MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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119th MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-1999

Legislative Document

No. 119

S.P. 48

In Senate, January 11, 1999

An Act to Make Maine Medicare Supplement Insurance Laws Consistent with Federal Laws.

(EMERGENCY)

Submitted by the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Banking and Insurance suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator LaFOUNTAIN of York. Cosponsored by Representative SAXL of Bangor and Representatives: MADORE of Augusta, MAYO of Bath.

	Emergency preamble. Whereas, Acts of the Legislature do not
2	become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and
4	With a second and the
6	Whereas, the United States Congress enacted and the President signed the Balanced Budget Act of 1997; and
8	Whereas, portions of that law preempt conflicting state
10	laws; and
12	Whereas, it is in the best interest of the people of Maine for the State to retain its ability to regulate its Medicare supplement insurance market; and
14	Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts
16	create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately
18	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,
20	•
22	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
24	Sec. 1. 24-A MRSA §2849-B, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 370, Pt. C, §4, is further amended to read:
26	1. Policies subject to this section. This section applies to all individual, group and blanket medical insurance policies
28	except hospital indemnity, specified accident, specified disease, long-term care and short-term policies issued by insurers or
30	health maintenance organizations. For purposes of this section,
32	a short-term policy is an individual, nonrenewable policy issued for a term that does not exceed 12 months. This section does not
34	apply to Medicare supplement policies as defined in section 5001, subsection 4.
36	Sec. 2. 24-A MRSA §2849-B, sub-§2, ¶¶A and B, as amended by PL 1997, c. 445, §25 and affected by §32, are further amended to
38	read:
40	A. That person was covered under an individual or group contract or policy issued by any nonprofit hospital or
42	medical service organization, insurer, health maintenance organization, or was covered under an uninsured employee
44	benefit plan that provides payment for health services
46	received by employees and their dependents or a governmental program, including, but not limited to, those listed in
4.8	section 2848, subsection 1-B, paragraph A, subparagraphs (3) to (10). For purposes of this section, the individual or
¥0	group policy under which the person is seeking coverage is
50	the "succeeding policy." The group or individual contract or policy or the uninsured employee benefit plan that

2	<pre>previously covered the person is the "prior contract or policy"; and</pre>
4	B. Coverage under the prior contract or policy terminated:
6	(1) Within 180 days before the date the person enrolls or is eligible to enroll in the succeeding contract if:
8	
10	(a) Coverage was terminated due to unemployment, as defined in Title 26, section 1043;
12	(b) The person was eligible for and received unemployment compensation benefits for the period
14	of unemployment, as provided under Title 26, chapter 13; and
16	-
18	(c) The person is employed at the time replacement coverage is sought under this provision; or
20	(2) Within 90 days before the date the person enrolls
22	or is eligible to enroll in the succeeding contract.
24	A period of ineligibility for any health plan imposed by terms of employment may not be considered in determining
26	whether the coverage ended within a time period specified under this section #-0 # .
28	
30	Sec. 3. 24-A MRSA §2849-B, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 445, §25 and affected by §32, is repealed.
32	Sec. 4. 24-A MRSA §5002-B is enacted to read:
34	§5002-B. Continuity of coverage
36	1. Persons provided continuity of coverage. This section provides continuity of coverage for a person who seeks coverage
38	under a Medicare supplement policy if:
40	A. That person was previously covered under a Medicare supplement policy issued by the same or a different
42	carrier. For purposes of this section, the Medicare supplement policy under which the person is seeking coverage
44	is the "succeeding policy." The Medicare supplement policy that previously covered the person is the "prior policy";
46	
48	B. Coverage under the prior Medicare supplement policy terminated within 90 days before the date the person applies
50	for the succeeding policy; and
	C. The prior policy was issued during the insured's open
52	enrollment period or was issued to replace another Medicare

supplement policy and the insured had continuous coverage beginning in the insured's open enrollment period with no gap in coverage in excess of 90 days. For purposes of this section, any Medicare supplement policy that covered the person before the prior policy is an "earlier policy."

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2. Prohibition against discontinuity. The insurer shall, for any person described in subsection 1, waive any medical underwriting or preexisting conditions exclusion to the extent that benefits would have been payable under the prior policy and any earlier policy if those policies were still in effect. This subsection does not require the succeeding insurer to pay any benefits that are not within the terms of coverage of the succeeding policy solely because they would have been paid by the prior policy.

3. Determination of benefits. When a determination of benefits under the prior policy is required, the issuer of the prior policy shall, at the request of the issuer of the succeeding policy, furnish a statement of benefits available or pertinent information sufficient to permit verification of the benefit determination or the determination itself by the issuer of the succeeding policy. For purposes of this section, benefits of the prior policy are determined in accordance with the definitions, conditions and covered expense provisions of that policy rather than those of the succeeding policy. The benefit determination must be made as if coverage had not been replaced.

Sec. 5. 24-A MRSA §5015, as enacted by PL 1997, c. 370, Pt. D, §1, is repealed.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect April 28, 1999.

36 SUMMARY

This bill amends the laws governing Medicare supplement insurance policies in order to conform to requirements in federal law. It makes the continuity of coverage chapter of the insurance code inapplicable to Medicare supplement policies and enacts an analogous continuity of coverage section in the Medicare supplement chapter. It repeals the law allowing a person who switches from a Medicare supplement to a Medicare managed care program to switch back within a 12-month period. It has an effective date of April 28, 1999.