MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1839

H.P. 1278

House of Representatives, March 11, 1999

An Act to Maintain High-quality Services in Long-term Care in Maine.

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative FULLER of Manchester.

Cosponsored by Senator BENNETT of Oxford and Representatives: BRAGDON of Bangor, COWGER of Hallowell, KNEELAND of Easton,

Senator: PARADIS of Aroostook.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1708, sub-§3, ¶¶A-2 to A-6 are enacted to read:
4	
6	A-2. Starting with the fiscal year beginning on or after October 1, 1999, use data from the year 1997 as the basis
8	for calculating reimbursement rates and cost components required under this subsection;
10	A-3. Calculate the case mix of a nursing facility on the
12	<pre>basis of the facility's total population, regardless of source of payment;</pre>
14	A-4. Treat the following nursing facility costs as direct
16	costs:
18	(1) Costs attributable to the position of Director of Nursing:
-0	57. AP 中 10. AP 11. AP
20	(2) Costs of medical supplies and consultants, including, but not limited to, dietary consultants, and
22	social services and pharmacy costs;
24	(3) Salaries paid to social services personnel; and
26	(4) Fringe benefits;
28	A-5. Recognize as an allowable nursing facility fixed cost the cost to the nursing facility of its allocated share of
30	debt service, including principal, interest and amortization
	of any issuance costs and discount, incurred pursuant to
32	section 1813-A, or the cost to the nursing facility of its
34	allocated share of outstanding debt incurred pursuant to section 1813-B;
36	A-6. Establish, on an annual basis, the maximum amount of reimbursable direct and indirect costs for facilities with
38	more than 60 beds and facilities with 60 beds or fewer. The maximum amount of reimbursable direct and indirect costs
40	must be greater for facilities with 60 or fewer beds. In
42	determining the maximum reimbursable direct and indirect costs, the department shall use the most current year-end data;
44	
46	Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1812-H, as amended by PL 1993, c. 410, Pt. FF, §§4 to 7, is repealed.
48	Sec. 3. 22 MRSA §1812-I is enacted to read:

§1812-I. Medicaid Automation Grant Fund

50

1. Established. There is established the Medicaid Automation Grant Fund, referred to in this section as the "fund." The assets of this fund are derived from the Medicare - Payments to Providers account.

6

8

10

12

14

16

2

4

- 2. Disbursements from fund. A nursing facility may apply to the department to receive disbursements from the fund. The department shall establish criteria, in consultation with representatives of nursing facilities, governing approval of disbursements from the fund that at a minimum require a finding by the department that the proposed use of funds will result in a significant improvement in the efficiency of the management or operation of the nursing facility.
- Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1813, 3rd ¶, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 488, §1, is amended to read:

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

For nursing facilities providing both nursing home and assisted living services, the department shall issue one license reflecting both levels of care. The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined by Title 5, Notwithstanding any other chapter 375, subchapter II-A. provision of this Title, a nursing facility may provide assisted living services in nursing facility beds without obtaining approval under either chapter 103 or this chapter if there are no residential care beds available within 25 miles of that facility or if necessary to meet the care needs of an existing resident, as long as the number of nursing facility beds that are used to provide assisted living services do not exceed 10% of the total number of beds licensed in such facility.

Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §§1813-A and 1813-B are enacted to read:

§1813-A. Single nursing facility bed license purchasing program

Upon petition by a nursing facility other than a multi-facility operation, or at the department's own initiative, the department shall identify geographic areas within the State that have an excess capacity of nursing facility beds and shall issue one or more requests for proposals to purchase rights to existing nursing facility bed licenses. The purchase price is subject to competitive bid through the request for proposal process and must be funded through loans made available by the Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority pursuant to chapter 413 in the amount certified by the department to the authority. The annual debt service, including principal, interest and amortization of any issuance costs and discount, must be allocated to remaining nursing facilities in the State in

proportion to the number of beds licensed to each facility. The department shall provide to the authority subsidy adequate to pay the debt service on any loan made by the authority pursuant to this section and chapter 413.

§1813-B. Debt recognition of multi-facility operator voluntary bed license termination

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

2

4

6

Upon agreement by a multi-facility operator to close one or more nursing facilities, the total outstanding debt at the time of closure, including the amount of any unpaid mortgage debt and any deficiency in working capital, must be allocated to remaining nursing facilities located within that multi-facility operator's system in proportion to the total remaining nursing facility and assisted living beds licensed to each remaining facility. The allocated share of outstanding mortgage debt assumed by each remaining nursing facility must be amortized over the remaining term of unpaid mortgage debt or such other period as may be required by the lender. The allocated share of any working capital deficiency incurred by the remaining nursing facilities must be amortized over a one-year period.

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §2053, sub-§6, ¶A, as amended by PL 1995, c. 179, §3, is further amended to read:

In the case of a participating health care facility or a participating community health or social service facility, the acquisition, construction, improvement, reconstruction or equipping of, or construction of an addition or additions to, a structure designed for use as a health care facility, community health or social service facility, congregate housing facility, laboratory, laundry, nurses or interns residence or other multi-unit housing facility for staff, employees, patients or relatives of patients admitted for treatment in the health care facility, community health or facility, service doctors office building, administration building, research facility, maintenance, or utility facility or other structures facilities related to any of the foregoing or required or useful for the operation of the project, or the refinancing of existing indebtedness in connection with any of the foregoing, including parking and other facilities structures essential or convenient for the orderly conduct of the health care facility or community health or social service facility. "Project" also includes all real and personal property, lands, improvements, driveways, roads, approaches, pedestrian access roads, rights-of-way, utilities, easements and other interests in land, parking lots, machinery and equipment, and all other appurtenances and facilities either on, above or under the ground that are

used or usable in connection with the structures mentioned paragraph, and includes landscaping, preparation, furniture, machinery and equipment and other similar items necessary or convenient for the operation of a particular facility or structure in the manner for which its use is intended, but does not include such items as food, fuel. supplies or other items that are customarily considered as a current operating charge. "Project" also includes the payment of any purchase price in the amount certified by the department to the authority pursuant to section 1813-A. In the case of a hospital, as defined in subsection 4, paragraph B, a community health center or a community health or social service facility, "project" does not include any facilities, structures or appurtenances, the use of which is not directly related to the provision of patient care by its members; and

Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §2061, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 390, §24, is further amended to read:

20

22

24

26

2

б

8

10

12

14

16

18

2. Review. Each project for a health care facility has been reviewed and approved to the extent required by the agency of the State that serves as the Designated Planning Agency of the State or by the Department of Human Services in accordance with the provisions of <u>either</u> the Maine Certificate of Need Act of 1978, as amended, or <u>section 1813-A or</u>, in the case of a project for a hospital, has been reviewed and approved by the Maine Health Care Finance Commission to the extent required by chapter 107;

30

32

28

Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §2147, sub-§10, as amended by PL 1987, c. 486, §2, is further amended to read:

10. Facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 405. Hospitals, intermediate care facilities, skilled nursing facilities or other facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 405 when the services are provided to clients residing in those facilities, or to 6 or fewer clients at any one time in their homes under a plan of care approved-by-the-department-er-its-designee when-it-is and it has been documented in the patient's record that the licensed home health care agency or agencies serving the patient's areas have been notified.

A---Have-indicated-that-they-are-unable-te-provide-these services+-er

46

44

B.--Agree-that-the-plan-of-eare-is-an-acceptable-plan-

48

50

The plan of care must meet standards for staff qualifications and supervision consistent with the standards required of licensed

home health care providers. Patient records must be maintained in a manner consistent with standards required of licensed home health care providers;

4

2

Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §2149, sub-§3 is enacted to read:

6

8

3. Rules to reduce funds prohibited. The department is prohibited from adopting rules to reduce the amount of funds allocated from the Medicaid program to home health care services.

10

Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §3174-I, sub-§1, ¶E-1 is enacted to read:

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

36

38

E-1. If the department, in implementing periodic reassessments of residents under this section, imposes on nursing facilities the obligation to request reassessment of a resident on a due date set by the department, penalties for failure or delay in meeting that obligation must be limited in accordance with this paragraph. The department may not impose penalties for failure or delay in requesting reassessments that exceed 10% of the reimbursement that would otherwise be paid for the services rendered to the resident for whom a reassessment is overdue during the period between the due date set by the department and the date on which the reassessment request is made. If, upon reassessment, the resident is determined no longer medically eligible under the standards duly adopted in the department's rules, then the reimbursement otherwise payable by the department for the services provided after the reassessment due date may be reduced to the rate provided in the department's rules for days awaiting placement to a residential care facility. When a resident is determined medically eligible upon reassessment, the resident is presumed to have been medically eligible during the period between the due date for the reassessment and the date on which the reassessment was actually conducted, unless the department establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the nursing facility intentionally deferred its request for reassessment of the resident for the purpose of avoiding a determination of medical ineligibility.

40

42

Sec. 11. 22 MRSA §7902-A, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 670, Pt. A, §8 and affected by Pt. D, §5, is amended to read:

44 4. Residential care rules. The commissioner shall adopt rules for the various levels of residential care facilities. In addition to the subject matter of the rules listed in subsection 2, the rules must include criteria for placement of residents who are 17 years of age or older and under 18 years of age and must provide for the calculation of the maximum amount of reimbursable routine costs based on data from the year 1997. In establishing

2	residential care facilities, the department shall establish the
	maximum amount of reimbursable costs for facilities with 30 or
4	more beds and for facilities with fewer than 30 beds.
6	Sec. 12. 22 MRSA §7902-B is enacted to read:
8	§7902-B. Approval of staffing
10	The department shall approve residential care facilities
12	requests for additional staffing in a manner consistent with the department's approval of such requests prior to June of 1998.
14	Sec. 13. Commission to Study Job Training and Career Advancement for Long-term Care Health Professionals and Personnel.
16	
	1. Commission established; purpose. The Commission to
18	Study Job Training and Career Advancement for Long-term Care Health Professionals and Personnel, referred to in this section
20	as the "commission," is established for the purpose of reviewing the training requirements, job responsibilities, overlap of job
22	responsibilities, career advancement opportunities and pay scales among the various categories of health care workers, including,
24	but not limited to:
26	A. Personal care attendants;
28	B. Certified nursing assistants;
30	C. Certified medication assistants;
32	D. Home health aides;
34	E. CNA medical technicians; and
36	F. Mental health assistants.
38	2. Membership of commission. The members of the commission
40	are appointed as follows:
40	A. One person who serves as chair, appointed by the
42	President of the Senate;
44	B. One member representing the Department of Human
46	Services, Bureau of Elder and Adult Services, to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
48	C. One member representing the Department of Human
	Services, Bureau of Medical Services, to be appointed by the
50	President of the Senate:

the maximum amount of reimbursement for the cost categories for

2	D. One member representing the Maine Health Care
	Association, to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
4	
	E. One member representing the Maine Hospital Association,
6	to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
	·
8	F. One member representing the State Board of Nursing, to
	be appointed by the Speaker of the House;
10	as appointed by the speaker of the fields,
10	G. One member representing the Department of Education, to
12	be appointed by the Speaker of the House; and
14	be appointed by the Speaker of the House; and
5.4	II One member represent the the Branch and Charles Weelsh
14	H. One member representing the Department of Mental Health,
	Mental Retardation and Substance Abuse Services, to be
16	appointed by the Speaker of the House.
18	3. Commission meetings. The commission is authorized to
	conduct up to 5 meetings, the first of which must be called by
20	the chair no later than November 1, 1999.
22	4. Report to Legislature. The commission shall report its
	findings and recommendations to the joint standing committee of
24	the Legislature having jurisdiction over health and human
	services matters on or before January 15, 2001.
26	• ′
	Sec. 14. Appropriation. The following funds are appropriated
28	from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.
30	1999-00
32	HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF
-	
34	Bureau of Elder and Adult Services
-	
36	All Other \$500,000
30	φ300,000
38	To provide funds for
30	- .
40	
40	
40	individuals awaiting
42	placement for these services.
4.4	I and Tames Come II and Cometant
44	Long Term Care - Human Services
46	All Other \$500,000
4.0	
48	To provide funds for

services to individuals awaiting placement for these services.

4

6

2

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TOTAL

\$1,000,000

8

SUMMARY

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

This bill makes modifications to the reimbursement system to more accurately reflect the actual cost of services in all segments of the continuum of long-term care. The bill requires the Department of Human Services to utilize 1997 data, rather than 1993 data as is currently the standard, for calculating reimbursement rates and cost components; provides for calculation of a facility's case mix based on the facility's population, regardless of source of payment; reclassifies certain cost components as direct costs; and directs the department to establish annually the maximum reimbursement rates by taking into account the size of the facility and by utilizing current year-end data. It also directs the department to recognize as an allowable fixed cost the nursing facility's allocated share of debt service or outstanding debt resulting from either the sale of licensed beds by a facility or the closure of a nursing facility.

The bill also establishes the Medicaid Automation Grant Fund for the purpose of facilitating the improved efficiency of facility operations. The bill authorizes the department to establish criteria for approving disbursements from the fund to facilities.

The bill repeals the requirement that a nursing facility that participates in the Medicaid program also must participate in the Medicare program as a skilled nursing facility.

The bill provides facilities with a limited opportunity to utilize nursing facility beds for the provision of residential care services if there are no residential care beds available within 25 miles of that facility or if necessary to meet the care needs of an existing resident.

The bill addresses the problem of an existing over-supply of nursing facility beds, estimated by the department to be approximately 1,200. The department is authorized to entertain proposals from nursing facilities to sell some or all of their licensed beds back to the department. The bill provides funding for this purpose through loans from Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority, the debt service on which will

be paid by all facilities on a proportional basis. The debt service is allocated to remaining nursing facility providers in proportion to their number of licensed beds.

4

6

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

2

The bill provides for the allocation of the total net outstanding debt among remaining facilities within a multi-facility operator's system in proportion to the number of licensed beds owned by each remaining nursing facility.

Under current law, hospitals, intermediate care facilities, skilled nursing facilities and other facilities licensed under chapter 405 may provide home health care services to clients residing in those facilities, or at any one time, to 6 or fewer clients residing in their homes under a department-approved care In either case, the licensed home health care agencies serving the patient's area must either have indicated that they are unable to provide those services or have agreed that the plan of care is an acceptable plan. The bill eliminates the requirement for obtaining approval of the care plan by the department or by the home health care agency; eliminates the condition that the home health care agencies in the area indicate that they are unable to provide the services in question; and adds the requirement that the facilities must notify the home health agencies of the fact that the facilities will be providing those services.

26

28

30

32

34

36

revises medical The bill the eligibility provisions applicable to the Medicaid program to require the department to discontinue its current practice of denying all reimbursement to a nursing facility that inadvertently misses the established deadline for asking the department to reassess a resident's eligibility. Instead, the department would be allowed to apply 2 sanctions. First, it could penalize the facility up to 10% of its regular reimbursement rate for the days between the due date for the assessment and the date the facility actually requested Second, the department could reduce the rate to reassessment. the much lower residential care rate, if the reassessment, when performed, showed that the resident no longer required a nursing facility level of care.

40

42

44

46

38

The bill requires the department to utilize 1997 data for calculating the maximum allowable reimbursement for facilities' routine costs. The bill also requires that the department distinguish between facilities with 30 or more beds and those with fewer than 30 beds in establishing the maximum amount of reimbursable costs for the various cost categories established for residential care.

48

50

The bill directs the department to resume its approval of staffing requests by residential care facilities as had been the department's practice prior to June of 1998.

The bill prohibits the department from reducing the Medicaid home health benefit.

The bill establishes the Commission to Study Job Training and Career Advancement for Long-term Care Health Professionals and Personnel. The commission consists of representatives of the affected agencies and health workers for the purpose of establishing a set of health practitioner job descriptions and training requirements that are simple, are logically sequential and build up into a career ladder for individuals in the field.

Finally, the bill provides for a \$1,000,000 appropriation from the General Fund to provide additional respite, homemaker and home-based care services to individuals who have been placed on the department's waiting list for these services.