MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

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Legislative Document

No. 162

H.P. 131

House of Representatives, January 11, 1999

An Act to Make Minor Substantive Changes in the Tax Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Taxation suggested and ordered printed.

OSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

Presented by Representative GAGNON of Waterville. Cosponsored by Senator HARRIMAN of Cumberland and Senator: DOUGLASS of Androscoggin.

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	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	PART A
4	Coo A 1 26 MDCA 8144 cmb 81
6	Sec. A-1. 36 MRSA §144, sub-§1, as enacted by PL 1995, c. 281, §5, is amended to read:
8	1. Generally. A taxpayer may request a credit or refund of any tax imposed by this Title within 3 years from the time the
10	return was filed, whether or not the return was timely filed, or 2 3 years from the time the tax was paid, whichever period
12	expires later. Every claim for refund must be submitted to the State Tax Assessor in writing and state the specific grounds upon
14	which it is founded. The taxpayer may in writing request an informal conference regarding the claim for refund, in which case
16	the claim for refund is considered a request for reconsideration of an assessment under section 151.
18	or an assessment under section 131,
20	Sec. A-2. 36 MRSA §187-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 657, §7 and affected by §10, is further amended to read:
22	1. Failure to file return. Any person who fails to make
24	and file any return required under this Title at or before the time the return becomes due is liable for one of the following
. 4	penalties if the person's tax liability shown on such return or
26	otherwise determined to be due is greater than \$25.
28	A. If the return is filed before or within 30 days after
30	the taxpayer receives from the State-Tax-Assesser assessor a formal demand that the return be filed, or if the return is
30	not filed but the tax due is assessed by the assessor before
32	the taxpayer receives from the assessor a formal demand that
34	the return be filed, the penalty is \$25 or 10% of the tax due, whichever is greater.
36	B. If the return is <u>not</u> filed later-than within 30 days
38	after the taxpayer receives from the StateTaxAssesser assessor a formal demand that the return be filed, the
40	penalty is 100% of the tax due.
•	C. If the return is not filed and the State-Tax-Assesser
42	assessor issues a jeopardy assessment pursuant to section 141, subsection 2, paragraph D, the penalty is 100% of the
14	tax due.
46	Sec. A-3. 36 MRSA §187-B, sub-§2, ¶A, as amended by PL 1995, c. 281, §8, is further amended to read:
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50	A. Any person who fails to pay, on or before the due date, any amount shown as tax on any return required under this

Title or on any assessment made against the person is liable for a penalty of 1% of the unpaid tax for each month or fraction of a month during which the failure continues, to a maximum in the aggregate of 25% of the unpaid tax.

Sec. A-4. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§15 is amended to read:

- 15. Storage. "Storage" includes any keeping or retention in this State fer-any-purpose, except-subsequent-use-outside-of-this State, of tangible personal property purchased at retail sale.
- Sec. A-5. 36 MRSA §1760, sub-§2, as amended by PL 1997, c. 729, Pt. A, §1, is further amended to read:

2. Certain governmental agencies. Sales to the State or any political subdivision, or to the Federal Government, or to any unincorporated agency or instrumentality of either of them or to any incorporated agency or instrumentality of them wholly owned by them. This exemption does not apply where when title is held or taken as security for any financing arrangement. This exemption also does not apply to corporations organized under Title-IV,-Part-E-of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, 12 United States Code, Sections 2211 to 2214.

Sec. A-6. 36 MRSA §1760, sub-§80 is enacted to read:

80. Sales of certain printed materials. Sales of advertising or promotional materials printed on paper and purchased for the purpose of subsequently transporting such materials outside the State for use by the purchaser thereafter solely outside the State.

Sec. A-7. 36 MRSA §4064, first ¶, as amended by PL 1995, c. 281, §22, is further amended to read:

A tax is imposed upon the transfer of real property situated in this State, including real property held in trust, and upon the transfer of tangible personal property located in this State, including tangible personal property held in trust, of every person who at the time of death was not a resident of this State. The amount of this tax is a sum equal to that proportion of the credit for state death taxes provided by seetien the Code, Section 2011 ef--the--eede that the value of Maine real and tangible personal property taxed in this State that qualifies for the credit bears to the value of the decedent's total federal gross estate. All values are as finally determined for federal estate tax purposes.

Sec. A-8. Application. That section of this Part that amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 1752, subsection 15 and that section of this Part that enacts Title 36,

	section	on :	1760,	subs	sect	ion	80	apply	to	all	taxable	periods	that	are
2	open i	Eor	purpo	ses	of	admi	nis	trativ	e o	r ju	dicial r	eview.		

PART B

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- Sec. B-1. 36 MRSA §5111, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 596, Pt. J, §1, is amended to read:
- 4. Additional tax. Additionally, a tax is imposed for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1989, on the Maine adjusted gross income of every nonresident individual. The amount of the tax shall-equal equals the tax computed under this section and chapter 805, as if the nonresident were a resident, less-applicable-tax-eredits-other-than-that-provided-by-section 5217-A,--and multiplied by the ratio of the individual's Maine adjusted gross income, as defined in section 5102, subsection 1-C, paragraph B, to the nonresident's entire federal adjusted gross income, as modified by section 5122.

Sec. B-2. 36 MRSA §5142, sub-§8 is enacted to read:

- 8. Minimum taxability threshold. Minimum taxability thresholds for nonresidents are as follows.
 - A. Compensation for personal services performed in Maine is Maine-source income, subject to taxation under this Part, if the nonresident taxpayer is present in Maine performing personal services for more than 20 days during the taxable year and directly earns or derives more than \$6,000 in gross income during the taxable year in Maine from all sources.
- B. A nonresident individual who is present for business in Maine on other than a systematic or regular basis, either directly or through agents or employees, has Maine-source income derived from or effectively connected with a trade or business in Maine and subject to taxation under this Part only if the nonresident individual earns or derives more than \$6,000 of gross income during the taxable year from contractual or sales-related activities.
- Sec. B-3. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶H, as amended by PL 1997, c. 746, §11 and affected by §24, is further amended to read:
- H. For each taxable year subsequent to the year of the loss, an amount equal to the absolute value of the net operating loss arising from tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1989 but before January 1, 1993 and that, pursuant to the Code, Section 172, was carried back for federal income tax purposes, but only to the extent that:

2	(1) Maine taxable income is not reduced below zero;
4	(2) The taxable year is within the allowable federal period for carry-over; and
6	(3) The amount has not been previously used as a
8	modification pursuant to this subsection; and
10	Sec. B-4. 36 MRSA $\S5200$ -A, sub- $\S2$, \PI , as enacted by PL 1997, c. 746, $\S12$ and affected by $\S24$, is amended to read:
12	I. For income tax years beginning on or after January 1,
14	1997, all items of income, gain, interest, dividends, royalties and other income of a financial institution
16	subject to the tax imposed by section 5206, to the extent that those items are passed through to the taxpayer for
18	federal income tax purposes, including, if the financial institution is an S corporation, the taxpayer's pro rata
20	share and, if the financial institution is a partnership or limited liability company, the taxpayer's distributive
22	share. A subtraction may not be made under this paragraph for:
24	(1) Income of the taxpayer earned on interest-bearing
26	or similar accounts of the taxpayer at a financial institution;
28	(2) Any dividends or other distributions with respect
30	to a taxpayer's ownership interest in a financial institution; and
32	(3) Any gain recognized on the disposition by the
34	taxpayer of an ownership interest in a financial institution+ <u>; and</u>
36	Sec. B-5. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§2, ¶J is enacted to read:
38	J. An amount equal to an income tax refund to the taxpayer
40	by this State or another state of the United States that is included in that taxpayer's federal taxable income for the
42	taxable year under the Code, but only to the extent that:
44	(1) Maine net income is not reduced below zero; and
46	(2) The amount to be refunded from this State or another state of the United States has not been
48	<pre>previously used as a modification pursuant to this subsection.</pre>

- If this modification amount results in Maine net income that is less than zero for the taxable year, the negative

 modification amount may be carried back or forward in the same manner as a net operating loss deduction carry-back or carry-forward to a taxable year that is within the allowable federal period for a carry-back or carry-forward, subject to the above limitations.
 - Sec. B-6. 36 MRSA §5218, as amended by PL 1987, c. 772, §40, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§5218. Income tax credit for child care expenses

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- 1. Resident taxpayer. A resident individual is allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this Part in the amount of 25% of the federal tax credit allowable for child and dependent care expenses in the same tax year. In no case may this credit reduce the Maine income tax to less than zero.
- 2. Nonresident or part-year resident taxpayer. A
 22 nonresident or part-year resident individual is allowed a credit
 against the tax otherwise due under this Part in the amount of
 24 25% of the federal tax credit allowable for child and dependent
 care expenses multiplied by the ratio of the individual's Maine
 26 adjusted gross income, as defined in section 5102, subsection
 1-C, paragraph B, to the nonresident's entire federal adjusted
 28 gross income, as modified by section 5122. In no case may this
 credit reduce the Maine income tax to less than zero.
- Sec. B-7. 36 MRSA §5219-A, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 504, §32, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

§5219-A. Retirement and disability credit

- 1. Resident taxpayer. A resident individual is allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this Part equal to 20% of any credit the taxpayer received for the same taxable year under the Code, Section 22. In no case may this credit reduce the Maine income tax to less than zero.
- 2. Nonresident or part-year resident taxpayer. A nonresident or part-year resident individual is allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this Part equal to 20% of any credit the individual received for the same taxable year under the Code, Section 22 multiplied by the ratio of the individual's Maine adjusted gross income, as defined in section 5102, subsection 1-C, paragraph B, to the nonresident's entire federal adjusted gross income, as modified by section 5122. In no case may this credit reduce the Maine income tax to less than zero.

Sec. B-8. 36 MRSA §5219-G, as amended by PL 1997, c. 746, 2 §20 and affected by §24, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

\$5219-G. Tax credits for partners, S corporation shareholders and beneficiaries of estates and trusts

1. Tax credits for partners and S corporation 10 shareholders. Each partner of a partnership or shareholder of an S corporation is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by 12 chapter 803 in an amount equal to the partner's or shareholder's pro rata share of the tax credits described in this chapter, 14 except that in the case of credits attributable to a financial institution subject to tax under chapter 819, the credits are allowable only against the tax imposed by that chapter. A 16 partner's pro rata share must equal the partner's percentage interest in the taxable income or loss of the partnership for 18 federal income tax purposes for the taxable year. The pro rata 20 share of a shareholder of an S corporation must equal the

shareholder's percentage share of stock of the S corporation as of the end of the taxable year.

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24 2. Tax credits for beneficiaries of estates and trusts. Each beneficiary of an estate or trust is allowed a credit 26 against the tax imposed by this Part in an amount equal to the beneficiary's pro rata share of the tax credits described in this 28 chapter. A beneficiary's pro rata share must equal the beneficiary's share of federal distributable net income of the estate or trust. If the estate or trust has no federal 30 distributable net income for the taxable year, the share of each beneficiary in the applicable tax credits is in proportion to 32 that beneficiary's share of the estate or trust income for that 34 year, under local law or the terms of the instrument, which is required to be distributed currently, and any other amounts of 36 income distributed in that year. Any balance of the applicable credits is allocated to the estate or trust.

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- Sec. B-9. 36 MRSA §5220, sub-§2, as repealed and replaced by PL 1987, c. 819, §11, is amended to read:
- Nonresident individuals. Every nonresident individual 42 who, pursuant to this Part, has a Maine individual income tax liability for the taxable year, except that an individual who 44 does not exceed the threshold contained in section 5142, subsection 8 is not subject to taxation under this Part and need 46 not file a return.

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Sec. B-10. 36 MRSA §5278, sub-§§1 and 2, as enacted by P&SL 1969, c. 154, §F, are amended to read:

- 1. General. A claim for credit or refund of an overpayment of any tax imposed by this Part shall must be filed by the taxpayer within 3 years from the time the return was filed, whether or not the return was timely filed, or 2 3 years from the time the tax was paid, whichever of such periods expires the later; -er-if-no-return-was-filed-by-the-taxpayer, within-2-years from-the-time-the-tax-was-paid. No A credit or refund shall-be is not allowed or may not be made after the expiration of the period of limitation prescribed in this subsection for the filing of a claim for credit or refund, unless a claim for credit or refund is filed by the taxpayer within such a period.
 - 2. Limit on amount of claim or refund. If the claim is filed by the taxpayer during the 3-year period prescribed in subsection 1, the amount of the credit or refund shall may not exceed the portion of the tax paid within the 3 years immediately preceding the filing of the claim plus the period of any extension of time for filing the return. If—the—claim—is—net filed—within—such—3-year—period,—but—is—filed—within—the—2-year period,—the—amount—of—the—credit—or—refund—shall—not—exceed—the pertion—of—the—claim—If no claim is filed, the any credit or refund shall allowed upon an audit of the taxpayer may not exceed the amount which that would be allowable under either—of—the preceding—sentences,—as—the—case—may—be,—if—a—claim—was—filed this subsection, if a claim had been filed by the taxpayer on the date the credit or refund is allowed.
 - Sec. B-11. Application. This Part applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1996.

34 SUMMARY

This bill makes minor substantive changes to various laws concerning taxation.