MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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118th MAINE LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION-1998

Legislative Document

No. 2111

S.P. 784

In Senate, January 20, 1998

An Act to Reauthorize the Toxics and Hazardous Waste Reduction Laws.

Submitted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to Joint Rule 204. Reference to the Committee on Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator TREAT of Kennebec. Cosponsored by Representative ROWE of Portland and

Senators: HARRIMAN of Cumberland, MICHAUD of Penobscot, MITCHELL of Penobscot,

Representatives: COWGER of Hallowell, McKEE of Wayne.

Be it	enacted	by	the	People	of the	State	of	Maine	as	follows:
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4	Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §343-D, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1995, c. 656, Pt. A, §18, is further amended to read:
6	1. Appointment; composition. The committee consists of 16 voting members.
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10	A. The Governor shall appoint 2 representatives from the business community, 2 elected or appointed municipal officials who are not owners or representatives of owners of
12	small business stationary sources, and 2 representatives of organized labor.
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16	B. The President of the Senate shall appoint one member from a public health organization, one member from an environmental organization and one public member who is an
18	owner or represents an owner of a small business stationary source.
20	C. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall
22	appoint one member from a public health organization, one member from an environmental organization and one public
24	member who is an owner or represents an owner of a small business stationary source.
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28	D. The commissioner shall appoint a designee to represent the department.
30	E. The Senate Minority Leader and the House Minority Leader shall each appoint one member who is an owner or represents
32	an owner of a small business stationary source.
34	F. The Director of the Bureau of Air Quality Control shall appoint a designee to represent the bureau.
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38	The Commissioner of Labor, the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources or the commissioner's designee, the state toxicologist in the Department of Human Services and the Director
40	of the Maine Emergency Management Agency serve as ex officio
42	members and do not vote on committee matters.
* L	As used in this subsection, unless the context otherwise

Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §2301, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, is repealed.

Annotated, Section 7661f.

indicates, a "small business stationary source" means a source

that meets the eligibility requirements of 42 United States Code

- Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §2301, sub-§7, as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, §6, is further amended to read:
- 7. Generator. "Generator" means the owner or operator of a facility that generates hazardous waste. "Generator" does not include small quantity generators as defined in rules adopted by the board.

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- Sec. 4. 38 MRSA §2301, sub-§16, as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, 10 §9, is further amended to read:
- 16. Toxic substance or toxics. "Toxic substance" or "toxics" means any substance in a gaseous, liquid or solid state listed pursuant-to-the-SARA, Title-III, Section-313, and listed in 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.65 and any-extremely hazardeus-substance as listed in 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Part-355; listed in 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1, Section 423, Appendix A; or listed in rules adopted by the board pursuant to section 585-C.
 - Sec. 5. 38 MRSA §2301, sub-§§17 and 19, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, are repealed and the following enacted in their place:
- 17. Toxics releaser. "Toxics releaser" means a person who 24 owns or operates a facility or business that manufactures, processes, uses or releases any of the toxics defined in 26 subsection 16 in reportable quantities or that is a nonpoint source that operates as a business and releases a toxic substance 28 in reportable quantities. If a toxic substance appears on the water toxics list but is not on the air toxics list, the 30 threshold reporting quantity is established in 40 Code of Federal 32 Regulations, Part 302, Table 302.4. If a toxic substance appears on both the water and air toxics lists, the quantity established in the air toxics list must be used as the reporting threshold. 34
 - 19. Toxics user. "Toxics user" means a person who uses any of the toxic substances defined in subsection 16 in reportable quantities or a person who is required to monitor or report the presence or release of that toxic substance. If a toxic substance appears on the water toxics list but is not on the air toxics list, the threshold reporting quantity is established in 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 302, Table 302.4. If a toxic substance appears on both the water and air toxics lists, the quantity established in the air toxics list must be used as the reporting threshold.
- Sec. 6. 38 MRSA $\S 2303$, sub- $\S \S 1$ -A, 2-A and 3-A are enacted to read:

- 1-A. Toxics use reduction goals: revised. Notwithstanding subsection 1, beginning on the effective date of this subsection, using the amount of toxics used statewide in 1998 as a baseline figure, the goals for toxics use reduction are a 10% reduction in the amount of toxics used in the State by January 1, 2002, a 20% reduction by January 1, 2004 and a 30% reduction by January 1, 2006.
- 2-A. Toxics release reduction goals; revised.

 Notwithstanding subsection 2, beginning on the effective date of this subsection, using the aggregate amounts of toxics released at a facility or business in calendar year 1998 as a baseline figure, the goals for reducing the aggregate amount of toxics released to the environment are a 10% reduction by January 1, 2002, a 20% reduction by January 1, 2004 and a 30% reduction by January 1, 2006.

- 3-A. Hazardous waste reduction goals. The goals for minimizing the amount of hazardous waste generated at a facility are a 10% reduction by January 1, 2002, a 20% reduction by January 1, 2004 and a 30% reduction by January 1, 2006.
 Reductions must be based on a facility's generation rate for the year 1998.
 - Sec. 7. 38 MRSA \$2303, sub-\$5, as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, \$12, is further amended to read:
 - 5. Progress evaluation. Progress toward meeting the toxics use, toxics release and hazardous waste reduction goals may must be evaluated annually biennially by the commissioner based on manifest data, progress reports submitted-under-Title-37-B, sections-797-and-799,-annual-hazardous-waste-generator-reports and other appropriate available information. To determine achievement of reduction goals, the commissioner may adjust the baseline figure to account for changes in the statutory or regulatory definitions of toxic substances and hazardous wastes.
- Sec. 8. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§1, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 520, §13, is amended to read:
 - A. Owners and operators of facilities subject-te-reperting requirements—for—extremely—hazardous—substances—under—the SARA,—Title—III,—Section—312 or businesses are not required to meet the toxics use reduction goals, but shall examine, plan and implement means of reducing the use of extremely hazardous—substances—within—their—facilities toxics without impairing the quantity or quality of their products or services. For—the-purpose—of—developing—reduction—plans—and reperting—progress—teward—meeting—reduction—goals,——a facility—is—required—to—examine—only—those—extremely

2	repert-under-SARA, Title -III, -Section -312. If the owner or
Z.	operator of a facility reduces its use of a toxic, for every
4	amount of reduction of that toxic in use, the reduction
•	amount is doubled and counts twofold towards attainment of
6 .	that facility's mandatory release reduction goal. A
•	facility is not required to examine toxics use that is
8	incidental to the facility's administrative functions.
10	Sec. 9. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§1, ¶B, as amended by PL 1995, c.
	493, §16, is further amended to read:
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	B. The following facilities are exempt from the planning
14	and-reperting requirements for toxics use:
16	(1)Drinking-water-supply-treatment-facilities;
18	(2)Municipal-wastewater-treatment-facilities;
20	(3) Wholesale distributors of chemicals; and
22	(4) Hazardous substance transporters.
24	Sec. 10. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
2.6	1-A. Reductions 60% or more. The following provisions
• •	apply to certain facilities that have reported under section 2307.
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2.0	A. If a facility reported a chemical pursuant to section
30	2307 and has reduced that chemical's use by 60% or more from
2.2	the base year amount established in section 2307, then that
32	facility is not required to count that chemical as part of
34	its new base year amount; however, the facility must report on the use or release of that chemical so that the
34	department can accurately aggregate the state reduction
36	numbers and verify the facility's normalized use or release
	of that chemical.
38	or char chemicar.
30	B. If a facility reported under section 2307 and has
40	reduced its overall use or release of the aggregate amount
-0	of all its reportable chemicals by 60% or more, that
42	facility in order to meet the requirements of this chapter
	may choose from the following options:
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	(1) Continue reduction efforts to meet the new
46	requirements of section 2303;
48	(2) Serve as a mentor to another company, with the
	approval and guidance of the department, to help that
50	company meet the reduction requirements;

Develop an environmental management system, or "EMS," based on criteria established by, and with quidance from, the department. Once the EMS is developed to the satisfaction of the facility, the facility shall perform a comprehensive compliance and 6 pollution prevention audit based on department audit 8 policy. The facility's audit must be observed and evaluated by a 3rd-party auditor and department staff. Based on audit findings, the EMS must be refined and 10 finalized. The facility shall review and update its 12 EMS biennially; or (4) Conduct a comprehensive multimedia pollution 14 prevention and compliance audit of the facility and 16 complete a pollution prevention project approved by the department. 18 Sec. 11. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§2, ¶A, as repealed and replaced by PL 1991, c. 520, \$13, is amended to read: 20 Owners and operators of facilities required-to-report 22 under-SARA,-Title-III,-Section-313 using or releasing toxics 24 that have achieved the 30% release reduction goal as established in section 2303, subsection 2 are required to 26 meet the revised toxics release reduction goals established in section 2303, subsection 2-A. For--the--purpose--of developing--reduction--plans--and--meeting--reduction--goals, 28 "toxies"-refers-only-to-these-substances-which-the-facility 30 is-required-to-report-under-SARA,--Title-III,--Section-313. Those facilities that were required but failed to meet the toxics release reduction goals established in section 2303, 32 subsection 2 shall meet those goals by January 1, 1999. 34 Thereafter those facilities shall meet the revised goals established in section 2303, subsection 2-A, using 1998 as the new base year. These facilities must be put on a 36 department priority list for on-site technical assistance to achieve the original reduction goals and are required to 38 submit a reduction plan summary by June 1, 1998 for department approval. The department's approval process must 40 proceed as set forth in section 2307, subsection 5. board may establish by rule reduction planning levels ether 42 than-the-SARA-reportable-quantities for specific toxics. 44 Sec. 12. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§3, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 520, §13, is amended to read: 46 48 All facilities that generate-100-kilograms ship 1,000 pounds or more of hazardous waste in a calendar menth-fer

mere-than-3-menths-of-the year and that have achieved the

mandatory 30% reduction goal established in section 2303, subsection 3 are required to meet the revised hazardous waste reductions goals established in section 2303, subsection 3-A. For the purpose of developing reduction plans, a facility must examine all hazardous waste generated in the production process and related operations and maintenance activities or, in the case of a service industry, all hazardous waste generated in the performance the service, including hazardous wastes recycled. Progress toward meeting the reduction goals is based on the amount of hazardous waste that is either shipped off site or disposed of on site. Those facilities that were required but failed to meet the reduction goals established in section 2303, subsection 3 shall meet those goals by January 1, 1999. Thereafter those facilities shall meet the revised goals established in section 2303, subsection 3-A, using 1998 as the new base year. These facilities must be put on a department priority list for on-site technical assistance to achieve the original reduction goals and are required to submit a reduction plan summary by June 1, 1998 for department approval. department's approval process must proceed as set forth in section 2307, subsection 5.

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Sec. 13. 38 MRSA §2304, sub-§4, as enacted by PL 1991, c. 520, §13, is amended to read:

4. Report. The commissioner shall report annually by January 1st 1, 2003 and biennially thereafter to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and natural resource matters listing all exemptions granted under this section and all facilities that have failed to meet the reduction goals set forth in section 2303.

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Sec. 14. 38 MRSA §2305, first \P , as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, $\S14$, is further amended to read:

Those facilities subject to regulation under this chapter shall develop by January 1, 1993 2000 and update every 2 years thereafter plans for their own use in meeting the State's goals. The board may establish rules for toxics use, toxics release and hazardous waste reduction plans to be prepared pursuant to this section. A plan must include:

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Sec. 15. 38 MRSA §2305, sub-§2, ¶C, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, is amended to read:

C. A strategy and schedule for implementing practicable reduction options for each production process utilized to meet reduction goals; and

2	Sec. 16. 38 MRSA §2305, sub-§2, ¶D, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
	929, §7, is repealed.
4	Con 17 20 NADCA \$2205 cub \$4 2md ff 1 DI 1000
6	Sec. 17. 38 MRSA §2305, sub-§4, 2nd ¶, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, is amended to read:
U	c. 929, gr, is amended to read:
8	Owners and operators of facilities shall keep a complete
	copy of the plan and any back-up data on the premises of that
10	facility for at least 5 $\underline{3}$ years and make the copy and data
	available to the commissioner or the commissioner's designee upon
12	request. A plan summary based on a tiered schedule set by the
	department must be submitted to the department for approval. The
14	plan summary approval process must proceed as set forth in
1.6	section 2307. The first tier of plans are due to the department
16	by January 1, 2000, except for those summaries required in section 2304.
18	Section 2504.
20	Sec. 18. 38 MRSA §2306, as amended by PL 1991, c. 520, §15,
20	is further amended to read:
22	§2306. Employee notification
2.4	Circ mouths review to the data whom a reduction plan on undata
24	Six months prior to the date when a reduction plan or update must be completed, the owner or operator of each facility must
26	notify all of its employees of the requirements for the plans,
	identify the toxic substances and hazardous wastes and production
28	units for which plans must be developed and solicit comments or
	suggestions from all employees on toxics use, toxics release and
30	hazardous waste reduction options. A description of the employee
	notification process and of employee involvement must be included
32	in the plan summary submitted in accordance with section 2305.
34	Sec. 19. 38 MRSA §2307-A is enacted to read:
J 7.	bee. E. Jo Wallota Smooth in 10 chacted to read.
36	§2307-A. Reporting requirements beginning January 1, 1998
38	Notwithstanding section 2307, beginning January 1, 1998,
30	this section governs reporting requirements.
40	CHILD DOCTON 30 ACTIVE TOLOT CTIVA TOMORGO
	1. Toxics use reduction reports. Toxics users must report
42	their progress toward meeting the toxics use reduction goals as
	part of their reporting requirements to the department.
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	2. Toxics release reduction reports. Toxics releasers must
4 6	report their progress toward meeting the toxics release reduction
	goals as part of their reporting requirements to the department.
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F.O.	3. Hazardous waste reduction reports. Facilities that ship
50	1,000 pounds or more of hazardous waste in a calendar year must

	report their progress toward meeting the hazardous waste
2	reduction goals as part of their reporting requirements to the
	department.
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	4. Plan summary. The plan summary submitted to the
6	commissioner pursuant to section 2305 must include, without
	limitation, the evaluation methods used, the findings and
8	conclusions and the implementation schedule. An owner or
	operator may designate information as confidential under section
LO	1310-B.
L2	5. Review of plan summary. Once the department determines
	a plan summary is complete, the commissioner shall review the
.4	plan summary within 90 days to determine whether the plan summary
~	meets the guidelines established under this chapter.
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8	A. In reviewing the adequacy of any plan summary, the
D	commissioner shall base a determination on whether the plan summary is complete and prepared in accordance with the
0	goals and guidelines established pursuant to this chapter.
,	goals and guidelines escabilished pulsuant to this thapter.
2	B. If the commissioner determines that a plan summary is
•	inadequate, the commissioner shall notify the toxics user,
Į	toxics releaser or generator of the inadequacy, identifying
	the specific deficiencies. The commissioner may specify a
5	reasonable time period of not less than 90 days within which
	the toxics user, toxics releaser or generator must submit a
3	modified plan summary addressing the specified
	deficiencies. The commissioner may, upon request, provide
	technical assistance, if available, to aid the toxics user,
	toxics releaser or generator in modifying the plan summary.
	C. If the commissioner determines that a modified plar
	summary is inadequate, the commissioner may either require
	further modification or assess fees as provided in section
i	2312. If the generator fails to submit a modified plan
	summary within the required time period of 60 calendar days,
3	the commissioner may assess additional fees as established
	in section 1319-I, subsection 2-A.
)	
	6. Confidentiality. Upon a satisfactory showing to the
2	commissioner by the owners or operators of a facility required to
	submit information under this chapter that a plan summary
4	developed under this chapter, if made public, would divulge
_	methods, processes or other information entitled to protection,
6	the commissioner shall hold as confidential that plan summary or
	a portion of that plan summary pursuant to section 1310-B.

- 7. Additional information. This chapter does not prohibit the commissioner from seeking additional information from a toxics user, toxics releaser or generator in order to review the adequacy of a plan or plan summary required by this chapter.
- Sec. 20. 38 MRSA §2309, sub-§3, as enacted by PL 1989, c. 929, §7, is repealed.

Sec. 21. 38 MRSA §2311, as amended by PL 1995, c. 493, §19,
10 is further amended to read:

§2311. Fees

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The commissioner shall deposit all money received in payment of fees under this section in a separate account within the Maine Hazardous Waste Fund to cover expenses incurred by the department in the administration of this chapter.

1. Hazardous waste generators. The fee required by this subsection is due to the commissioner by April - 15, -1994 - and August 1st annually after - that - date. For - facilities - that generate - 100 - kilograms - or - more - of - hazardous - waste - in - a - calendar menth - for - more - than - 3 - months - of - the - year, - the - fee - is - \$100 - per facility - - For - all - other - generators, - the - fee - is - \$50 - per facility - For facilities that ship 2,000 or more pounds of

hazardous waste in a calendar year, the fee is \$1,000. For facilities that ship between 1,000 and 1,999 pounds per calendar

year, the fee is \$500.

- 2. Toxics user. All toxics users except owners and operators of commercial agricultural operations, <u>public drinking</u> water supply treatment facilities and municipal wastewater treatment facilities shall submit \$50 \$100 per extremely harardeus toxic substance reported by the facility under-SARA, Title-III, Section-312-in-addition-to-fees-assessed under Title 37-B, section-801, as required by this chapter. Fees assessed under this subsection must be submitted annually by April-15th August 1st to the department.
- 3. Toxics releaser. All toxics releasers except owners and operators of commercial agricultural operations, public drinking water supply treatment facilities and municipal wastewater treatment facilities must submit \$100 per ehemical toxic substance reported by the facility under-SARA, Title-III, Section 313-in-addition-te-fees-assessed under-Title-37-B, section-801, as required by this chapter. Fees assessed under this subsection must be submitted annually by July August 1st to the department.

4. Fee limitation. A company subject to fees under this section may not be assessed more than \$1,000 \$5,000 per year.

5. Fee adjustment. The commissioner may adjust the fees established in this chapter on an annual basis according to the United States Consumer Price Index established by the federal Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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SUMMARY

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This bill amends the State's toxic use, toxic release and hazardous waste reduction laws by establishing new reduction goals through the year 2006. The bill continues planning requirements and establishes an approval process of summaries by the Department of Environmental Protection. bill eliminates the fee requirement for small quantity generators and establishes a new fee structure. The bill requires the department to focus on water and air toxics, creates a tailored program for agriculture and adds the state toxicologist within the Department of Human Services and the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources or the commissioner's designee to the Pollution Prevention Advisory Committee within the Department of Environmental Protection.