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DATE: 3-20-98

(Filing No. H-984)

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UTILITIES AND ENERGY

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STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 118TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "" to H.P. 1380, L.D. 1935, Bill, "An Act to Ensure the Transferability of the Generating Assets of Electric Utilities"

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Amend the bill by striking out the title and substituting the following:

'An Act Regarding Electric Utilities'

Further amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting in its place the following:

'Sec. 1. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§6, as amended by PL 1987, c. 613, §1, is further amended to read:

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Electric plant. "Electric plant" includes all real fixtures and personal property owned, controlled, estate, operated or managed in connection with or to facilitate the production, generation, conservation, load management, transmission, delivery or furnishing of electricity for light, heat or power, for public use, and all conduits, ducts or other devices, materials, apparatus or property for containing, holding or carrying conductors used or to be used for the transmission of electricity for light, heat or power for public use. plant" includes, but is not limited to, fixtures and personal property on the premises of a utility's customer, financed in whole or in part by that utility, and found by the commission to constitute a cost-effective investment in conservation or load management. In the case of these conservation or load management investments only, "electric plant" may include property actually owned by the customer or by a party other than the utility. The presence of property on the premises of a customer or other party, which property is included in the rate base of an electric

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COMMITTEE	AMENDMENT	"M"	to	H.P.	1380,	L.D.	193

	utility as qualifying conservation or load management investment,
2	shall may not cause the customer or other party to be determined to be a public utility for any purpose.
4	"Electric plant" does not include excluded electric plant, as
6	defined in subsection 6-A.
8	Sec. 2. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§6-A is enacted to read:
10	6-A. Excluded electric plant. "Excluded electric plant" means:
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14	A. Prior to March 1, 2000, any generation assets, as defined in section 3201, subsection 10, and any related interconnecting transmission or distribution facilities used
16	for the purpose of connecting one or more generation assets to transmission or distribution plant, as defined in section
18	3201, subsection 18, to the extent the generation assets are
20	owned, leased, controlled, operated or managed for one or more of the following purposes:
22	(1) For the generation of electricity for sale for
24	resale, or for sale at retail to any electric consumer for delivery outside of the State;
26	(2) For the generation of electricity by a small power producer or cogenerator for its own use, for its
28	tenants or its associates, as provided in section 3305, subsection 2;
30	(3) For the generation of electricity by an electric
32	generation enterprise for its own use or for its affiliates as provided in chapter 31, subchapter V; or
34	(4) For self generation, as defined in subsection 16-A.
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38	Prior to March 1, 2000, "excluded electric plant" does not include electric plant owned, leased, controlled, operated or managed by an entity that was regulated by the commission
40	as an electric utility before September 19, 1997 or by an entity owning, operating, leasing, managing or controlling a
42	nuclear power plant, as defined in section 4352, subsection 9.
44	B. After February 29, 2000, "excluded electric plant" means
46	any generation assets, as defined in section 3201, subsection 10, other than generation assets held by an
48	electric utility pursuant to section 3204, subsection 3 or 6.

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Sec. 3. 35-A MRSA §102, sub-§16-A is enacted to read:

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2	16-A. Self generation. "Self generation" means the
	generation of electricity for the use of an entity that owns,
4	leases, operates, controls or manages, in whole or in part,
	generation assets, as defined in section 3201, subsection 10,
6	provided that the electricity is not transmitted over
	transmission and distribution plant, as defined in section 3201,
8	subsection 18.
10	Sec. 4. 35-A MRSA §906, sub-§3 is enacted to read:
12	3. Domestic electric utility. For purposes of this section
	only, the term "domestic electric utility" does not include an
14	entity that is not an electric utility as a result of the
	application of section 102, subsection 6-A.
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	Sec. 5. 35-A MRSA §3131, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
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	1-A. Electric utility. "Electric utility" has the same
20	meaning as defined in section 102, subsection 5.
22	Sec. 6. 35-A MRSA §3132, sub-§3-A, as enacted by PL 1989, c.
	60, §4, is amended to read:
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	3-A. Minor transmission line construction projects. Each
26	domestic electric utility shall file annually with the commission
	a schedule of minor transmission line construction projects which
28	that it intends to carry out during the next 5 years concerning
,	transmission lines that will be capable of operating at 100
30	kilovolts or more. A minor transmission line construction
	project shall-be is a transmission line construction project, the
32	cost of which does not exceed 25% of the utility's current annual
	transmission property depreciation charge. The schedule shall
34	must describe each project, showing the length, location and
	estimated cost.
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	If the commission determines that an investigation of any minor
38	transmission line construction project is warranted, it shall
	notify the electric utility within 60 days of the annual filing
40	and the electric utility shallthen-berequiredto must then
	comply with the provisions of this section with respect to that
42	project. The absence of commission notification requiring the
	utility to file a petition does not preclude such notification in
44	subsequent years.

For purposes of this subsection only, the term "domestic electric utility" does not include an entity that is not an electric utility as a result of the application of section 102, subsection

<u>6-A.</u>

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4	5. Exemption. An entity that is not an electric utility as
	a result of the application of section 102, subsection 6-A is
6	exempt from the requirements of this section.
8	Sec. 8. 35-A MRSA §3142, sub-§3-A is enacted to read:
10	3-A. Retail electric service. For the purposes of this
	section "retail electric service" does not include the sale of an
12	electric commodity from an excluded electric plant, as defined in
	section 102, subsection 6-A, unless the sale is of generation
14	service, as defined in section 3201, subsection 11, to a person
1.0	who is not an affiliate, as defined in section 3180, subsection 1.
16	Sec. 9. 35-A MRSA §3204, sub-§8 is enacted to read:
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•	8. Authority to transfer title. Except as otherwise
20	expressly provided by law, a law of this State enacted prior to
2.2	September 1, 1997, including any private and special law, that
22	grants generation-asset-related rights, privileges or immunities
24	to an investor-owned electric utility is deemed to grant authorization to the investor-owned electric utility to convey or
24	otherwise transfer those rights, privileges or immunities in
26	accordance with this section only if:
28	A. The investor-owned utility provides to the commission a
	copy of the law granting the rights, privileges or
30	immunities and a description of the proposed transfer; and
3.2	B. The commission makes a written finding that the law
	grants rights, privileges or immunities that are generation
34	assets required to be divested under this section or that
	are necessary to the ownership or operation of generation
36	assets required to be divested under this section.
38	Upon the issuance of a written finding by the commission under
	paragraph B, an electric utility is authorized to transfer those
40	generation-asset-related rights, privileges and immunities
	identified in the written finding of the commission, provided
42	that the electric utility complies with all other applicable
	requirements of law, including section 1101. The commission may
44	issue a written finding under paragraph B in an order approving a
	divestiture of generation assets, pursuant to section 1101.
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	For purposes of this subsection, "generation-asset-related
48	rights, privileges or immunities" means rights, privileges or
	immunities that constitute generation assets or that are

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including water rights associated with hydro-electric

facilities. For purposes of this subsection, the term
"investor-owned electric utility" includes an affiliate of an

investor-owned electric utility to the extent that the affiliate
is transferring an asset that the affiliate is required to divest

pursuant to this section.

Nothing in this subsection may be interpreted to permit the transfer of any rights, privileges or immunities that by law are expressly nontransferable or that are transferable only on condition, unless the condition is met. Nothing in this subsection may be interpreted as extinguishing or affecting any lawful rights, privileges or immunities that any person or entity or the public may have in any property held or transferred by an electric utility. Nothing in this section authorizes the sale or transfer of any right of eminent domain. Any right of eminent domain held by an investor-owned electric utility in relation to generation-asset-related rights, privileges or immunities terminates upon the divestiture of the generation-asset-related rights, privileges or immunities.

Sec. 10. Application and interpretation. Whether an entity that owns, leases, controls, operates or manages electric plant, other than "excluded electric plant" as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 102, subsection 6-A, is an electric utility is determined by application of applicable provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A. The definition of "excluded electric plant" under Title 35-A, section 102, subsection 6-A may not be construed to affect the application of other provisions of Title 35-A in any way other than to create the specific exclusions provided for in subsection 6-A. Nothing in this Act may be construed to affect the meaning of the term "for public use" as used in Title 35-A."

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SUMMARY

38 This amendment replaces the bill.

This amendment creates a definition of "excluded electric plant." Under this amendment, ownership of excluded electric plant does not cause an entity to be considered an electric utility or to be subject to regulation as an electric utility under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A. Prior to March 1, 2000, "excluded electric plant" includes generators used to produce energy sold at wholesale, small power producers, cogenerators, electric generation enterprises and self generators. After February 29, 2000, "excluded electric plant" includes all generation assets, other than assets held by an electric utility.

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Under this amendment, the Legislature grants a limited 2 authorization to electric utilities to transfer certain rights, privileges or immunities that have been granted by law to the

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No authorization is given if there is an express provision in law denying authorization to transfer the rights, privileges or immunities.

electric utilities. The authorization is limited as follows.

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- If by law the rights, privileges or immunities may only be transferred upon condition, the condition must be met.
- The authorization includes only those rights, privileges and immunities that are generation assets or that are necessary to the ownership or operation of generation assets required by law to be divested.

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The authorization is granted only on the condition that the law granting the right, privilege or immunity is provided to the Public Utilities Commission and the commission makes a written finding that the law does in fact grant rights, privileges or immunities that are generation assets or that are necessary to the ownership or operation of generation assets required to be divested.

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The authorization does not exempt an electric utility from complying with other requirements of law, including obtaining Public Utilities Commission approval for the transfer of the assets.

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The authorization does not extinguish or affect any lawful rights, privileges or immunities that any person, entity or the public may have in any property held or transferred by an electric utility.

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The authorization does not permit the sale or transfer of any right of eminent domain and any right of eminent domain held by an electric utility terminates upon the divestiture of assets to which the right relates.

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