MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1653

H.P. 1156

House of Representatives, March 3, 1999

An Act to Amend the Law Governing the Confidentiality of Health Care Information.

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative FULLER of Manchester. Cosponsored by Senator MITCHELL of Penobscot and Representatives: BRAGDON of Bangor, CHIZMAR of Lisbon, KANE of Saco, MAYO of Bath.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §1711, 4th \P , as amended by PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, \S 1 and affected by \S 10 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, \S \S 3 and 5, is further amended to read:

6

8

10

12

14

16

2

4

A patient, or if the patient is a minor who has not consented to health care treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law, the minor's parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem, may submit to a hospital an addition to the patient's medical records, which must be retained with the medical record by the hospital. If the hospital adds to the medical record a statement in response to the submitted addition, the hospital shall provide a copy to the patient, or if the patient is a minor who has not consented to health care treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law, to the minor's parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem.

18

Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §1711-B, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §7 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, is amended to read:

22

24

26

28

30

32

34

20

3-A. Additions to treatment records. A patient, or if the patient is a minor who has not consented to health care treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law, the minor's parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem, may submit to a health care practitioner an addition to the patient's treatment records, which must be retained with the treatment record by the health care practitioner. If the health care practitioner adds to the treatment record a statement in response to the submitted addition, the health care practitioner shall provide a copy to the patient, or if the patient is a minor who has not consented to health care treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law, to the minor's parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem.

36

38

Sec. 3. 22 MRSA 1711-C, sub-1, E, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, 8 and affected by 10 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, 3 and 5, is amended to read:

40 42

44

46

48

50

"Health care information" means information directly identifies the individual and that relates to an individual's physical, mental or behavioral condition, personal or family medical history or medical treatment or the health care provided to that individual. "Health care information" does not include information that protects the anonymity of the individual by means of encryption or encoding of individual identifiers or information pertaining to or derived from federally sponsored, authorized or regulated research governed by 21 Code of

Regulations, Parts 50 and 56 and 45 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 46, to the extent that such information is used in a manner that protects the identification of individuals. The Board of Directors of the Maine Health Data Organization shall adopt rules to define health care information that directly identifies an individual. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

"Health care information" does not include the presence and room location of an individual to a person who has identified the individual by name, unless the individual has directed the health care practitioner or facility otherwise, orally or in writing:

- Sec. 4. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§2, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, is amended to read:
- 20 Confidentiality of health information; disclosure. individual's health care information is confidential and may not be disclosed by the health care practitioner or facility except 22 as provided in subsection 3, 3-A, 6 or 11. Nothing in this section prohibits a health care practitioner or health care 24 facility from adhering to applicable ethical or professional standards provided that these standards do not decrease the 26 protection of confidentiality granted by this section. 28 care information disclosed pursuant to subsection 3, 3-A, 6 or 11 retains its confidential nature after such disclosure and may be subsequently disclosed only if the written authorization to 30 disclose allows future disclosures or if the disclosure is made 32 pursuant to a separate written authorization to disclose or under circumstances stated in subsection 6 or 11.

Sec. 5. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:

3-A. Oral authorization to disclose. An individual may choose to provide oral authorization to disclose health care information. For those individuals who are unable to provide authorization and who do not have a reasonably available previously defined "authorized representative," a health care facility or practitioner may obtain oral authorization to disclose health care information from a reasonably available member of the following classes:

- A. The spouse, unless legally separated;
- 48 B. An adult child:
- 50 C. A parent:

10

12

14

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

- D. An adult brother or sister;
- E. An adult grandchild:
- 6 F. An adult niece or nephew, related by blood or adoption;
- 8 G. An adult aunt or uncle, related by blood or adoption;
- 10 H. Another adult relative of the patient, related by blood or adoption and who is familiar with the patient's personal values; or
- I. An adult who has exhibited special concern for the patient and who is familiar with the patient's personal values.
- Such an oral authorization has the same effect as a written authorization under subsection 3. A record of an oral authorization to disclose health care information must be retained with the individual's health care information.
 - Sec. 6. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§§4 and 5, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, are amended to read:
- 4. Duration of authorization to disclose. A written or

 28 oral authorization to disclose may not extend longer than 30 months, except that the duration of an authorization for the purposes of insurance coverage under Title 24, 24-A or 39-A is governed by the provisions of Title 24, 24-A or 39-A, respectively.
- 34 5. Revocation of authorization to disclose. An individual or the person who lawfully authorized the disclosure may revoke a written or oral authorization to disclose at any time, subject to 36 the rights of any person who acted in reliance on the authorization prior to receiving notice of revocation. 38 revocation of authorization must be in writing and must be signed 40 and dated by the individual or the person who lawfully authorized the disclosure. If the revocation is in electronic form, a unique identifier of the individual or the person who lawfully 42 authorized the disclosure and the date the individual or the 44 person who lawfully authorized the disclosure authenticated the electronic authorization must be stated in place of 46 individual's or the person who lawfully authorized the disclosure signature and date of signature. A revocation of authorization 48 must be retained with the individual's record of the authorization and the individual's health care information.

22

24

26

	Sec. 7. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, as corrected by RR 1997, c.
2	2, §44 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, is amended by
4	amending the first paragraph to read:
**	6. Disclosure without authorization to disclose. A health
6	care practitioner or facility may disclose, or when required by
_	law must disclose, health care information without written or
8	oral authorization to disclose under the circumstances stated in
10	this subsection or as provided in subsection 11. The
10	circumstances in which disclosure may be made without written or oral authorization to disclose include the following:
12	oral auchorizacion co discrose include the following:
12	Sec. 8. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, ¶A, as corrected by RR 1997,
14	c. 2, §44 and as affected by PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, is amended to read:
16	to read.
	A. To another health care practitioner or facility for a
18	<pre>purpose related to the diagnosis, treatment or care of the individual as follows+;</pre>
20	
	(1)In-emergency-circumstances;-or
22	
	(2)In-nonemergency-circumstances+
24	
	(a) For-a-disclosure-within-the-office,-practice
26	or-organisation-of-the-health-care-practitioner-or
20	facility, when the disclosure is made for a
28	<pre>purpose-related-to-the-provision-of-health-eare-te the-individual+-er</pre>
30	ene-individualy-er
30	(b)Foradiselesureoutsideoftheoffice,
32	practiceororganizationofthehealthcare
	practitionerorfacility,whenauthorizationis
34	given-orally-by-the-individual-or-may-be-inferred
	fromtheindividual'sconductHealthcare
36	information-related-to-an-HIV-test,HIV-infoction
	er-HIV-infection-status,-as-defined-in-Title-5,
38	section-19201,subsections-3,-4-A-and-5,may-net
	bedisclosedinrelianceonanauthorization
40	inferredfromanindividual-sconductHealth
4.0	eareinformationderivedfrommentalhealth
42	servicesprovidedbyanyofthefellowing
44	<pre>individualsmaynetbediselesedbyanysuch individual-in-reliance-on-an-authorization-implied</pre>
77	from-an-individual-s-conduct+
46	IIOm-Gh-Individadi-b-Condactf
	(i)Aeliniealnursespecialistlicensed
48	under-the-provisions-of-Title-32,-chapter-31,

2	provisions-of-Title-32,-chapter-56;
4	<pre>(iii)Asocialworkerlicensedunderthe provisions-of-Title-32,-chapter-83;</pre>
6	
8	(iv)Aeeunselingprofessionallicensed undertheprovisionsofTitle32,ehapter 119;-and
10	
12	(v)A-physicianspecializing-inpsychiatry licensedundertheprovisionsofTitle32, chapter-36-or-48,
14	<u>-</u>
16	Aphysicianspecialisinginpsychiatrymay diseleseany-suchinformationtea-licensed pharmacist-but-solelyforpurposesrelatedte
18	prescribing, dispensing furnishing medication-to-a-patient,
20	Sec. 9. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, ¶¶A-1 and A-2 are enacted to
22	read:
24	A-1. Except in emergency circumstances, a health care practitioner or facility must obtain an individual's oral or
26	written authorization to disclose health care information related to an HIV test, HIV infection or HIV infection
28	status, as defined in Title 5, section 19201, subsections 3, 4-A and 5.
30	
32	A-2. Except in emergency circumstances, health care information derived from mental health services provided by any of the following providers may not be disclosed by these
34	<pre>providers without oral or written authorization from the individual:</pre>
36	
38	(1) A clinical nurse specialist licensed under the provisions of Title 32, chapter 31;
40	(2) A psychologist licensed under the provisions of Title 32, chapter 56;
42	
44	(3) A social worker licensed under the provisions of Title 32, chapter 83;
46	(4) A counseling professional licensed under the provisions of Title 32, chapter 119; and
48	
50	(5) A physician specializing in psychiatry licensed under the provisions of Title 32, chapter 36 or 48.

2	A physician specializing in psychiacty may disclose any such
	information to a licensed pharmacist but solely for purposes
4	related to prescribing, dispensing or furnishing medication
	to a patient;
6	
	Sec. 10. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1997,
8	c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL 1999,
•	c. 3, §§3 and 5, is amended to read:
10	or of July and of the amended to read.
10	C ma a family on household member when on individual is
	C. To a family or household member when-an-individual-is
12	reseiving-diagnosis,-treatment-or-sare-in-an-emergency-sare
	facility-or-health-care-facility-A-disclosure-made-pursuant
14	te-this-paragraph-may-inelude-enly-the-presence-and-general
	health-condition-ef-the-individual, unless the individual
16	has directed the health care practitioner or facility
	otherwise, orally or in writing;
18	
	Sec. 11. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, ¶¶J and K, as enacted by PL
20	1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL
20	1999, c. 3, \\$3 and 5, are amended to read:
2.2	1999, C. 3, 393 and 3, are allended to read.
22	The second se
	J. To a person engaged in the review of the provision of
24	health care by a health care practitioner or facility or
	payment for such health care under Title 24, 24-A or 39-A
26	or under a public program for the payment of health care or
	professional liability insurance for a health care
28	practitioner or facility or to an agent, employee or
	contractor of such a person; er
30	•
	K. To attorneys for a health care practitioner or facility
32	as determined by the practitioner or facility to be required
32	
	for adequate legal representation.
34	C 40 00 3475C4 04844 C 1 07 8877 1 34
	Sec. 12. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§6, ¶¶L and M are enacted to
36	read:
38	L. With an individual's oral authorization, a health care
	practitioner or facility may disclose health care
40	information to those responsible for payment for the health
	care services provided to the individual to the extent
42	necessary to obtain payment; or
TL	WOODBOTT TO ANGOTH POSITETTY OF
4.4	W . Ma a mangan mighing up a manganinkian fan an indinidual.
44	M. To a person picking up a prescription for an individual
	at that individual's request to the extent necessary.
46	G 40 00 3 FD G 1 04 M44 G 5 5 5 5
	Sec. 13. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§9, as amended by PL 1999, c. 3,
48	§1 and affected by §5, is further amended to read:

	9. Disclosures of additions to health care information. A
2	health care practitioner or facility shall provide to a 3rd party
	a copy of an addition submitted by an-individual a patient, or if
4	the patient is a minor who has not consented to health care
	treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law, to the
6	minor's parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem, to the
	individual's health care information if:
8	
	A. The health care practitioner or facility provided a copy
10	of the original health care record to the 3rd party on or
	after October 1, 1999;
12	
	B. The addition was submitted by the individual pursuant to
14	section 1711 or 1711-B and relates to diagnosis, treatment
1.6	or care;
16	C The individual negrets that a sense he sent to the 2nd
18	C. The individual requests that a copy be sent to the 3rd
ro	party and provides an authorization that meets the
20	requirements of subsection 3; and
20	D. If requested by the health care practitioner or
22	facility, the individual pays to the health care
	practitioner or facility all reasonable costs requested by
24	that practitioner or facility.
26	Sec. 14. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§10, ¶¶A, B and D, as enacted by
	PL 1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by
28	PL 1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, are amended to read:
30	A. A health care practitioner or facility that discloses
	health care information pursuant to subsection 3 or $3-A$ may
32	not disclose information in excess of the information
	requested in the authorization.
34	
	B. A health care practitioner or facility that discloses
36	health care information pursuant to subsections $3, 3-A$ and 6
20	may not disclose information in excess of the information
38	reasonably required for the purpose for which it is
40	disclosed.
¥U	D. If a health care practitioner or facility discloses
42	partial or incomplete health care information, as compared
	to the request or directive to disclose under subsection 3,
44	$3-\lambda$ or 6, the disclosure must expressly indicate that the
- -	information disclosed is partial or incomplete.
46	
- -	Sec. 15. 22 MRSA §1711-C, sub-§13 ¶¶B and C, as enacted by PL
48	1997, c. 793, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §10 and as affected by PL
=	1999, c. 3, §§3 and 5, are amended to read:
50	

- B. An individual who is aggrieved by conduct in <u>intentional</u> violation of this section may bring a civil action against a person who has <u>intentionally and</u> unlawfully disclosed health care information in the Superior Court in the county in which the individual resides or the disclosure occurred. The action may seek to enjoin unlawful disclosure and may seek costs and a forfeiture or penalty under paragraph C. An applicant for injunctive relief under this paragraph may not be required to give security as a condition of the issuance of the injunction.
- C. A-person-who-violates-this-section-commits-a-civil violation-for-which-a-forfeiture-not-to-exceed-\$1,000, payable-to-the-State,-may-be-adjudged-for-a-negligent violation,-plus-costs. A person who intentionally violates this section is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000, payable to the State,-for-an-intentional-violations of this section have occurred after due notice of the violating conduct with sufficient frequency to constitute a general business practice, the person is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for health care practitioners and \$50,000 for health care facilities, payable to the State. A civil penalty under this subsection is recoverable in a civil action.

Sec. 16. Effective date. This Act takes effect October 1, 1999.

28

30

32

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

2

б

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

SUMMARY

This bill clarifies and expands the ability of a health care practitioner or facility to disclose health care information about an individual. The bill allows a health care provider or health care practitioner treating an incapacitated individual to obtain authorization to disclose health care information from the appropriate surrogate decision-maker for that individual. bill allows an individual to orally authorize disclosure of his or her health care information. This bill also allows an individual to orally authorize the release of the health care information to the extent necessary to bill those responsible for payment for the health care services provided to the individual. The bill allows the parent, legal guardian or guardian ad litem of a minor who has not consented to health care treatment in accordance with the provisions of state law to submit an addition to the minor's health care record. The bill also makes related technical or clarifying changes in current law.