MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 858

H.P. 618

House of Representatives, February 2, 1999

An Act to Increase Eligibility for the Elderly Low-cost Drug Program.

(EMERGENCY)

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative McNEIL of Rockland. Cosponsored by Senator AMERO of Cumberland and

Representatives: CIANCHETTE of South Portland, COLLINS of Wells, GERRY of Auburn,

MAYO of Bath, PLOWMAN of Hampden, POWERS of Rockport, TRUE of Fryeburg,

Senator: PINGREE of Knox.

Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

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Whereas, lack of access to necessary prescription drugs endangers the health of Maine citizens on a daily basis; and

Whereas, increasing the number of citizens eligible for the elderly low-cost drug program will increase the health and well-being of the State of Maine; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §254, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1983, c. 290, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

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- 2. Individuals eligible for participation. An individual is eligible under this program if the household income, as defined in Title 36, section 6201, subsection 7, is less than or equal to 185% of the nonfarm income official poverty line. The official poverty line is that applicable to a household of the size involved, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget and revised annually in accordance with the United States Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, Section 673, Subsection 2. Individuals are also eligible for this program if the household spends at least 25% of its income on unreimbursed direct medical expenses for prescription drugs and the household income is not more than 25% higher than the levels specified in this subsection. For the purposes of this chapter, the cost of drugs provided to a household under this chapter is considered a cost spent by the household for eligibility determination purposes.
 - Sec. 2. 36 MRSA §6162-A, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 643, Pt. RR, §6, is further amended to read:

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2. Income. Eligibility for this program is determined by the same income levels as eligibility for elderly households is determined under chapter 907, except that individuals are also eligible for this program if the household spends at least 40% of its income on unreimbursed direct medical expenses for prescription drugs and the household income is not more than 25% higher than the levels specified in chapter 907 according to Title 22, section 254, subsection 2. For the purposes of this subsection, the costs of drugs provided to a household under this

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2	eligibility-determination-purpeses.
4	Sec. 3. 36 MRSA §6162-A, sub-§6, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 528, §2, is repealed.
6	Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the
8	preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.
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	SUMMARY
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	This bill expands eligibility for the elderly low-cost drug
14	program to 150% of the federal poverty line. It preserves the provisions that allow eligibility to be determined in part on the
16	cost of prescription drugs.