MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)



119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 909

S.P. 307

In Senate, February 2, 1999

An Act to Amend the Laws Governing the Land Application of Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plant Sludge.

Reference to the Committee on Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LIBBY of York. Cosponsored by Senator TREAT of Kennebec.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

2

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §1305, sub-§8, as amended by PL 1997, c. 38, \$2, is further amended to read:

- Septage and sludge permits; municipal enforcement. section subsection Pursuant Title 30-A, 4452, municipality, after notifying the department, may enforce the terms and conditions of a septage land disposal or storage site permit or a sludge land application or storage site permit issued by the department under this subchapter. Upon the request of the municipal officials, the department shall assist that municipality in the monitoring and enforcement of all permits the department has issued for sludge or septage land applications by physically inspecting each permitted site in the municipality at least once during the calendar year of the request provided residuals were applied to the permitted site during that year. The department shall provide the municipality sufficient notice of its on-site inspection so that the municipal officials may join the department in its inspection.
- Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §1310-U, 2nd ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 126, \$2, is further amended to read:

Under the municipal home rule authority granted by the Constitution of Maine, Article VIII, Part Second and Title 30-A, section 3001, municipalities, except as provided in this section, 28 may enact ordinances with respect to solid waste facilities that contain standards the municipality finds reasonable, including, 30 without limitation, conformance with federal and state solid waste rules; fire safety; traffic safety; levels of noise heard 32 the facility; distance from existing residential, institutional uses; ground water protection; commercial or 34 surface water protection; erosion and sedimentation control; and compatibility of the solid waste facility with local zoning and 36 land use controls, provided that the standards are not more strict than those contained in this chapter and in chapter 3, 38 subchapter I, articles 5-A and 6 and the rules adopted under these articles. This section does not preempt municipalities 40 from enacting ordinances with respect to the land application of municipal wastewater treatment plant sludge that is subject to 42 site-specific permitting that require the actual sludge material that will be spread in that municipality to be laboratory tested 44 for consistency with standards otherwise established by state law or rule, with all costs associated with collection and testing to 46 be borne by the applicant. Testing is limited to one composite sample analysis per licensed application site per year. 48 Municipal ordinances must use definitions consistent with those adopted by the board.

SUMMARY

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

Under current state law, wastewater treatment plant sludge is batch-tested for compliance with standards governing the various chemical constituents at the facilities where the sludge is generated. This bill clarifies the partial preemption of home rule authority that governs municipal ordinances regarding solid waste facilities to allow municipalities to require the testing of the actual wastewater treatment plant sludge that is going to be spread in that municipality to ensure that it meets the standards or parameters that are otherwise established by state law or rule. The municipal testing authority will be limited to one analysis per site for each year. In addition, this bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection to conduct at least one inspection annually of all the sites that are located in municipalities that the department approves for the spreading of sludge if sludge was applied to the site during the calendar year.