## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1359

H.P. 961

House of Representatives, February 18, 1999

An Act to Make the Unemployment Compensation Program More Responsive to the Needs of Today's Workforce and to Ensure the Solvency of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative HATCH of Skowhegan. Cosponsored by Senator CATHCART of Penobscot and Representatives: BRYANT of Dixfield, DUPLESSIE of Westbrook, FRECHETTE of Biddeford, GOODWIN of Pembroke, MATTHEWS of Winslow, SAMSON of Jay.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §1043, sub-§19, ¶A, as amended by PL 1983, c. 13, §2, is further amended to read:

For purposes of section 1221, the term "wages" shall does not include that -- part -- of -- remuneration -- which -- after remuneration - equal - to remuneration that exceeds the first \$3,000 through December 31, 1971, \$4,200 through December 31, 1977, \$6,000 through December 31, 1982, \$7,000 through December 31, 1999, and on and after January 1, 1983,-that part-of-remuneration-equal-te-\$7,000-has-been 2000, \$16,000 that is paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer or his the employer's predecessor with-respect-te for employment during any calendar year, is-paid-to-the individual-by-the-employer-during-that-ealendar-year, unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken contributions required to be paid into a unemployment fund. The wages of an individual for employment with an employer shall--be are subject to this exception whether earned in this State or any other state when the employer-employee relationship is between the same legal entities;

Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §1192, sub-§3, as repealed and replaced by PL 1983, c. 816, Pt. A, §22, is amended to read:

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Is able and available for work. He The individual is able to work and, is available for full-time work at his the individual's usual or customary trade, occupation, profession or business or in such-ether another trade, occupation, profession or business for which his the individual's prior training or experience shows him the individual to be fitted or qualified, and, in addition to having complied with subsection 2, is himself actively seeking work in accordance with the regulations of the commission; previded-that-ne-ineligibility-may-be-found-selely because-the-claimant-is-unable-to-accept-employment-on-a-shift, the-greater-part-of-which-falls-between-the-hours-of-midnight-te 5--a-m----and--is--unavailable--for--that--employment--because--ef parental--obligation,--the--need--to--care--for--an--immediate--family member, --er--the--unavailability--ef--a--personal--eare--attendant required-to-assist-the-unemployed-individual-who-is-a-handicapped person; and provided that an unemployed individual who is neither able nor available for work due to good cause as determined by the deputy shall-be is eliqible to receive prorated benefits for that portion of the week during which he the individual was able and available, An individual may not be denied benefits under this subsection if:

A. The individual is unable to accept employment on a shift, the greater part of which falls between the hours of 2 midnight and 5 a.m., because of parental obligation, the need to care for an immediate family member or the 4 unavailability of a personal care attendant required to assist the unemployed individual who is a handicapped 6 person; or 8 B. The individual's availability for or ability to work is 10 limited to part-time work, provided the individual has good cause for the limitation and a reasonable field of employment remains open to the individual in the labor 12 market area in which the individual resides. For purposes of this paragraph, "good cause" means the illness or disability 14 of the individual or an immediate family member, domestic 16 responsibility or another compelling reason that would influence a prudent person in the same circumstances as the claimant, who is genuinely desirous of working, to impose a 18 limitation on that prudent person's availability for work. 20 Sec. 3. 26 MRSA §1193, sub-§1, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 560, §2, is amended to read: 22 24 For the week in which the claimant left regular employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to The disqualification continues until the 26 that employment. claimant has earned 4 times the claimant's weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer. A claimant may not be 28 disqualified under this paragraph if: 30 (1)The leaving was caused by the illness 32 disability of the claimant or an immediate family member and the claimant took all reasonable precautions 34 to protect the claimant's employment status by promptly notifying the employer of the reasons for the absence and by promptly requesting reemployment when again able 36 to resume employment; 38 The leaving was necessary to accompany, follow or join the claimant's spouse in a new place of residence 40 and the claimant can clearly show within 14 days of arrival at the new place of residence an attachment to 42 the new labor market, and the claimant is in all 44 respects able, available and actively seeking suitable work; 46 The leaving was in good faith in order to accept 48 new employment on a permanent full-time basis and the employment did not materialize for

attributable to the new employing unit; or

2 The leaving was necessary to protect the claimant domestic abuse and the claimant reasonable efforts to preserve the employment; (5) The leaving occurred because the claimant was not 6 able to make safe and appropriate arrangements for the care of a child for the time during which the claimant 8 was scheduled to be at work; or 10 (6) The leaving was necessary because the claimant did 12 not have access to reliable transportation necessary to work. 14 Sec. 4. 26 MRSA §1195, sub-§1, ¶A, as amended by PL 1979, c. 515, §17, is further amended to read: 16 18 Exhaustee. "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his that individual's 20 eligibility period: 22 (1) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him that individual under this chapter or any other state law, 24 including dependents' allowances and benefits payable 26 to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85, in his that individual's current 28 benefit year that includes such week; provided that for the purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall-be 30 deemed is considered to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to him that 32 individual although as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages or employment, or both, that were 34 not considered in the original monetary determination that individual's benefit his year, 36 individual may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits, or he the 38 individual may be entitled to regular benefits with respect to future weeks of unemployment, -- but -- such 40 benefits-are-not-payable-with-respect-te-such-week-of unemployment-by-reason-of-section-1251; 42 His Whose benefit year having expired prior to 44 such week, has no or insufficient wages or employment, or both, to establish a new benefit year or, subsequent 46 to December 31, 1971, he the individual does not qualify by having sufficient wages or employment, or 48 both, as provided by section 1192, subsection 5, since the beginning of his the prior benefit year; and

no right to unemployment benefits 2 allowances, as the case may be, under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, or under such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the 4 United States Secretary of Labor; and has not received 6 and is not seeking unemployment benefits under the unemployment compensation law of Canada; but if he the individual is seeking such benefits and the appropriate 8 agency finally determines that he the individual is not entitled to benefits under such law he-shall-be the 10 individual is considered an exhaustee if the other provisions of this definition are met. 12

#### Sec. 5. 26 MRSA §1221, sub-§4-A is enacted to read:

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4-A. Employer's experience classifications after January 1, 2000. For rate years commencing on and after January 1, 2000, the commissioner shall compute annually contribution rates for each employer based on the employer's own experience rating record and shall designate a schedule and planned yield.

The standard rate of contributions is 5.4%. A contributing employer's rate may not be varied from the standard rate, unless the employer's experience rating record has been chargeable with benefits throughout the 24-consecutive-calendar-month period ending on the computation date applicable to such a year. A contributing employer newly subject to this chapter shall pay contributions at a rate equal to the predetermined yield until the employer's experience rating record has been with benefits chargeable throughout the 24-consecutive-calendar-month period ending on computation date applicable to such a year. For rate years thereafter, the employer's contribution rate is determined in accordance with this subsection and subsection 3.

B. Subject to paragraph A, an employer's contribution rate for the 12-month period commencing January 1st of each year is based on the employer's experience rating record and determined from the employer's reserve ratio. The employer's reserve ratio is the percent obtained by dividing the amount, if any, by which the employer's contributions credited from the time the employer first or most recently became an employer, whichever date is later, and up to and including June 30th of the preceding year, including any part of the employer's contributions due for that year paid on or before July 31st of that year, exceed the employer's benefits charged during the same period, by the employer's average annual payroll for the 36-consecutive-month period ending June 30th of the preceding year. The employer's

_	contribution rate	is determi	ned under sub	paragraphs (1) to
2	<u>(7).</u>			
4				schedule listing
				<u>ratio has been</u>
6				in the order of
				the highest ratio.
8	For each employ	yer, the s	chedule must s	how:
10	(a) The	amount of	the employer's	reserve ratio;
12			the employer	's annual taxable
1.4	payroll;	and		
14	( - )			
1.0				ing of the amount
16				payroll plus the
10				colls of all other
18	employers	preceaing	the employer	on the list.
20	(2) The commi	ssioner s	hall segregat	e employers into
				dance with the
22				(1), division (c).
				ermined by the
24				in column B of
		_	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ion category is
26				egory number in
	column A that	is oppos	site the figu	res in column B.
28	which represe	ent the	percentage	limits of each
	contribution c	ategory. I	f an employer	s taxable payroll
30	falls in more	e than o	ne contributi	on category, the
				<u>le lower-numbered</u>
32	contribution c	ategory, e	except that an	employer may not
				category than is
34	assigned any o	ther emplo	yer with the s	ame reserve ratio.
36				
	<u>A</u>		В	<u>C</u>
38			_	-
	Contribution	% of Tax	able Payrolls	Experience
40	Category	From	To	Factors
			***************************************	
42	<u>1</u>	00.00	05.00	<u>.30</u>
	<u>2</u>	05.01	10.00	.35
44	<u>3</u>	10.01	15.00	.40
	<u>4</u>	15.01	20.00	.45
46	<u>5</u>	20.01	25.00	.50
	<u>6</u>	25.01	30.00	<u>.55</u>
48	<u>7</u>	30.01	35.00	.60
	<u>8</u>	35.01	40.00	<u>.65</u>
50	<u>9</u>	40.01	45.00	<u>.70</u>

	<u>10</u>	45.01	50.00	<u>.75</u>
2	<u>11</u>	50.01	55.00	<u>.85</u>
	<u>12</u>	55.01	60.00	<u>.95</u>
4	<u>13</u>	60.01	65.00	1.05
	14	<u>65.01</u>	70.00	1.20
6	<u>15</u>	70.01	75.00	1.35
	<u> 16</u>	75.01	80.00	1.50
8	<u>17</u>	80.01	<u>85.00</u>	1.65
	<u>18</u>	85.01	90.00	1.85
10	<u>19</u>	90.01	95.00	2.05
	<u>20</u>	<u>95.01</u>	100.00	2.30
12				

(3) The commissioner shall compute a reserve multiple to determine the schedule and planned yield in effect for a rate year. The reserve multiple is determined by dividing the fund reserve ratio by the average benefit cost rate. The determination date is October 31st of each calendar year. The schedule and planned yield that apply for the 12-month period commencing every January 1st are shown on the line of the following table that corresponds with the applicable reserve multiple in column A except that column B must be in effect for the 12-month period commencing January 1, 2000.

26	A	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
28	<u>Reserve</u> <u>Multiple</u>	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Planned</u> Yield
30	1.50 and over	<u>A</u>	0.8%
	1.25 - 1.49	<u>B</u>	1.0%
32	1.00 - 1.24	<u>C</u>	1.2%
	<u>.7599</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>1.4%</u>
34	<u>.5074</u>	<u>E</u>	1.6%
	under .50	<u>F</u>	1.8%

(4) The commissioner shall compute the predetermined yield by multiplying the ratio of total wages to taxable wages for the 12-month period ending the preceding June 30th by the planned yield.

(5) The commissioner shall determine the contribution rates effective for a rate year by multiplying the planned yield by the experience factors for each contribution category. Contribution category 20 in the table in subparagraph (2) must be assigned a contribution rate of at least 5.4%. The employer's experience factor is the percent shown in column C in the table in subparagraph (2) that corresponds with the employer's contribution category in column A.

(6) If, subsequent to the assignment of contribution rates for a rate year, the reserve ratio of an employer is recomputed and changed, the employer must be placed in the position on the schedule prepared pursuant to subparagraph (1) that the employer would have occupied had the corrected reserve ratio been shown on the schedule. The altered position on the schedule does not affect the position of any other employer.

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(7) In computing the contribution rates, only the wages reported by employers liable for payment of contributions into the fund and net benefits paid that are charged to an employer's experience rating record or to the fund are considered in the computation of the average benefit cost rate and the ratio of total wages to taxable wages.

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#### C. The commissioner shall:

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(1) Promptly notify each employer of the employer's rate of contributions as determined for the 12-month period commencing January 1st of each year. The determination is conclusive and binding upon the employer unless within 30 days after notice of the determination is mailed to the employer's last known address or, in the absence of mailing, within 30 days after the delivery of the notice, the employer files an application for review and redetermination, setting forth the employer's reasons. If the commission grants the review, the employer must be promptly notified and must be granted an opportunity for a hearing. An employer does not have standing in any proceedings involving the employer's rate of contributions or contribution liability to contest the chargeability to the employer's experience rating record of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination or decision pursuant to section 1194, except upon the ground that the services for which benefits were found to be chargeable did not constitute services performed in employment for the employer and only when the employer was not a party to the determination, redetermination or decision or to any other proceedings under this chapter in which the character of the services was determined. The employer must be promptly notified of the commission's denial of the employer's application or the commission's redetermination, both of which are subject to appeal pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter VII; and

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- (2) Provide each employer at least monthly with a 2 notification of benefits paid and chargeable to the employer's experience rating record. In the absence of an application for redetermination filed in the manner 4 and within the period prescribed by the commission, a 6 notification is conclusive and binding upon the employer for all purposes. A redetermination made after notice and opportunity for hearing and the commission's 8 findings of fact may be introduced in subsequent 10 administrative or judicial proceedings involving the determination of the rate of contributions of an employer for the 12-month period commencing January 1st 12 of any year and is entitled to the same finality as is 14 provided in this section with respect to the findings of fact made by the commission in proceedings to redetermine the contribution rates of an employer. 16 18 Sec. 6. 26 MRSA §1221, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1985, c. 348, \$11, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 20 6. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the 2.2 context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 24 A. "Average benefit cost rate" means the percentage obtained 26
  - A. "Average benefit cost rate" means the percentage obtained by averaging the 3 highest cost rates for the last 20 completed calendar years preceding the computation date. The rate is rounded down to the nearest 0.1%.
- B. "Benefits charged" means the benefits paid and charged against the experience rating record of an employer as provided in subsection 3, including all benefits paid and charged on or before the computation date.

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- C. "Composite cost rate" means the arithmetic average of the annual cost rates for the last 15 completed calendar years multiplied by a factor of 1.95; either the resulting composite rate applies for the reserve multiple calculation or the rate of 2.20, whichever is greater; but in no case may a composite cost rate higher than 2.83 apply.
- D. "Computation date" means June 30th of each calendar year, and the reserve ratio of each employer is determined by the commissioner as of that date.
- E. "Contributions credited" means the contributions credited to the experience rating record of an employer as provided in subsection 3, including all contributions due and paid on or before July 31st following the computation date.

	F. "Cost rate" means the percentage obtained by dividing
2	net benefits paid for a calendar year by the total wages for
	the same period.
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6	G. "Effective date" means the date on which the new rates become effective and is January 1st of each calendar year.
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8	H. "Experience factors" means the weights in subsection 4-A, paragraph B, subparagraph (2) assigned to the contribution
10	categories and used to calculate the contribution rates.
12	I. "Fund reserve ratio" means the percentage obtained by dividing the net balance available for benefits payments as
14	of September 30th of each calendar year by the total wages for the preceding calendar year.
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	J. "Net balance available for benefit payments" means the
18	sum of the balance in the trust fund, the benefit fund and the clearing account after adjustment for outstanding checks
20	and adjustment for funds in transit between either of the funds or the account.
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	K. "Planned yield" means the percentage of total wages
24	determined by the reserve multiple for the rate year in accordance with the table in subsection 4-A, paragraph B,
26	subparagraph (3).
28	L. "Predetermined yield" means the percentage determined by
	multiplying the ratio of total wages to taxable wages by the
30	planned yield. The predetermined yield is rounded up to the nearest 0.01% and is the calculated average contribution
32	rate for the rate year.
34	M. "Rate year" means the 12-month period commencing January
	1st of each year.
36	N Unit's of tabel and to the Manager House the feature
38	N. "Ratio of total wages to taxable wages" means the factor obtained by dividing total wages for the 12-month period
40	ending June 30th by taxable wages for the same period.
<b>4</b> 0	O. "Reserve multiple" means the measure of the fund reserve
42	that expresses the current fund reserve ratio as a multiple
	of the composite cost rate. The reserve multiple must be
44	rounded to 2 decimal places. For rate years that begin on
	and after January 1, 2000, the "reserve multiple" is a
46	measure of the fund reserve that expresses the current fund
4.0	reserve ratio as a multiple of the average benefit cost rate.
48	D "Total wages" means the accreases total wages paid in
50	P. "Total wages" means the aggregate total wages paid in Maine for a calendar year in covered employment by

2	contributing employers, as reported on employer contribution reports.
4	Sec. 7. 26 MRSA §1251, as amended by PL 1997, c. 293, §9, is repealed.
6	repeared.
8	SUMMARY

10 This bill provides access to unemployment compensation benefits for persons who must restrict their work hours to part-time for good cause. It permits individuals who must leave 12 work because of lack of child care or transportation to receive compensation 14 unemployment benefits. Ιt eliminates restriction on unemployment benefits for seasonal workers. It increases the taxable wage base to \$16,000 while adopting an 16 array system to more equitably distribute tax rates among employers and to help address the system's solvency problems. 18 Finally, the bill corrects format.