



## **119th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999**

Legislative Document

No. 2152

S.P. 762

In Senate, April 5, 1999

An Act to Amend the Laws Governing Financial Institutions.

Submitted by the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

Sun

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DOUGLASS of Androscoggin.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2 Sec. 1. 9-B MRSA §161, sub-§2, ¶I, as amended by PL 1997, c. 453, \$1, is further amended to read: 4 Any disclosure of records made pursuant to Title 22, б I. section 16, 17,-3477 or 4314; 8 Sec. 2. 9-B MRSA §241, sub-§1, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 500, \$1, is amended to read: 10 superintendent shall--have has the 12 Α. The power to promulgate adopt rules and -regulations, in accordance with 14 section 251, defining, limiting or proscribing acts and practices which that, when engaged in by a financial institution authorized to do business in this State or its 16 subsidiaries, by a credit union authorized to do business in this State or by a financial institution holding company or 18 its subsidiaries, are deemed <u>determined</u> to be 20 anticompetitive, unfair, deceptive, or otherwise injurious to the public interest. 22 Sec. 3. 9-B MRSA §241, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 311, 24 \$5, is amended to read: 26 Attorneys. Every financial institution authorized to do 4. business in this State which and every credit union authorized to do business in this State that accepts an application for a 28 residential mortgage loan for one to 4 residential units and 30 which that requires that an attorney search the title of the subject real estate shall permit the prospective mortgagor to select a qualified attorney of his-own the mortgagor's choice to 32 search the title of the subject real estate and certify that 34 title to the institution or land title insurance company, provided except that the financial institution may require the prospective mortgagor's attorney to provide it with evidence of 36 adequate liability insurance or land title insurance or such 38 other written policy requirements as the finaneial institution may deem determine necessary to protect its interests, provided that as long as, if all such requirements are met by the attorney 40 chosen by the mortgagor, no additional legal costs may not be assessed by the financial institution or credit union against the 42 mortgagor for review of the title search or any other relevant 44 title documents by the finaneial institution, its title company or attorney. 46

Every financial institution <u>and credit union</u> subject to this subsection shall provide written notice to the prospective mortgagor that <u>he the mortgagor</u> has the right to select a gualified attorney of <u>his--own the mortgagor's</u> choice for the performance of title work. The notice shall <u>must</u> inform the prospective mortgagor that, if the attorney chosen by the mortgagor meets the financial institution's requirements, then-ne additional fees may <u>not</u> be charged to the mortgagor for title work. If the prospective mortgagor indicates on the written notice that he <u>the mortgagor</u> does not wish to exercise his <u>the</u> <u>mortgagor's</u> right to select an attorney, then the <u>financial</u> institution may recommend an attorney.

Nething-in-this This subsection may not be construed to require certification of title to a financial institution or credit union
 if that institution does not so require, or to a land title insurance company if that company does not so require.

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Any violation of this section by a financial institution authorized to do business in this State or credit union authorized to do business in this State is an anticompetitive or deceptive practice as defined in this chapter and subject to the remedies provided in this chapter in addition to such other 20 remedies as may be provided otherwise by law.

Sec. 4. 9-B MRSA §241, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 561, is amended to read:

5. Availability of funds for items deposited. With respect to items deposited into an account, financial 26 institutions authorized to do business in this State and credit unions authorized to do business in this State shall make those funds 28 available for withdrawal from that account within a reasonable 30 time. The superintendent may premulgate adopt rules setting forth limitations and disclosure requirements governing funds 32 availability. For purposes of this section, account means a checking account or any other transactional account, a savings account or a time account. If a federal law or regulation 34 governing availability of funds is in effect, rules premulgated 36 adopted under this subsection shall may not be no more restrictive with respect to time periods in which funds must be 38 available for withdrawal than those federal laws or regulations.

40 Sec. 5. 9-B MRSA §241, sub-§11, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 315, §13, is amended to read:

Choice of insurance producer. A financial institution 11. 44 <u>authorized to do business in this State</u> or credit union authorized to do business in this State, or a financial 46 institution holding company or an affiliate of a financial institution holding company that is authorized to do business in this State as insurance agent-or-broker producer under section 48 448, or pursuant to applicable federal law, and Title 24-A to 50 negotiate or sell insurance products to purchasers or borrowers

may not, in connection with the extension of credit, interfere
 with a purchaser's or borrower's free choice of insurance agent
 <u>producer, consultant</u> or company under applicable provisions
 contained in Title 24-A.

6 Any violation of this subsection is an anticompetitive or deceptive practice under this chapter and is subject to the 8 remedies provided in this chapter in addition to those remedies otherwise provided by law.

- 10 This subsection does not apply to group health and group life 12 insurance to the extent authorized by Title 24-A, chapters 31 and 35 when the insured is enrolled in the insurance policy, credit 14 life and health insurance to the extent authorized by Title 24-A, chapter 37, credit property insurance, credit involuntary 16 unemployment insurance, forced placed property insurance, a vendor's single interest policy or any other insurance product as 18 determined by the Superintendent of Insurance.
  - Sec. 6. 9-B MRSA §242, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 500, §1, is amended to read:

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Rules. The superintendent shall-have has authority to
 premulgate adopt rules and-regulations, pursuant to section 251, defining, limiting or proscribing advertising of-any-kind by a
 financial institution authorized to business in this State, a credit union authorized to business in this State, an association
 of such financial institutions, or a financial institution holding company, or representations made thereby by those institutions, which that is false, misleading or deceptive.

32 Sec. 7. 9-B MRSA §243, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 315, §15, is further amended to read:

Prohibition. A financial institution authorized to do
 business in this State or a credit union authorized to do
 business in this State may not in any manner extend credit, lease
 or sell property, or furnish any service, or fix or vary the consideration for any of the foregoing on the condition,
 agreement, requirement or understanding:

A. That the customer obtain some additional or other credit, property or other service from such financial institution other than a loan, discount, deposit or trust service. This paragraph does not prohibit a tie-in involving insurance products that is permitted under Title 24-A;

B. That the customer obtain some additional or other credit, property, or service from a subsidiary of such financial institution, a financial institution holding company of such financial institution, or from any other subsidiary of such financial institution holding company;

C. That the customer provide some additional or other
 credit, property, or service to such financial institution, other than those related to and usually provided in
 connection with a loan, discount, deposit, or trust service;

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D. That the customer provide some additional or other credit, property or service to a subsidiary of such financial institution, a financial institution holding company of such financial institution, or from any other subsidiary of such financial institution holding company; or

16 That the customer may not obtain some additional or Ε. other credit, property, or service from a competitor of such 18 institution, subsidiary of a competitor financial a financial institution holding financial institution, а 20 company of a competitor financial institution, or any other subsidiary of such competitor financial institution holding 22 company, other than a condition or requirement that such financial institution shall reasonably impose in a credit 24 transaction to assure the soundness of the credit.

26 Sec. 8. 9-B MRSA §243-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 680, §1, is amended to read:

 Fees for use of terminals. A financial institution
 authorized to do business in this State or a credit union authorized to do business in this State that operates electronic
 terminals may charge fees for the use of the terminals as specified in this section.

A. A financial institution may charge a reasonable foreign
 36 transaction fee for the use of an electronic terminal if the fee is disclosed:

(1) On a sign posted on the electronic terminal or in
 40 clear view of a customer while viewing the electronic terminal; or
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(2) Electronically during the course of the 44 transaction in a manner that permits a customer to cancel transaction without incurring the the 46 transaction fee.

48 For the purposes of this paragraph, "foreign transaction fee" means a fee charged for the use of an electronic

terminal to a noncustomer of the financial institution that 2 owns the electronic terminal. A financial institution may charge its own customers a 4 Β. reasonable fee for the use of an electronic terminal. б Sec. 9. 9-B MRSA §243-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1999, c. 25, §1, is further amended to read: 8 10 3. Agreement to share electronic terminals. An agreement to share electronic terminals may not prohibit, limit or restrict the right of a financial institution authorized to do business in 12 this State or a credit union authorized to do business in this State to charge a customer any fees allowed by state or federal 14 law, or require a financial institution to limit or waive its rights or obligations under this section, except that a financial 16 institution or credit union authorized to do business in this State may mutually agree with one or more other financial 18 institutions or credit unions not to charge foreign transaction 20 fees, as that term is defined in subsection 1, to the customers or members of those financial institutions or credit unions that 22 are parties to the agreement. Sec. 10. 9-B MRSA §316-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 24 398, Pt. C, §15, is amended to read: 26 1. Number of directors. The governing body of a financial institution must consist of at least 5 directors, except that the 28 superintendent may approve fewer directors for good cause shown. 30 Sec. 11. 9-B MRSA §332, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, 32 Pt. E, §1, is repealed. Sec. 12. 9-B MRSA §332, sub-§2-A is enacted to read: 34 36 2-A. Superintendent's approval. A financial institution may not establish a branch or agency office without the prior 38 approval of the superintendent. 40 A. For a branch being established in the State by a financial institution, approval must be obtained pursuant to 42 section 336, except that a financial institution that meets the minimum standards set forth in section 412-A or 832 and 44 any rules adopted pursuant to these sections and is not under an enforcement action that requires the 46 superintendent's prior approval of a branch establishment may establish a branch in this State without the prior 48 approval of the superintendent. If the superintendent's approval is not required, the financial institution shall 50 inform the superintendent at least 10 days prior to the

- 2 proposed action. This notice must be accompanied by a recording fee not to exceed \$100.
- B. For a branch being established by a financial institution outside of this State, but not in a foreign
  country, approval must be obtained pursuant to chapter 37 and section 336.
- C.For a branch being established by a financial10institution outside of this State and in a foreign country,<br/>approval must be obtained pursuant to section 336.

Sec. 13. 9-B MRSA §336, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, 14 Pt. E, §5, is further amended to read:

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16 1. Notification required; application upon request. If the superintendent's approval is required pursuant to section 332, subsection 2 2-A or section 335, subsection 1, at least 30 days 18 prior to the relocation of a main office or the establishment, 20 moving or closing of a branch or agency office authorized by this chapter, the institution shall notify the superintendent of the A complete 22 proposed action. application for the branch establishment, moving or closing may be required only when the 24 superintendent requests that a complete application be filed. Within 30 days of the notice, any interested person may request that the superintendent require a complete application. If the 26 superintendent denies any interested person's request for a complete application, the denial must be in writing with the 28 reasons for denial. The notification, or the application if 30 requested, must be filed with the superintendent in the form and and containing information the superintendent manner may If no application is requested within the 30-day 32 prescribe. period, the change is deemed approved. A fee must accompany the notification in an amount established by the superintendent but 34 not to exceed 1/2 of the application fee.

Sec. 14. 9-B MRSA §338, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, 38 Pt. E, §9, is further amended to read:

40 1. Permissible operating hours. A financial institution authorized to do business in the State may permit any of its branch offices, facilities, or walk-up or drive-up windows of its 42 main office or branch offices to remain open, or open for limited functions only, during such hours as it may determine from time 44 to time. Any hours in which said branch office, facility, or walk-up or drive-up window of its main office or branch office is 46 open for limited functions only after its main office is closed 48 are, with respect to such institution, a--heliday--and not considered to be part of a business day.

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Sec. 15. 9-B MRSA §341, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, 2 Pt. F, §1, is further amended to read:

2. Fees. An application made pursuant to section 342, subsection 1, or 2 er-6 or section 342-A, 343, 344, 345 or 345-A
may not be deemed considered complete by the superintendent unless accompanied by an application fee payable to the Treasurer
of State to be credited and used as provided in section 214. The amount of the fee must be established by the superintendent
according to different application requirements, but in no instance may it exceed \$2,000.

Sec. 16. 9-B MRSA §341, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 398, 14 Pt. F, §1, is amended to read:

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16 Superintendent's approval. Following approval by the 3. governing body for changes under section 342, subsections subsection 1, or 2 er-6 or section <u>342-A,</u> 343, 344 or 345, the 18 financial institution shall forward to the superintendent for 20 approval or disapproval, pursuant to the procedures and requirements of section 252, a certified copy of the authorizing resolution adopted by the governing body and such other 22 information as considered necessary by the superintendent. If 24 the superintendent disapproves the conversion plan, the superintendent shall state the reasons for the disapproval in 26 writing and furnish them to the institution. The institution must be given an opportunity to amend the conversion plan to 28 obviate the reasons for disapproval.

30 Sec. 17. 9-B MRSA §342, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398,
 Pt. F, §2, is further amended by amending the first paragraph to
 32 read:

Federal savings bank or savings and loan to state 34 1. financial institution. Any federal association or federal savings bank may convert to a financial institution organized 36 under the laws of this State in the following manner. A federal 38 savings bank or savings and loan association converting to a financial institution organized under the laws of this State may continue to use the designation "Federal" or "FSB" or derivatives 40 of "Federal" or "FSB" in its corporate title, as long as the 42 converted federal savings bank or savings and loan association also uses the designation "state association" or "S.A." in its 44 corporate title.

46 Sec. 18. 9-B MRSA §342, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, Pt. F, §2, is further amended to read:

2. National bank to financial institution. A national bank
 50 may convert to a financial institution organized under the laws

of this State in the following manner. <u>A national bank</u>
<u>converting to a financial institution organized under the laws of</u>
<u>this State may continue to use the designation "National" or "NA"</u>
<u>or derivatives of "National" or "NA" in its corporate title, as</u>
<u>long as the converted national bank also uses the designation</u>
<u>state association" or "S.A." in its corporate title.</u>

- A. The national bank must comply with the conditions and limitations imposed by the laws of the United States
   governing the conversion.
- B. The converting national bank may apply for a State charter by filing with the superintendent an application signed by its president and by a majority of its governing body setting forth the corporate action taken in compliance with the laws of the United States in paragraph A<sub>7</sub> and affixing to the application the organizational documents governing the bank as a financial institution.
- 20 D. The rights of dissenting investors of a converting national bank are governed by federal law.

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Sec. 19. 9-B MRSA §364, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 398, 24 Pt. H, §3, is further amended to read:

26 Application to court. Whenever, in the opinion of the 1. superintendent and a majority of the governing body of any financial institution or in the opinion of 3/4 of its depositors, 28 members or investors or more if required by the institution's 30 organizational documents, it is inexpedient for any reason for the institution to continue the further prosecution of its 32 business, the governing body may join with the superintendent in an application to the Superior Court for liquidation of the affairs of the institution, or the depositors, members or 34 investors may file such an application with the concurrence of 36 the superintendent.

38 Sec. 20. 9-B MRSA §427, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 540, §1, is amended to read:

7. Transfer of deposit or account. A depositor may 42 transfer, absolutely or conditionally, his that depositor's deposit or account to any other person, subject to any provisions 44 affecting such deposit or account pursuant to this chapter  $\Theta F$ Parts-5,-6-or-7, by a written assignment in a form approved by the institution, accompanied by delivery of the evidence of the 46 deposit or account. Evidence of the deposit or account shall-mean 48 means the membership certificate, share certificate, account book, passbook, or any other evidence of the deposit or account 50 which-may-have that has been issued in connection with such

2	deposit or account. Every such transfer of a deposit or account
2	shall-be-deemed is considered to include the deposit or account and the evidence of the deposit or account issued in connection
4	therewith with the deposit or account. Nosuch An absolute transfer shall-be is not effective against an institution until
6	such written assignment and the accompanying evidence of the deposit or account shall-be are delivered to the institution with
8	a request that it complete such transfer upon its records. No such $\underline{A}$ conditional transfer shall-be is not effective against an
10	institution unless and until it actually receives notice thereof
12	of the conditional transfer in writing.
14	Sec. 21. 9-B MRSA §446-A, sub-§1, ¶¶A to F, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 398, Pt. I, §35, are amended to read:
16	A. Before and immediately after the proposed transaction,
18	the acquiring financial institution is well capitalized as determined by the superintendent;
20	B. At the time of the transaction, the aequiring financial institution is well managed, which means that in connection
22	with the financial institution's most recent examination:
24	(1) The financial institution received a composite rating of one or 2 pursuant to the uniform financial
26	institution rating system adopted by the Bureau of Banking; and
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30	(2) The financial institution received at least a satisfactory rating for management;
32	C. The book value of the total assets to be acquired does not exceed 15% of the consolidated total risk-weighted
34	assets of the acquiring <u>financial</u> institution;
36	D. The consideration to be paid for the securities or assets to be acquired does not exceed 15% of the
38	consolidated capital of the acquiring <u>financial</u> institution;
40	E. During the 12-month period prior to the proposed transaction, the aequiring <u>financial</u> institution has not
42	been under an enforcement action nor is there an enforcement action pending;
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46	F. The aequiring <u>financial</u> institution provides written notification to the superintendent not later than 10 business days often consumpting the transposition, and
48	business days after consummating the transaction; and
50	Sec. 22. 9-B MRSA §446-A, sub-§4 is enacted to read:

4. Application or notice fee. An application or notice
 required under subsection 1 is not complete unless accompanied by
 a fee to be credited and used as provided in section 214. The
 superintendent shall establish the amount of the fee, which may
 not exceed \$2,500.

Sec. 23. 9-B MRSA §448, sub-§§1, 4 and 5, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 315, §17, are amended to read:

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10 1. Authorization. A financial institution authorized to do business in this State or credit union authorized to do business 12 in this State, or financial institution holding company, or an affiliate of either, other than a licensed supervised lender regulated under Title 9-A, Article IV, Part 4, may act as an 14 agent,-broker insurance producer or consultant in this State and may employ, affiliate with or hire as a 3rd-party agent an 16 insurance agent-or-agency, -broker producer or consultant, if the agent,--agency,--breker producer or consultant is duly licensed 18 under Title 24-A or engage engages in authorized insurance 20 activities in another state, if the agent,--ageney,--broker producer or consultant complies with the applicable laws of that 22 state.

24 4. Distinguishing insurance products from loan or deposit products; identification of insurance producers. To the extent practicable, sales of insurance products authorized by this 26 section must take place in a manner that minimizes customer confusion between the deposit, share or loan products offered by 28 the institution and those insurance products. An institution 30 authorized under subsection 1 is in compliance with this subsection if it utilizes signs clearly visible to its customers that distinguish its insurance products from its deposit, share 32 or loan products and that adequately identify insurance agents, 34 brokers producers and consultants affiliated with the institution.

36 5. Rulemaking. The superintendent, Superintendent of Insurance and the Director of the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation are authorized, pursuant to this subsection, Title 38 section 4-407 and Title 24-A, section 1514-A 1443-A, 9-A, 40 subsection 5 3 to undertake joint rulemaking to carry out the purpose of subsection 4, including issues regarding signs, the physical location of sales of insurance and identification of 42 agents---and---brokers producers affiliated with financial 44 institutions, credit unions, financial institution holding companies or supervised lenders. In adopting rules pursuant to this section, the superintendent, the Superintendent of Insurance 46 and the Director of the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation 48 shall consider the possibility of confusion and perception of coercion among the insurance consuming public, the need for 50 cost-effective delivery of insurance products insurance to

consumers and the importance of parity among agents-and-brekers 2 producers affiliated with federally chartered and state-chartered financial institutions and credit unions. Any rule adopted may 4 not interfere significantly with the ability of an--agent--or broker a producer to solicit or negotiate the sale of an insurance product, whether or not that agent--or--broker producer 6 affiliated with a financial institution, credit union, is financial institution holding company or supervised lender, 8 except when no other reasonable alternative exists to protect the 10 insurance consuming public. Rules adopted under this section are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A. Nothing in this section is intended to restrict 12 or interfere with the ability of the bureau, the Bureau of 14 Insurance or the Office of Consumer Credit Regulation to adopt rules with respect to areas in which the respective agencies have 16 independent jurisdiction.

18 Sec. 24. 9-B MRSA §461, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 500, §1, is amended to read:

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## §461. Applicability of chapter

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The provisions of this chapter setting forth acts and practices which that are prohibited shall apply to all <u>financial</u> <u>institutions</u>, savings banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, <u>universal banks</u>, <u>limited purpose banks</u>, credit unions and financial institution holding companies subject to the laws of this State and shall--be <u>are</u> in addition to the prohibitions set forth elsewhere in this Title.

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Sec. 25. 9-B MRSA §814, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 101, 32 §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:

34 Field of membership. "Field of membership" of a credit 1. union means those persons having a common bond of occupation or 36 association; multiple groups of such persons, each group having a common bond of occupation or association within that group; residence or employment within a well-defined neighborhood, 38 community or rural district; employment by a common employer or by employers located within a well-defined industrial park or 40 community; membership in a bona fide fraternal, religious, 42 cooperative, labor, rural, educational or similar organization; and members of the immediate families of such persons.

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A. When determining whether a credit union's proposed field of membership meets the requirements of this section, the superintendent shall consider all guidelines established by the National Credit Union Administration that address the issues of common bond, overlapping fields of membership,

expansions or conversions of field of membership and the 2 documentation required for amending a field of membership. B. The superintendent shall provide notice to interested 4 parties of a bylaw amendment sought by a credit union that proposes a change in field of membership. 6 Sec. 26. 9-B MRSA §877, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 666, §31, 8 is amended to read: 10 §877. Fees for mergers, conversions and acquisitions 12 Ne An application made pursuant to sections 872, 872-A, 873, 875 or 876 shall may not be deemed considered complete unless 14 accompanied by an application fee ef--\$200 payable to the Treasurer of State to be credited and used as provided in section 16 214. The superintendent shall establish the amount of the application fee, which may not exceed \$2,000. 18 Sec. 27. 9-B MRSA §1015, sub-§5, ¶D is enacted to read: 20 D. An application or notice required under this subsection 22 is not complete unless accompanied by a fee to be credited 24 and used as provided in section 214. The superintendent shall establish the amount of the fee, which may not exceed 26 \$2,500. 28 **SUMMARY** 30 The bill corrects a cross-reference to the Department of Human Services law that sets forth the requirements for mandatory 32 reporting of suspected elder and adult financial abuse. Banks fall under the voluntary reporting provisions of Department of 34 Human Services law. 36 It clarifies that the Bureau of Banking's authority under 38 the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 9-B, chapter 24 extends to credit unions authorized to do business in this State. 40 It changes references to insurance agent or broker to 42 insurance producer, a term codified last session in insurance licensing laws. 44 It clarifies existing law. Current law states that a financial institution must have 5 directors in its governing 46 body. The bill provides flexibility for the Superintendent of 48 Banking to approve fewer directors for good cause shown; this change is consistent with the remainder of the law. 50

It repeals and replaces the current law that sets forth the procedure for a bank to establish a new branch. The major change to current law is that it sets forth a procedure for a Maine chartered financial institution to obtain approval to establish a branch in a foreign country consistent with the change made in 1997 that permits a bank from a foreign country to establish a branch in Maine. It also clarifies the process for approval of interstate branches that have been permitted by Maine law since 1997.

It removes outdated references to bank holidays in Maine 12 banking law.

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14 It clarifies that applications for expedited conversions from federal to state bank charters must be accompanied by a fee 16 of \$2,000, which is the same amount charged for a standard charter application procedure. It further clarifies that there 18 is no application nor fee charged for conversion from a state to federal charter as such transactions are governed by federal law.

It permits a federally chartered savings bank, savings and loan association or national bank that converts its charter to a state charter to retain its preconversion corporate title including the use of the designation "federal," "FSB," "National" or "NA" or derivatives of those designations, provided the institution uses the designation "state association" or "S.A." in its name.

It clarifies that an application by the depositors, members 30 or investors of an institution to liquidate the institution must have the concurrence of the superintendent.

It removes a reference to Title 9-B, Parts 5, 6 and 7; those 34 parts were repealed in the last legislative session.

36 It makes technical changes to the law governing the process for approval for a bank to engage, either directly or indirectly, 38 in a closely related activity, clarifying that a notice to the Superintendent of Banking is required in all cases. It 40 establishes a fee of not more than \$2,500 to cover the cost of reviewing a filing; the fee is consistent with other filings made 42 to the superintendent.

It clarifies the prohibitions set forth in Title 9-B,
 chapter 46 apply to all financial institutions organized under
 Maine law.

48 It makes a technical change to Title 9-B, section 814, which governs the credit union field of membership. This change 50 clarifies that multiple common bond credit unions are permitted under state law and, while the members of each group must share a common bond of occupation or association, the groups themselves are not required to share a common bond.

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It changes the application fee for mergers, conversions and acquisitions of a credit union from \$200 to \$2,000, consistent with current law for chartering a credit union.