## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# 119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999**

Legislative Document

No. 1160

H.P. 837

House of Representatives, February 9, 1999

An Act to Amend Certain Laws Administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Land and Water Quality.

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative MARTIN of Eagle Lake. Cosponsored by Representative DUPLESSIE of Westbrook.

### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

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- Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §352, sub-§2-A, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 374, §1, is amended to read:
- 6 2-A. Fee adjustment. The commissioner may adjust the fees established in this subshapter chapter on an annual basis according to the United States Consumer Price Index established by the federal Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

  10 These adjustments may be compounded and assessed at an interval greater than one year if the commissioner determines that such periodic increases lower administrative costs for the department and continue effective public service.
  - Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §352, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1997, c. 374, §2, is further amended to read:
- 18 3. Maximum fee. The commissioner shall set the actual fees and shall publish a schedule of all fees by August 1st of each 20 the commissioner determines Ιf that a particular application, by virtue of its size, uniqueness, complexity or other relevant factors, is likely to require significantly more 22 costs than those listed on Table I, the commissioner may designate that application as subject to special fees. A special 24 fee may not exceed \$49,000 \$75,000. Such a designation must be made at, or prior to, the time the application is accepted as 26 complete and may not be based solely on the likelihood of 28 extensive public controversy. All department staff who have worked on the review of the application shall submit quarterly 30 reports to the commissioner detailing the time spent on the application and all expenses attributable to the application. The processing fee for that application must be the actual cost 32 to the department. The applicant must be billed quarterly and all fees paid prior to receipt of the permit. 34
  - Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §411, first ¶, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 186, §1, is amended to read:

The commissioner may pay an amount not to exceed 80% of the expense of a municipal or quasi-municipal pollution abatement construction program or a pollution abatement construction program in an unorganized township or plantation authorized by the county commissioners. The commissioner may make payments to the Maine Municipal Bond Bank to supply the State's share of the revolving loan fund established by Title 30-A, section 6006-A. The commissioner may pay up to 90% of the expense of a municipal or quasi-municipal pollution abatement construction program or a pollution abatement construction program in an unorganized township or plantation authorized by the county commissioners in which the construction cost of the project does not exceed

\$100,000 as long as total expenditures for the small projects do not exceed \$1,000,000 in any fiscal year and not more than one grant is made to any applicant each year, except that the commissioner may pay a percentage of the cost of individual projects serving single-family dwellings, seasonal dwellings or commercial establishments according to the following schedule:

0	ANNUAL 3	TNCOME	SINGLE-FAMILY	SEASONAL	COMMERCIAL
10	ANNOAD	INCOME	DWELLING	DWELLING	ESTABLISHMENT
12	<b>\$</b> 0	to \$5,000	100%	25% <u>50%</u>	50%
	\$5,001	to \$20,000	90%	25% <u>50%</u>	50%
14	\$20,001	to \$30,000	50%	25% <u>50%</u>	50%
	\$30,001	to \$40,000	25%	25%	25%
16	\$40,001	or more	0%	0%	0%

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- Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §411-A, sub-§2, ¶C, as affected by PL 1989, c. 890, Pt. A, §40 and as amended by Pt. B, §25, is further amended to read:
- C. The commissioner shall pay 25% 50% of the costs of a project that results in the removal of a seasonal residential overboard discharge.
- Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §439-A, sub-§4-A, ¶E, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 748, §3, is amended by amending subparagraph (2) to read:
  - An existing well-distributed stand of trees and other vegetation, as defined in the minimum guidelines adopted by the Board of Environmental Protection, extends at least 50 feet inland from the normal high-water line or upland edge of a wetland for the entire width of the property or, if such a stand is not present, a written plan by the property owner to reestablish a buffer of native trees, shrubs and other ground cover within 50 feet of the shereline normal high-water line or upland edge of a wetland is approved by the municipal planning board. The plan must be implemented at the time of construction and must be designed to meet the minimum guidelines adopted by the Board of Environmental Protection as the vegetation Rules adopted pursuant to this subparagraph are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A; and

Sec. 6. 38 MRSA §480-B, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 809, §2, is amended to read:

7. Permanent structure. "Permanent structure" means any structure constructed or erected with a fixed location, or attached to a structure with a fixed location,—on—or—in—the ground-within—a-fragile mountain—area,—or—having—a-fixed—lecation in,—on—or—over—the—water for a period exceeding 7 months each year, including, but not limited to, causeways, piers, docks, concrete slabs, piles, marinas, retaining walls and buildings.

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- Sec. 7. 38 MRSA §480-U, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 214, §2, is amended to read:
- 4. Review period. Work may not occur until 45 days after the department has accepted an application for processing. This period may be extended pursuant to section 344-B.
- Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §480-X, sub-§6, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 460, §7 and affected by §12, is amended to read:

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- B. Work may not occur until 30 days after the department receives a complete application, unless written approval is issued sooner by the department. The department shall notify the applicant in writing no later than 30 days after the department receives a complete application if the applicable requirements of this section have not been met or if the review period may be extended pursuant to section 344-B. If the department has not notified the applicant within the 30-day review period, a permit is deemed to be granted.
- Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §480-X, sub-§7, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 460, §7 and affected by §12, is amended to read:

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- B. Work may not occur until 60 days after the department has received a complete application for processing, unless written approval is issued sooner by the department. The department shall notify the applicant in writing within 60 days of the department's receipt of a complete application whether the applicable requirements of this section have been met or if the review period may be extended pursuant to section 344-B. If the department has not notified the applicant within the 60-day review period, a permit is deemed to be granted.
- Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §480-Y, sub-§2, TE is enacted to read:
- E. The pond may not be located in a river, stream or brook if the department determines at the site assessment that there is a practicable alternative water supply that would be less damaging to the environment. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "practicable" means feasible

2	considering cost, existing technology and logistics based on the overall purpose of the project.
4	Sec. 11. 38 MRSA §480-Y, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 659, §1, is amended to read:
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8	5. Review period. Work may not commence until 30 days after the department has accepted an application for processing. This period may be extended pursuant to section 344-B.
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12	Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §489-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 393, Pt. A, §46, is repealed.
14	Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §489-A, sub-§1-A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 383, §27 and affected by §42, is amended to read:
16	The Wedisiantian to continue some medicination to
18	1-A. Modification. An application for a modification to a development reviewed by a municipality pursuant to subsection 1 1-B may be reviewed by the municipality as long as:
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22	A. The modification will not cause the total area of the development to exceed an upper area threshold specified in subsection $\frac{1}{2}$ or
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26	B. Based upon information submitted by the municipality concerning the development and modification, the department determines that the modification may be adequately reviewed
28	by the municipality.
30	In addition, a municipality may modify a permit for a subdivision or structure issued by the department prior to registration of
32	the municipality pursuant to seetien-489-A this section if the
34	total area of the upperarea modification and any prior modifications reviewed pursuant to this section does not exceed the upper area threshold provided in subsection 1 1-B except as
36	allowed in paragraph B.
38	Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §489-A, sub-§1-B is enacted to read:
40	1-B. Kinds of projects. The following kinds of projects
42	may be reviewed by registered municipalities pursuant to this section:
44	A. Subdivisions as described in section 482, subsection 5 of more than 20 acres but fewer than 100 acres:
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48	B. Structures as described in section 482, subsection 6 in excess of 3 acres but fewer than 7 acres; or

2	C. A project generating 100 to 200 passenger car equivalents at peak hour.
4	Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §489-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1993, c. 383, §27 and affected by §42, is further amended to read:
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8	2. Registration. The commissioner shall register municipalities to grant permits for projects under subsection 1 1-B if the commissioner finds that the municipality meets all of
10	the following criteria:
12	A. A municipal planning board or reviewing authority is established;
14	B. A comprehensive plan consistent with Title 30-A, chapter
16	187 has been adopted with standards and objectives determined by the department to be at least as stringent as
18	this article;
20	C. Subdivision regulations have been adopted that are consistent with Title 30-A, chapter 187, and determined by
22	the commissioner to be at least as stringent as criteria set forth in section 484;
24	D. Site plan review regulations have been adopted with
26	criteria determined by the commissioner to be at least as stringent as section 484;
28	D-lLand-use-regulations-have-been-adopted-that-regulate
30	all-encavation-operations-for-borrow,-topsoil,-clay-or-silt, aloneorincombination,asdescribedinsection482,
32	subsection-2-BTho-regulations-must-be-determined-by-the commissioner-to-be-at-least-as-stringent-as-the-critoria-set
34	forth-in-section 484An-exeavation-of-5-or-fewer-acres-of landfortopsoil,clayorsiltmustbeconductedand
36	reelaimed-in-accordance-with-the-erosion-and-sedimentation control-standards-contained-in-board-rules;
38	E. The municipality has adequate resources to administer
40	and enforce the provisions of its ordinances;
42	F. Procedures for public hearing and notification have been established including:
44	(1) Notice to the commissioner upon receipt of an
46	application, including a description of the project;
48	(2) Notice of issuance and denial to the applicant and commissioner, including the reason for denial;
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2	(3) Public notification of the application and any hearings; and
4	(4) Satisfactory hearing procedures;
6	G. Procedures for appeal by aggrieved parties of local decisions are defined; and
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10	H. A registration form, provided by the commissioner, has been completed and submitted by the municipality, demonstrating compliance with the criteria under this
12	subsection.
14	Sec. 16. 38 MRSA $\$840$ , sub- $\$1$ , as amended by PL 1995, c. 630, $\$2$ , is further amended to read:
16	1. Power. The commissioner may on the commissioner's own
18	motion and shall, at the request of the owner, lessee or person in control of a dam, the Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and
20	Wildlife or the Commissioner of Marine Resources, or upon receipt of petitions from the lesser of at least 25% or 50 of the
22	littoral or riparian proprietors or from a water utility having the right to withdraw water from the body of water for which the
24	water level regime is sought, conduct an adjudicatory hearing for
26	the purpose of establishing a water level regime and, if applicable, minimum flow requirements for the body of water impounded by any dam that is not:
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30	A. Operating with a license or exemption issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or determined by the
32	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to be subject to the jurisdiction of that commission;
34	D. Operating with a permit setting water levels issued under the protection of natural resources laws, sections
36	480-A to 480-S; the site location of development laws, sections 481 to 490; the small hydroelectric generating
38	facilities laws, sections 631 to 636; the land use regulation laws, Title 12, sections 681 to 689; or any other
40	statute regulating the construction or operation of dams;
42	E. A dam regulated by one or more municipalities by ordinance or interlocal agreement pursuant to Title 30-A,
44	chapter 187, subchapter VI; or
46	F. Regulated by the International Joint Commission.
48	Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, after an order establishing a water level regime or minimum flow requirement has
50	been issued pursuant to this section or former Title 12, section

2 establish a new water level regime or minimum flow requirement for the same body of water in response to a petition from littoral or riparian proprietors unless the commissioner determines that there has been a substantial change in conditions or other circumstances materially affecting the impact of water levels and minimum flows on the public and private resources identified in subsection 4 since the order was issued.

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#### SUMMARY

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This bill makes the following changes to the laws administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Land and Water Quality.

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1. It corrects discrepancies in the Department of Environmental Protection's authority to apply the United States Consumer Price Index to licensing and certification fees and explicitly allows the department to compound annually authorized adjustments into periodic increases.

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- 2. It increases the cap on special license and permit application fees from \$40,000 to \$75,000.
- 3. It increases the seasonal dwelling grant percentage for pollution abatement construction projects and for overboard discharge replacement projects.
- 4. It replaces the word "shoreline" with the phrase "the normal high-water line or upland edge of a wetland" in the alternative expansion requirement found in the mandatory shoreland zoning laws. The phrase "the normal high-water line or upland edge of a wetland" is currently used in several places in this provision to indicate the point from which setbacks and buffers are measured. The proposed change replaces the inconsistent term.

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5. It clarifies the natural resources protection law's definition of "permanent structure" by removing references to a particular location.

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6. It adds language to certain provisions that currently establish specific processing times for reviewing permits to provide that these processing times are subject to the general provisions concerning processing times found in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 344-B.

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7. It adds an additional eligibility criterion to the agricultural irrigation pond general permit provisions in the

natural resource protection laws to provide that an agricultural irrigation pond may not be located in a river, stream or brook if it is determined by the Department of Environmental Protection at the site assessment that there is a practicable alternative water supply that would be less damaging to the environment.

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- 8. It clarifies provisions governing the municipal review of development set forth in the site location of development laws.
- 9. It amends provisions concerning the establishment of water levels to provide that once a water level has been set on a lake or pond by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the commissioner does not have to hold another hearing to establish a new water level in response to a public petition unless there has been a substantial change in conditions since the original water level decision was made.