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FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 1192

S.P. 401

In Senate, February 11, 1999

An Act to Update Insurance Financial Standards.

Submitted by the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LaFOUNTAIN of York. Cosponsored by Representative MAYO of Bath and Senator DOUGLASS of Androscoggin, Representatives: O'NEIL of Saco, SULLIVAN of Biddeford.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 4	Sec. 1. 13-A MRSA §811 is enacted to read:
¥ 6	§811. Redomestication by Maine insurer
8	<u>A Maine insurer that transfers its domicile to another state</u> shall file with the Secretary of State notification of
10	redomestication on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State and approved by the Superintendent of Insurance.
12	Sec. 2. 13-A MRSA §1207-A is enacted to read:
14	§1207-A. Redomestication by foreign insurer
16	1. A foreign insurer that transfers its domicile to this State shall file with the Secretary of State a long-form
18	certificate of good standing or its equivalent, duly certified by the proper official of the previous state of domicile, and an
20	application for redomestication to become a Maine insurer on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State and approved by the
22	Superintendent of Insurance.
24 26	2. A foreign insurer qualified to do business in this State that transfers its domicile to a state other than Maine shall file with the Secretary of State notification by a foreign
28	insurer of redomestication in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State and approved by the Superintendent of Insurance.
30	Sec. 3. 13-A MRSA §1401, sub-§16-A is enacted to read:
32	16-A. Notification by a Maine insurer of redomestication, as provided by section 811, \$55;
34	Sec. 4. 13-A MRSA §1401, sub-§§27-A and 27-B are enacted to
36	read:
38	27-A. Application for redomestication to become a Maine insurer, as provided in section 1207-A, \$80;
40 42	27-B. Notification by a foreign insurer of redomestication, as provided by section 1207-A, \$35;
44	Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA §221-A, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1993, c. 313, §5, is further amended to read:

All insurers, excepting insurers 2 3. Audits required. transacting business in this State pursuant to the terms of chapter 51, shall cause to be conducted an annual audit by an 4 independent certified public accountant and, Each domestic insurer shall file an audited financial report with the 6 superintendent on or before June 1st for the year ending December 31st preceding. An extension of the filing deadline may be 8 granted by the superintendent upon a showing by the insurer or its accountant that there exists valid justification for such an 10 extension. A foreign or alien insurer shall file an audited financial report upon the superintendent's request. A firm of 12 independent certified public accountants engaged to perform an 14 audit of an insurer shall substitute the appointed audit partner in charge with another audit partner in charge at least once every 7 years. An accountant substituted for pursuant to this 16 subsection may not serve as a partner in charge of that audit 18 until 2 years from after the date of substitution.

Sec. 6. 24-A MRSA §221-A, sub-§4, ¶D, as amended by PL 1993,

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c. 313, §6, is further amended to read:

The statement must include an independent certified D. public accountant's letter, in conformance with standards 24 established by the National Association of Insurance 26 <u>Commissioners,</u> attesting to that certified public accountant's qualifications, possession of license and subscription to the code of professional ethics 28 and pronouncements issued by the American Institute of Certified 30 Public Accountants.

Sec. 7. 24-A MRSA §221-A, sub-§§6 and 7, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 330, §1, are amended to read:

6. Application and effective date. For those insurers
doing business in this State which that are subject to this section, the filing of the initial annual audited financial
reports required under this section shall-be are due June 30, 1986, covering the calendar year December 31, 1985. Similar
recurring reports shall-be are due each June 30th 1st thereafter.

7. Exemptions. Upon written application of any insurer subject to this section, the superintendent may grant an
 exemption of the filing requirements under this section if the superintendent finds upon review of the application that
 compliance would constitute a financial hardship upon the insurer.

48 If an insurer's annual statement reflects business in-this-State in an amount less than \$100,000 in written premium for the preceding year, the insurer is exempt from the filing requirements of this section with respect to that year.

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Sec. 8. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§2, \PB , as amended by PL 1989, c. 385, §2, is further amended to read:

B. Control

(1)'Control,' including 'controlling,' 'controlled 10 bv' 'under common control with,' and means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct 12 or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting 14 securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or 16 otherwise, unless the power is solely the result of an official position with or a corporate office held by 18 the person. Control shall-be is presumed to exist if any person is the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting securities, or voting insurance--pelicies 20 rights in the case of mutual or reciprocal insurers, or 22 quaranty capital shares if a mutual insurer has established a guaranty fund, of any other person. A 24 beneficial owner may rely in determining the amount of voting securities of any person outstanding upon information set forth in that person's most recent 26 quarterly or annual report filed with the Securities 28 and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act unless the beneficial owner knows or has reason to believe that the information contained therein in the 30 quarterly or annual report is inaccurate. Two or more 32 domestic mutual insurance companies whe that have restricted their licensed territories to the State 34 shall are not be--deemed-to--be considered subject to this section merely because such those insurance 36 companies commonly share facilities, incurred expenses, personnel services, or otherwise utilize cost 38 allocations based on generally accepted accounting principles including pro rata sharing of assumed risks. 40

(2) Notwithstanding the presumption of control 42 contained in subparagraph (1), the superintendent, upon application of the insurance company, may determine that the insurer is not controlled by the person 44 presumed to control it. In addition, the 46 superintendent, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, may determine, notwithstanding the absence of 48 the presumption in subparagraph (1), that a person does control an insurance company or companies.

Sec. 9. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§2, ¶F, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 356, §1, is amended to read:

- F. Subsidiary- "Subsidiary" of a specified person shall
 mean means an affiliate controlled by a <u>that</u> person,
 directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries.
- 8 Sec. 10. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§2, ¶I is enacted to read:
- 10I. "Voting security" means any security with voting rights
or any security convertible into or evidencing a right to12acquire a security with voting rights.
- 14 Sec. 11. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§8, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1975, c. 356, §1, is amended to read:
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Every insurer which that is authorized to do business in Α. 18 this State and which that is a member of an insurance shall register with holding company system the superintendent, except that such these requirements shall do 20 not apply to a foreign insurer domiciled in a jurisdiction 22 which that in the opinion of the superintendent has adopted by statute or regulation disclosure statements and standards substantially similar to those contained in this chapter. 24 Any An insurer domiciled in a jurisdiction that has not adopted by statute or regulation disclosure requirements and 26 standards substantially similar to those contained in this section may be treated as a domestic insurer for purposes of 28 this section. Each insurer which that is subject to registration under this subsection shall register within 60 30 days-after-the-offective-date-of-this-section-er 15 days after it becomes subject to registration, whichever-is-later 32 and annually thereafter by May 1st, unless the superintendent, for good cause shown, extends the time for 34 registration and then an insurer must file within such that Nothing in this section shall may be 36 extended time. construed to prohibit the superintendent from requesting any authorized insurer which that is a member of a holding 38 company system and not subject to registration under this 40 section for a copy of the registration statement or other information filed by such insurer with the insurance regulatory authority of its state of domicile. Upon request 42 of the insurer or of the insurance regulatory authority of another jurisdiction in which the insurer is authorized to 44 transact insurance, the superintendent at the insurer's expense shall furnish a copy of the registration statement 46 or other information filed by a domestic insurer with the 48 superintendent pursuant to this chapter;

Sec. 12. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§11-A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 313, §12, is amended to read:

- 4 11-A. Extraordinary dividends. For purposes of this subsection, an extraordinary dividend or distribution is any dividend or distribution that exceeds the greater of:
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A. Ten percent of the insurer's surplus to policyholders as of December 31st of the preceding year; or

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B. The net gain from operations for the 12-month period ending December 31st of the preceding year.

In addition to the provisions of paragraphs A and B, any dividend or distribution declared at any time within 5 years following any acquisition of control of a domestic insurer or by any person controlling that insurer, as leng as that is an extraordinary dividend that is an extraordinary dividend if it has not been approved by a number of continuing directors equal to a majority of the continuing directors in office immediately preceding that acquisition of control is an extraordinary dividend.

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A pro rata distribution of any class of the insurer's own 24 securities is not considered an extraordinary dividend or distribution for purposes of this section. An insurer subject to 26 registration under this section may pay an extraordinary dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution to its stockholders upon the expiration of 60 days from the time the superintendent 28 is notified of the declaration if within that period the 30 superintendent has not disapproved the payment or upon the superintendent's approval of that payment within the 60-day 32 period. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution that is 34 conditional upon the superintendent's approval and such a declaration does not confer any rights to stockholders until the superintendent has approved the payment of the dividend or 36 distribution or the superintendent has not disapproved that 38 payment within the 60-day period. The insurer's surplus following any dividends or distributions to shareholders under 40 this subsection must be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to meet the insurer's 42 financial needs. An extraordinary dividend or distribution that is permissible under statutory terms and conditions in the 44 insurer's state of domicile is deemed to meet the requirements of this section if the value of that dividend or distribution does 46 not materially exceed the value that would be permissible under this section.

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Sec. 13. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§12, ¶C is enacted to read:

C. A member of an insurer's holding company system shall
 comply fully and accurately with a request by the insurer to provide it with information necessary to respond to an examination request by the superintendent pursuant to this section.

Sec. 14. 24-A MRSA §222, sub-§§17 and 18, as enacted by PL 8 1975, c. 356, §1, are amended to read:

10 17. Jurisdiction of courts; service of process. Any person obtaining or attempting to obtain control of a domestic insurer 12 shall-by-such-ast is subject such-person to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State and to service of process in the manner 14 provided in this Title. Unless a valid appointment of an agent for service of process is on file with the superintendent pursuant to another provision of this Title, the person is deemed 16 to have appointed the superintendent as agent for service of 18 process, and service may be made in the same manner as provided in section 2105. 20

Rules. The superintendent may, upon notice and
 opportunity for all interested parties persons to be heard, issue
 such adopt reasonable rules, regulations and effectuate provisions of this section.

Sec. 15. 24-A MRSA §226, sub-§§1 and 2, as amended by PL 1973, c. 585, §12, are further amended to read:

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The Within 60 days after completion of the examination,
 the superintendent shall deliver a copy of the verified examination report to the person examined, together with a notice
 affording such that person 20 days or such an additional reasonable period as the superintendent for good cause may allow,
 within which to review the report and recommend changes therein to the report.

2. If so requested by the person examined, within the 38 period allowed under subsection 1, or if deemed determined advisable by the superintendent without such request, the 40 superintendent shall hold a hearing relative to the report and shall may not file the report in the bureau until after such the 42 hearing and his the superintendent's order thereen on the report; except that the superintendent may furnish a copy of the report 44 to the Governor, Attorney General or Treasurer of State pending final decision thereen and, if such the copies are so furnished, they shall-be are deemed confidential information until the other 46 requirements of this section with regard to examination reports 48 In lieu of convening a hearing, the have been satisfied. superintendent may reopen the examination or, if supported by the

information obtained, may adopt some or all of the modifications proposed by the person examined.

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Sec. 16. 24-A MRSA §412, sub-§1, as repealed and replaced by PL 1975, c. 77, is amended to read:

No insurance company other than a domestic real estate 1. title insurance company or a domestic mutual fire insurance 8 company which that is transacting only the business of fire, marine or glass on the assessment plan shall may do so in this 10 State unless it makes and maintains a deposit with the security of as for all its Superintendent Insurance, 12 pelicyhelders' policyholders, of securities which that are deemed determined eligible for deposit under section 1253. Such The 14 deposit shall must be maintained in a minimum actual market value which that, exclusive of interest, shall may never be less than 16 Such The deposit shall must be retained by the \$100,000. superintendent and disposed of as directed by section 1263. 18

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Sec. 17. 24-A MRSA §413-A, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 375, Pt. D, §1, is amended to read:

1. Port of entry. An alien insurer that has been authorized by the superintendent to use the State as its port of 24 entry for the transaction of business in the United States is considered a domestic insurer to the extent provided in this 26 An alien insurer that has been approved by another section. state to use that state as its port of entry is considered to be 28 domiciled in that state in the same manner, if there is a valid reciprocity agreement between that state and this State or if the 30 superintendent has determined that the applicable laws of that state are substantially similar to this section and its 32 implementing rules.

Sec. 18. 24-A MRSA §421, sub-§7 is enacted to read:

7. Any person or entity required by Title 24 or this Title
to appoint an agent for service of process who does not have a valid appointment on file with the superintendent is deemed to
have appointed the superintendent as agent for service of process, and process may be served within this State in the same
manner as provided in section 2105. This subsection does not relieve that person or entity from the requirement to appoint an agent for service of process or from the applicable penalties for failure to comply with that requirement.

Sec. 19. 24-A MRSA §731-B, sub-§1, ¶C, as amended by PL 1993, 48 c. 666, Pt. C, §1, is further amended to read: C. Maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders-and ceding insurers, their assigns and successors in interest.

(1) The assuming insurer shall report annually to the б superintendent information substantially the same as 8 required to be reported the that on National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statement 10 form by licensed insurers to enable the superintendent to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund.

(2) In the case of a single assuming insurer, the
 trust must consist of a trusteed account representing
 the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to
 business-written-in-the reinsurance ceded by United
 States ceding insurers and, in addition, include a
 trusteed surplus of at least \$20,000,000.

20 In-the-case-of-a A group of incorporated insurers (3) common administration that---is---under---the under 22 supervision-of-the-Department-of-Trade-and-Industry-of the -- United -- Kingdom, may in the superintendent's 24 discretion secure its obligations with a pooled trust fund if the group must---have has an aggregate 26 policyholders' surplus of \$10,000,000,000 and the has continuously transacted insurance during the 3 years preceding the period for which credit for reinsurance 28 is to be taken. The trust must be in an amount equal to the group's several liabilities attributable to 30 business-written-in-the reinsurance ceded by United 32 States ceding insurers. In addition, the group shall maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which at least \$100,000,000 is that must be held jointly for the 34 benefit of the United States ceding insurers of any 36 member of the group. Each member of the group shall available to the superintendent an annual make certification of the member's solvency by that member's 38 domiciliary regulator and the member's independent 40 public accountant. Each group member shall comply with the filing requirements of subparagraph 1, submit to 42 the State's authority to examine the member's books and records, and bear the expense of the examination.

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(4) In-the-ease-of-a A group including incorporated
 and individual unincorporated underwriters, may secure
 its obligations with a pooled trust fund if the trust
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 representing in an amount at least equal to the group's
 liabilities attributable to business--written-in-the

reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers and, in addition, includes includes a trusteed surplus of at 2 least \$100,000,000,-which that must be held jointly for the benefit of United States ceding insurers of any 4 member of the group. An incorporated member of the group may not be engaged in any business other than 6 underwriting as a member of the group and is must be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and 8 control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the 10 unincorporated members. The-group-shall-make-available to-the-superintendent--an-annual--certification-by--the 12 group-c--domiciliary---regulator--and--the---independent public-accountants-of-the-solvency-of-each-underwriter. Within 90 days after its financial statements are due 14 to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, the 16 group shall provide to the superintendent an annual certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of 18 the solvency of each underwriter member of the group or, if a certification is unavailable, financial 20 statements prepared by independent public accountants. 22 (4-A) The superintendent in rules adopted pursuant to subsection 7 may establish alternative criteria for 24 approval of a reinsurance trust if the superintendent determines that the criteria provide adequate protection to policyholders of United States ceding 26 insurers and are in substantial conformance with 28 standards approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. 30 (5) The trust must be established in a form approved 32 by the superintendent and consistent with any rules adopted by the superintendent pursuant to this 34 section. The form of the trust and any amendments to the trust must also have been approved by the insurance 36 regulatory official of the state where the trust is domiciled or of another state that, pursuant to the 38 terms of the trust instrument, has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust. The trust 40 instrument must provide that contested claims are valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of 42 competent jurisdiction in the United States. The trust must vest legal title to its assets in the trustees of 44 the trust for its the benefit of the assuming insurer's United States pelieyhelders-and ceding insurers, their 46 assigns and successors in interest. The trust and the

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insurer are subject to examination,

determined by the superintendent, at the assuming insurer's expense. The trust must remain in effect for

as long as the assuming insurer has outstanding

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- obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust.
- 4 (6) The trustees of the trust shall report to the superintendent in writing by February 28th of each 6 year, setting forth the balance of the trust and listing the trust's investments at the end of the 8 preceding year and certifying the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certifying that the 10 trust does not expire before December 31st of the current year.
- (7) The corpus of the trust is to be valued as any14 other admitted asset or assets;
- 16 Sec. 20. 24-A MRSA §731-B, sub-§1, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 846, Pt. E, §2 and affected by §4, is amended to read:
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- D. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph A, B or C, but only with respect to risks located in a jurisdiction ether-than-the-United-States,-when where that reinsurance is required by any-applieable law er-regulation-ef-that jurisdiction. The superintendent for good cause after notice and opportunity for hearing may disallow or reduce the credit otherwise permitted under this paragraph.
- Sec. 21. 24-A MRSA §731-B, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 846, Pt. E, §2 and affected by §4, is repealed.
- 30 Sec. 22. 24-A MRSA §944, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 128, is repealed.
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Sec. 23. 24-A MRSA §3487 is enacted to read:

§3487. Redomestication of insurers

1. Redomestication of foreign insurers to Maine. Any stock or mutual insurer that is organized under the laws of any other 38 state and has a valid certificate of authority to do business in 40 this State may become a domestic insurer with approval of the superintendent by amending its certificate of organization or equivalent corporate charter and by designating a location in 42 this State as its principal place of business. The redomestication must be approved if the chief insurance 44 regulatory official of the other state certifies to the superintendent that the redomestication is in compliance with all 46 requirements established by the laws of that state, and the 48 superintendent determines that the insurer's operations and corporate organization will comply with the requirements of this 50 chapter and that the redomestication is not contrary to the

	interests of policyholders or the public. The amendments to the
2	insurer's certificate of organization may provide that the
	corporation is a continuation of the corporate identity of the
4	<u>original foreign corporation and that the original date of</u>
	incorporation in its original domiciliary state is the date of
6	incorporation of the domestic insurer. The insurer's certificate
	<u>of authority must be amended as of the effective date of the</u>
8	<u>superintendent's approval to reflect the insurer's status as a</u>
	domestic insurer and its new home office, and the insurer is
10	thereafter subject to all provisions of this Title applicable to
	<u>domestic insurers.</u>

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2. Redomestication of domestic insurers. Any domestic 14 insurer may, upon the approval of the superintendent, transfer its domicile to any other state in which it is authorized to 16 transact the business of insurance in accordance with the procedures established by the laws of that state. The proposed 18 redomestication must be approved if the superintendent determines that the certificate of organization has been amended in conformance with section 3310 and that the redomestication is not 20 contrary to the interests of policyholders or the public. The 22 insurer ceases to be a domestic insurer as of the date the redomestication is recognized by its new state of domicile. 24 Unless the superintendent determines that the insurer no longer qualifies for a certificate of authority, the insurer's 26 certificate of authority must be amended as of the effective date of the redomestication to reflect the insurer's status as a 28 domestic insurer and its new home office in its new state of domicile, and the insurer is thereafter subject to all provisions 30 of this Title applicable to foreign insurers.

32	3. Bffect of redomestication. The certificate of
	authority, producers' appointments and licenses, rate approvals
34	and all other actions and permissions by the superintendent that
	are in effect at the time any insurer authorized to transact the
36	business of insurance in this State transfers its corporate
	domicile to this State or any other state pursuant to this
38	section or by merger, consolidation or any other lawful method
	continue in full force and effect upon the redomestication if the
40	insurer remains duly qualified to transact the business of
	insurance in this State. All outstanding policies and other
42	legal or contractual obligations of any remodesticating insurer
	remain in full force and need not be endorsed as to the new name
44	of the company or its new location unless ordered by the
	superintendent. The insurer shall file new policy forms with the
46	superintendent on or before the effective date of the
	redomestication but may use existing policy forms with
48	appropriate endorsements if allowed by and under such conditions
	as approved by the superintendent. Each redomesticating insurer
50	shall notify the superintendent of the details of the proposed

redomestication and shall file promptly any resulting amendments to corporate documents filed or required to be filed with the superintendent.

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4. Filing with Secretary of State. Each insurer that transfers its domicile to this State shall file with the 6 Secretary of State a long-form certificate of good standing or 8 its equivalent, duly certified by the proper official of the previous state of domicile and an application for redomestication to become a Maine insurer in a form prescribed by the Secretary 10 of State and approved by the superintendent. Each foreign 12 insurer qualified to do business in this State that transfers its domicile to a state other than Maine shall file with the Secretary of State a notification by a foreign insurer of 14 redomestication in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State 16 and approved by the superintendent. Each domestic insurer that transfer its domicile to another state shall file with the 18 Secretary of State a notification of redomestication in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State and approved by the 20 superintendent.

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Sec. 24. 24-A MRSA §6451-A is enacted to read:

24 **§6451-A.** Applicability to other health organizations

26 This chapter applies to fraternal benefit societies authorized to do business in this State pursuant to section 4124, 28 to health maintenance organizations authorized to do business in this State pursuant to section 4204 and to nonprofit hospital or 30 medical service organizations authorized to do business in this State pursuant to Title 24, section 2305. Such health 32 organizations are considered insurers for purposes of this chapter and are subject to the provisions applicable to property 34 and casualty insurers where this chapter provides separate standards for property and casualty insurers and for life or 36 health insurers.

38 Sec. 25. 24-A MRSA §6452, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 634, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read:

 Duty to file. A domestic insurer shall, on or before
 March 15th <u>lst</u>, submit to the superintendent a report of its risk-based capital levels as of the end of the previous calendar
 year, in a form and containing such information as is required by the risk-based capital instructions. In addition, a domestic
 insurer shall file its risk-based capital report:

48 A. With the NAIC in accordance with the risk-based capital instructions; and

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B. With the insurance superintendent regulator in any state 2 in which the insurer is authorized to do business, if the insurance--superintendent that regulator has notified the 4 insurer of its request for the filing in writing, in which case the insurer shall file its risk-based capital report б not later than the later of: Fifteen days from after the receipt of notice to 8 (1) file its risk-based capital report with that state; or 10 The filing date. (2) 12 Sec. 26. 24-A MRSA §6453, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 634, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read: 14 Within 45 days of after the company action level event; 16 Α. or 18 Sec. 27. 24-A MRSA §6453, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 20 634, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read: 22 6. Duty to file copies of plan with other states. Α domestic insurer that files a risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan with the superintendent pursuant to this 24 section shall file a copy of the risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan with the insurance superintendent 26 regulator in any state in which the insurer is authorized to do 28 business if: 30 That state has a risk-based capital provision Α. substantially similar to that required by this chapter; and 32 The insurance superintendent regulator of that state has Β. notified the insurer of its request for the filing in 34 writing, in which case the insurer shall file a copy of the 36 risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan in that state no later than the later of: 38 (1) Fifteen days after the receipt of notice to file a 40 copy of its risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan with the state; or 42 (2) The date on which the risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan is filed under-section 44 6454,-subsection-3 with the superintendent. 46 Sec. 28. 24-A MRSA §5454, sub-§1, ¶¶F, H and I, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 634, Pt. A, §1, are amended to read: 48

The Provided the insurer has not challenged the F. determination under section 6457, the notification by the 2 superintendent to the insurer that: 4 (1) The risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan submitted by the insurer is, in 6 the judgment of the superintendent, unsatisfactory; and 8 (2) Provided--the--insurer--has--not--challenged--the 10 determination-under-section-6457---that-notification The superintendent's finding unless vacated or stayed constitutes a regulatory action level event with 12 respect to the insurer; 14

н. Provided the insurer has not challenged the 16 determination under section 6457, the notification by the superintendent to the insurer that the insurer has failed to adhere to its risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based 18 capital plan, but only if that failure has a substantial 20 adverse effect on the ability of the insurer to eliminate the company action level event or regulatory action level event in accordance with its risk-based capital plan or 22 revised risk-based capital plan and the superintendent has so stated in the notification; or 24

If the insurer, under section 6457, challenges a 26 Ι. determination by the superintendent under paragraph H, the notification by the superintendent to the insurer that the 28 superintendent has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge 30 unless the failure of the insurer to adhere to its risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan has no substantial adverse effect on the ability of the 32 insurer to eliminate the company action level event or regulatory action level event with respect to the insurer. 34

Sec. 29. 24-A MRSA §6454, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 634, Pt. A, §1, is amended to read:

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Consultants. The superintendent may retain actuaries, 4. investment experts and other consultants as may be necessary in 40 judgment of the superintendent to review the insurer's the risk-based capital plan or revised risk-based capital plan; 42 examine or analyze the assets, liabilities and operations of the 44 insurer; and formulate the corrective order with respect to the insurer. For insurers offering managed care plans as defined in section 4301, the analysis of the insurer's operations may 46 include an analysis of its contractual relationships with 48 providers and the ability of the providers to fulfill their contractual obligations. The fees, costs and expenses relating

to consultants must be borne by the affected insurer or such other party as directed by the superintendent.

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Sec. 30. 39-A MRSA §403, sub-§3, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 398, §2, is amended to read:

An individual self-insurer providing an irrevocable Α. 8 standby letter of credit as security shall file with the Superintendent of Insurance a letter of credit, on a form 10 approved by the superintendent, copies of any agreements or other documents establishing the terms and conditions of the 12 reimbursement obligations to the employer's financial institution issuing the letter of credit, together with 14 copies of any required security agreements, mortgages or other agreements or documents granting security for the 16 obligations employer's reimbursement and any other conditions, agreements that contain restrictions or 18 limitations of any kind employer, upon the the superintendent or the Treasurer of State. The form of credit approved by the superintendent 20 letter of must include, but is not limited to, all terms specifically 22 required by this subsection and all terms reasonably required to secure the payment of compensation and benefits 24 claimants required under to as this Act. The superintendent, upon receipt of the original irrevocable 26 standby letter of credit, shall promptly forward it to the Treasurer of State.

The -- Superintendent--of---Insurance--shall--adopt---rules--to 30 establish--the--qualifications--for--financial--institutions issuing--irrevocable--standby--letters-of--credit--that--must 32 include-maintenance-of--a-long-term-unsecured-debt--rating-of at--least-A--by--either-Moody-s--Investors--Service--Inc---er 34 Standard--and--Poor's--Gorporation--or--with-commercial--paper within---the---3---highest---shert-term---rating---eategories 36 established-by-Moody's-Investors-Service,-Inc.-or-Standard and-Poor-'s -Corporation -- The--irrevocable-standby-lotter-of 38 eredit--must--be--the--individual--obligation--of--the--issuing financial-institution, - may -not -be-subject-to-any-agreement, 40 condition, -- qualification - or -- defense -- between -- the -- financial institution--and--the--employer--and--may--net--in--any--way--be 42 contingent-on-reimburgement-by-the-employer---If-the-rating of--an--issuing--financial--institution-that--has--issued--an 44 irreveeable--standby--letter--of--oredit--pursuant--te--this section-falls-below-the-required standard, -the -employer-must 46 obtain--a-new--irrevocable-standby--letter-of--eredit-from--a qualified--financial---institution--or--must--provide--ether 48 eligible---security---of---oqual---value---approved---by---the superintendent.--The-irrevocable-standby-lotter-of-credit-is 50 automatically--extended--for--one--year--from--the--date--of

2	expiration-unless,-90-days-prior-to-any-expiration-date,-the issuingfinancialinstitution-notifiesthesuperintendent
4	thatthefinancialinstitutionelectsnetterenewthe irrevecable-standby-letter-ef-credit+
б	In order to issue an irrevocable standby letter of credit as
8	security under this paragraph, a financial institution or its parent company must either:
10	(1) Maintain a long-term unsecured debt rating of at least A by either Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or
12	Standard and Poor's Corporation;
14	(2) Maintain a short-term commercial paper rating within the 3 highest categories established by Moody's
16	Investors Service, Inc. or Standard and Poor's Corporation; or
18	(3) Be certified in writing by the Superintendent of
20	Banking to be well capitalized and well managed in accordance with the criteria set forth in Title 9-B,
22	section 446-A, subsections 1 and 2. The Superintendent of Insurance shall keep the certification confidential,
24	except from the subject financial institution, in accordance with Title 9-B, section 226.
26	
28	The Superintendent of Insurance may adopt rules to establish additional qualifications for financial institutions issuing irrevocable standby letters of credit. Rules adopted
30	pursuant to this paragraph are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
32	
34	The irrevocable standby letter of credit must be the individual obligation of the issuing financial institution, may not be subject to any agreement, condition,
36	qualification or defense between the financial institution and the employer and may not in any way be contingent on
38	reimbursement by the employer. If the rating of an issuing financial institution that has issued an irrevocable standby
40	letter of credit pursuant to this section falls below the required standard, the employer shall obtain a new
42	irrevocable standby letter of credit from a qualified financial institution or shall provide other eligible
44	security of equal value approved by the Superintendent of Insurance. The irrevocable standby letter of credit is
46	automatically extended for one year from the date of expiration unless, 90 days prior to any expiration date, the
48	issuing financial institution notifies the Superintendent of Insurance that the financial institution elects not to renew
50	the irrevocable standby letter of credit.

2 An irrevocable standby letter of credit that has been issued by a qualified financial institution and accepted by the 4 Superintendent of Insurance binds the issuing financial institution to pay one or more drafts drawn by the Treasurer of State, as directed by the superintendent, as long as the 6 draft does not exceed the total amount of the irrevocable Any draft presented by the 8 standby letter of credit. Treasurer of State, as directed by the superintendent, must 10 be promptly honored if accompanied by the certification of the superintendent that any obligation under this chapter 12 has not been paid when due or that a proceeding in bankruptcy has been initiated by or with respect to the 14 employer in a court of competent jurisdiction.

16 If the Superintendent of Insurance certifies that the superintendent has been notified by the issuing financial 18 institution that the irrevocable standby letter of credit will-expire expires by its terms in 30 days or less and that 20 the irrevocable standby letter of credit was not replaced within 15 days after that notice to the superintendent by 22 other eligible security of equal value approved by the superintendent, then the financial institution must remit 24 within 15 days the full amount of the irrevocable letter of credit to the Treasurer of State without further 26 certification.

28 Any proceeds from a draw on such an irrevocable standby letter of credit by the Treasurer of State, as directed by 30 the Superintendent of Insurance, must be held by the Treasurer of State on behalf of workers' compensation 32 claimants to secure payment of claims until either the superintendent authorizes the Treasurer of State to release 34 those proceeds to the employer upon provision by the employer of replacement security adequate to meet the 36 requirements for security set by the superintendent or the superintendent directs distribution of the proceeds in 38 accordance with this Title.

40 To the extent not inconsistent with state law, the letter of credit is subject to and governed by the Uniferm-Gustems-and
42 Practices-for---Decumentary--Gredits,---1983, International Standby Practices 1998 or successor practices governing
44 standby letters of credit duly adopted by the International Chamber of Commerce Publication--Net--400. If any legal
46 proceedings are initiated with respect to payment of the letter of credit, those proceedings are subject to the
48 State's courts and law.

SUMMARY

2 The bill amends Maine's audit report, holding company, examination, actuarial certification, credit for reinsurance and 4 risk-based capital standards to bring them more into conformity with the current versions of the National Association of б Insurance Commissioners, or NAIC, model laws. 8 The bill brings the audit report law into conformance with 10 NAIC standards; makes technical changes to the holding company law and adds a service of process provision and a requirement for information sharing between affiliates; establishes a procedural 12 timetable for the issuance of examination reports; adds a reciprocity provision to the port of entry law; clarifies the 14 trust requirements of the credit for reinsurance laws and enacts 16 "reinsurance-only" structure now in use by the NAIC; the implements the NAIC's new health organization risk-based capital standards; and repeals certain obsolete exemptions in the audit 18 report, credit for reinsurance and actuarial standards. 20 In addition, the bill provides a mechanism for service of

In addition, the bill provides a mechanism for service of process when a person required to appoint an agent fails to comply with that requirement, authorizes the redomestication of insurance corporations, consistent with the laws of most other states and eases restrictions on financial institutions seeking to issue letters of credit to workers' compensation self-insurers.