MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 742

H.P. 535

House of Representatives, January 26, 1999

An Act to Amend the Animal Welfare Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry suggested and ordered printed.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative BUMPS of China.

Cosponsored by Representatives: CAMERON of Rumford, KNEELAND of Easton.

	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 7 MRSA c. 717, is amended by repealing the chapter
4	headnote and enacting the following in its place:
6	CHAPTER 717
8	ANIMAL WELFARE ACT
10	Sec. 2. 7 MRSA §3907, sub-§12-D is enacted to read:
12	12-D. Dangerous dog. "Dangerous dog" means a dog that bites an individual who is not trespassing on the dog owner's
14	premises at the time of the incident or a dog that causes a
	reasonable person who is acting in a neutral manner outside of
16	the dog owner's premises to fear imminent bodily harm by attacking or threatening to attack that individual or that
18	individual's domestic animal.
20	Sec. 3. 7 MRSA §3909, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
22	3. Education requirement: management. A humane agent hired
24	after January 1, 1999 shall attend a nationally recognized animal
. %	law enforcement training program of at least 40 hours' duration. A humane agent, regardless of date of employment, must receive a
26	minimum of 12 hours of related education annually.
28	Sec. 4. 7 MRSA §3911, as amended by PL 1987, c. 643, §1, is
30	further amended to read:
32	§3911. Dogs at large
	It is unlawful for any dog, licensed or unlicensed, to Fun
34	be at large, except when used for hunting. The owner or keeper
36	of any dog found running at large shallbe is subject to the penalties provided in this chapter.
38	Sec. 5. 7 MRSA §3912, as repealed and replaced by PL 1997, c. 690, §10, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
40	090, 310, is repeated and the fortowing enacted in its prace.
42	§3912. Disposition of dogs at large
	An animal control officer or person acting in that capacity
44	shall seize, impound or restrain a dog found in violation of
46	section 3911, shall deliver it to an animal shelter as provided in section 3913, subsection 2-A or shall take the dog to its
- 0	owner, if known. If ownership can not be established, such an
48	animal may be handled as a stray for the purposes of acceptance
	by an approved animal shelter.

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Sec. 6. 7 MRSA §3915, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §12, is further amended to read:

§3915. Violation

Any person who violates this chapter commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$250 may be adjudged. An individual who fails to appear for a 3rd time on a civil violation may be arrested pursuant to a bench warrant.

Sec. 7. 7 MRSA §3923-B, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §16, is further amended to read:

§3923-B. Tags and stickers

1. Tags and stickers. The municipal clerk shall provide with each new license issued under section 3923-A a tag indicating the year the license is issued and bearing other information prescribed by the department. The tag remains with the dog for as long as the dog is kept in the licensing municipality. At each license renewal, the municipal clerk shall provide a sticker indicating the year for which the license is valid. The sticker must be attached to the back of the tag. The owner or keeper shall make sure that the tag is securely attached to a collar of leather, metal or material of comparable strength and that the collar is worn at all times by the dog for which the license was issued, except as provided in subsection 3 2-A.

If a sticker and tag are lost or the owner has moved to a different municipality, the owner or keeper of the dog shall obtain a new license, tag and sticker. The municipal clerk shall issue another license, tag and sticker upon presentation of the original license and payment of \$1. The clerk shall retain the \$1 for a recording fee.

2-A. Rabies tags. Rabies tags obtained from a veterinarian for immunization against rabies must be securely attached to a collar of leather, metal or material of comparable strength that must be worn by the dog for which the tag was issued except when hunting, in training or in an exhibition. When the dog is hunting, in training or in an exhibition, its owner or keeper shall produce proof of licensure within 24 hours upon request by a humane agent, animal control officer or law enforcement officer, including a game warden.

3.--Exceptions.--A-dog-is-not-required to-wear-a-tag-when-on the-premises-of-the-owner-or-off-the-premises-of-the-owner-while hunting,-in-training-or-in-an-oxhibition.--When-a-dog-is-hunting, in-training-or-in-an-exhibition,--its--owner-or-keeper-shall

	produce-proof-of-licensure-and-proof-of-rabies-immunization-upon
2	requestbyahumaneagent,animalcontrolofficererlaw
	enforcement-officer,-including-a-game-warden-
4	
	Sec. 8. 7 MRSA §3942, first ¶, as amended by PL 1991, c. 779,
6	§34, is further amended to read:
8	Municipal clerks shall issue dog licenses in accordance with
	chapter 721, receive the license fees and pay to the department
10	all-fees-received \$6.50 for dogs capable of producing young and \$2 \$1 from each license fee received for dogs incapable of
12	producing young. The clerks shall keep a record of all licenses
14	issued by them, with the names of the owners or keepers of dogs licensed and the sex, registered numbers and description of all
	dogs except those covered by a kennel license. The clerks shall
16	make a monthly report to the department on a department-approved
	form of all dog licenses issued and fees received.
18	Co. O. 7 MDCA o 707
20	Sec. 9. 7 MRSA c. 727, is amended by repealing the chapter headnote and enacting the following in its place:
22	CHAPTER 727
24	DANGEROUS ANIMALS
26	Sec. 10. 7 MRSA §3952, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §§35
	and 36, is further amended by amending the headnote to read:
28	§3952. Harboring dangerous dogs
30	C 44 F 150C4 240FA 1 44
32	Sec. 11. 7 MRSA §3952, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §35, is further amended to read:
34	1. Procedure. Any person who is assaulted by a dog without
	provocation or any person witnessing an unprovoked assault
36	against a person or domesticated animal, within -10 - days of - the assault, may make written complaint to the sheriff, local law
38	enforcement officer or animal control officer that the dog is
30	dangerous or vicious.
40	dangerous or vrerous.
	The sheriff, local law enforcement officer or animal control
42	officer may file-the-complaint-in-District-Court-or-Superior
	Geurt issue a civil violation summons to the owner or keeper of
44	the dog for harboring a dangerous animal.
46	If, upon hearing, the court is satisfied that an assault on a
	person or a domesticated animal has taken place, the court shall:
48	
50	A. Order the dog muzzled, restrained or confined to the premises of its owner or keeper; ΘF

- B. Order the dog to be euthanatized if it has killed, maimed or inflicted serious bodily injury upon a person or has a history of a prior assault; or
- 6 C. Order the owner or keeper to pay restitution to the victim, including but not limited to all medical costs and lost wages.
- The owner or keeper who keeps a dog in violation of this section commits a civil violation for which a forfeiture of not te-exceed

 12 less than \$100,-plus-essts, nor more than \$500 may be adjudged.

 An individual who fails to appear for a 3rd time on a civil violation may be arrested pursuant to a bench warrant.
 - Sec. 12. 7 MRSA §3952, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §36, is further amended to read:
- 3. Complaint for dogs presenting immediate threat to public. After-filing-of-complaint-in-District-Gourt-or-Superior 20 Geurt-and-before Before hearing and upon written notice to the owner or keeper, if the dog poses an immediate threat to the 22 public, the dog is may be subject to muzzling, restraint or 24 confinement to its premises upon order of the sheriff, local law enforcement officer or animal control officer who filed the 26 complaint. Upon failure to comply, the officer to whom complaint was made may apply to District Court, Superior Court or a justice of the peace for an ex parte order for authorization to take 28 possession of the dog that poses an immediate threat to the 30 public and turn the dog over to the applicant or other suitable person.
 - Sec. 13. 7 MRSA §3961, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 383, §3, is amended to read:
 - §3961. Reimbursement for damage done by animals

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- When a-deg-dees-damage to a person or his-preperty an animal damages a person or that person's property, the owner or keeper of the-deg that animal is liable in a civil action to the person injured for the amount of damage done, --provided -- that if the damage was not occasioned through the fault of the person injured.
- Sec. 14. 7 MRSA §3962-A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1995, c. 351, §2, is amended to read:
 - §3962-A. Penalty for damage to livestock or pets by animals
- 1. Violation. Except as provided in subsection 3, the owner or keeper of a--deg an animal that kills or injures

	livestock, poultry, domestic rabbits or pets commits a civil
2	violation for which a forfeiture not to exceed \$100 may be
	adjudged in addition to costs. An individual who fails to appear
4	for a 3rd time on a civil violation may be arrested pursuant to a bench warrant.
6	
•	2. Additional remedy. A person who suffers damage as a
8	result of a violation of subsection 1 may also pursue a civil
U	action against the owner or keeper of the deg animal pursuant to
10	
10	section 3961.
12	3. Exception. If the owner or keeper of a-deg an animal
	that kills or injures another deg animal establishes that the deg
14	animal that was killed or injured provoked the killing or injury
	or that the deg animal that committed the killing or injury was
16	leashed or controlled on the owner's or keeper's property at the
	time of the killing or injury, then the owner or keeper is not
18	liable under this section or section 3961.
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20	Sec. 15. 7 MRSA §4001, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 383,
20	§3, is amended to read:
2.2	ys, is allended to read:
22	
	3. Fee. No A fee is-required of any-applicant of \$10 must
24	be submitted with any application for a calf or pig scramble.
26	Sec. 16. 7 MRSA §4011, sub-§1, ¶F, as amended by PL 1997, c.
	456, §5, is further amended to read:
28	
	F. Keeps or leaves a domestic animal on an uninhabited or
30	barren island lying off the coast of the State during the
	month of December, January, February or March without
32	providing necessary sustenance and proper shelter; er
32	providing necessary suscenance and proper shercer, er
34	Sec. 17. 7 MRSA §4011, sub-§1, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1997, c.
34	
	456, §6, is amended to read:
36	
	G. Hunts or sells for the purpose of hunting any animal
38	that is not covered by the provisions of Title 12, Part 10+;
	<u>or</u>
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	Sec. 18. 7 MRSA §4011, sub-§1, ¶H is enacted to read:
42	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	H. Injects, inserts or causes ingestion of any substance
44	used solely to enhance the performance of an animal by
	altering the animal's metabolism to that animal's detriment,
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-10	including but not limited to excessive or unlawful levels of
4.0	sodium bicarbonate in equines used for competition.
48	C 40 FEDOL 04042
	Sec. 19. 7 MRSA §4016, as amended by PL 1997, c. 170, §1, is
50	further amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read:

2	The court, as part of the sentence, may prohibit the
4	defendant from owning, possessing or having on the defendant's premises an animal for a period of time, up to and including
	permanent relinquishment. The court as part of the sentence may
6	order that the defendant be evaluated to determine the need for
	psychiatric or psychological counseling and, if it is determined
8	appropriate, the court may order that the defendant receive
	psychiatric or psychological counseling at the defendant's
10	expense.
12	Sec. 20. 7 MRSA §4041, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §§47 to
1.0	49, is further amended to read:
14	19, is fulcher amended to read.
7.4	§4041. Animal trespass
16	Azozr. umrmar creshase
10	1 Definitions le mord in this chantes unless the sentent
10	1. Definitions As used in this chapter, unless the content
18	etherwiseindicates,thefollowingtermshavethefollowing
	meanings.
20	
	A"Animal-control-efficer"-or-"law-enforcement-efficer"
22	means-the-animal-control-efficer-or-law-enforcement-efficer
	havingjurisdiction-everthearea-inwhichthelivesteek
24	animal-or-domestic-water-fewl-was-feund+
26	A-1"Domestic-water-fowl"means-demestic-ducks,-demestic
	geese-and-ether-demestie-water-fewl-
28	
	B"Livestock-animal"-means-dairy,-feeding,-beef-or-breeding
30	eattle;-herses;-sheep;-geats;-denkeys;-er-swine
	• • •
32	G"Frespass" - means - thatalivestockanimalordemestic
	water-fowl-of-an-ewner-or-keeper-has-entered-or-been-found
34	en-the-property-ef-another-person-
-	or and brokerel-er-emegener-bergent
36	1-A. Trespass. An owner of an animal may not allow that
30	animal to enter onto the property of another after the owner has
38	
30	been warned by a law enforcement officer or animal control
40	officer that that animal was found on the property of another.
40	
4.0	2. Removal. The owner or keeper of a-livesteck an animal or
42	demestie-water-fewl is responsible, at the owner's or keeper's
	expense, for removing any livesteek animal er-demestie-water-fewl
44	found trespassing. An animal control officer or law enforcement
	officer may, at the owner's or keeper's expense, remove and
46	control alivesteek an animal erdemestiewaterfewl found
	trespassing if:
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A. The owner or keeper fails to remove the livesteek animal

er-domestic-water-fowl-within-12-hours after having been

2	notified by an animal control officer or law enforcement officer that a-livesteck the animal er-domestic-water-fewl
4	ewned-er-kept-by-the-ewner-er-keeper was trespassing; or
6	B. The livesteek animal er-demestiewaterfewl is an immediate danger to itself, persons or another's property.
8	3. Civil violation. A person commits a civil violation if a
10	livesteck an animal er-domestic-water-fewl owned or kept by that person is found trespassing and:
12	A. That person fails to remove the livesteek animal er demestiewaterfewlwithin12heurs after having been
14	personally notified by an animal control officer or law enforcement officer that a-livesteck the animal er-demestic
16	water-fewl-ewned-er-kept-by-that-person was trespassing;-er.
18	BA-livestock-animal-or-demestic-water-fowl-of-that-person had-been-found-trespassing-on-a-prior-occasion-within-the-12
20	menths-immediately-preceding-the-present-trespass-and-the ewner-or-keeper-had,-at-that-time,-been-notified-by-an
22	animalcontrolefficerorlawenforcementefficerofthat trespass.
24	4. Forfeiture. A forfeiture of not less than \$200 nor more
26	than \$500 must be adjudged for a civil violation under subsection 3. In addition, the court may as part of the sentencing include
28	an order of restitution for costs incurred in removing and controlling the livesteek animal er-domestic-water-fewl. When
30	appropriate, the court may order restitution to the property owner based on damage done and financial loss. Any restitution
32	ordered and paid must be deducted from the amount of any judgment awarded in a civil action brought by the owner against the
34	offender based on the same facts.
36	5. Exemption. A person is not liable under this section if, at the time of the alleged trespass, that person was licensed or
38	privileged to allow the livesteek-er-domestic-water-fewl animal to be on the property.
40	Sec. 21. 17 MRSA c. 42, is amended by repealing the chapter
42	headnote and enacting the following in its place:
44	CHAPTER 42
46	ANIMAL WELFARE
48	Sec. 22. 17 MRSA §1011, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 383,
50	§4, is amended to read:

	1. Act. "Act" means the Animal Welfare Beard Act.
2	Sec. 23. 17 MRSA §1011, sub-§7, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 383,
4	§4, is repealed.
6	Sec. 24. 17 MRSA §1031, sub-§1, ¶F, as amended by PL 1997, c. 456, §14, is further amended to read:
8	F. Keeps or leaves a domestic animal on an uninhabited or
10	barren island lying off the coast of the State during the month of December, January, February or March without
12	providing necessary sustenance and proper shelter; ex
14	Sec. 25. 17 MRSA §1031, sub-§1, $\P G$, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 456, §15, is amended to read:
16	G. Hunts or sells for the purpose of hunting any animal
18	that is not covered by the provisions of Title 12, Part $10 + 2$
20	Sec. 26. 17 MRSA §1031, sub-§1, ¶H is enacted to read:
	H. Injects, inserts or causes ingestion of any substance
24	used solely to enhance the performance of an animal by altering the animal's metabolism to that animal's detriment.
26	including but not limited to excessive or unlawful levels of sodium bicarbonate in equines used for competition.
28	Sec. 27. 17 MRSA §1031, sub-§3, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690,
30	§70, is further amended to read:
32	3. Penalty. Cruelty to animals is a Class D crime. In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, the court shall
34	impose a fine of not less than \$250 for each violation of this section. The court may order the defendant to pay the costs of
36	the care, housing and veterinary medical treatment for the animal. The court may increase the penalty to a Class C crime if
38	the defendant has previously been convicted of a criminal violation under this Title or if, in the opinion of the court,
40	the act of cruelty was egregious enough to warrant a penalty of a Class C crime.
42	
	The court, as part of the sentence, may prohibit the defendant
44	from owning, possessing or having on the defendant's premises an animal er-animals-as-determined-by-the-eeurt for a period of
46	time, up to and including permanent relinquishment, -as-determined by-the-eeurt. A person placed on probation for a violation of
48	this section with a condition that prohibits owning, possessing or having an animal er-animals on the probationer's premises is
50	subject to revocation of probation and removal of the animal ex

animals at the probationer's expense if this condition is violated. The court as part of the sentence may order, as a condition of probation, that the defendant be evaluated to determine the need for psychiatric or psychological counseling, and, if it is determined appropriate by, the court, to may order that the defendant receive psychiatric or psychological counseling at the defendant's expense.

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Sec. 28. 17 MRSA §1032, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 690, §71, is further amended to read:

2. Penalty. Cruelty to birds is a Class D crime. In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, the court shall impose a fine of not less than \$100 for each violation of this section. The court may increase the penalty to a Class C crime if the person has previously been convicted of a criminal violation under this Title or if, in the opinion of the court, the act of cruelty was egregious enough to warrant a penalty of a Class C crime.

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SUMMARY

This bill seeks to strengthen enforcement capabilities of humane agents within the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources. It provides clearer assistance to municipal officials and individuals concerned with dangerous dogs and modifies administrative language. Specifically, the bill accomplishes the following.

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1. It defines "dangerous dog," and amends the procedures for harboring dangerous dogs and subsequent violations of the laws regarding dangerous dogs.

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2. It establishes an education requirement for humane 36 agents.

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3. It requires that rabies tags verifying immunization be worn by dogs.

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- 4. It expands the provision concerning damage by animals to include all animals defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 7, section 3907, and increases the violation for failure to appear in court for a 3rd time on a civil violation.
- 46 5. It establishes a fee for submitting calf and pig scramble applications.

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6. It provides that injecting, inserting or causing the ingestion of any substance used solely to enhance the performance

of an animal by altering that animal's metabolism to the animal's detriment as cruelty to animals in both the civil and criminal sections of the law.

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- 7. It grants the court the ability to prohibit a defendant from owning, possessing or having on the defendant's premises an animal, for a period of time up to and including permanent relinquishment for committing the civil violation of cruelty to animals. This inclusion reflects current law in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 17, concerning criminal violation.
- 8. It replaces the word "board" with "commissioner," since the Animal Welfare Board is no longer in existence.
- 9. It grants the court the ability to increase an animal abuse violation from a Class C crime to a Class D crime if, in the opinion of the court, the act of cruelty is so egregious as to warrant the greater penalty.