



119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 2071

H.P. 1450

House of Representatives, March 30, 1999

An Act Concerning Penalties under the Maine Tree Growth Law and the Farm and Open Space Law.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

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JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative McKENNEY of Cumberland. Cosponsored by Senator AMERO of Cumberland and Representatives: BUCK of Yarmouth, CLOUGH of Scarborough, DAVIS of Falmouth, LOVETT of Scarborough, MITCHELL of Vassalboro, NORBERT of Portland, SCHNEIDER of Durham, Senator: KONTOS of Cumberland.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §581, 3rd ¶, as amended by PL 1983, c. 400, 4 §§1 and 3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 6 In either case, and except when the change in classification is occasioned by a transfer to the State or other entity holding 8 the power of eminent domain, resulting from the exercise or threatened exercise of that power, the withdrawal of land 10 subjects the owner to a penalty that is the greater of: 1. Taxes that would have been assessed. An amount equal to 12 the taxes that would have been assessed on the first day of April 14 for the 5 tax years, or any lesser number of tax years starting with the year in which the property was first classified, preceding such withdrawal had that real estate been assessed in 16 each of those years at its fair market value on the date of 18 withdrawal minus all taxes paid on that real estate over the preceding 5 years, and interest at the legal rate from the date 20 or dates on which those amounts would have been payable; or 22 2. Fair market value. An amount computed by multiplying the amount, if any, by which the fair market value of the real estate on the date of withdrawal exceeds the 100% valuation of 24 the real estate pursuant to this subchapter on the preceding 26 April 1st, by the following rates: 28 A. If the real estate was subject to valuation under this subchapter for 10 years or less prior to the date of 30 withdrawal, the rate is 30%; and B. If the real estate was subject to valuation under this 32 subchapter for more than 10 years prior to the date of 34 withdrawal, the rate of the percentage is obtained by subtracting 1% from 30% for each full year beyond 10 years 36 that the real estate was subject to valuation under this subchapter prior to the date of withdrawal until a rate of 38 20% is reached. 40 Fair market value at the time of withdrawal is the assessed value of comparable property in the municipality adjusted by the 42 municipality's certified assessment ratio. 44 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 1 and 2, if the land has met the requirements of this subchapter for at least 46 5 years, the assessor has the option of imposing the penalty specified in subsections 1 and 2. 48 Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §1112, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 603, 50 $\S2$, is further amended to read:

For land classified as farmland under this subchapter for 2 less than 5 full years, the penalty is equal to the greater of 4 20% of its assessed fair market value at the time the land is removed from the program or the amount necessary to meet the requirements of the Constitution of Maine, Article IX, Section 6 For land that has been classified as farmland under this 8. 8 subchapter for 5 full years or more, the assessor has the option but is not required to impose a penalty. If the assessor elects to apply a penalty, the penalty is the recapture of the taxes 10 that would have been paid on the land for the past 5 years if it 12 had not been classified under this subchapter, less all taxes that were actually paid during those 5 years and interest at the 14 rate set by the town during those 5 years on delinguent taxes. An owner of farmland that has been classified under this subchapter for 5 full years or more may pay any penalty owed 16 under this paragraph in up to 5 equal annual installments with interest at the rate set by the town to begin 60 days after the 18 date of assessment. Notwithstanding section 943, for an owner 20 paying a penalty under this procedure, the period during which the tax lien mortgage, including interest and costs, must be paid to avoid foreclosure, and expiration of the right of redemption 22 is 48 months from the date of the filing of the tax lien 24 certificate instead of 18 months.

SUMMARY

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This bill provides that tax assessors may choose whether or not to impose a penalty on landowners whose land was classified under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law or the farm and open space tax law for at least 5 years but the use of which changed causing disqualification under that law.