



119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1916

H.P. 1333

House of Representatives, March 16, 1999

An Act Concerning the Regulation and Treatment of Time-shares.

Reference to the Committee on Business and Economic Development suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative CIANCHETTE of South Portland. Cosponsored by Representatives: HONEY of Boothbay, McNEIL of Rockland, POWERS of Rockport, STANWOOD of Southwest Harbor, WHEELER of Bridgewater, Senators: BENOIT of Franklin, FERGUSON of Oxford.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 33 MRSA §592, sub-§§7 and 8 are enacted to read: 4

 7. Completion of construction: escrow requirement.
Notwithstanding chapter 31, a developer of a time-share project may convey a time-share to a purchaser prior to the time-share
unit containing the time-share being substantially completed, as long as the developer deposits all funds or other consideration
received from or on behalf of the purchaser into an escrow account subject to an escrow agreement with an independent escrow
agent.

- A. The escrow agreement must provide that the funds or other consideration may be released only as provided in this paragraph.
- 18 (1) If the purchaser gives a valid notice of cancellation pursuant to this section or is otherwise
 20 entitled to cancel the sale, the funds or other consideration received from or on behalf of the
 22 purchaser must be returned to the purchaser.
- 24 (2) If the purchaser defaults in the performance of any obligation relating to the purchase or ownership of 26 the time-share following the expiration of the cancellation period set out in subsection 1, the developer shall provide an affidavit to the escrow 28 agent requesting release of the escrowed funds or other 30 consideration and shall provide a copy of the affidavit to the purchaser who has defaulted. If, within 7 32 calendar days of mailing the affidavit, the developer has not received from the purchaser a written notice of 34 a dispute between the purchaser and the developer or a claim to the escrowed funds or other consideration, the 36 funds or other consideration received from or on behalf of the purchaser must be immediately released to the 38 developer.
- 40(3) If no cancellation or default has occurred, the
escrow agent may release the funds or other42consideration upon presentation of an affidavit by the
developer that:44

(a) The cancellation period has expired; and4646(b) A certificate or statement of substantial48completion has been executed by an engineer or
architect or a certificate of occupancy has been

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	issued by the municipal inspector of buildings for
2	the time-share unit containing the time share.
4	B. In lieu of any escrow required by this section, the
	escrow agent may accept a surety bond issued by a company
6	authorized and licensed to do business in this State in an
	amount equal to or in excess of the funds that would
8	otherwise be placed in the escrow account pursuant to this
	section.
10	H.<u>S.S.F.</u>F. (1)
20	C. As used in this subsection, "independent escrow agent"
12	means a financial institution whose accounts are insured by
12	a governmental agency or instrumentality; an attorney; or a
7.4	
14	licensed title insurance company, in which:
16	(1) The escrow agent is not a relative or an employee
	of the developer or managing entity or of any officer,
18	director, affiliate or subsidiary of the developer or
	managing entity;
20	
	(2) There is no financial relationship, other than the
22	payment of fiduciary fees or as otherwise provided in
	this section, between the escrow agent and the
24	developer or managing entity or any officer, director,
23	affiliate or subsidiary of the developer or managing
26	
20	entity; and
28	(3) Compensation paid by the developer to the escrow
20	
20	agent for services rendered is not paid from funds in
30	the escrow account.
2.2	
32	D. For purposes of paragraph C, an independent escrow agent
	may not be disgualified to serve as escrow agent solely
34	because:
36	(1) The escrow agent provides the developer or
	managing entity with routine banking services that do
38	not include construction or receivables financing or
	any other lending activities;
40	
	(2) A nonemployee, attorney-client relationship exists
42	between the developer or managing entity and the escrow
	agent; or
44	<u>KAXWAT X -</u>
	(3) The escrow agent performs closings for the
46	developer or issues owner's or lender's title insurance
-10	commitments or policies in connection with such
10	
48	<u>closings.</u>

	8. Common expense assessment. Notwithstanding chapter 31,
2	a time-share owner may not be excused from the payment of the
	time-share owner's share of any common expense assessment unless
4	all time-share owners are likewise excused from payment, The
	developer may be excused from the payment of its share of the
6	common expenses that would have been assessed against its time
	shares during a stated period of time during which it has
8	guaranteed to the purchasers in the time-share instrument that
	the assessment for common expenses imposed upon the purchasers
10	would not increase over a stated dollar amount. In the event of
	such a guarantee, the developer is obligated to pay common
12	expenses incurred by the time-share project during the guarantee
	period that are in excess of the total revenue that may be
14	applied to the common expenses of the time-share project. The
	guarantee by the developer may provide that the developer may
16	extend, increase or decrease the guarantee for one or more
	additional stated periods of time.
18	

Sec. 2. 33 MRSA §593, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1987, c. 358, 20 §1, is further amended to read:

22 2. Time-share estates as separate estates. Each time-share estate constitutes for all purposes a separate estate in real 24 property. Each time-share estate shall must be separately assessed and taxed. In ascertaining time-share estate valuation, 26 the municipal assessor shall determine real property values by utilizing traditional valuation methods and techniques for 28 comparable sales of physically comparable property that is not subject to time-share form of ownership. Neither the cumulative 30 total purchase price paid by the time-share purchasers for a time-share unit nor the total purchase price paid by a purchaser 32 of a time-share estate may be utilized by the municipal assessor as a factor in determining the assessed value of the time-share 34 estate. The filing and discharge of tax liens on more than one time-share estate owned by the same person are governed by Title 36 36, section 942-A.

38 Sec. 3. 33 MRSA §593, sub-§4, as amended by PL 1991, c. 197, §1, is further amended to read:

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4. Collection and receipt of money for taxes; tax bills.
42 The managing entity may collect and receive money from time-share estate owners for the purpose of paying taxes assessed on
44 time-share estates.

46 If <u>Unless otherwise</u> required by an ordinance enacted by the municipal officers, the managing entity shall collect and receive
48 money from time-share estate owners for the purpose of paying taxes assessed on time-share estates. The ordinance must also
50 require that the municipality send the managing entity a tax bill

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and information necessary to identify the assessed value of each 2 time-share usit estate, unless otherwise required by an ordinance enacted by the municipal officers. Nothing in this subsection prevents a municipality from sending separate tax bills to each 4 time-share owner. 6 Any managing entity that collects taxes shall maintain an escrow 8 account and pay the taxes as provided in subsection 5. 10 **SUMMARY** 12 This bill clarifies: 14 The developers' ability to sell time-shares prior to 1. completion of a time-share unit as long as all consideration from 16 the sale is held by a 3rd-party escrow agent; 18 That when the developer has guaranteed that common 2. expense assessments will not exceed a stated dollar amount, the 20 developer will be responsible for any excess common expenses due; 22 and 24 Methods of assessing time-share estates so that they 3. will be assessed by municipal assessors is the same manner as are 26 condominium units to achieve equitable valuation of comparable real property.