



# **119th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

# **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999**

Legislative Document

No. 1067

S.P. 364

In Senate, February 9, 1999

## An Act to Amend the Workers' Compensation Laws.

Reported by Senator DOUGLASS of Androscoggin for the Workers' Compensation Board pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 39-A, section 152.

Reference to the Committee on Labor suggested and ordered printed pursuant to Joint Rule 218.

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JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 2 MRSA §6-E, sub-§5, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 145,
4	§1, is amended to read:
б	5. Deputy directors. The salary of the deputy directors is within the-fellewing salary ranges; range 85.
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10	A Deputy-director-of-medical-and-rehabilitationsalary range-82+
12	BDeputy-director-of-business-services,-salary-range-82;
14	GDeputy-director-of-bonefite-administrationsalary-range 82+-and
16	
10	DDeputy-director-of-dispute-resolutionsalary-range-82-
18	Sec. 2. 39-A MRSA §102, sub-§8, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1991, c.
20	885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read:
22	C. A child, including an adopted child or a stepchild, under <del>the-age</del> -of 18 years <u>of age</u> , or under <del>the-age</del> -of 23
24	years <u>of age</u> if a student or over the age of 18 years but physically or mentally incapacitated from earning, who is
26	dependent upon the parent with whom the dependent is living or upon whom the dependent is actually dependent in any way
28	at the time of the injury to the parent, there being no
30	surviving dependent parent. For the purposes of this paragraph, "child" includes any dependent posthumous child
	whose mother is not living. If there is more than one child
32	dependent, the compensation must be divided equally among them.
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36	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "student" means a person regularly pursuing a full-time course of study or training at an institution that is:
38	craining at an instruction chat is.
40	(1) A school, college or university operated or directly supported by the United States or by any state
42	or local government or political subdivision thereof;
76	(2) A school, college or university that has been
44	accredited by a state or by a state-recognized or
46	nationally recognized accrediting agency or body;
τU	(3) A school, college or university not accredited
48	pursuant to subparagraph (2) but whose credits are accepted, on transfer, for credit on the same basis as
50	if transferred from an accredited institution by not

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fewer than 3 institutions accredited pursuant to subparagraph (2); or

An additional type of educational or training 4 (4)institution as defined by the board, but not after the dependent reaches the-age-of 23 years of age or has б completed 4 years of education beyond the high school 8 level, except that, when the dependent's 23rd birthday occurs during a semester or other enrollment period, 10 the dependent continues to be considered a student until the end of the semester or other enrollment period. A child is not deemed to have ceased to be a 12 student during any interim between school years if the interim does not exceed 5 months and if the dependent 14 shows to the satisfaction of the board that the dependent has a bona fide intention of continuing to 16 pursue a full-time course of education or training 18 during the semester or other enrollment period immediately following the interim or during periods of 20 reasonable duration during which, in the judgment of the board, the dependent is prevented by factors beyond 22 the dependent's control from pursuing the dependent's education. A child is not deemed to be a student under 24 this Act during a period of service in the Armed Forces of the United States.

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In all other cases, questions of total or partial dependency must be determined in accordance with the fact as the fact was at the 28 time of the injury. If there is more than one person wholly 30 dependent, the compensation must be divided equally among them and persons partly dependent, if any, are not entitled to a part 32 of the compensation during the period in which compensation is paid to persons wholly dependent. If there is no one wholly dependent and more than one person who is partly dependent, the 34 compensation must be divided among them according to the relative 36 extent of their dependency. If -a-dependent-is -an -alien-residing eutside-the-United-States -or -eutside-the-Dominion-of -Canadar-the 38 compensation-paid-to-any-such-dependent-is-1/2-that-provided-in the-case-of-the-death-of-an-employee.

Sec. 3. 39-A MRSA §153, sub-§9, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 486, 42 §3, is amended to read:

9. Audit and enforcement. The executive director shall establish an audit, enforcement and monitoring program by July 1, 1998, to ensure that all obligations under this Act are met, including the requirements of section 359. The functions of the audit and enforcement program include, but are not limited to, auditing timeliness of payments and claims handling practices of insurers, self-insurers and 3rd-party administrators; determining

whether insurers, self-insurers and 3rd-party administrators are 2 unreasonably contesting claims; and ensuring that all reporting requirements to the board are met. The program must be coordinated with the abuse investigation unit established by 4 section 153, subsection 5 as appropriate. The program must monitor activity and conduct audits pursuant to a schedule 6 developed by the deputy director of benefits administration. Audit working papers are confidential and may not be disclosed to 8 any person outside of the board except the audited entity. For purposes of this subsection "audit working papers" means all 10 documentary and other information acquired, prepared or maintained by the board during the conduct of an audit or 12 investigation, including all intra-agency and interagency communications relating to an audit or investigation and draft 14 reports or any portion of a draft report. The final audit report is not confidential. At the end of each calendar quarter, the 16 executive director shall prepare a compliance report summarizing 18 the results of the audits and reviews conducted pursuant to this The executive director shall submit the guarterly subsection. compliance reports to the board, the Bureau of Insurance and the 20 Director of the Bureau of Labor Standards within the Department 22 of Labor. An annual summary must be provided to the Governor and to the joint standing committees of the Legislature having 24 jurisdiction over labor and banking and insurance matters by February 15th of each year. The quarterly compliance reports and the annual summaries must be made available to the public 26 following distribution. 28

- Sec. 4. 39-A MRSA §205, sub-§8, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, 30 Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is repealed and the following enacted in its place: 32
- 8. Information. Information regarding wages must be 34 reported as provided in section 303.
- 36 Sec. 5. 39-A MRSA §205, sub-§9, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read:

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- D. The board, within 21 days after the employee filed a 40 petition for review, may enter an order providing for the continuation or reinstatement of benefits pending a hearing 42 on the petition. The order must be based upon the information submitted by both the employer, insurer or group 44 self-insurer and the employee under this subsection. Once a request for an order has been ruled upon, the matter may not 46 be referred to mediation, but must be set for hearing.
- 48 Sec. 6. 39-A MRSA §303, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read:

#### 2 §303. Reports to board

When any employee has reported to an employer under this Act 4 any injury arising out of and in the course of the employee's employment that has caused the employee to lose a day's work, or 6 when the employer has knowledge of any such injury, the employer 8 shall report the injury to the board within 7 days after the employer receives notice or has knowledge of the injury. The employer shall also report the average weekly wages or earnings 10 of the employee, as defined in section 102, subsection 4, 12 together with any other information required by the board, within 30 days after the employer receives notice or has knowledge of a claim for compensation under section 212, 213 or 215, unless a 14 wage statement has previously been filed with the board. A copy 16 of the wage information must be mailed to the employee. The employer shall report when the injured employee resumes the employee's employment and the amount of the employee's wages or 18 earnings at that time. The employer shall complete a first report of injury form for any injury that has required the 20 services of a health care provider within 7 days after the 22 employer receives notice or has knowledge of the injury. The employer shall provide a copy of the form to the injured employee and retain a copy for the employer's records but is not obligated 24 to submit the form to the board unless the injury later causes 26 the employee to lose a day's work.

28 Sec. 7. 39-A MRSA §306, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is repealed and the following 30 enacted in its place:

#### 32 §306. Time for filing petitions

34 **1. Statute of limitations.** Except as provided in this section, a petition brought under this Act is barred unless filed 36 within 2 years after the date of injury or the date the employee's employer files a first report of injury as required by 38 section 303.

 2. Payment of benefits. If an employer or insurer pays benefits under this Act, either with or without prejudice, within
 the period provided in subsection 1, the period during which an employee or other interested party may file a petition is 6 years
 from the date of the most recent payment.

 46 3. Establishment of injury. If the occurrence of a work-related injury is established by board decree, mediation
 48 report or agreement of the parties without the payment of benefits as provided in subsection 2, the period during which an employee or other interested party may file a petition is 6 years
from the date of that decree, report or agreement.

4. Physical or mental incapacity. If an employee is unable 4 to file a petition because of physical or mental incapacity, the period of that incapacity is not included in the limitations 6 periods provided in this section. 8 5. Mistake of fact. If an employee fails to file a petition within the limitations periods provided in this section 10 because of mistake of fact as to the cause or nature of the 12 injury, the employee may file a petition within a reasonable time. 14 6. Death of employee. If an employee dies, the limitations periods provided in this section are extended by one year from 16 the date of that death. Sec. 8. 39-A MRSA §313, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, 18 Pt. A,  $\S8$  and affected by  $\S\$9$  to 11, is amended to read: 20 1. Procedure. Upen Except as provided in section 205, 22 subsection 9, paragraph D, upon filing of notice of controversy or other indication of controversy, the matter must be referred 24 by the board to mediation. Sec. 9. 39-A MRSA §324, sub-§3, ¶B, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 26 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read: 28 в. The employer is liable to pay a civil penalty of up to 30 \$10,000, or an amount equal to 108% of the premium, calculated using Maine Employers' Mutual Insurance Company's 32 standard discounted standard premium, that should have been paid during the period the employer failed to secure 34 coverage, whichever is larger, payable to the Employment Rehabilitation Fund. 36 Sec. 10. 39-A MRSA §354, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 885, Pt. A, §8 and affected by §§9 to 11, is amended to read: 38 40 3. Subrogation. Any insurer determined to be liable for benefits under subsection 2 must be subrogated to the employee's 42 rights under this Act for all benefits the insurer has paid and for which another insurer may be liable. Any-such-insurer-may,-in 44 accordance-with-rules-adopted-by-the-Superintendent-of-Insurance, file--a-request--for--appointment-of--an--arbitrator-to--determine 46 apportionment-of--liability-among--the-responsible--insurers---The arbitrator's--decision--is---limited--to--a---ohoigo---between--the 48 submissions--of--the--parties--and--may--not--be--calculated--by averaging.--Within-30-days-of-the-request,--the-Superintendent-of

50 Insurance-shall-appoint-a-neutral-arbitrator-who-shall-decide,-in

accordance--with--the--rules--adopted--by--the--Superintendent--of 2 Insurance, -- respective---liability -- among--or--- between -- insurers, Arbitration-pursuant-to-this-subsection-is-the-oxolusive-means 4 for--resolving--apportionment--disputes--among--insurers--and--the decision-of--the-arbitrator--is-conclusive--and-binding-among-all Apportionment decisions made under this б parties--involved. subsection may not affect an employee's rights and benefits under 8 this Act. The board has jurisdiction over proceedings to determine the apportionment of liability among responsible 10 insurers.

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### **SUMMARY**

The bill implements the recommendation contained in the 16 fiscal year 2000-01 budget to increase the salaries of the deputy directors from range 82 to 85. It also removes the job titles 18 currently contained in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 2.

20 This bill also amends Title 39-A, section 102, subsection 8 to provide that dependents who are aliens residing outside the 22 United States or outside the Dominion of Canada are entitled to the full amount of compensation payable in the case of the death 24 of an employee. The bill also defines audit working papers and provides that they are confidential.

The bill requires the filing of a wage statement within 30 28 days after an employer has notice or knowledge of a claim for incapacity benefits pursuant to Title 39-A, section 212, 213 or 30 215, unless a wage statement has previously been filed.

32 This bill provides that cases in which a request for an order has been ruled upon may not be referred to mediation, but 34 must remain with the hearing officer to be scheduled for a hearing.

The bill provides a basic 2-year statute of limitations and also provides that the payment of benefits, either with or without prejudice, extends the statute of limitations for 6 40 years. It also provides a 6-year statute of limitations in cases when the occurrence of a work-related injury is established by 42 board decree, mediation report or agreement of the parties, even if no benefits are paid.

The bill increases the fine for not securing required 46 workers' compensation coverage to ensure that it is more expensive to be fined for not having coverage than it is to 48 secure workers' compensation coverage.

This bill eliminates Bureau of Insurance arbitration proceedings and places jurisdiction over apportionment issues

with the Workers' Compensation Board, thus allowing hearing 2 officers to decide these issues.