 34 which it is located when detained until it is released by the representative. The representative may require that all official 36 marks be removed from the article or animal before it is released unless it appears to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the article or animal is eligible to retain such marks. Such an 38 order for detention is not considered licensing or an 40 adjudicatory proceeding as those terms are defined by the Maine Administrative Procedure Act.

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§2525. Procedure: condemnation

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A carcass, part of a carcass, meat or a meat food product of an animal or a dead, dying, disabled or diseased animal that: is being transported in intrastate commerce or is held for sale in this State after such transportation and that is or has been prepared, sold, transported or otherwise distributed or offered or received for distribution in violation of this chapter; is

-	unfit for human food and is adulterated or misbranded; or is in
2	violation of this chapter in any way is liable to be proceeded
	against and seized and condemned at any time on a libel of
4	information in any proper court, as provided in section 2525-A,
	within the jurisdiction of which the article or animal is found.
б	After entry of a decree of condemnation, the article or animal
	must be destroyed or sold as the court directs and, if it is
8	sold, the proceeds less the court costs and fees and storage and
	other proper expenses must be paid to the Treasurer of State, but
10	the article or animal may not be sold contrary to this chapter,
	the Federal Meat Inspection Act or the Federal Food, Drug and
12	Cosmetic Act. On the execution and delivery of a good and
	sufficient bond with the condition that the article or animal not
14	be sold or otherwise disposed of contrary to this chapter or the
	laws of the United States, the court may direct that the article
16	or animal be delivered to the owner subject to supervision by
10	authorized representatives of the commissioner as necessary to
18	ensure compliance with the applicable laws. When a decree of
10	
20	condemnation is entered against the article or animal and it is released under bond or destroyed, court costs and fees and
20	
22	storage and other proper expenses are awarded against the person
22	intervening as claimant of the article or animal. The
~ /	proceedings in such libel cases must conform to the proceedings
24	in admiralty, except that either party may demand trial by jury
	of an issue of fact joined in a case and all such proceedings
26	must be in the name of this State.
28	This section may not be construed to detract from authority
	for condemnation or seizure conferred by this chapter or other
30	laws.
32	§2525-A. Jurisdiction
34	The Superior Court and the District Court have jurisdiction
	to enforce and to prevent and restrain violations of this chapter
36	and have jurisdiction in all other kinds of cases arising under
	this chapter, except as provided in section 2514-A, subsection 5.
38	
	<u>§2526. Interference with official duties; penalties</u>
40	
	<u>A person who forcibly assaults, resists, opposes, impedes,</u>
42	intimidates or interferes with a person engaged in or on account
	of the performance of that person's official duties under this
44	chapter commits a crime punishable by a fine of not more than
	\$5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both. A
46	person who violates this Act using a deadly or dangerous weapon
~ v	commits a crime punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or
48	SAMPLES & STAME SAMPLE BY & TIME OF HOLE CHOM STANDA OF
40	by imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or both.

50 §2526-A. General penalty

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2	A person who violates a provision of this Act for which no
4	other criminal penalty is provided by this chapter, upon conviction is subject to imprisonment for not more than one year
6	or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both. If a violation involves intent to defraud or any distribution or attempted
	distribution of an article that is adulterated, except as defined
8	in section 2511-A, subsection 1, paragraph H, the person is subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for
10	not more than 3 years, or both. A person is not subject to penalties under this section for receiving for transportation an
12	article or animal in violation of this chapter if the receipt was
	made in good faith, unless that person refuses to furnish on the
14	request of a representative of the commissioner the name and address of the person from whom that person received the article
16	or animal and copies of all documents pertaining to the delivery of the article or animal to that person.
18	<u>Vi me dicivie vi unimer to ende persone</u>
	This chapter may not be construed as requiring the
20	commissioner to report minor violations of this chapter for
	prosecution or for the institution of libel or injunction
22	proceedings if the commissioner believes that the public interest is adequately served by a suitable written notice of warning.
24	is adequately served by a suitable willten motice of warning.
4 1	<u>§2527. Powers of commissioner</u>
26	
20	
20	1. Powers. The commissioner has the authority:
28	-
28	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and
-	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business,
28 30	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other
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28 30 32	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and
28 30 32	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner,
28 30 32 34 36	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific
28 30 32 34	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the
28 30 32 34 36 38	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business,
28 30 32 34 36	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other
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28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific guestions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner prescribes and must be filed with the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific guestions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner prescribes and must be filed with the commissioner within a period the commissioner prescribes,
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific guestions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner prescribes and must be filed with the
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner prescribes and must be filed with the commissioner within a period the commissioner prescribes, unless additional time is granted by the commissioner.
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner within a period the commissioner prescribes, unless additional time is granted by the commissioner. 2. Witnesses and evidence. For the purposes of this
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner within a period the commissioner, prescribes, unless additional time is granted by the commissioner. 2. Witnesses and evidence. For the purposes of this chapter, at all reasonable times the commissioner must have
28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46	 A. To investigate from time to time and to gather and compile information concerning the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of a person engaged in intrastate commerce; and B. By general or special orders, to require a person engaged in intrastate commerce to file with the commissioner, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the commissioner information the commissioner requires as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management and relationship to other persons of the person filing the reports or answers in writing. The reports and answers must be made under oath as the commissioner within a period the commissioner prescribes, unless additional time is granted by the commissioner. 2. Witnesses and evidence. For the purposes of this

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	manner consistent with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act,
2	require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and
4	the production of all documentary evidence of any person relating
4	to a matter under investigation. The commissioner may sign
т	subpoenas and may administer oaths and affirmations, examine
6	witnesses and receive evidence.
U	withesses and leteive evidence.
8	A. The commissioner may order testimony to be taken by
	deposition in any proceeding or investigation pending under
10	this chapter at any stage of such a proceeding or
	investigation. Depositions may be taken before any designee
12	of the commissioner who has the power to administer oaths.
	Testimony must be reduced to writing by the person taking
14	the deposition or under that person's direction and must
	then be subscribed by the deponent. A person may be
16	compelled to appear and depose and to produce documentary
20	evidence in the same manner as witnesses may be compelled to
18	appear and testify and produce documentary evidence before
10	the commissioner.
20	CITE COMMITSSICHEL!
20	B. A person may not be excused from attending and
22	testifying or from producing books, papers, schedules of
	charges, contracts, agreements or other documentary evidence
24	before the commissioner or in response to the subpoena of
61	the commissioner, whether the subpoena is signed or issued
26	by the commissioner or by the commissioner's designee. A
20	person may not be excused from attending or testifying in a
28	cause or proceeding based on an alleged violation of this
20	chapter on the ground that the testimony, documentary
30	evidence or other evidence required of that person might
30	incriminate that person or subject that person to a penalty
32	or forfeiture. After claiming a privilege against
52	self-incrimination, a person may not be prosecuted or
34	subjected to a penalty or forfeiture for any transaction or
JŦ	matter concerning the information the person is required to
36	testify to or produce. A person who commits perjury is not
50	exempt from prosecution or punishment.
38	CAEMPL FIOM PROSECUTION OF PUMISIMENCE
30	3. Failure to comply; false statements. A person is
40	guilty of a crime punishable by a fine of not less than \$1,000
40	or more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for a term of not more
42	than 3 years, or both, if that person willfully:
	<u></u>
44	A. Makes or causes to be made a false entry or statement of
	fact in a report required under this chapter;
46	
	B. Makes or causes to be made a false entry in an account,
48	record or memorandum kept by a person subject to this
	chapter;
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	C. Fails to make or cause to be made true and correct
2	entries in the accounts, records or memoranda of all facts
	and transactions pertaining to the business of that person;
4	
	D. Mutilates, alters, falsifies or removes from the
б	jurisdiction of this State documentary evidence of that
	person; or
8	
	E. Refuses to submit to the commissioner or an authorized
10	agent documentary evidence of that person in that person's
	<u>possession or within that person's control.</u>
12	
	If a person required by this chapter to file an annual or special
14	report fails to do so within the time fixed by the commissioner
	for filing that report and the failure continues for 30 days
16	after notice of the default, the person forfeits to this State
	the sum of \$100 for each and every day the failure continues.
18	The forfeiture is payable to the Treasurer of State and is
	recoverable in a civil action in the name of the State brought in
20	the district where the person has that person's principal office
22	or in any district in which the person does business. It is the
22	duty of the county attorneys, under the direction of the Attorney
24	General, to prosecute for the recovery of the forfeiture. The
24	costs and expenses of the prosecution are paid from funds
26	appropriated for the expenses of the courts.
20	An officer or employee of this State who makes public information
28	obtained by the commissioner without the commissioner's
20	authority, unless directed to do so by a court, is guilty of a
30	crime punishable by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by
	imprisonment for not more than 11 months, or both.
32	
	§2527-A. Application of chapter
34	
	The requirements of this chapter apply to persons,
36	establishments, animals and articles regulated under the Federal
	Meat Inspection Act only to the extent provided for in section
38	678 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act.
40	<u>§2528. Rules</u>
42	Rules adopted pursuant to this chapter are routine technical
	rules pursuant to the Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
44	
46	SUMMARY
-10	
48	This bill reestablishes the Maine Meat Inspection Act.

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