MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1888

S.P. 666

In Senate, March 16, 1999

An Act to Amend the Laws Relating to Development and Centralized Listing of Municipal Ordinances that Apply to Forestry Practices.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator KILKELLY of Lincoln.
Cosponsored by Representative COWGER of Hallowell and
Senators: CASSIDY of Washington, MITCHELL of Penobscot, NUTTING of Androscoggin,
Representatives: DUNLAP of Old Town, GOOLEY of Farmington, PIEH of Bremen,
POVICH of Ellsworth, TRUE of Fryeburg.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 12 MRSA §8869, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1995, c. 122, §1 and affected by §2, is further amended to read:

- 8. Relationship to municipal rules and regulations. Nothing in this subchapter may be construed to preempt or otherwise limit the existing authority of municipalities to regulate harvesting, except that municipalities regulating timber harvesting shall adopt definitions for forestry terms used in their ordinances that are consistent with definitions in section 8868 and with forestry terms adopted by the commissioner pursuant to this subchapter. A-municipality-may-not-adopt-an-erdinance that-regulates-timber harvesting-unless-the-following-process-is fellowed-in-the-development-and-review-of-the-erdinance+Municipal timber harvesting ordinances adopted before September 1, 1990 must meet this standard of compliance with definitions no later than January 1, 2000.
- A municipality may not adopt an ordinance that is less stringent than the minimum standards established in this section and in rules adopted by the commissioner to implement this section. A municipality may not adopt or amend an ordinance that regulates timber harvesting unless the process set out in this subsection is followed in the development and review of the ordinance.

A. A licensed professional forester must participate in the development or amendment of the ordinance.

- B. A face-te-face meeting must take place in the municipality during the development or amendment of the ordinance between representatives of the department and municipal officers and officials involved in developing the ordinance. Discussion at the meeting must include, but is not limited to, the timber-harvesting forest practices goals of the municipality. At this meeting and subsequently, the department shall provide guidance to the municipality on how the municipality may use sound forestry practices to achieve the municipality's forest practices goals.
- C. The municipality shall hold a public hearing to review a proposed ordinance or ordinance amendment at least 45 days before a vote is held on the ordinance. The municipality shall previde post and publish public notice of the public hearing according to the method-the-municipality-uses-fer its-regular-public-meetings; and same general requirements of posted and published notice for zoning ordinance public hearings as provided by Title 30-A, section 4352, subsection 9.

In addition, when a municipality proposes to adopt or amend a timber harvesting ordinance pursuant to its home rule authority as provided by Title 30-A, section 3001, the municipality shall mail notice of the hearing by first-class mail at least 14 days before the hearing to all landowners in the municipality at the last known address of the person on whom a property tax on each parcel is assessed. In the case of a timber harvesting ordinance or amendment that applies only to certain zones or land use districts in the municipality, the municipality may meet the requirements of this paragraph by mailing notice only to those landowners whose land is in a zone or land use district or immediately abutting the affected zone or land use district.

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Mailed notice to individual landowners is not required under this subsection for any type of amendment to an existing local land use ordinance merely to conform that ordinance to the minimum timber harvesting guidelines required by Title 38, section 439-A, as those guidelines may be subsequently amended, or to conform any timber harvesting ordinance to the requirements of this section for conformity of definitions when the proposed amendments do not substantially change any previously established timber harvesting standards adopted pursuant to home rule authority.

The municipal officers shall prepare and file with the municipal clerk a written certificate indicating those landowners to whom the notice was mailed and at what addresses, when it was mailed, by whom it was mailed and from what location it was mailed. The certificate constitutes prima facie evidence that notice was sent to those landowners named in the certificate.

Any action challenging the validity of the adoption or amendment of a municipal timber harvesting ordinance based on the municipality's alleged failure to comply with the landowner notice requirement must be brought in Superior Court within 90 days after the adoption of the ordinance or amendment. The Superior Court may invalidate an ordinance or amendment only if the landowner demonstrates that the landowner was entitled to receive a notice under this section, that the municipality failed to send the notice as required, that the landowner had no knowledge of the proposed ordinance or amendment and that the landowner was materially harmed by that lack of knowledge.

D. The municipality municipal clerk shall notify the department of the time, place and date of the public hearing and provide the department with a copy of the

	proposed ordinance that will be reviewed at the hearing at
2	least 30 days before the date of the hearing.
4	E. At the public hearing, representatives of the department
	must be provided an opportunity to present and discuss for
6	the municipality's information any reports, articles,
	treatises or similar materials published by acknowledged
8	experts in the field of sound forestry or silvicultural
	management to the extent such information is relevant to the
10	proposed ordinance or ordinance amendment.
12	The proposed ordinance or ordinance amendment may be revised
	after the public hearing. The ordinance or amendment must
14	be submitted to the legislative body of the municipality in
	accordance with the procedures the municipality uses for
16	adopting ordinances.
18	F. Municipal timber harvesting ordinances may not be
	unreasonable, arbitrary or capricious and must employ means
20	appropriate to the protection of public health, safety and welfare.
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	G. All direct costs incurred by a municipality associated
24	with landowner notification requirements and other required
	public notice must be paid to the municipality in accordance
26	with a distribution schedule established under Title 30-A,
	section 5685, subsection 5. All direct costs incurred by a
28 30	municipality in order to comply with this subsection for the
	amendment of ordinances adopted before September 1, 1990
	must be paid to the municipality in accordance with a
	distribution schedule established under Title 30-A, section
32	5685, subsection 5.
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34	The - proposed - ordinance - may - be - revised - after - the - public - hearing -
	Therevisedordinance - ortheproposedordinance ifnochanges
36	are-made-following-the-public-hearing,-must-be-submitted-to-the
	legislative body of - the - municipality - in - accordance with the
38	procedures-the-municipality-uses-for-adopting-ordinances.
40	The-department-must-provide-a-municipality-guidance-en-how-the
4 0	
42	<pre>municipalitymayusesoundforestrypracticestoachieveits timber-harvesting-goals-</pre>
44	Sec. 2. 12 MRSA §8869, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 555,
16	$\S10$, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
46	9. Centralized listing of municipal ordinances. The bureau
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shall maintain for informational purposes a statewide centralized

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listing of municipal ordinances that specifically apply to forest practices.

A. Within 30 days after the legislative body of the municipality votes on a timber harvesting ordinance developed according to the procedures of subsection 8, the clerk shall notify the bureau of the outcome and shall file a copy of the ordinance with the bureau.

SUMMARY

This bill amends the laws relating to development of municipal timber harvesting ordinances by requiring the ordinances to be consistent with the definitions of forestry terms established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 12, section 8868 as well as those in rules adopted by the Department of Conservation. It also specifies a 90-day period within which the validity of the adoption of a timber harvesting ordinance may be challenged based on an alleged failure to comply with certain notice requirements. It also makes minor changes to the notice and hearing procedures for adopting municipal timber harvesting ordinances.