



## **119th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## **FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999**

Legislative Document

No. 935

H.P. 679

House of Representatives, February 2, 1999

## An Act to Set Penalties for the Late Filing of the Tree Growth Tax Reimbursement.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative STEDMAN of Hartland. Cosponsored by Representatives: BERRY of Belmont, JODREY of Bethel, JOY of Crystal, KASPRZAK of Newport, RICHARDSON of Greenville.

2	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2 4	Sec. 1. 36 MRSA §578, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 24, Pt. C, §4 and affected by §18, is further amended to read:
6	<b>1. Organized areas.</b> The municipal assessors or chief assessor of a primary assessing area shall adjust the State Tax
8	Assessor's 100% valuation per acre for each forest type of their county by whatever ratio, or percentage of current just value, is
10	then being applied to other property within the municipality to obtain the assessed values. Forest land in the organized areas,
12	subject to taxation under this subchapter, must be taxed at the property tax rate applicable to other property in the
14	municipality, which rate is applied to the assessed values so determined.
16	The State Tax Assessor shall pay any municipal claim found to be
18	in satisfactory form within 90 days after receipt of the claim.
20	In tax years beginning on or after April 1, 1988, the State Tax Assessor shall determine annually the amount of acreage in each
22	municipality that is classified and taxed in accordance with this subchapter. A municipality actually levying and collecting
24	municipal property taxes and within whose boundaries this acreage lies is entitled to annual payments from money appropriated by
26	the Legislature provided it submits an annual return in accordance with section 383 and it achieves the appropriate
28	minimum assessment ratio described in section 327. For the property tax year based on the status of property on April 1,
30	1988, the per acre reimbursement amount increases from $15¢$ to $24¢$ . For property tax years based on the status of property on
32	April 1, 1989 or thereafter, the per acre reimbursement is 90% of the per acre tax revenue lost as a result of this subchapter.
34	For purposes of this section, the tax lost is the tax that would
36	have been assessed, but for this subchapter, on the classified forest lands if they were assessed according to the undeveloped acreage valuations used in the state valuation then in effect, or
38	according to the current local valuation on undeveloped acreage, whichever is less, minus the tax that was actually assessed on
40	the same lands in accordance with this subchapter. A municipality that fails to achieve the minimum assessment ratio
42	established in section 327 loses 10% of the reimbursement provided by this section for each one percentage point the
44	minimum assessment ratio falls below the ratio established in
46	section 327. A municipality that fails to file a claim by the deadline established in section 383 loses 1% of the reimbursement
48	provided by this section for each day that the claim is overdue.
50	No municipality may receive a reimbursement payment under this section that would exceed an amount determined by calculating the

Page 1-LR1697(1)

tree growth tax loss less the municipal savings in educational costs attributable to reduced state valuation.

- A. The tree growth tax loss is the adjusted tax that would have been assessed, but for this subchapter, on the classified forest lands if they were assessed according to the undeveloped acreage valuations used in the state
  8 valuation then in effect minus the tax that was actually assessed on the same lands in accordance with this subchapter.
- 12 In determining the adjusted tax that would have been assessed, the tax rate to be used is computed by adding the additional school support required by the modified state valuation attributable to the increased valuation of forest land to the original tax committed and dividing this sum by the modified total municipal valuation. The adjusted tax rate is then applied to the valuation of forest land based on the undeveloped acreage valuations, adjusted by the 20
- B. The municipal savings in educational costs is determined by multiplying the school subsidy index by the change in state valuation attributable to the use of the valuations determined in accordance with this subchapter on classified forest lands rather than their valuation using the undeveloped acreage valuations used in the state valuation then in effect.
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- SUMMARY
- This bill penalizes municipalities that are late filers for 34 the tree growth property tax reimbursement by 1% of the reimbursement for each day that the claim is overdue.