



# **118th MAINE LEGISLATURE**

# **FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-1997**

Legislative Document

No. 1897

H.P. 1350

House of Representatives, May 30, 1997

An Act Concerning Tax Relief.

(EMERGENCY)

Reported by Representative TRIPP for the Joint Standing Committee on Taxation pursuant to Joint Order, H.P. 1324.

JOSEPH W. MAYO, Clerk

**Emergency preamble. Whereas,** Acts of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, changes affecting the Maine Residents Property Tax Program need to go into effect prior to 90 days after adjournment; and

Whereas, changes to certain sales tax and income tax 10 provisions need to be implemented with specific effective dates, some of which occur prior to 90 days after adjournment; and

Whereas, there is a need to continue the study of tax relief 14 and tax reform measures beginning as soon as possible after adjournment; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

# PART A

Sec. A-1. 36 MRSA §6201, sub-§12, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 516, §§3 and 6, is amended to read:

30 12. Year for which relief is requested. "Year for which relief is requested" means the calendar year preceding that in
 32 which the claim is filed. For a claim filed in January of any year, "year for which relief is requested" means the calendar
 34 year 2 years preceding that in which the claim is filed.

Sec. A-2. 36 MRSA §6204, as amended by PL 1989, c. 534, Pt. A, §5, is further amended to read:

# §6204. Filing date

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No <u>A</u> claim may not be paid unless the claim is filed with
 42 the Bureau of Taxation on or after August <u>October</u> 1st and on or before the following December <u>January</u> 31st.

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Sec. A-3. 36 MRSA §6207, as amended by PL 1995, c. 639, §32, 46 is further amended to read:

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§6207. Income limitations for nonelderly households

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A claimant representing a nonelderly household shall-qualify <u>qualifies</u> for the following benefits subject to the following income limitations.

Benefit calculation. For claimants representing a
 nonelderly household, the benefit is calculated as follows:

8 A-1. Fifty percent of that portion of the benefit base that exceeds 5-0% 4% but does not exceed 10-0% 8% of income plus 100% of that portion of the benefit base that exceeds 10% 8% of income to a maximum payment of \$700 \$1,000.

Income eligibility. Single-member households with
 household incomes in excess of \$25,700 and households
 with 2 or more members with a household income in excess of
 \$35,900 \$40,000 are not eligible for a benefit.

18 **3. Subsidized housing.** A claim may not be granted under this section to claimants:

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A. Whose housing costs for the year for which relief is requested were subsidized by government programs that limit housing costs to a percentage of household income**p**-and.

B.---Who--are--receiving-Aid--to--Families--with--Dependent Children--and--are--eligible--for--the-housing-special--needs payment-pursuant-to-Title-227-section-3760-D.

4. Minimum benefit. No <u>A</u> claim of less than \$10 may <u>not</u> be
 30 granted.

Sec. A-4. 36 MRSA §6210, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 516,  $\S$  and 6, is amended by adding at the end a new paragraph to read:

The State Tax Assessor shall include a checkoff to request an application for the Maine Residents Property Tax Program on the individual income tax form. The assessor shall also provide for the option of filing an application for the Maine Residents Property Tax Program using the telefile system established by the assessor.

42 Sec. A-5. Application date. That section of this Part that amends the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 6207 applies 44 to applications for relief filed on or after October 1, 1997.

46 Sec. A-6. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to carry out the purposes
 48 of this Part.

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2	ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF		
4	Maine Residents Property Tax Program		
8	All Other	\$5,153,253	\$5,835,620
10	Provides funds for additional	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
12	claims under the Maine Residents Property Tax Program.		
14	Bureau of Taxation		
16	All Other	\$108,105	\$8,527
18	Provides funds for computer		
20	programming, printing and mailing expenses resulting		
22	from changes to the Maine Residents Property Tax		
24	Program.		
26	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES		
28	TOTAL	\$5,261,358	\$5,844,147
30	PART B		
32	Sec. B-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§1-E i	s enacted to rea	ad:
34	1-E. Custom computer software	program_"Cus	tom computer
36	software program" means any computer prepared exclusively for a particular	software that i	<u>s written or</u>
38	software program" does not include program that is held or exists for a	a "canned" o	<u>r prewritten</u>
40	lease or license, even if the program a custom basis or for in-house use	was initially	developed on
42	program that has been modified to me needs is a "custom computer software	et a particula	r customer's
44	the modification, and to the extent the modification is separately stated.	that the amount	
46	Sec. B-2. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§17,		PL 1989. c.
48	871, $\S7$ , is further amended to read:		

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17. Tangible personal property. "Tangible personal 2 property" means personal property which that may be seen, weighed, measured, felt, touched or in any other manner perceived by the senses, but does not include rights and credits, insurance 4 policies, bills of exchange, stocks and bonds and similar "Tangible personal 6 evidences of indebtedness or ownership. property" includes electricity. "Tangible personal property" includes any computer software that is not a custom computer 8 software program. 10 Sec. B-3. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§17-A, ¶F, as amended by PL 1993,

c. 701, §3, is repealed.

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Sec. B-4. 36 MRSA 5122, sub-1, G, as amended by PL 1995, c. 641, 1 and affected by 7, is further amended to read:

G. Pick-up contributions paid by the taxpayer's employer on the taxpayer's behalf to the Maine State Retirement System as defined in Title 5, section 17001, subsection 28-A; and

Sec. B-5. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§1, ¶H, as amended by PL 1995, c. 641, §2 and affected by §7, is further amended to read:

H. The absolute value of the amount of any net operating loss arising from tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1989, but before January 1, 1993, that arises from an S Corporation with total assets for the year of at least \$1,000,000 and that, pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section  $172_{\perp}$  is being carried back for federal income tax purposes to the taxable year by the taxpayer. and

Sec. B-6. 36 MRSA §5122, sub-§1, ¶J is enacted to read:

J. The amount claimed as a business expense that is included in the investment credit for the high-technology investment tax credit.

Sec. B-7. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§1, ¶H, as amended by PL 1995, c. 641, §4 and affected by §7, is further amended to read:

H. The absolute value of the amount of any net operating loss arising from tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1989 but before January 1, 1993 that, pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code, Section 172, is being carried back for federal income tax purposes to the taxable year by the taxpayer; and

Sec. B-8. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§1, ¶I, as amended by PL 1995, 50 c. 641, §5 and affected by §7, is further amended to read:

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I. Interest or dividends on obligations or securities of any state or of a political subdivision or authority, other than this State and its political subdivisions and authorities, and

Sec. B-9. 36 MRSA §5200-A, sub-§1, ¶K is enacted to read:

K. The amount claimed as a business expense that is included in the investment credit for the high-technology investment tax credit.

Sec. B-10. 36 MRSA §§5219-L and 5219-M are enacted to read:

# §5219-L. Super credit for substantially increased research and development

Super credit allowed for substantial expansions of 18 1. research and development. A taxpayer qualifying for a research expense tax credit under section 5219-K is allowed an additional 20 credit against the tax due equal to the excess, if any, of the 22 qualified research expenses for the taxable year over the super credit base amount. For purposes of this section, "super credit base amount" means the average amount spent on qualified research 24 expenses by the taxpayer in the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the effective date of this section, increased by 50%. 26 The super credit allowed under this subsection applies only to the expenditures for research conducted in this State. The term 28 "qualified research expenses" has the same meaning as under Section 41 of the Code, as amended and in effect on December 31, 30 1994.

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2. Amount of super credit allowed. The credit allowed under this section is limited to 50% of the taxpayer's tax due after the allowance of any other credits taken pursuant to this chapter.

38 3. Carry over to succeeding years. A taxpayer entitled to

 a credit under this section for any taxable year may carry over

 40 and apply to the tax due for any one or more of the next succeeding 5 taxable years the portion, as reduced from year to
 42 year, of any unused credit, but in no event may the credit applied in any single year exceed 50% of the taxpayer's tax due
 44 after the allowance of any other credits taken pursuant to this chapter.

4. Limitation. The credit provided by this section may not be used to reduce the taxpayer's tax liability under this Part to less than the amount of the taxpayer's tax due in the preceding

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taxable year after the allowance of any credits taken pursuant to this chapter.

5. Corporations filing combined returns. In the case of 4 corporations filing a combined return, a credit generated by an individual member corporation under the provisions of this 6 section must first be applied against the tax due attributable to 8 that company under this Part. A member corporation with an excess research and development credit may apply its excess 10 credit against the tax due of another group member to the extent that that other member corporation can use additional credits 12 under the limitations of subsection 4. Unused, unexpired credits generated by a member corporation may be carried over from year to year by the individual corporation that generated the credit, 14subject to the limitation in subsection 3.

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# §5219-M. High-technology investment tax credit

 Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

### A. "High-technology activity" means:

(1) The design, creation and production of computer software, computer equipment, supporting communications components and other accessories that are directly associated with computer software and computer equipment;

(2) The provision of Internet or electronic communications access services or support access to electronic media and data and associated communications support, or advanced telecommunications capability as that term is defined in the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, Section 706 (c) (1); and

38 (3) The provision of "telephone or telegraph service" using "telecommunications and telegraph equipment" as
40 those terms are defined in section 1752, subsections 18-A and 18-B, regardless of whether the service
42 provided would be taxable under section 1752, and as if the service provided originated and terminated within
44 this State.

# B. "Investment credit base of equipment" means the total original basis of the eligible equipment for federal income tax purposes of the taxpayer for equipment that was placed into service for the first time in the State by the taxpayer

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or other person during the tax year for which the credit is 2 claimed. 4 С. "Eligible equipment" means the following equipment placed into service in the State: 6 (1) All computer equipment, electronics components and accessories, communications equipment and computer 8 software; and 10 (2) All "telecommunications and telegraph equipment" necessary to the provision of the "telephone or 12 telegraph service" as those terms are defined in 14 section 1752, subsections 18-A and 18-B, regardless of whether the service provided would be taxable under section 1752 and as if the service provided originated 16 and terminated within this State. 18 2. Purchaser of eligible equipment; credit allowed. A taxpayer that purchases and uses eligible equipment or purchases 20 and leases eligible equipment to a person for use by that person 22 in the provision of high-technology activity may claim a credit in the amount of the investment credit base of the eligible 24 equipment, net of any lease payments received for the eligible equipment in the taxable year. 26 Lessor of eligible equipment; credit allowed. A 3. taxpayer that leases and uses eligible equipment or leases and 28 subleases eligible equipment to a person for use by that person 30 in the provision of high-technology activity may claim a credit in the amount of the lease payments made on the eligible 32 equipment, net of sublease payments received in the taxable year. 34 4. Limitation. The credit provided by this section may not be used to reduce the taxpayer's tax liability under this Part to less than the amount of the taxpayer's tax due in the preceding 36 taxable year after the allowance of any credits taken pursuant to this chapter. The credit allowed under this section for any 38 taxable year may not reduce the tax due to less than zero. 40 5. Carry over to succeeding years. A taxpayer entitled to 42 a credit under this section for any taxable year may carry over and apply to the tax due for any one or more of the next 44 succeeding 5 taxable years the portion, as reduced from year to year, of any unused credits. 46 6. Corporations filing combined return. In the case of 48 corporations filing a combined return, a credit generated by an individual member corporation under the provisions of this 50 section must first be applied against the tax due attributable to

that company under this Part. A member corporation with an excess high-technology investment tax credit may apply its excess credit against the tax due of another group member to the extent that that other member corporation can use additional credits under th limitations of subsection 4. Unused, unexpired credits generated by a member corporation may be carried over from year to year by the individual corporation that generated the credit, subject to the limitation in subsection 5.

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enforce

Sec. B-11. 36 MRSA §6651, sub-§1, as amended by PL 1997, c. 24, Pt. C, §13 and affected by §17, is further amended to read:

1. Eligible property. "Eligible property" means qualified business property first placed in service in the State, or 14 constituting construction in progress commenced in the State, after April 1, 1995. "Eligible property" includes, without 16 replacement parts, limitation, repair parts, additions, 18 accessions and accessories to other qualified business property placed in service on or before April 1, 1995 if the part, 20 addition, accession or accessory is first placed in service, or constitutes construction in progress, in the State after April 1, 22 1995. "Eligible property" also includes inventory parts. "Eligible property" is subject to reimbursement pursuant to this chapter for up to 12 years, but the 12 years must be reduced by 24 one year for each year during which a taxpayer included the same 26 property in its investment credit base under section 5219-E or 5219-M and claimed the credit provided by-that in either section on its income tax return. 28

Sec. B-12. Allocation. 30 The following funds are allocated from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to carry out the purposes of this Part. 32

1997-98

1998-99

#### 36 ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF 38 **Bureau of Taxation** 40 Positions - Legislative Count (1.000)(1.000)Personal Services 42 \$15,903 \$32,904 All Other 26,600 6,500 44 Provides funds for one Agent 46 Revenue position, effective January 1, 1998, programming and 48 computer related administrative 50 expenses to administer and

the

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high-technology investment tax credit.

# 4 DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES 6 TOTAL

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\$42,503

\$39,404

8 Sec. B-13. Transfer of funds. The State Controller shall transfer from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to the 10 General Fund \$2,629,512 in fiscal year 1997-98 to offset the revenue loss associated with the credits and exemptions 12 established in this Part. An amount equal to \$2,195,280 may not lapse but must be carried forward to fiscal year 1998-99 to be 14 used for the same purpose.

# PART C

 18 Sec. C-1. Commission established. The Commission to Study the Restructuring of the State's Fiscal Policies to Promote the
 20 Development of High-technology Industry in Maine, referred to in this Part as the "commission," is established.

Sec. C-2. Issues. The commission shall study the fiscal, cultural and educational issues associated with the encouragement 24 development of high-technology industry in the State, and including specifically issues affecting providers of computer 26 software, equipment, computer electronic components and 28 accessories, communications equipment and communications services. The scope of the commission's study includes, but is 30 not limited to:

 An examination and report on the state fiscal policies, laws, regulations and financial incentives for the growth and development of high-technology industry in the State, relative to those of other states;

 An examination and study of the key fiscal, educational
 and cultural issues affecting the State's high-technology industry; and

 An examination and a report outlining specific
 legislative recommendations for restructuring the State's fiscal, educational and cultural policies and laws and rules to create
 comparative advantages designed to encourage the beneficial expansion of high-technology industry in the State.

Sec. C-3. Membership. The commission consists of 20 members 48 appointed as follows:

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Two members of the Senate, appointed jointly by the
 President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, one of whom must be a member of the majority party and one of whom must be a
 member of the minority party;

2. Two members of the House of Representatives, appointed jointly by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, one of whom must be a member of the majority party and one of whom must be a member of the minority party;

3. Thirteen members, 5 of whom must be appointed by the President of the Senate, 5 of whom must be appointed by the Speaker of the House and 3 of whom must be appointed by the Governor. Two of the appointments by the President and 2 of the appointments by the Speaker of the House must be made upon the recommendation of the minority floor leader of the respective chamber. These members must include:

Α. Three representatives with practical experience and knowledge of high-technology development, including one person whose background includes significant experience in computer equipment, electronic components and accessories; one person whose background includes significant experience with communication equipment; and one person whose background includes significant experience with computer software;

28 Β. Four representatives from the academic community, including one economist who has practical experience and 30 knowledge of the high-technology industry and its impact on economic development, one representative with knowledge of 32 communications electronic and computer software, one representative with knowledge of electrical engineering, and one representative of the Maine Technical College System; and 34

36 C. Six representatives of industries likely to be affected by high-technology development, including one person who 38 represents the health care industry, one person who represents major manufacturers, one person who represents 40 small businesses, one person who represents the banking and financial services industry, one person who represents the 42 tourism industry and one person who represents a nonprofit organization with an interest in encouraging international 44 trade by Maine concerns; and

46 4. The Director of the State Planning Office within the Executive Department, the Commissioner of Economic and Community
48 Development and the President of the Maine Science and Technology Foundation, who are ex officio members.

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Sec. C-4. Appointments. All appointments must be made no later than 30 days following the effective date of this Part. The appointing authorities shall notify the Executive Director of the Legislative Council upon making their appointments. When the appointment of members is complete, the Chair of the Legislative Council shall call and convene the first meeting of the commission no later than 2 months from the effective date of this Part.

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Sec. C-5. Staff assistance. The commission may request staffing assistance from the Legislative Council.

Sec. C-6. Reimbursement. The commission members who are Legislators are entitled to receive the legislative per diem, as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 3, section 2, for each day's attendance at the meetings of the commission and reimbursement for travel and other necessary expenses upon application to the Legislative Council. The Executive Director of the Legislative Council shall administer the commission's budget.

22 Sec. C-7. Chair. The commission shall, at its first meeting select a member to serve as chair. At the first meeting or a subsequent meeting, the commission may select a vice-chair from among its members and establish programmatic and structural committees.

Sec. C-8. Meetings. The commission may meet up to 6 times.

 30 Sec. C-9. Staffing. If funding permits, the commission may employ staff as needed and may contract for administrative,
 32 professional, legislative drafting and clerical services.

34 Sec. C-10. Funding. The commission may seek, accept and expend outside sources of funding to carry out the commission's
 36 activities. The Legislative Council shall administer any outside funds acquired for the purposes of this Part.

Sec. C-11. Report. The commission shall present its findings and any recommended legislation to the Second Regular Session of the 118th Legislature by January 1, 1998.

Sec. C-12. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to carry out the purposes of this Part.

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2	Commission to Study the Restructuring of the State's Fiscal Policies to Promote the Development of High-technology	
4	Industry in Maine	
6	Personal Services All Other	\$1, 7,
8	Provides funds for the per diem and expenses	
10	of legislative members and miscellaneous costs, including printing, of the Commission	
12	to Study the Restructuring of the State's Fiscal Policies to Promote the Development	
14	of High-technology Industry in Maine.	
16	LEGISLATURE TOTAL	\$9,
18	Sec. C-13. Allocation. The following funds are allo	cated f
20	Other Special Revenue funds to carry out the purpose Part.	
22		1007
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26	LEGISLATURE	
28	Commission to Study the Restructuring of the State's Fiscal Policies to Promote	
30	the Development of High-technology Industry in Maine	
3 <b>2</b>	All Other	\$25,
32 34	All Other Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff.	\$25,
	Provides an allocation to the commission for	<b>\$25</b> ,
34	Provides an allocation to the commission for	<b>\$2</b> 5,
34 36	Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff. PART D Sec. D-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§9-B, as amended by Pi	
34 36 38	Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff. PART D Sec. D-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§9-B, as amended by P1 501, Pt. V, §5, is further amended to read:	L 1989,
34 36 38 40	Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff. PART D Sec. D-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§9-B, as amended by P1 501, Pt. V, §5, is further amended to read: 9-B. Production. "Production" means an oper integrated series of operations engaged in as a bu	L 1989, ration usiness
34 36 38 40 42	Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff. PART D Sec. D-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§9-B, as amended by P1 501, Pt. V, §5, is further amended to read: 9-B. Production. "Production" means an open	L 1989, ration usiness s perso differ
34 36 38 40 42 44	Provides an allocation to the commission for contracted staff. PART D Sec. D-1. 36 MRSA §1752, sub-§9-B, as amended by PL 501, Pt. V, §5, is further amended to read: 9-B. Production. "Production" means an oper integrated series of operations engaged in as a bus segment of a business which that transforms or convert property by physical, chemical or other means into a	ration usiness s perso differ

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"Production" includes manufacturing, processing, assembling and fabricating operations which <u>that</u> meet the definitional requisites, including biological processes that are part of an <u>integrated process of manufacturing organisms or microorganic</u> materials through the application of biotechnology.

"Production" does not include biological processes except as otherwise provided by this subsection, wood harvesting operations, the severance of sand, gravel, oil, gas or other natural resources produced or severed from the soil or water, or activities such as cooking or preparing drinks, meals, food or food products by a retailer for retail sale. The foregoing are examples of activities that are not included within the term "production."

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Sec. D-2. 36 MRSA §1760, sub-§32, as amended by PL 1985, c. 276, §4, is further amended to read:

32. Machinery and equipment for research. Sales of 20 machinery and equipment for use by the purchaser directly and exclusively in research and development in the experimental and laboratory sense and sales of machinery, equipment, instruments 22 and supplies for use by the purchaser directly and primarily in 24 biotechnology applications, including the application of technologies such as recombinant DNA techniques, biochemistry, 26 molecular and cellular biology, immunology, genetics and genetic engineering, biological cell fusion techniques and new 28 bioprocesses using living organisms or parts of organisms to produce or modify products, improve plants or animals, develop microorganisms for specific uses, identify targets for 30 small-molecule pharmaceutical development, transform biological systems and useful processes and products or to develop 32 microorganisms for specific uses. The--research Equipment and supplies used for biotechnology include but are not limited to 34 microscopes, diagnostic testing materials, glasswares, chemical reagents, computer software and technical books and manuals. 36 "Research and development" includes testing and evaluation for the purposes of approval and compliance with regulatory standards 38 for biotechnological products or materials. "Research and development" shall-not-be-deemed-to does not include the ordinary 40 testing or inspecting of materials or products for quality 42 control, efficiency surveys, management studies, consumer surveys, advertising, promotions or research in connection with 44 literary, historical or similar projects.

46 Sec. D-3. Transfer of funds. The State Controller shall transfer from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to the General Fund \$118,720 in fiscal years 1997-98 to offset the revenue loss associated with the sales tax exemption established 50 in this Part. An amount equal to \$74,022 may not lapse but

must be carried forward to fiscal year 1998-99 to be used for the same purpose.

# PART E

# Sec. E-1. 36 MRSA §5219-N is enacted to read:

<u>§5219-N. Low-income tax credit</u>

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1. Generally. Except as otherwise provided by this section, an individual whose state taxable income is \$2,000 or less is allowed a credit equal to the amount of the tax otherwise imposed on that individual by this Part. In no case may the credit allowed by this section reduce an individual's state income tax liability to less than zero.

- 2. Exceptions. The following individuals are not eligible for the credit allowed by this section:
  - A. An individual who is claimed as a dependent on another individual's income tax return; and
  - B. An individual who is subject to the state minimum tax imposed by section 5203-A.

3. Returns not required. Notwithstanding section 5220 or 28 any other provision of law, an individual who is eligible for this credit is not required to file a state income tax return.

Sec. E-2. Application date. This Part applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1997.

Sec. E-3. Transfer of funds. The State Controller shall transfer from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to the General Fund \$2,382,939 in fiscal year 1997-98 to offset the revenue loss associated with the credit established in this
 Part. An amount equal to \$982,215 may not lapse but must be carried forward to fiscal year 1998-99 to be used for the same purpose.

# PART F

Sec. F-1. Study tax relief and tax reform. The Joint Standing Committee on Taxation shall study tax relief and tax reform. The study must include, but is not limited to, the following issues: broadening the sales tax base by eliminating current exemptions or exclusions. Specific focus must be made on the "rent-to-own" industry, income tax and revenue targeting.

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Staff assistance. The committee shall request staffing
 assistance from the Legislative Council.

4 2. Reimbursement. The committee members are entitled to receive the legislative per diem, as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 3, section 2, for each day's attendance at 6 meetings of the committee. All members of the committee are entitled to reimbursement for travel and other necessary expenses 8 upon application to the Legislative Council. The Executive 10 Director of the Legislative Council shall administer the committee budget.

3. Meetings. The committee may meet up to 4 times.

4. Report. The committee shall present its findings and
 16 any recommended legislation to the Second Regular Session of the
 118th Legislature.

Sec. F-2. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to carry out the purposes of this Part.

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# LEGISLATURE

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# Tax Committee Study

All Other

\$5,460

Provides funds for the per diem of legislative members, expenses and miscellaneous costs of the Joint Standing Committee on Taxation to study a number of remaining tax reform issues.

# PART G

40 Sec. G-1. Contingent effective date. This Act is effective only if the State Controller certifies that the transfer to the Tax
 42 Relief Fund for Maine Residents at the end of fiscal year 1996-97 is sufficient to make the allocations and transfers required by
 44 this Act. This Act is intended to meet the requirements of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 1518, subsection 2.
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**Emergency clause.** In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this Act takes effect when approved.

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#### 1998-99

# **6 APPROPRIATIONS/ALLOCATIONS**

Other Funds

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\$5,323,341 \$5,883,551

This bill is contingent upon \$16,538,063 being certified as existing in the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents in fiscal
 year 1997-98. The General Fund revenue effects and other General Fund costs are funded during the 1998-1999 biennium by
 expenditures and transfers from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents.

The bill provides Other Special Revenue allocations of \$5,261,358 and \$5,844,147 in fiscal years 1997-98 and 1998-99, respectively, for the additional costs due to changes in eligibility for the Maine Residents Property Tax Relief Program and for the related administrative costs.

The bill also provides Other Special Revenue allocations 24 from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents of \$39,480 for two legislative studies in fiscal year 1997-98.

The bill also transfers from Other Special Revenue to the General Fund \$1,899,654 and \$3,251 517 in fiscal years 1997-98 and 1998-99, respectively, to offset revenue losses from the creation of two new sales tax exemptions and two new income tax exemptions.

The bill also includes additional Other Special Revenue allocations from the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents to the 34 Bureau of Taxation totaling \$42,503 and \$39,404 in fiscal years 36 1997-98 and 1998-99, respectively, for a Revenue Agent position, effective January 1, 1998, computer programming and related to 38 administrative expenses administer and enforce the high-technology investment tax credit.

The sales tax exemptions and income tax credits and other statutory changes with General Fund costs included in this bill will result in a loss of General Fund revenue beginning in fiscal year 1999-2000 estimated to be approximately \$9,000,000 annually.

The sales tax exemptions and income tax credits will result in reductions of dedicated revenue to the Local Government Fund
for state-municipal revenue sharing. The estimated reductions of dedicated revenue are \$101,014 in fiscal year 1997-98 and
\$174,739 in fiscal year 1998-99.

# SUMMARY

Part A of this bill extends benefits to certain households through changes to eligibility requirements and the benefit cap for the Maine Residents Property Tax Program.

this bill Part B of encourages the development of high-technology industry through the repeal of the sales tax on 10 custom computer software, the expansion of the existing tax 12 credit for research and development and through the creation of a new section of the State's investment tax credit that will apply specifically to high-technology industry. 14

In Part B of the bill, a "super credit" is created to expand 16 the State's existing research and development tax credit for increase their 18 taxpayers who research and development expenditures within the State by 50% or more over their current The taxpayer is not allowed to use the credit to reduce 20 levels. tax liability from the prior year's level. This limitation is 22 designed to encourage expansion of investments that would otherwise not occur, while at the same time protecting the State's revenue base. 24

Part B also establishes a high-technology investment tax 26 credit that allows tax credit for investments in computers, computer software, electronic equipment and communications 28 equipment used in high-technology activities. These activities include the manufacture and production of computers, computer 30 software, electronic equipment and communications equipment, as well as the provision of media and high-technology communications 32 support services on the Internet. Equipment used by and telecommunications service providers is also eligible. 34 The high-technology investment tax credit is capped at the amount of the taxpayer's prior year tax liability, to ensure the protection 36 of the State's revenue base.

Part C of the bill establishes the Commission to Study the 40 Restructuring of the State's Fiscal Policies to Promote the Development of High-technology Industry in Maine.

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Part D of this bill provides for a sales tax exemption for 44 the development of new bioproducts by changing the definition of "production" and expanding the exemption for machinery and 46 equipment used for research.

48 Part E of the bill creates a low-income tax credit, which will effectively remove 150,000 low-income tax filers from the 50 requirement to file a state income tax return. Part F of this bill requires the Joint Standing Committee on Taxation to continue studying tax relief and tax reform measures
and report back to the Second Regular Session of the 118th Legislature.

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Part G makes this Act effective only if the State Controller certifies that there are sufficient funds available in the Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents.