MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 760

S.P. 267

In Senate, January 28, 1999

An Act to Clarify the Residency Requirements for Individual Health Insurance Coverage through a Maine-based Insurance Carrier.

Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LaFOUNTAIN of York. Cosponsored by Representative MAYO of Bath and Senator ABROMSON of Cumberland, Representatives: JONES of Pittsfield, O'NEIL of Saco, SAXL of Bangor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§1, ¶¶C-1 and C-2, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 445, §8 and affected by §32, are amended to read:
 - C-1. "Legally domiciled" means a resident of this State who has—a-motor—vehicle—operator—s—license—from—this—State—is registered demonstrates an intent to make this State a permanent home by registering to vote in this State er—files an—income—tax—return—fer and claiming this State as legal domicile for federal tax purposes. A child is legally domiciled in this State if at least one of the child's parents or the child's legal guardian is legally domiciled in this State. A person with a developmental or other disability that prevents that person from ebtaining—a-meter vehicle—eperater—s—license—registering to vote or filing an income tax return is legally domiciled in this State by living—in being a resident of this State.
 - C-2. "Resident" means a person who has a dwelling in this State and is legally-demiciled physically present in this State and-has-been for at least the-last 60 days per year.
- Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §2736-C, sub-§3, ¶A, as amended by PL 1997, c. 445, §9 and affected by §32, is further amended to read:
- Coverage must be quaranteed to all residents of this 28 State who are legally domiciled in this State other than those eligible without paying a premium for Medicare Part 30 A. On or after January 1, 1998, coverage must be guaranteed to all legally domiciled federally eligible individuals, as defined in section 2848, regardless of the length of time 32 they have been legally domiciled in this State. Except for federally eligible individuals, coverage need not be issued 34 individual whose coverage was terminated for nonpayment of premiums during the previous 91 days or for 36 fraud or intentional misrepresentation of material fact 38 during the previous 12 months. When a managed care plan, as defined by section 4301, provides coverage a carrier may:
 - (1) Deny coverage to individuals who neither-live-ner reside are not physically present within the approved service area of the plan for at least 6 months of each year; and
 - (2) Deny coverage to individuals if the carrier has demonstrated to the superintendent's satisfaction that:

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- (a) The carrier does not have the capacity to deliver services adequately to additional enrollees because of its obligations to existing enrollees; and

 (b) The carrier is applying this provision
 - uniformly to individuals and groups without regard to any health-related factor.

A carrier that denies coverage in accordance with this paragraph may not enroll individuals or groups within the service area for a period of 180 days after the date of denial of coverage.

16 SUMMARY

This bill ensures that individuals seeking individual health insurance coverage through insurance carriers based in this State have an appropriate degree of contact with this State.

This bill clarifies the degree of contact an individual must have with this State in order to obtain health care coverage through a carrier based in this State. This bill requires an individual to establish both residency and legal domicile in this State in order to be eligible for the guaranteed issuance protections of the Maine Insurance Code. An individual may establish residency by having a dwelling in this State and being physically present in the State for 60 days per year. An individual may establish this state as legal domicile by registering to vote in the State and claiming it as legal domicile for federal tax purposes. This bill eliminates obtaining a driver's license and filing a state tax return in this State as criteria for establishing legal domicile.