MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1967

H.P. 1369

House of Representatives, March 23, 1999

An Act to Assign Responsibility for Juveniles Who Are Not Receiving Schooling.

Reference to the Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

Presented by Representative FULLER of Manchester.

Cosponsored by Representatives: QUINT of Portland, TESSIER of Fairfield, WATSON of

Farmingdale, Senator: BERUBE of Androscoggin.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 20-A MRSA §5001-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1983, c.
4	806, §49, is amended to read:
6	1. Requirement. Persons 7 years of age or older and under 17 18 years of age shall attend a public day school during the
8	time it is in regular session.
10	<pre>Sec. 2. 20-A MRSA §5001-A, sub-§2, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1983, c. 806, §49, is amended to read:</pre>
12	A. A person who graduates from high school before that
14	person's 17th 18th birthday;
16	Sec. 3. 20-A MRSA §5001-A, sub-§2, ¶B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1989, c. 415, §13, is amended to read:
18	B. A person who has:
20	(1) Reached the age of 15 years or completed the 9th
22	grade;
24	(2) Permission to leave school from that person's parent;
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28	(3) Been approved by the principal for a suitable program of work and study or training;
30	(4) Permission to leave school from the school board or its designee; and
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34	(5) Agreed in writing with that person's parent and the school board or its designee to meet annually until
36	that person's 17th 18th birthday to review that person's educational needs. When the request to be excused from school has been denied pursuant to this
38	paragraph, the student's parent may appeal to the commissioner;
40	Sec. 4. 20-A MRSA §5001-A, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1989, c.
42	415, §15, is further amended to read:
44	5. Adult responsibility. An adult having a person of
46	compulsory school age under that adult's control shall cause the person to attend school or another program designated by the
- T U	superintendent as provided in this section. If an adult fails to
48	act responsibly under this subsection, the superintendent shall
	appoint a surrogate parent under section 7207-A. An adult who

2	violates this subsection commits a civil violation as set forth in section 5053.
4	Sec. 5. 20-A MRSA §5001-A, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 415, §17, is amended to read:
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8	7. Purpose. Compulsory education is essential to the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people and the continued prosperity of our society and our nation. Maintaining
10	regular student attendance is necessary to achieve the goal of an educated citizenry. Public schools should ensure the rights of
12	access for all school-age persons to an appropriate educational opportunity and, when necessary, sheuld shall develop
14 16	alternatives to regular school curricula for those children and youth at risk of becoming dropouts and, those who may have left school and those who have been expelled.
18	Sec. 6. 20-A MRSA §5051, sub-§2, ¶D, as amended by PL 1989, c. 415, §19, is further amended to read:
20	D. If the school board determines that the student is
22	habitually truant, it shall either:
24	(1) Instruct the student to attend school as required by section 5001-A and advise the parents of their
26	responsibility under section 5001-A, subsection 5 to assure ensure the student's attendance; or
30	(2) Waive-the-requirements-of-section-5001-A,if-the student-is15-years-of-age-or-older Treat the student
32	as an exception under section 5001-A, subsection 2, paragraph B.
34	Sec. 7. 20-A MRSA §5051, sub-§2, ¶F, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 124, §1, is amended to read:
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38	F. When a student is determined habitually truant and in violation of section 5001-A, the school board may shall notify the local law enforcement department of the
40	decision. After this notification, a local law enforcement officer who sees a truant may-offer-to shall transport the
42	truant to the appropriate school if-the-truant and inform the truant's parent or guardian provide-verbal-consent-and
44	of their responsibility under state law if the truant:
46	(1) Is off school grounds during school hours; and
48	(2) Is not under the supervision of school personnel.
50	Sec. 8. 20-A MRSA §5051, sub-§2, ¶G is enacted to read:

2	G. If a student fails to comply with anything required of
	the student under paragraph D, the parents or guardian of
4	the student are subject to the enforcement provisions of
	section 5053 and the superintendent shall inform the
6	Department of Human Services and appropriate law enforcement
	agencies. If the superintendent finds that no adult is
8	responsible for the student, the superintendent shall
	appoint a surrogate parent under section 7207-A.
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	Sec. 9. 20-A MRSA §5052-A, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1989,
12	c. 415, §21, is amended to read:
14	A. When notified by a principal that a student's attendance
	is irregular, interviewing the student and the parent or
16	parents or guardian or guardians to determine the cause of
	the irregular attendance and file filing a written report
18	and recommendations with the principal, including whether
	legal action or the appointment of a surrogate parent under
20	section 7207-A is appropriate;
22	Sec. 10. 20-A MRSA §5052-A, sub-§5 is enacted to read:
24	Superintendent action. The superintendent shall take
	necessary action based on the report and recommendations under
26	subsection 3, paragraph A, including ensuring that the student is
	under the control of an adult and is enrolled in an alternative
28	program or is under school supervision or the supervision of the
	Department of Human Services.
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	Sec. 11. 20-A MRSA §5053, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
32	415, §25, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
34	5. Disposition. The court may order one or more of the
	following upon a violation of subsection 1:
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	A. A civil forfeiture not to exceed \$1,000;
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	B. Appointment of a surrogate parent;
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	C. Referral of the student to juvenile corrections
42	officials:
44	D. The offender to undergo counseling by a professional
	selected by the offender, with the court's approval, or by
46	the court. The counselor shall submit a written evaluation
	to the court and to the offender; and
48	
	E. Referral of the student to the Department of Human
50	Services, which shall provide for the student within a given
	time period.

4	6. Implementation. The school superintendent shall
	initiate the implementation of this section regarding an
6	habitually truant student.
8	Sec. 13. 20-A MRSA §5103, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1989, c. 415, §29, is amended to read:
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12	2. Membership. The dropout prevention committee shall-be is composed of the following members:
14	A. A member of the school board selected by that board;
16	B. A school administrator selected by the superintendent;
18	C. A teacher and a school counselor selected by the school administrative unit's teacher organization;
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22	D. A parent selected by the unit's organized parent group, or, if no organized parent group exists, by the school board;
24	E. A school attendance coordinator from the district selected by the superintendent;
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28	F. A high school student selected by the dropout prevention committee members selected in paragraphs A to E;
30	G. A dropout selected by the dropout prevention committee members selected in paragraphs A to E; and
32	members serected in paragraphs A to E, and
-	H. A community resident of the district selected by the
34	dropout prevention committee members selected in paragraphs A to E_{τ} :
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	I. A local law enforcement official;
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40	J. A representative of the Department of Human Services; and
40	K. A local member of the clergy.
42	*** ** ********************************
	A dropout prevention committee may increase its membership by
44	majority vote.
46	Sec. 14. 20-A MRSA §5103, sub-§5, ¶B, as repealed and replaced by PL 1989, c. 415, §29, is amended to read:
48	by 15 1909, C. 413, 329, 18 amended to read.
• •	B. The dropout prevention committee shall consider the
50	following when developing its plan:

Sec. 12. 20-A MRSA §5053, sub-§6 is enacted to read:

2	(1) Reasons why students drop out of school;
4 6	(2) Maintenance of continuing contacts with recent dropouts in order to extend opportunities for alternate educational programs, counseling and referral;
•	
8	(3) Education of teachers and administrators about the dropout problem;
10	(4) Use of human services programs to help dropouts;
12	(5) The school administrative unit's policies on
14	suspension, expulsion and other disciplinary action; and
16	(6) Discriminatory practices and attitudes within the school administrative unit including those of other
18	students;
20	(7) Dropouts' family situations:
22	(8) The school administrative unit's relationship with law enforcement agencies; and
24	
26	(9) The effects of drug and alcohol use on the dropout problem.
28	Sec. 15. 20-A MRSA c. 211, sub-c. III-A is enacted to read:
30	SUBCHAPTER III-A
32	SUPERVISION FOR SUSPENDED OR EXPELLED STUDENTS
34	§5121. Definitions
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38	As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
40	1. Department. "Department" means the Department of Human Services.
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44	2. Removed student. "Removed student" means a juvenile of school age who is being or has been expelled, suspended or placed
46	on early release from school or who is an habitual truant or dropout.
48	3. Juvenile in need of services. "Juvenile in need of services" means a juvenile of school age who has been expelled
50	from school, who has been suspended from school for more than 10% of the days of the current semester of the student's school

administrative unit, who is an habitual truant or a dropout or who has been placed on early release.

§5122. School supervision

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A school administrative unit shall provide supervision for each removed student. The supervision must occur over the length of each school day during the period of the student's expulsion, suspension or early release. School work, physical training, school maintenance and community service may be required of a student under supervision. A student who fails to comply with supervision may be considered truant.

§5123. Services for students in need

- 1. Notification. The school administrative unit of a student in need of services shall notify the department and local law enforcement officials, providing them with the names and addresses of the student and the student's parents.
- 2. Department plan. Upon notification under subsection 1, 22 the department shall contact the parents of the student in need of services. The department and the parents, in consultation 24 with local law enforcement officials, shall prepare and implement a plan to meet the student's unmet needs that are interfering 26 with school attendance, work or appropriate behavior. The parents of a student in need of services shall contribute to the cost of implementing the plan developed under this subsection 28 unless the department determines that the parents' financial 30 situation precludes such a contribution. Failure of a parent to participate constructively in the planning and implementation 32 required by this subsection may be considered grounds for appointing a surrogate parent under section 7207-A. A student 34 who fails to participate in the plan developed under this subsection may be considered truant.

§5124. Funding for school change

If a plan prepared and implemented under section 5123, subsection 2 includes educating a student in a school administrative unit other than the unit for the area where the student's parents reside or in an approved private program, the school administrative unit for the area where the student's parents reside shall pay the cost of educating the student in another school administrative unit.

Sec. 16. 20-A MRSA §7201, sub-§2, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read:

Removal of an exceptional student from the regular educational environment shall may occur only if the nature or severity of the exceptionality is such that the student's education earnet can not be satisfactorily accomplished in: Regular classes with the use of supplemental aids 6 and services; er 8 Self-contained classes within the regular school 10 programs +; or 12 (3) The regular classroom because the student's behavior interferes with the education of other 14 students. 16 Removal may also be used as discipline for an exceptional student. 18 Sec. 17. 20-A MRSA §7201, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1981, c. 693, §§5 and 8, is amended to read: 20 22 Parent's right to be a member of the team. surrogate parents or guardians have the right to be a--member members of the team which that will carry out duties and 24 responsibilities in accordance with rules established by the A parent, surrogate parent or guardian and an 26 appropriate law enforcement official must be members of the team for a student with behavioral problems. 28 Sec. 18. 20-A MRSA §7207-A, sub-§1-A is enacted to read: 30 32 1-A. Recommendation and appointment. The principal shall make a recommendation to the superintendent for appointment of a 34 surrogate parent for a student if the principal believes such an appointment is necessary. The superintendent shall appoint a surrogate parent for a student if the superintendent or the 36 student's team determines that such an appointment is necessary. 38 **SUMMARY** 40 42 This bill requires a school that expels or suspends a student or places a student on early release to provide day-long supervision for the student during the period of expulsion, 44 suspension or early release. The supervision requirement also applies to habitual truants and dropouts. 46 In the case of a student who has been expelled, suspended for more than 10% of a

school semester's days or placed on early release or who is an habitual truant or dropout, the school must notify the Department of Human Services and local law enforcement officials. The

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department and the student's parents must develop and implement a plan to meet the student's needs. If the needs include education in a different school administrative unit or private program, the student's current school administrative unit must pay the cost of that education.

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This bill also amends current law regarding school attendance, habitual truancy, exceptional students and appointment of surrogate parents to promote greater involvement with and responsibility for students with attendance or behavorial problems by parents, school officials, law enforcement officials and the Department of Human Services.