MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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	L.D. 1837
2	DATE: 5-27-99 (Filing No. H-703)
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6	LEGAL AND VETERANS AFFAIRS
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10	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
12	STATE OF MAINE
14 16	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 119TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION
18	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "A" to H.P. 1276, L.D. 1837, Bill, "An
20	Act to Amend the Harness Racing Laws"
22	Amend the bill by striking out all of section 1.
24 26	Further amend the bill in section 3 in subsection 2 by striking out all of the 2nd sentence (page 1, lines 36 to 40 in L.D.)
28	Further amend the bill by striking out all of sections 4 and 5 and inserting in their place the following:
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32	'Sec. 4. 8 MRSA §275-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 474, §3 and affected by §6, is repealed and the following enacted in
J &	its place:
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36	1. Commercial track. "Commercial track" means a harness horse racing track licensed under this chapter to conduct harness
	horse racing with pari-mutuel wagering that:
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40	A. If the population of the region is 300,000 or more, based on the 1990 U.S. Census, conducted racing on more than 100 days in each of the previous 2 calendar years; or
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44	B. If the population of the region is less than 300,000, based on the 1990 U.S. Census, conducted racing on more than 25 days in each of the previous 2 calendar years.

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For the purposes of this subsection, "region" is determined by measuring a distance of 50 miles from the center of the racing track along the most commonly used roadway, as determined by the Department of Transportation, drawing a circle around the center of the racing track using that 50-mile measurement and excluding those municipalities or unorganized territories that do not have boundaries contained entirely by that circle.'

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Further amend the bill in section 7 in that part designated "§281." in the first paragraph in the first line (page 2, line 49 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "department commission" and inserting in its place the following: 'department'

Further amend the bill in section 8 in that part designated "\$283." in the first paragraph in the first line (page 3, line 23 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "department commission" and inserting in its place the following: 'department'

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Further amend the bill by striking out all of sections 9 to 15 and inserting in their place the following:

'Sec. 9. 8 MRSA §285-A, sub-§1, ¶A, as reallocated by PL 1997, c. 735, §6, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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A. "Eligible voter," with respect to each racing segment, means those owners, trainers and drivers who are licensed by this State and who participated during at least 10% of the race days actually conducted within a racing segment or participated in at least 15 starts at a racing segment.

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Sec. 10. 8 MRSA §285-A, sub-§3, as reallocated by PL 1997, c. 735, §6, is amended to read:

Public polling to be held. Every eligible voter within a racing segment must be afforded the opportunity to vote at a public polling place for the exclusive bargaining agent to represent horse owners, trainers and drivers within that racing With respect to each commercial track, the public polling must be conducted at the commercial track en-one-of-the first-3-live-race-dates-assigned-to-the-track-within-the-ealendar year--during--which--the--election--is--conducted. The date of election and procedures utilized in conducting the public polling must be established by the commission. The public polling with respect to the racing segment that consists of racing at all tracks other than commercial tracks must be conducted during May at a place to be determined by the commission. Notice of the right to vote at such the public polling and of the date, time and place of the public polling must be included with the ballot mailed by the commission pursuant to subsection 2.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1276, L.D. 1837

2		Sec.	11.	8 MRSA	§285-A,	sub-§7,	as	reallocated	bу	PL	1997,	c.
	735,	§б,	is	amended t	co read:							
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7. Repeal. This section is repealed January 1, 2000 2001.

Sec. 12. 8 MRSA §285-B is enacted to read:

§285-B. Dispute resolution; exclusive bargaining agent and racetrack

1. Mediation. If the exclusive bargaining agent, as defined in section 285-A, subsection 1, and the racetrack are not able or willing to reach an agreement and resolve issues related to traditional contract issues of harness racing, prior to seeking enactment of legislation or civil action in a court of law to resolve such issues, an independent 3rd-party mediator, chosen from a list of 5 mediators approved by the department, must be retained. Either party may initiate a request for a mediator. The costs of retaining the mediator must be shared by the exclusive bargaining agent and the racetrack.

- If the exclusive bargaining agent and the racetrack can not select a mutually agreed upon mediator within 15 days of the initiation of a request for mediation on harness racing issues, or if they have not reached an agreement within 30 days of retaining the services of a mediator, they shall initiate an arbitration procedure, as described in subsection 2, to commence no more than 30 days after the initiation of a request for a mediator, if the parties fail to select a mutually acceptable mediator or no more than 30 days after failing to reach an agreement using the services of a mediator.
- 2. Arbitration. The arbitration procedure must result in binding determinations of the issues in controversy. These determinations are subject to review by the Superior Court in the manner specified in subsection 5.

Both parties shall submit their differences to a board of 3 arbitrators within 5 days of the day the board of arbitrators is selected pursuant to this subsection. Within the 30-day period described in subsection 1, the exclusive bargaining agent and the racetrack shall each select and name one arbitrator and shall immediately notify each other in writing of the name and address of the person selected. The 2 arbitrators selected and named shall, within 10 days from the request, agree upon, select and name a neutral arbitrator. If either party does not select its arbitrator, or if the 2 arbitrators do not agree upon, select and name a neutral arbitrator within the 10 days, either party may request the American Arbitration Association to utilize its

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procedures for the selection of the neutral arbitrator. As soon 2 as possible after receipt of the request, the neutral arbitrator must be selected in accordance with rules and procedures prescribed by the American Arbitration Association for making the selection. The neutral arbitrator selected may not, without the 6 consent of both parties, be the same person who was selected as mediator pursuant to subsection 1. As soon as possible after the 8 selection of the neutral arbitrator, the 3 arbitrators shall meet with the parties or their representatives, or both, either 10 jointly or separately, make inquiries and investigations, hold hearings or take such other steps as they determine appropriate. 12 If the neutral arbitrator is selected by utilizing the procedures of the American Arbitration Association, the arbitration 14 proceedings must be conducted in accordance with the rules and procedures of the American Arbitration Association. The hearing 16 must be informal, and the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings are not binding. Any documentary evidence 18 and other data determined relevant by the arbitrators may be received in evidence. The arbitrators have the power to 20 administer oaths and to require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, records and 22 other evidence relative or pertinent to the issues represented to them for determination.

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If the controversy is not resolved by agreement of the parties, the arbitrators shall make determinations with respect to the controversy if reasonably possible within 60 days after the selection of the neutral arbitrator. The determinations may be made public by the arbitrators or either party. If made by a majority of the arbitrators, the determinations are binding on both parties and the parties shall enter into an agreement or take whatever other action that may be appropriate to carry out the binding determinations. The determinations are subject to review by the Superior Court in the manner specified by subsection 5. The results of all arbitration proceedings, recommendations and awards conducted under this section must be filed with the commission in the office of its executive director simultaneously with the submission of the recommendations and award to the parties. If the parties settle their dispute during the arbitration proceeding, the arbitrator shall submit a report of the arbitrator's activities to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over harness racing matters not more than 5 days after the arbitration proceeding has terminated.

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3. Standards. The arbitrators shall apply the following standards when carrying out the purposes of this section:

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A. Preservation of the harness racing industry in the State; and

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COMMITTEE	AMENDMENT	"H"	to	H.P.	1276,	L.D.	1837

relationship between the exclusive bargaining agent, defined in section 285-A, subsection 1, and the ra tracks. 6 4. Costs. The costs for the services of the mediator. any, and of the neutral arbitrator, if any, including per expenses and actual and necessary travel and subsistence expe and the costs of hiring the premises where any mediat fact-finding or arbitration proceedings are conducted, must shared equally by the parties to the proceedings. All other comust be assumed by the party incurring them. 5. Arbitration administration. The cost for serv rendered and expenses incurred must be shared equally by parties to the proceedings. Once one party has paid its share the estimated cost of providing the service, the matter must scheduled for hearing. A party who has not paid an invoice the estimated or actual cost of providing services within 60 of the date the invoice was issued is, in the absence of cause shown, liable for the amount of the invoice together with penalty in the amount of 25% of the amount of the invoice. 6. Review. Either party may seek a review by the Supe Court of a binding determination by an arbitration panel. In the absence of fraud, the binding determination of arbitration panel or of an arbitrator upon all questions of is final. The court may, after consideration, affirm, reverse modify any such binding determination or decision based upor erroneous ruling or finding of law. An appeal may be taken the law court as any civil action. 7. Violation: penalties. Notwithstanding any or provision of this chapter, the following acts constitutiviolation of this section for which the commission may suspen license issued under this chapter for up to one year or importing not be exceed \$5.000, or both: A. Failure to submit to the mediation process as description in subsection 1;		
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46 C. Failure or refusal to abide by the decision of	44	B. Failure or refusal to submit to the arbitration process described in subsection 2; or
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Further amend the bill by striking out all of section 14.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to 1	н.Р.	1276,	L.D.	1837
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2	Further	amend the	bill in secti	on 16 in t	the last li	ne (page
	8, line 4 i	in L.D.) by	y striking out	the foll	owing: "Ja	nuary 1,
4	1999" and in	serting in	its place the	following:	'June 17,	1993'

Further amend the bill by relettering or renumbering any nonconsecutive Part letter or section number to read consecutively.

Further amend the bill by inserting at the end before the summary the following:

14 FISCAL NOTE

Amending the definition of a commercial racetrack will avoid a loss of budgeted General Fund revenue in the amounts of \$13,800 and \$18,400 in fiscal years 1999-00 and 2000-01, respectively, and avoids a similar loss of budgeted dedicated revenues collected by the Harness Racing Commission in the amounts of \$28,050 and \$37,400 in fiscal years 1999-00 and 2000-01, respectively.

Authorizing the Harness Racing Commission to collect certain fines may result in insignificant increases of General Fund revenue.

The State Harness Racing Commission will incur some minor additional costs to perform certain administrative tasks pertaining to the establishment of a dispute resolution process. These costs can be absorbed within the commission's existing budgeted resources.

The establishment of a dispute resolution process, which will be paid for by both parties in a dispute, is likely to increase the dedicated revenues and expenditures of the Maine Labor Relations Board within the Department of Labor. The amounts will depend on the number of disputes that are handled by the board and can not be determined at this time.'

SUMMARY

This amendment strikes all language in the original bill that would amend the laws pertaining to the relationship between the exclusive bargaining agent and a harness racing track and the distribution of the handle from harness racing events. It clarifies the definition of "commercial track" retroactively. The amendment changes the way an eligible voter is determined in the process of selecting the exclusive bargaining agent. It also

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 1276, L.D. 1837

extends by one year the repeal of the laws pertaining to the relationship between the exclusive bargaining agent and a harness racing track. Finally, the amendment establishes a dispute resolution process, which begins with voluntary mediation and requires a racetrack and the exclusive bargaining agent to submit to binding arbitration if no resolution is reached using a mediator.

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The amendment also adds a fiscal note to the bill.

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