MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

2	DATE: 5-27-97
4	<i>5111210 61 1</i>

(Filing No. H-701)

RANKING	AND	INSURANCE
DAMMING	AIND	INSUKANCE

8

6

Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.

12

14

10

STATE OF MAINE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 118TH LEGISLATURE FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

16 18

20

2.2

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "H" to H.P. 1306, L.D. 1849, Bill, "An Act to Clarify the Charitable Status of Nonprofit Hospital and Medical Service Organizations, to Permit Their Creation of Health Insurance Affiliates and Their Conversion to Stock Insurers and to Ensure Regulatory Equity"

24

26

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting in its place the following:

28

'Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §194-A is enacted to read:

30

§194-A. Nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations

3.2

1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

3.4

A. "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by or is under common control with the person specified.

40

42

38

B. "Charitable authority" means the Attorney General's authority over charities under section 194, under the Attorney General's corresponding common law authority and under the Maine Nonprofit Corporation Act, Title 13-B.

44

46

C. "Charitable trust" means the entity described in subsection 5, paragraph B, subparagraph (1).

48

50

D. "Contract holder" means the employer, labor union, association, trustee, creditor or other entity to which a group contract evidencing coverage is issued.

52

Page 1-LR2510(3)

	D: CONCLOT MECHIN CHE POSSESSION, GITCEE OF INGITEER, OF
2	the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
	and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of
4	voting securities, by contract other than a commercial
	contract for goods or nonmanagement services or otherwise
б	unless the power is solely the result of an official
	position with or a corporate office held by the person.
8	
	F. "Conversion" means the process by which a nonprofit
10	hospital and medical service organization, with the approval
	of the superintendent pursuant to Title 24, section 2301,
12	subsection 9-D, converts to a domestic stock insurer.
- 4	
14	G. "Fair market value" means the value of an organization
1.0	or an affiliate or of the assets of such an entity
16	determined, consistent with Title 24, section 2301,
1.0	subsection 9-D, as if the entity had voting stock
18	outstanding and 100% of its stock were freely transferrable
20	and available for purchase without restrictions. In
20	determining fair market value, consideration must be given
22	to value as a going concern, market value, investment or
22	earnings value, net asset value and a control premium, if any. If a charitable trust receives, at the time of
24	
24	conversion, 100% of the shares of the then-outstanding stock
26 .	of the converted domestic stock insurer, the charitable trust is regarded as having acquired the fair market value
20 .	of the organization unless the superintendent finds that
28	such outstanding stock does not represent the fair market
20	value of the organization.
30	value of the organization.
	H. "Health insurance affiliate" means any domestic
32	for-profit stock insurer required to be authorized under
3 2	Title 24-A, section 404 to provide health insurance or any
34	domestic for-profit health maintenance organization required
J 1	to be licensed under Title 24-A, chapter 56 that is formed,
36	acquired, invested in or otherwise established, whether
	directly or indirectly, by a nonprofit hospital and medical
38 .	service organization.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
40	I. "Materially changes its form" or "material change in
	form" means any transaction that the superintendent or
42	Attorney General determines has transferred control of the
	organization to a noncharitable organization, substantially
44	changed the organization's legal or regulatory status or
	substantially changed the organization's purposes,
46	including, but not limited to, conversion, dissolution,
	merger, division, consolidation, amalgamation, disposition
48	of substantially all of an organization's business, line of
	business or assets, lease, exchange, restructuring or bulk
50	reinsurance transfer.

Page 2-LR2510(3)

2	J. "Member" means a member of the nonprofit hospital and
	medical service organization entitled to vote under the
4	articles or bylaws of the organization.
6	K. "Nonprofit hospital and medical service organization" or
	"organization" means a corporation or other entity
8	authorized by the superintendent or organized pursuant to
	Title 24 for the purpose of providing nonprofit hospital
10	service plans within the meaning of Title 24, section 2301,
	subsection 1 and nonprofit medical service plans within the
12	meaning of Title 24, section 2301, subsection 2. It does
	not include any organization that provides only nonprofit
14	health care plans within the meaning of Title 24, section
	2301, subsection 3 or a health insurance affiliate as
16	defined in Title 24, section 2308-A. Nothing in this
	section may be construed to change, limit or affect the
18	charitable status or obligations of nonprofit health care
	service plans organized under Title 24, section 2301,
20	subsection 3.
22	L. "Subscriber" means an individual who has subscribed to
	one or more of the hospital, medical or health care service
24	plans or contracts offered by the organization or health
	insurance affiliate as defined in Title 24, section 2308-A
26	through an individual or family policy or group policy.
28	M. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of Insurance.
2.0	
30	2. Charitable status of organization. Any nonprofit
2.2	hospital and medical service organization is a charitable and
32	benevolent institution and a public charity and its assets are
2.4	held for the purpose of fulfilling the charitable purposes of
3.4	the organization. The charitable purposes include, but are not
2.6	limited to, the following: providing access to medical care
36	through affordable health insurance and affordable managed care
	products for persons of all incomes; identifying and addressing
38	the State's unmet health care needs, particularly with regard to
	medically uninsured and underserved populations; making services
4.0.	and care available through participating providers; and improving
	the quality of care for medically uninsured and underserved
42	populations. The following ownership interests apply in any
	proceeding in court or before the superintendent in which the
44	ownership of the organization is at issue or is relevant.

Page 3-LR2510(3)

46

48

50

If the organization materially changes its form on or

before December 31, 2000, then 100% of the fair market value of the organization as of the date of the material change in

form is owned by the charitable trust upon the approval or approval with modifications of the charitable trust plan or

	MOGILION CIMIC CIMES PROM SJ CHO COMIS PROMISS SS
2	subsection 5 or 6 and must be dedicated to the fulfillment
4	of the charitable trust.
4	B. If the organization materially changes its form after
6	December 31, 2000 and on or before December 31, 2005, then
_	95% of the fair market value of the organization as of the
8	date of the material change in form is owned by the
	charitable trust upon the approval or approval with
10	modifications of the charitable trust plan or modified
	charitable trust plan by the court pursuant to subsection 5
12	or 6 and must be dedicated to the fulfillment of the
	charitable trust; and the remaining 5% is owned by
14	subscribers in aggregate. For purposes of this paragraph,
	subscribers include only those persons who were subscribers
16	on any date in the 3-year period immediately prior to the
	material change in form, if in each case the person was a
18	subscriber for period of no less than 3 consecutive months.
20	C. If the organization materially changes its form after
	December 31, 2005, then 90% of the fair market value of the
2.2	organization as of the date of the material change in form
	is owned by the charitable trust upon the approval or
24	approval with modifications of the charitable trust plan or
	modified charitable trust plan by the court pursuant to
26	subsection 5 or 6 and must be dedicated to the fulfillment
	of the charitable trust; and the remaining 10% is owned by
28	subscribers in aggregate. For purposes of this paragraph,
	subscribers include only those persons who were subscribers
30	on any date in the 3-year period immediately prior to the
	material change in form, if in each case the person was a
3.2	subscriber for period of no less than 3 consecutive months.
34	3. Determination of ownership interest and charitable
	purposes by the Superior Court. A nonprofit hospital and medical
36	service organization shall file a statement of ownership
	interests and charitable purposes with the Attorney General by
3.8	December 31, 1997.
40	A. The statement of ownership interests and charitable
	purposes must contain the following:
42	
	(1) A proposed notice, including, but not limited to,
44	notice by publication in newspapers of general
	circulation in the State, and notice by 'letter sent
46	through regular mail to the members and contract holders, containing, at a minimum:
4.8	norders, concarning, at a minimum;
- ≠ ∪	

Page 4-LR2510(3)

50

description of the ownership interests in

the organization as set forth in subsection 2;

2		(b) A description of the organization's
		charitable purposes as set forth in subsection 2;
4		and
6		(c) A description of the process by which any
		person may file in Superior Court an objection to
8		the ownership interests and charitable purposes
		set forth in subsection 2 and a claim of ownership
10		interest in the organization; and
12		(2) A description of the process for providing the
		notice described in subparagraph (1) when required by
7 4		
14		the Superior Court under paragraph C.
16		B. Within 45 days after the organization has filed its
		statement of ownership interests and charitable purposes,
18		the Attorney General shall file in Superior Court for
		Kennebec County an action under its charitable authority
20		seeking approval or approval with modifications of the
20		statement or any amended statement filed by the organization
2.2		with the Attorney General's consent.
22		with the Attorney General's Consent.
24		C. The Superior Court shall approve or approve with
		modifications the notice provisions in the statement and
26		issue orders to accomplish that notice.
28		D. The organization shall pay the costs of providing the
		notice ordered by the Superior Court.
30		notice ordered by the oxperior courts
3.0		To American her some manage to the designation of
		E. Any objection by any person to the designation of
32		ownership interests or the description of charitable
		purposes and any claim of ownership interest in the
34		organization must be filed within 90 days after issuance of
		the notice ordered by the Superior Court.
36		
		F. The Superior Court shall hold a hearing on any
38		objections to the designation of ownership interests and
30		charitable purposes set forth in subsection 2 and any claim
4.0		
40	,	of ownership interest in the organization and shall approve
		the designation of ownership interests and charitable
42		purposes unless the court determines that the designation is
		unlawful.
44		
		G. The judgment of the Superior Court, after exhaustion of
46		all appeals, is final, binding and conclusive as to all
		matters expressly determined in the judgment of the Superior
48		The state of the s
+ 0		Court. Any claim of rights, title and interest in or to the
		nonprofit hospital and medical service organization is
50		barred except to the extent the claim is determined to be

Page 5-LR2510(3)

\$ 5°	
÷.	

<u>valid i</u>	n the	<u>judgn</u>	nent	of the	Su:	peri	or Co	urt aft	er exh	aus	<u>tior</u>
of all	appeal	s.	The	sole	rem	edy	of p	ersons	claimi	nq	any
right,						_	_			-	_
medical											
claim p											

б

8

10

12

14

16

18

4. Representation of charitable interests. Except as provided in this subsection, the Attorney General is the sole person authorized to represent the charitable interests of beneficiaries of the charitable obligations of a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization and any health insurance affiliate in any proceeding before any court or any administrative agency. The Attorney General may enforce the organization's charitable obligations in an action in Superior Court under the Attorney General's charitable authority. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit the superintendent's authority with respect to the interests of subscribers or the public in enforcing the provisions of Title 24 and Title 24-A.

20

A. The board of directors of a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization has the responsibility to fulfill the organization's charitable obligation, subject only to the Attorney General's authority to represent the charitable interests of beneficiaries of the organization's charitable obligation, any applicable law and the superintendent's authority to enforce Title 24 and Title 24-A.

28

30

32

34 .

24

26

B. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization shall reimburse the Attorney General and the superintendent for the costs of any experts or consultants retained by the Attorney General or the superintendent in connection with any matter before any court or any administrative agency relating to the organization's charitable value and charitable obligations.

36

3.8

40

5. Charitable trust plan required prior to conversion. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization shall submit a charitable trust plan to the Attorney General at the same time that it submits a conversion plan to the superintendent for approval of a conversion to a domestic stock insurer pursuant to Title 24, section 2301, subsection 9-D.

42

48

A. Within 60 days of the organization's submission of the charitable trust plan to the Attorney General, the Attorney General shall file an action under the Attorney General's charitable authority in Superior Court seeking approval, approval with modifications, or disapproval of the charitable trust plan or of any amended charitable trust

Page 6-LR2510(3)

2	plan submitted to the Attorney General by the organization with the consent of the Attorney General.
4	B. An organization may not convert to a domestic stock insurer under Title 24, section 2301, subsection 9-D until
6	the Superior Court has approved or approved with modifications the organization's charitable trust plan. The
8	court may not approve or approve with modifications the charitable trust plan unless it finds that the charitable
10	trust plan meets the following requirements.
12	(1) The plan must describe the charitable trust or trusts that will receive the ownership interest in the
14	organization following its conversion to a domestic stock insurer. For purposes of this section, a
16	<pre>charitable trust:</pre>
18	(a) Must be a new or existing trust or nonprofit corporation formed under the laws of this State,
20	but may not include the organization or any person controlled by the organization;
22	(b) Must be a charitable entity that qualifies
24	for federal income tax exemption under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
26	<u>Section 501 (c)(3) or (c)(4);</u>
28	(c) May not be controlled by the converted domestic stock insurer;
30	(d) May not have more than one of its directors
32	serve as a director of the domestic stock insurer;
34	(e) May not have as a director any person who has been a director or officer of the
36	organization, the domestic stock insurer or any affiliate of either during the 3-year period
3 8	preceding the date of appointment as a director of the charitable trust; and
40	(f) Must have a board of directors representing
42	the people of the State including, but not limited to, persons representing the interests of the
44	medically uninsured and underserved populations.
46	(2) The charitable mission of the charitable trust must include, but is not limited to, serving the
48	State's unmet health care needs, particularly with

Page 7-LR2510(3)

	populations and providing access to care and improving
2	quality of care for those populations.
4	(3) The charitable trust plan must provide for the
	fair and equitable use by the charitable trust of its
6	ownership interest in the organization to fulfill the
	charitable mission of the charitable trust.
8	
	(4) The charitable trust plan must require the
10	charitable trust to report annually to the Attorney
	General as to its charitable activities and grant
12	making relating to the use of its ownership interest in
	the organization and to make that annual report
14	available to the public at both the Department of the
	Attorney General and the office of the charitable trust.
16	
	(5) The charitable trust plan must require the
18	charitable trust, at all times when the charitable
	trust owns stock in any converted stock insurer and for
20	5 calendar years after any such ownership, to provide
	audited financial statements on a calendar-year basis
22	and other reports, as may be required, to the
	superintendent and the Attorney General at the time and
24	in the manner as either the Attorney General or the
	superintendent prescribes.
26	
	(6) The charitable trust plan must state the ownership
28	interests of the charitable trust approved by the
	Superior Court in the proceeding set forth in
30	subsection 3.
3 2	(7) The charitable trust must have in place procedures
	and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest,
34	including those associated with grant-making activities
2.6	that may benefit the converted stock insurer, its
3.6	affiliates, any person who owns or controls any
2.0	ownership interest in either the converted stock
3.8	insurer or its affiliates and any directors or officers
4.0	of the converted stock insurer or its affiliates.
40	C. The superintendent has the right to intervene in the
42	Superior Court proceeding.
42	Superior court proceeding.
44	D. In approving, disapproving or approving with
	modification the charitable trust plan, the Superior Court
46	may not review or decide the methodologies for determining
. =	the fair market value of the organization, the methodology
48	for allocating and transferring to the owners the ownership
	interest identified in the statement of ownership interests

Page 8-LR2510(3)

and charitable purposes approved by the Superior Court or

4

6

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

28

3.0

3.2

3.4

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

the fair market value of the organization. This paragraph does not in any way limit the appeal rights of any person under the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80(c) or under the Maine Administrative Procedure Act from the superintendent's final agency action on these matters pursuant to Title 24, section 2301, subsection 9-D.

6. Modified charitable trust plan required for a material change in form. An organization shall notify the Attorney General and the superintendent of the organization's intent to engage in any transaction described in subsection 1, paragraph I at least 60 days prior to engaging in that transaction. Upon the superintendent's or the Attorney General's determination that a transaction described in subsection 1, paragraph I is a material change in form, notice must be given to the organization and the Attorney General or superintendent, as applicable. Within 90 days after the superintendent or the Attorney General issues a notice of the determination that a transaction described in subsection 1, paragraph I is a material change in form, other than through conversion to a domestic stock insurer pursuant to Title 24, section 2301, subsection 9-D, the Attorney General shall file an action in Superior Court under the Attorney General's charitable authority requesting the court to order the organization to submit to the superintendent, the court and the Attorney General a modified charitable trust plan containing the provisions set forth in subsection 5, paragraph I as the court determines are reasonable under the circumstances, together with any additional provisions as the court determines are reasonably required to coordinate the modified charitable trust plan with any proceeding instituted or to be instituted by the superintendent in connection with the material change in form. The Superior Court, after hearing, shall approve, approve with modifications or disapprove the modified charitable trust plan. The superintendent has the right to intervene in the Superior Court proceeding. In the event that either the superintendent or the court determines that a valuation of the organization is necessary, the superintendent shall conduct the valuation consistent with Title 24, section 2301, subsection 9-D. The superintendent may hold proceedings as the superintendent determines necessary to review an organization's proposal to materially change its form. If the modified charitable trust plan includes the creation of a charitable trust or nonprofit corporation, the charitable trust or nonprofit corporation may not include the organization or any person controlled by the organization.

7. Affiliates providing health insurance. This subsection governs health insurance affiliates.

Page 9-LR2510(3)

•	A. A nonprofit nospital and medical service organization
2	shall notify the Attorney General at least 60 days prior to
	directly or indirectly forming, acquiring, investing in or
4	otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate.
6	B. Each health insurance affiliate shall expressly have
	corporate purposes that are consistent with or are in
8	furtherance of the charitable and benevolent purposes of its
	nonprofit and charitable owners.
10	
	(1) Subject to subparagraph (2), the health insurance
12	affiliate may further its purposes as described in this
	paragraph by:
14	The state of t
	(a) The provision of direct services that are
16	consistent with or further the charitable and
10	benevolent purposes of its nonprofit and
18	charitable owners; or
10	Charicable Owners, Or
20	(b) The payment of distributions or dividends to
- ,-	any nonprofit and charitable owner.
22	<u> </u>
	(2) The payment by the health insurance affiliate of
24	distributions or dividends to any owner does not
- 1	fulfill a health insurance affiliate's purposes as
2.6	described in this paragraph if the payment of such
2.0	distributions or dividends unreasonably interferes with
28	the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its
20	purposes as described in this paragraph through the
30	provision of direct services as described in
30	
32	subparagraph (1), division (a). Payment of dividends
32	and distributions may be made to a for-profit owner
34	consistent with this subparagraph but may not be considered to fulfill the health insurance affiliate's
34	
3.6	purposes as described in this paragraph.
3.6	(2) TE the members beauties and medical describes
าต์	(3) If the nonprofit hospital and medical service organization holding an ownership interest in a health
38	
4.0	insurance affiliate materially changes its form and the
40	Superior Court has approved or approved with
4.3	modifications a charitable trust plan or modified
42	charitable trust plan, the purposes as described in
4.4	this paragraph of the health insurance affiliate
44	terminate unless the Superior Court determines
1.0	otherwise.
46	
	C. Any charitable entity that owns or controls an ownership
48	interest in a health insurance affiliate must be treated as
	having acquired that ownership interest in furtherance of

Page 10-LR2510(3)

	·
2	D. The Attorney General may enforce the purposes as
	described in paragraph B of a health insurance affiliate
4	under this subsection under the Attorney General's
	charitable authority to the same extent as if the health
6	insurance affiliate were a nonprofit and charitable
	organization.
8	
	E. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization
10	shall file with the Attorney General and the superintendent
	a charitable activities plan at least 60 days prior to the
12	organization's sale of any ownership interest in a health
	insurance affiliate or the sale or other disposition of
14	substantially all the assets of the health insurance
	affiliate.
16	<u> </u>
10	(1) The charitable activities plan must set forth the
18	charitable activities that the nonprofit hospital and
10	
20	medical service organization intends to pursue with the
20	revenues or proceeds received from the sale of any
2.2	ownership interest in a health insurance affiliate or
22	the sale or other disposition of substantially all the
~ .	assets of the health insurance affiliate.
24	
	(2) If the Attorney General concludes that the
2 6	charitable activities plan does not fairly and
	equitably fulfill the nonprofit hospital and medical
28	service organization's charitable purposes, the
4	Attorney General shall bring an action in Superior
30	Court under the Attorney General's charitable authority
	to challenge the charitable activities plan. The
32	Attorney General shall provide to the superintendent
	prior written notice of any such action. The
34	superintendent has the right to intervene in such
	action. If the Superior Court determines that the
36	organization's charitable activities plan does not
	fairly and equitably fulfill the organization's
38	purposes as described in paragraph B, the court shall
	issue orders necessary to remedy the inadequacies in
40	the charitable activities plan.
	<u> </u>
42	(3) If a nonprofit hospital and medical service
	organization sells its ownership interest in a health
44	insurance affiliate and the charitable activities plan
* T	filed with the Attorney General in connection with the
46	
1 0	sale has been approved by the Attorney General or the
10	Superior Court, then the purposes described in
71 M	DEVERYED H OF E DOSIED INGUINANCE SEET LIGHT LANGUALLA

Page 11-LR2510(3)

50

₩.	ŧ	E D.
----	---	-------------

F. Each health insurance affiliate shall file an ann	ua
report with the Attorney General at the time and in	the
manner as the Attorney General shall establish describ	oinc
the efforts that the affiliate has undertaken to fulfill	
purposes as described in paragraph B, including, but	
limited to, all direct services as described in paragraph	
subparagraph (1), division (a) and grant making.	

G. The sale by an organization of its ownership interest in a health insurance affiliate for fair market value, as determined by the superintendent, does not constitute a diversion of charitable assets.

8. Annual report. The organization shall file an annual report with the Attorney General and the superintendent at the time and in the manner as the Attorney General establishes describing the efforts that the organization has undertaken to fulfill its charitable and benevolent purposes.

Sec. 2. 24 MRSA §2301, sub-§3-C is enacted to read:

populations.

3-C. Nonprofit purposes. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization that is authorized to provide nonprofit hospital service plans under subsection 1 and nonprofit medical service plans pursuant to subsection 2 is a charitable and benevolent institution, in accordance with Title 5, section 194-A, and a public charity and its assets are held for the purpose of fulfilling the charitable purposes of the organization, which purposes include, but are not limited to, the following: providing access to medical care through affordable health insurance and affordable managed care products for persons of all incomes; identifying and addressing the State's unmethealth care needs, particularly with respect to medically uninsured and underserved populations; making services and care available through participating providers; and improving the quality of care for medically uninsured and underserved

Sec. 3. 24 MRSA §2301, sub-§9-B, ¶A, as enacted by PL 1993, c. 702, Pt. A, §1, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

A. An organization that provides only nonprofit health care plans within the meaning of subsection 3 may become a mutual insurer under a plan and procedure approved by the superintendent after a hearing. An organization defined in subsection 9-D, paragraph B, subparagraph (8) may not convert to a mutual insurer.

4.8

Page 12-LR2510(3)

Sec. 4. 24 MRSA §2301, sub-§9-D is enacted to read:

2	
	9-D. Conversion to a domestic stock insurer. Conversion of
4	a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization as defined
	in paragraph B, subparagraph (8) to a domestic stock insurer is
б	governed by this subsection.
8	A. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization or
	other entity authorized by the superintendent or organized
10	pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of providing
	nonprofit hospital service plans within the meaning of
12	subsection 1 and nonprofit medical service plans within the
	meaning of subsection 2 may convert to a domestic stock
14	insurer subject to the provisions of this subsection.
16	B. As used in this subsection, unless the context otherwise
	indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
18	
	(1) "Charitable trust" has the meaning set forth in
20	Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 1, paragraph C.
22	(2) "Charitable trust plan" means the plan submitted
	to the Attorney General pursuant to Title 5, section
24	194-A, subsection 5.
	•
26	(3) "Conversion" means the process by which an
	organization, with the approval of the superintendent,
28	converts to a domestic stock insurer pursuant to this
	subsection.
30	
	(4) "Conversion plan" means a written plan that sets
32	forth the provisions required by the superintendent,
	that is filed with the superintendent pursuant to this
34 .	
	the proposed conversion and that contains sufficient
36	detail to permit the superintendent to make the
	findings required under this subsection.
38	
	(5) "Converted stock insurer" means the domestic stock
40	insurer resulting from a conversion pursuant to this
	subsection.
4.2	
	(6) "Fair market value" means the value of an
44	organization or an affiliate or the value of the assets
	of such an entity determined as if the entity had
46	voting stock outstanding and 100% of its stock were
	freely transferrable and available for purchase without
4.8	restrictions. In determining fair market value,
10	TARATA MATERIAL ACTION

Page 13-LR2510(3)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT "to H.P. 1306, L.D. 1849

		concern, market value, investment or earnings value,
2		net asset value and a control premium, if any.
.4		(7) "Member" means a member of the organization
		entitled to vote under the articles or bylaws of the
6		organization.
8		(8) "Nonprofit hospital and medical service
		organization" or "organization" means a corporation or
10		other entity authorized by the superintendent or
		organized pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of
12		providing nonprofit hospital service plans within the
		meaning of subsection 1 and nonprofit medical service
14	(plans within the meaning of subsection 2. It does not
		include any organization that provides only nonprofit
16		health care plans within the meaning of subsection 3 or
		a health insurance affiliate defined in section
18		2308-A. Nothing in this section may be construed to
		change, limit or affect the charitable status or
20		obligations of nonprofit health care plans organized
		under subsection 3.
22		
		(9) "Statement of ownership interests and charitable
24		purposes" means the statement filed with the Superior
		Court pursuant to Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 3.
26		
		(10) "Subscriber" means an individual who has
28		subscribed to one or more of the hospital, medical or
		health care service plans or contracts offered or
30		issued by the organization or health insurance
2.2		affiliate as defined in section 2308-A through an individual or family policy or group policy.
32		individual of family policy of group policy.
34		C. A nonprofit hospital and medical service organization
24		may, without the need for reincorporation, amend its charter
36		pursuant to this subsection to become a domestic stock
30		insurer under and pursuant to the terms and conditions of a
38		conversion plan that complies with this subsection and is
50		approved by the superintendent after an adjudicatory hearing
40		on the proposed conversion. Notice of the hearing must be
- 0		given to the public and the organization's directors or
42		trustees, officers, employees, members and subscribers, all
		of whom have the right to appear and be heard at the
44		hearing. Beginning on the date on which a conversion plan
		is filed with the superintendent for approval, the
46		conversion plan must be available for public inspection and
		copying at the office of the superintendent, at the
48		principal executive office of the organization that filed
		the conversion plan and at other locations the
50		superintendent designates.

Page 14-LR2510(3)

R 6 8.

2	D. Concurrent with the filing of the conversion plan with the superintendent, the organization shall file a charitable
4	trust plan with the Attorney General pursuant to Title 5, section 194-A and submit a copy to the superintendent. The
6	organization shall file a copy of the conversion plan with
8	the Attorney General at the time the organization files the conversion plan with the superintendent. The superintendent
10	shall commence review of the conversion plan pursuant to this subsection upon receipt by the superintendent of the
12	Superior Court's approval or approval with modifications of the charitable trust plan or at such earlier time as the
14	superintendent determines necessary.
16	E. The superintendent may not issue final approval of a conversion plan unless the superintendent finds that:
18	(1) The terms and conditions of the conversion plan are fair and equitable and, in determining
20	what is fair and equitable, consideration may be
22	given to, but is not limited to, the factors set forth in paragraph L;
24	(2) The conversion plan is subject to approval by the vote of not less than 2/3 of the
26	organization's board of directors;
2.8	(3) The conversion plan provides for the issuance of capital stock or assets of the converted stock
30	insurer or a combination of stock and assets, without consideration, to the charitable trust
3.2	equal to the charitable interest set forth in the organization's statement of ownership interests
34	and charitable purposes, exclusive of any shares
36	issued pursuant to paragraph G; (4) The conversion plan provides for the issuance
38	of capital stock or assets of the converted stock insurer or a combination of stock and assets,
40	without consideration, to persons who were
4 2	subscribers of the organization on the date the conversion plan was filed with the superintendent
44	or on any date in the 3-year period immediately prior to the date the conversion plan was filed,
46	if in each case the person was a subscriber for a period of no less than 3 consecutive months, under
4.8	a fair and reasonable formula consistent with and in the aggregate equal to the aggregate of the

Page 15-LR2510(3)

	OI OWNER BILL THE CITCLE AND CHAILEOUS	C Parposco,
2	exclusive of any shares issued p	ursuant to
	paragraph G:	
4		
	(5) Immediately after, and giving ef	fect to the
6	terms of, the conversion, the conve	erted stock
	insurer would be in safe and sound	d financial
8	condition and would have paid-in capita	al stock and
	surplus in amounts not less than	
10	paid-in capital stock and surplus set	forth under
	Title 24-A, section 410 required of	
12	stock insurer authorized to transact li	
	insurance;	
14	===	
17	(6) The organization's management	has not
16	through reduction in volume of ne	
10	written or cancellation or through	
18	means, sought to reduce, limit, or	
2.0	number or identity of the ord	
20	subscribers to be entitled to partici	
	conversion plan or to secure for the	
22	comprising management any unfair advant	:age through
_	the conversion plan;	
24		
	(7) The conversion plan provides that	
26	first 3 years after the conversion	
	dilution of the value of the shares is	
28	conversion, the converted stock insur	er and its
•	affiliates may not issue shares	greater in
30	seniority, including voting rights or	<u>dividends,</u>
	than the shares issued under the conve	ersion plan.
32	The superintendent may waive the	provisions
	contained in this subparagraph	
34	superintendent, in the superintend	
	discretion, determines that the chari	
36 -	has control, as defined in Title 24	
	222, of the converted stock insurer;	
38		
Ç	(8) The conversion plan is consisten	nt with the
40	charitable trust plan and does not	
¥ O	affect the distribution of the ore	
42	value to the charitable trust; and	Janizacion S
4.2	value to the challcable trust; and	
4.4	(0) The conversion plan complied	
44	(9) The conversion plan complies	MICH GII
1.6	applicable law.	
4.6	m mb	
4.0	F. The conversion plan must include the propos	
4.8	of incorporation and bylaws of the converted st	
	and all references in this subsection to the con-	version plan
50	are deemed to include such instruments.	

Page 16-LR2510(3)

	G. Paragraph E, subparagraphs (3) and (4) do not prohibit
2	the inclusion in the conversion plan of provisions under
	which the converted stock insurer would make a simultaneous
4	offering of shares of its capital stock for cash to either
	or both of its directors, officers and employees as a group
6	or the public, in each case under terms and conditions and
	pursuant to valuation procedures the superintendent
8	approves. In no event may an excess of 3% of the aggregate
	shares of capital stock to be issued by the converted stock
10	insurer pursuant to the conversion plan be offered for
	purchase by the directors, officers and employees, in the
12	aggregate, of the organization and the shares must be
	offered only on terms generally available to the public.
14	All shares offered pursuant to any provisions of the
	conversion plan permitted by this paragraph must be priced
16	in a manner consistent with the fair market value of the
	aggregate equity of the converted stock insurer to be
18	outstanding following the completion of the conversion plan,
	established pursuant to paragraph I.
20	n Mierona de la Companya de la Comp La Maria
	H. The conversion plan sets forth a comparative premium
22	rate analysis of all the organization's plans and product
	offerings, comparing actual premium rates for the 3-year
24	period before the filing of the conversion plan and
	projected premium rates for the 3-year period following the
2 6	proposed conversion. The rate analysis must address the
	projected impact, if any, of the proposed conversion upon
28	the cost to subscribers as well as the projected impact, if
	any, of the proposed conversion upon the organization's
30	underwriting profit, investment income, tax position and
•	loss and claim reserves, including the effect, if any, of
32	adverse market or risk selection on reserves.
34	I. The conversion plan must include an appraisal of the
	fair market value, or range of values, of the aggregate
36	equity of the converted stock insurer to be outstanding upon
	completion of the conversion plan and, if a range of values,
38	the methodology for fixing a final value coincident with the
	completion of the transactions provided for in the
40	conversion plan.
42	(1) The appraisal must enable determinations of value
	for purposes of:
44	
	(a) The amount of cash or other assets that
4 6	subscribers or the charitable trust will be
	entitled to receive, without consideration, under
4.8	the provisions of the conversion plan required by

Page 17-LR2510(3)

50

paragraph E, subparagraphs (3) and (4); and

2		to the optional provisions of a conversion plan
4		permitted by paragraph G.
		(2) The appraisal required by this paragraph must be
6		prepared by persons independent of the organization,
		experienced and expert in the area of corporate
8		appraisal and acceptable to the superintendent. The
-		appraisal must be in form and content acceptable to the
10		superintendent and contain a complete and detailed
		description of the elements that make up the appraisal,
12		justification for the methodology employed and
		sufficient support for the conclusions reached in the
14		appraisal.
16		(3) To the extent that the appraisal is based on a
0		capitalization of the pro forma income of the converted
18		stock insurer, the appraisal must indicate the basis
		for determination of the income to be derived from any
20		proceeds of the sale of stock and demonstrate the
		appropriateness of the earnings-multiple used,
22		including assumptions made regarding future earnings
		growth.
24		
		(4) To the extent that the appraisal is based on the
26		comparison of the capital stock of the converted stock
		insurer with outstanding capital stock of existing
28	•	stock entities offering comparable insurance products,
		the existing stock entities must be reasonably
30		comparable to the converting stock insurer in terms of
		such factors as size, market area, competitive
3 2		conditions, profit history and expected future earnings.
34		(5) In those instances when the superintendent
241	re Mulau ust 4 te	determines that the appraisal is materially deficient
36.		or substantially incomplete, the superintendent may
		deem the entire conversion plan materially deficient or
3 8		substantially incomplete and decline to further process
		or reject the application for conversion.
40		
		(6) The converting organization shall submit to the
42		superintendent information demonstrating to the
		satisfaction of the superintendent the independence and
44		expertise of any person preparing the appraisal or
		related materials under this paragraph.
4 6		
		(7) An appraiser may not serve as an underwriter or
48		selling agent under the same conversion plan and an
		affiliate of an appraiser may not act as an underwriter

Page 18-LR2510(3)

2		
	2	representations and warranties made to ensure that an appraiser is separate from the underwriter or selling
	-	agent affiliate and the underwriter or selling agent
	4	affiliate does not make recommendations or in any way
		have an impact on the appraisal.
	6	(8) An appraiser may not receive any other fee except
	8	the fee for services rendered in connection with the
		appraisal.
	10	
		J. A director, officer, agent or employee of the
		organization or any other person may not receive any fee,
		commission or other valuable consideration whatsoever other than that person's usual and regular salary and compensation
		for in any manner aiding, promoting or assisting in a
		conversion under this section or any related transaction,
		except as set forth in the conversion plan and approved by
	18	the superintendent. For the purposes of this paragraph,
		"usual and regular salary and compensation" does not include
		any salary, compensation or other economic benefit that is
		in any way contingent on completion of the conversion. This
		paragraph does not prohibit the payment of reasonable fees and compensation to attorneys-at-law, accountants and
		actuaries for services performed in the independent practice
		of their professions, even though also directors of the
	•	organization.
		K. For the purpose of determining whether a conversion plan
		meets the requirements of this subsection and any other relevant provisions of this Title and Title 24-A, the
		superintendent may employ staff personnel and outside
		consultants including, without limitation, financial
		advisors, investment bankers, actuaries, attorneys and
		accountants. All costs related to the review of a
		conversion plan, including those costs attributable to the
		use of staff personnel, must be borne by the organization
	38	making the filing.
		L. In making a determination under paragraph E,
		subparagraph (1) as to whether a conversion plan is fair and
		equitable, the superintendent shall consider, among other
	42	factors, the following:
	44	(1) Whether the conversion plan complies with the
		provisions of and purposes of this subsection and any
	46	rules of the superintendent that may be adopted under

Page 19-LR2510(3)

48

A .	_{ફે} છ	
	, C.,	
4	6	
1		

	(2) whether the conversion plan would adversely
2	affect, in any manner, the services to be rendered to
	subscribers.
4	
	M. The superintendent may aggregate any transactions that
6	are part of a plan or series of like transactions to
	determine whether those transactions constitute a conversion.
8	
	N. The superintendent, in the superintendent's sole
10	discretion, may determine when an application for conversion
	under this subsection is complete and may request additional
12	information from the organization as the superintendent
	determines necessary to review the application and
14	conversion plan. The superintendent may also conduct an
	examination under Title 24-A, section 221 to obtain any
16	information the superintendent determines necessary in
	connection with an application for conversion or transaction
18	or series of transactions that the superintendent determines
	constitute a conversion under paragraph M. The failure of
20	the organization to provide the information or cooperate in
	the examination, in addition to other applicable penalties,
22	constitutes grounds for denial of the application for
2.4	conversion.
24	
2.6	O. The Attorney General has the right to intervene as a
26	party in a proceeding before the superintendent and, if the
28	Attorney General intervenes, has the right to receive any
40	documents or other information received by the superintendent in connection with the proceeding. The
30	Attorney General is subject to all confidentiality
.50	provisions that apply to the superintendent.
3.2	provisions that apply to the superintendent.
J.4	P. The superintendent may adopt rules, not inconsistent
34	with the provisions of this subsection, the superintendent
34	determines necessary or desirable and appropriate to effect
36	the purposes of this subsection. Rules adopted under this
	subsection are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5,
38	chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
40	Sec. 5. 24 MRSA §2308-A is enacted to read:
42	§2308-A. Health insurance affiliates
44	1. Definitions. As used in this section, unless the
	context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the
46	following meanings.
48	A. "Foreign health service plan" means a nonprofit hospital
	and medical service organization or similar nonprofit entity

Page 20-LR2510(3)

organized under the laws of another state.

b .	
2	B. "Health insurance affiliate" means any domestic
	for-profit stock insurer required to be authorized under
4	Title 24-A, section 404 to provide health insurance or any
	domestic for-profit stock health maintenance organization
6	required to be licensed under Title 24-A, chapter 56 that is
	formed, acquired, invested in or otherwise established,
8	whether directly or indirectly, by a nonprofit hospital and
	medical service organization.
10	
	C. "Nonprofit hospital and medical service organization" or
12	"organization" means a corporation or other entity
3.4	authorized by the superintendent and organized pursuant to
14	this chapter for the purpose of providing nonprofit hospital
1.6	service plans within the meaning of section 2301, subsection
16	1 and nonprofit medical service plans within the meaning of section 2301, subsection 2. It does not include any
18	organization that provides only nonprofit health care plans
10	within the meaning of section 2301, subsection 3 or a health
20	
20	insurance affiliate.
22	D. "Ownership interest" means any equity interest in a
22	health insurance affiliate, including, without limitation,
24	capital stock, voting securities, securities convertible
	into voting securities, general partnership shares, limited
26	partnership shares, surplus notes or other interests
	possessing voting rights.
28	
	E. "Person" has the meaning set forth in Title 24-A,
30	section 222, subsection 2, paragraph E.
3 2	2. Authorization. A nonprofit hospital and medical service
	organization may not, directly or indirectly, form, acquire,
34	invest in or otherwise establish a health insurance affiliate
	unless:
36	
	A. The organization has substantial control over the health
3.8	insurance affiliate, which control for purposes of this
	section must be satisfied by:
40	
i	(1) Ownership of 50% or more of the outstanding
42	ownership interests of the health insurance affiliate;
44	(2) Ownership of or the power to vote, directly or
4.6	indirectly, 50% or more of the voting securities of the
46	health insurance affiliate;
4.0	(2). The level such with the transfer to the second to the
48	(3) The legal authority to prevent any change in the

Page 21-LR2510(3)

COMMITTEE	AMENDMENT	X	to	н.Р.	1306,	L.D.	1849

25	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 1306, L.D. 1849
* *	or governing documents of the health insurance
;2	affiliate without its consent;
4	(4) The legal authority to prevent any change in the
6	health insurance affiliate's legal status or trade names, the geographic area in which the health
.0	insurance affiliate operates or the fundamental type of
8	business in which the health insurance affiliate
	engages without its consent; and
10	
	(5) Fifty percent or more control of the management
12	policies or operations of the health insurance
	affiliate.
1.4	
3.6	An organization that does not meet the requirements of
16	subparagraphs (1), (2) and (5) is deemed to meet those requirements if the organization and one or more nonprofit
18	hospital and medical service organizations or foreign health
1.0	service plans, in the aggregate, meet the requirements of
20	subparagraphs (1), (2) and (5). At all times the
	organization's ownership interest in the health insurance
22	affiliate must exceed the aggregate ownership interests in
	the health insurance affiliate owned or controlled by any
24	persons permitted to hold ownership interests pursuant to
	paragraph B;
26	D. Tudiniduals on nonnuctit and nanchanitable antibics
28	B. Individuals or nonprofit and noncharitable entities owning or controlling ownership interests in the health
20	insurance affiliate are subject to the following limitations
30	so that only:
32	(1) Up to a maximum of 25% of the ownership interests
.:to	in the health insurance affiliate may be owned or
3.4	controlled by individual physicians licensed to
	practice in this State, as long as the remaining
3.6	ownership interests are owned or controlled by the
	organization under paragraph A, subparagraph (1), the
3.8	organization and one or more organizations or foreign
4.0	<pre>health service plans under paragraph A, subparagraph (2) or nonprofit charitable health care entities under</pre>
40	paragraph C; or
42	paragraph C, or
42	(2) Up to a maximum of 20% of the ownership interests
44	in the health insurance affiliate, in the aggregate,
	may be owned or controlled by nonprofit and
46	noncharitable entities formed by physicians licensed to
	practice in this State and hospitals licensed in this
48	State for the purpose of arranging for or delivering
	health care, or a combination of such an entity and
50	individual physicians licensed to practice in this

Page 22-LR2510(3)

	State as long as the remaining ownership interests are
2	owned or controlled by the organization under paragraph
	A, subparagraph (1), the organization and one or more
4	organizations or foreign health service plans under
	paragraph A, subparagraph (2) or nonprofit charitable
6	health care entities under paragraph C;
8	C. Any ownership interests not owned or controlled by the
	organization under paragraph A, subparagraph (1), the
10	organization and one or more organizations or foreign health
	service plans under paragraph A or persons described under
12	paragraph B are owned or controlled by nonprofit charitable
	entities that qualify for federal income tax exemption under
14	the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, Section
	501(c)(3) or $(c)(4)$, as amended;
16	
	D. The health insurance affiliate meets the following
18	requirements with respect to its officers, directors and
• •	employees:
20	
2.2	(1) No ownership interests of the health insurance
2.2	affiliate are owned or controlled by officers,
2.4	directors or employees of:
24	(a) The bealth ingurance offiliates
26	(a) The health insurance affiliate;
.20	(b) Any person owning or controlling ownership
28	interests in the health insurance affiliate; or
20	interests in the hearth insulance diffilater, or
3.0	(c) Any affiliate of a person described in this
•	subparagraph or subparagraph (2);
32	
	(2) Notwithstanding subparagraph (1), an individual
34	that owns or controls an ownership interest in a health
	insurance affiliate, including an individual serving as
36	an officer, director or employee of a person described
	in paragraph B that owns or controls an ownership
3.8	interest in a health insurance affiliate, serves as a
	director of the health insurance affiliate, subject to
40	the limitations set forth in subparagraph (4);
42	(3) Notwithstanding subparagraph (1), at any time, no
	more than one officer of the health insurance affiliate
44	is an individual that owns or controls an ownership
	interest in a health insurance affiliate, or an
46	individual serving as an officer, director or employee
	of a person described in paragraph B that owns or
48	controls an ownership interest in a health insurance

Page 23-LR2510(3)

50

COMMITTEE	AMENDMENT	//	to	н.Р.	1306,	L.D.	1849

each person described in paragraph E that owns of controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate does not exceed the total percentage ownership interests in the health insurance affiliate owned or controlled by persons described in paragraph E; and 10 (5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. 18 Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided mofficer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; 24 E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and 30 F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-Apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		(4) The total percentage of directors of a health
controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate does not exceed the total percentage ownership interests in the health insurance affiliate owned or controlled by persons described in paragraph B: and (5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts or procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts or subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided my officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization and the health insurance affiliate, the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate is single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	2	insurance affiliate who represent or are appointed by
affiliate does not exceed the total percentage ownership interests in the health insurance affiliate owned or controlled by persons described in paragraph B; and (5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking hoards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided in officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate, and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization and the health insurance affiliate as: single person. If the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as: single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		each person described in paragraph B that owns or
ownership interests in the health insurance affiliated owned or controlled by persons described in paragraph B; and (5) The health insurance affiliate has in placed procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts or interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's abilition to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify, risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	4	
owned or controlled by persons described in paragraph B; and (5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c). (14) Including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. (18) Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking hoards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; (20) Subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; (21) E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and (28) F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate as: (30) F. At all times when the organization stratify, risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as: (32) single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate. (38) With notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation.		
8 B; and 10 (5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) 14 including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. 18 Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described is subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; 24 E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and 30 F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as is single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3 Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	6	
(5) The health insurance affiliate has in place procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts or interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided me officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph. E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate as in single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
procedures and policies to prohibit conflicts of interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together on separately, does not inappropriately stratify, risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as: single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	8	B; and
interest that may benefit the persons described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c). including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate the organization of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	10	(5) The health insurance affiliate has in place
subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided in officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate as in separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as in single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
including, but not limited to, conflicts to the detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls and ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and the health insurance affiliate. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	12	
detriment of the health insurance affiliate's ability to fulfill its charitable purposes. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determined that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided not officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls and ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	14	
Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify, risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
boards of directors between or among the person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided not officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	16	to fulfill its charitable purposes.
subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify, risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	18	Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits interlocking
officer, director or employee of any person described in subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns or controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls and ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together of separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-Apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		boards of directors between or among the person described in
subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c) owns of controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph; E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together of separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	20	subparagraph (1), divisions (a), (b) and (c), provided no
E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together organization or the health insurance affiliate as a separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		officer, director or employee of any person described in
E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls as ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	22	
E. The organization provides written notice to the superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls and ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	*	controls an ownership interest prohibited by this paragraph;
superintendent at least 60 days prior to forming, acquiring investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls as ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	24	
investing in or otherwise establishing a health insurance affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls as ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-Aapply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
affiliate; and F. At all times when the organization owns or controls as ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	26	
F. At all times when the organization owns or controls as ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	• •	
ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	28	affiliate; and
ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	3.0	F. At all times when the organization owns or controls an
organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate, the
the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	32	organization or the health insurance affiliate, together or
the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	*	separately, does not inappropriately stratify risks. For
single person. If the superintendent determines that this paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	34	the purpose of this paragraph, the superintendent may treat
paragraph has been violated, the superintendent shall provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		the organization and the health insurance affiliate as a
provide the organization and the health insurance affiliate with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24- apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	36	single person. If the superintendent determines that this
with notice of the violation and a reasonable opportunity to cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
do cure the violation. 3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	38 .	
3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:		
apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	40	cure the violation.
apply to a health insurance affiliate in accordance with the following:	4.2	3. Application of Title 24-A. The provisions of Title 24-A
44 <u>following:</u>		
	44	
The second secon		
46 A. A health insurance affiliate that is a health insurer is	46	A. A health insurance affiliate that is a health insurer is
		subject to all the following provisions:
subject to all the lollowing provisions:	4.8	
subject to all the lollowing blovisions:	4.8	

Page 24-LR2510(3)

50

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to H.P. 1306, L.D. 1849
	(2) Title 24-A, section 423-C;
2	
4	(3) Title 24-A, section 425;
_	(4) Title 24-A, chapter 47, subchapter IV;
6	(5) Title 24-A, section 4614, subsections 4 and 6; and
8	(6) All other applicable provisions of Title 24-A;
10	B. A health insurance affiliate that is a health
12	maintenance organization is subject to all the following provisions:
14	
16	(1) Title 24-A, section 222, subsections 2 to 10 and Title 24-A, section 222, subsections 12 to 18;
18	(2) Title 24-A, section 423-C;
20	(3) Title 24-A, section 425;
22	(4) Title 24-A, sections 3474 to 3476;
2.4	(5) Title 24-A, section 3483; and
26	(6) All other applicable provisions of Title 24-A; and
28	C. The provisions of Title 24-A, section 4214 do not apply to a health insurance affiliate.
30	Defendance of the second secon
32	4. Control. For the purposes of this section and Title 24-A, section 222, a health insurance affiliate is presumed to be
ÿ .	controlled by the nonprofit hospital and medical service
34	organization, notwithstanding that the organization may not have actual control. Notwithstanding that the organization is
36	presumed to control the health insurance affiliate under this
38	subsection, the superintendent may determine that one or more other persons also control the health insurance affiliate. The
.00	superintendent, in the superintendent's sole discretion, may
40	determine that a health insurance affiliate is not controlled by an organization that owns or controls less than 50% of the
42	ownership interests of a health insurance affiliate pursuant to subsection 2, paragraph A.
44	annocotton sy haragraph n.
	5. Continuing obligations; penalties. In addition to all
46	requirements for obtaining or maintaining a certificate of authority from the superintendent under Title 24-A, a health
4.8	insurance affiliate must continuously meet all requirements of

Page 25-LR2510(3)

this section and Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 7. The

a 4.5

superintendent's determination that a health insurance affiliate
has failed to meet the requirements of this section or Title 5,
section 194-A, subsection 7 constitutes grounds for suspension or
revocation of the health insurance affiliate's certificate of
authority under Title 24-A, section 417 and grounds for
commencement of delinquency proceedings under Title 24-A, chapter
57. Upon any such failure, the superintendent may require any
person who owns or controls any ownership interest in the health
insurance affiliate to dispose of that ownership interest within
the later of 18 months after the date of the failure as
determined by the superintendent, 18 months after the
superintendent's determination that a failure has occurred or
such other time as the superintendent may prescribe. The
superintendent may permit one owner to dispose of its ownership
interest to another owner.

2.

6. Capital contributions. Any person who acquires any ownership interests in the health insurance affiliate shall make capital contributions in cash or the cash equivalent in proportion to that person's ownership interests in the health insurance affiliate. The superintendent, in the superintendent's sole discretion, may permit other forms of capital contributions that do not have the effect of diluting the ownership or control of the health insurance affiliate by the nonprofit hospital and medical service organization.

7. Transactions with related persons. In addition to the requirements contained under Title 24-A and other applicable law, all transactions between a health insurance affiliate and any related person must be consistent with fair market value in an arm's length transaction. For purposes of this subsection, a "related person" means:

A. Any person who owns or controls an ownership interest in a health insurance affiliate:

B. Any person who is a beneficial owner, as defined in Title 24-A, section 222, subsection 2, paragraph A-1, of any ownership interest in the health insurance affiliate;

C. Any person who, directly or indirectly, has the power to control the management, policies or operations of the health insurance affiliate; or

D. Any affiliate of the health insurance affiliate or of any person described in paragraphs A to C.

4.6

8. Distribution of working capital and surplus. No less frequently than annually, a health insurance affiliate shall distribute to those persons who own or control any ownership

Page 26-LR2510(3)

	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " \" to H.P. 1306, L.D. 1849
	interest providing for the right to receive dividends or
2	distributions any excess working capital and surplus, subject to
	rules adopted and decisions issued by the superintendent.
4	Nothing in this subsection limits the authority of the Superior
	Court under Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 7.
6	
	9. Investment restrictions. Any investment by a nonprofit
8	hospital and medical service organization in a health insurance
	affiliate under this section is subject to all applicable
10	investment restrictions, including, without limitation, Title
	24-A, section 222 and Title 24-A, chapter 13-A. A health
1.2	insurance affiliate in which an organization owns or controls 50%
	or more ownership interest is deemed to be a subsidiary of the
14	organization for purposes of Title 24-A, section 1157, subsection
	5, paragraph B.
16	
*	10. Aggregate transactions. The superintendent may
18	aggregate any transactions that are part of a plan or series of
	like transactions to determine whether those transactions comply
20	with this section and other applicable laws.
22	11. Oversight. In addition to other applicable provisions
	of this Title and Title 24-A, any person whose domicile is
24	outside the State that owns or controls an ownership interest in
	a health insurance affiliate and any affiliate of that
26	organization:
28	A. Is subject to the jurisdiction of the superintendent and
	the courts of this State; and
30	
	B. Must appoint the superintendent as lawful agent for
2.2	receipt of service of process

Attorney General to intervene. <u>In any proceeding</u> before the superintendent involving the health insurance affiliate in which the Attorney General intervenes, the Attorney General has the right to review all documents or other information received by the superintendent or in connection with the proceeding. The Attorney General is subject to all confidentiality provisions for those documents or information that apply to the superintendent.

34

36

38

40

42

44

46

48

50

- 13. Rules. The superintendent may adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this section. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
- Sec. 6. 24 MRSA §2321, as amended by PL 1991, c. 9, Pt. G, §5 and c. 48, §§1 and 2, is further amended to read:
- §2321. Rate filings on individual subscriber and membership

Page 27-LR2510(3)

contracts

Filing of rate information. Every nonprofit hospital servic**e** organization file shall superintendent, except as to group subscriber and membership contracts other than group Medicare supplement contracts defined in Title 24-A, chapter 67 and group nursing home or long-term care contracts as defined in Title 24-A, chapter 68, every rate, rating formula and every modification of any of the foregoing that it proposes to use. Every filing under this subsection must state the effective date of the filing. filing under this subsection must be made not less than 90 60 days in advance of the stated effective date unless the 90-day 60-day requirement is waived by the superintendent and--the effective -- date - may - be -- suspended - by - the -- superintendent for a period of time not to exceed 30 days. In the case of a filing that meets the criteria in subsection 4, the superintendent may suspend the effective date for a longer period not to exceed 30 days from the date the organization satisfactorily responds to any reasonable discovery requests. In the case of nursing home and long-term contracts, rates filed prier-to-August-1/-1986,-are effective-until-no-later-than-August-1,-1989---Rates-filed-on-or after-August-1,-1986,-fer-these-types-of-contracts are effective for no more than 3 years, except that rates for contracts with quaranteed level premiums are effective for the duration of the contract.

2. Filing information. When a filing is not accompanied by the information upon which the organization supports such filing, or the superintendent does not have sufficient information to determine whether such filing meets the requirements that the rates not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, the superintendent shall require the organization to furnish the information upon which it supports the filing. A filing and supporting information is-a are public recert records within the meaning of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3 and becomes become part of the official record of any hearing held pursuant to section 2322. For the purpose of determining whether the filing produces rates that are not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, the superintendent and the Attorney General each may employ consultants, including actuaries, and the reasonable costs of the consultants, including actuaries, which must include costs of testifying at any hearing held pursuant to section 2322, must be borne by the organization making such filing. organization is not responsible for any costs from the Attorney General exceeding \$40,000 for any filing.

3.-- Three year -review.-- Every -organization -must-submit-the rate-filings-fer-contracts-set-forth-in-subsection-l-at-least every-3-years.

Page 28-LR2510(3)

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

.2

б

8

10

12

14

16

1.8

20

2.2

24

26

28

3.0

32

36

40

42

44

46

4.8

50

34

2	4. Criteria for special rate hearings. Any filing of
	rates, rate formulas and modifications for Medicare supplement
4	contracts as defined in Title 24-A, chapter 67 and for individual
	health plans as defined in Title 24-A, section 2736-C, subsection
6	1, paragraph C that satisfies the criteria set forth in this
	subsection is subject to the provisions of subsection 5.
8	
	A. The rate increase for any subscriber may not exceed the
10	index of inflation multiplied by 1.5 excluding any approved
	rate differential based on age. For the purposes of this
12	subsection, "index of inflation" means the rate of increase
	in medical costs for a section of the United States selected
14	by the superintendent that includes Maine for the most
	recent 12-month period immediately preceding the date of the
16	filing for which data is available.
18	B. The nonprofit hospital and medical service organization
	must demonstrate in accordance with generally accepted
20	actuarial principles and practices consistently applied
	that, as of a date no more than 210 days prior to the
22	filing, the ratios of benefits incurred to premiums earned
	for said products average no less than 80% for the previous
24	12-month period.
3.6	C The subscribes are seen as the second of the second of
26	C. The subscriber reserves of the nonprofit hospital and
28	medical service organization may not exceed the level established by the superintendent.
20	established by the superintendent.
30	D. Unless continued or modified by law, this subsection is
.50	repealed October 1, 2001.
32	10200100 000001 1/ 2001.
٥ .	5. Special rate hearing. A rate hearing conducted with
3.4	respect to filings that meet the criteria in subsection 4 is
	subject to this subsection.
36	
	A. Any person requesting a hearing shall provide the
38	superintendent with a written statement detailing the
	circumstances that justify a hearing notwithstanding the
40	satisfaction of the criteria in subsection 4.
42	B. If the superintendent decides to hold a hearing, the
	superintendent shall issue a written statement detailing the
44	circumstances that justify a hearing notwithstanding the
	satisfaction of the criteria in subsection 4.
46	
	C. In any hearing conducted under this subsection, the
4.8	Bureau of Insurance and any party asserting that the rates

Page 29-LR2510(3)

50

- 2	adequate and not unfairly discriminatory remains with the organization.
4	D. Unless continued or modified by law, this subsection is repealed October 1, 2001.
6	Sec. 7. 24 MRSA §§2321-A and 2321-B are enacted to read:
8	
10	§2321-A. Standards for when filings are inadequate
10	In reviewing rates and rate modifications filed by a
12	nonprofit hospital and medical service organization in accordance
	with this Title, the superintendent may not require the
14	organization to charge rates that, taking into account investment
	income and the appropriate level of subscriber reserves, are
16	inadequate to enable it to recover reasonably anticipated claims
	and administrative expenses and make reasonable contributions to
18	subscriber reserves.
_ `	
20	§2321-B. Appropriate level of subscriber reserves
2:2	The superintendent may adopt rules establishing the
	appropriate level of subscriber reserves. Rules adopted pursuant
24	to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title
	5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.
26	
	Sec. 8. 24-A MRSA §2736, as amended by PL 1985, c. 648, §10,
28	is further amended to read:
30	§2736. Rate filings on individual health insurance policies
32	1. Filing of rate information. Every insurer shall file
32	with the superintendent, except as to group policy rates other
3.4	than those for group Medicare supplement policies as defined in
	chapter 67 _x and group nursing home care and long-term care
3.6	insurance as defined in chapter 68, every rate, rating formula,
-	classification of risks and every modification of any formula or
38	classification which that it proposes to use. Every such filing
50	must state the effective date of the filing. Every such filing

42

44

46

48

50

Page 30+LR2510(3)

shall must be made not less than 60 days in advance of the stated effective date, unless the 60-day requirement is waived by the superintendent, and the effective date may be suspended by the

the case of a filing that meets the criteria in subsection 3, the superintendent may suspend the effective date for a longer period not to exceed 30 days from the date the organization

satisfactorily responds to any reasonable discovery requests. In

the case of nursing home care and long-term care insurance policies, rates filed prier-te-August-1,-1986,-shall-be-effective until-no-later-than-August-1,-1989,---Rates-filed-en-or-after

superintendent for a period of time not to exceed 30 days.

8

10

12

14

16

18

20

22

2.8

30

32

34

3.6

3.8

40

42

46

48

August--1,--1986,--fer--these--types--ef--pelieies--shall--be <u>are</u> effective for no more than 3 years, except that rates for contracts with guaranteed level premiums shall-be <u>are</u> effective for the duration of the contract.

- 2. Filing; information. When a filing is not accompanied by the information upon which the insurer supports such filing, or the superintendent does not have sufficient information to determine whether such filing meets the requirements that rates shall not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, the superintendent shall require the insurer to furnish the information upon which it supports the filing. A filing and supporting information shall—be—a are public records within the meaning of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3 and shall become part of the official record of any hearing held pursuant to section 2736-A.
- 3. Criteria for special rate hearings. Any filing of rates, rating formulas and modifications for Medicare supplement contracts as defined in chapter 67 and for individual health plans as defined in section 2736-C, subsection 1, paragraph C that satisfies the criteria set forth in this subsection is subject to the provisions of subsection 4.
 - A. The rate increase for any policyholder may not exceed the index of inflation multiplied by 1.5 excluding any approved rate differential based on age. For the purposes of this subsection, "index of inflation" means the rate of increase in medical costs for a section of the United States selected by the superintendent that includes Maine for the most recent 12-month period immediately preceding the date of the filing for which data are available.
 - B. The insurer must demonstrate in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices consistently applied that, as of a date no more than 210 days prior to the filing, the ratios of benefits incurred to premiums earned for those products average no less than 80% for the previous 12-month period.
 - C. Unless continued or modified by law, this subsection is repealed October 1, 2001.
- 4. Special rate hearing. A rate hearing conducted with respect to filings that meet the criteria in subsection 3 is subject to this subsection.
- A. Any person requesting a hearing shall provide the superintendent with a written statement detailing the

Page 31-LR2510(3)

circumstances that justify a hearing notwithstanding the satisfaction of the criteria in subsection 3. If the superintendent decides to hold a hearing, the superintendent shall issue a written statement detailing the circumstances that justify a hearing notwithstanding the satisfaction of the criteria in subsection 3. C. In any hearing conducted under this subsection, the 10 Bureau of Insurance and any party asserting that the rates are excessive have the burden of establishing that the rates are excessive. The burden of proving that rates are 12 adequate and not unfairly discriminatory remains with the 14 insurer. D. Unless continued or modified by law, this subsection is 16 repealed October 1, 2001. 18 Sec. 9. P&SL 1939, c. 24, §3, as repealed and replaced by PL 1993, c. 702, Pt. A, §19, is repealed and the following enacted 20 in its place: 2.2 Sec. 3. Purposes. The corporation is organized as a benevolent and charitable institution and a public charity for 24 all purposes and activities permitted to hospital and medical 26 service organizations under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24, chapter 19 and for all purposes and activities permitted to 2.8 health maintenance organizations under Title 24-A, chapter 56. Subject to Title 24 and Title 24-A, the corporation has all of the general powers of corporations under Title 13-B, section 30 202. The purposes of the corporation include, but are not 32 limited to, the following: providing access to medical care through affordable health insurance and affordable managed care products for persons of all incomes; identifying and addressing 34 the State's unmet health care needs, particularly with regard to 36. medically uninsured and underserved populations; making services and care available through participating providers; and improving 38 the quality of care for medically uninsured and underserved

Sec. 10. Statement of legislative intent. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 2 confirm the prior declaration of the Legislature, as evidenced in the charter of Associated Hospital Services, Private and Special Law 1939, chapter 24, that the organization is a charitable and benevolent institution.

Sec. 11. Application provisions.

populations.

4.0

42

44

46

48

Page 32-LR2510(3)

1. Tax exemption. Any nonprofit hospital and medical service organization, as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, and its funds and property are exempt from taxation until such time as the organization converts to a stock insurer or the organization materially changes its form and the Superior Court approves a modified charitable trust plan pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 6, establishing a charitable trust that will receive the entire charitable interest in the organization.

2. Superintendent of Insurance; application of standards. When the legal standards applicable to reviewing rate filings of nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations as defined in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24, section 2308-A are the same as the legal standards applicable to health insurers under Title 24-A, the Superintendent of Insurance shall apply those legal standards in the same manner in reviewing all components of all rate filings, including, without limitation, loss ratios and reserves. The superintendent may decide in the superintendent's discretion the extent of review to be accorded rate filings based upon a variety of factors including the market share and market power of the organization or insurer in the affected line of insurance.

3. Superior Court; application of standards. The Superior Court in the proceeding set forth in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 3 shall apply all applicable legal standards, including the legal standards applicable to standing.

4. Existing or future agreements, contracts, rights and relationships. With respect to the determination of the Superior Court pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 3, this Act, including the statement of ownership interests and charitable purposes approved by the Superior Court, applies to and controls existing agreements, contracts, rights and relationships now existing or hereafter arising between a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization and its members, subscribers and contract holders.

5. Supremacy of law. With respect to the determination of the Superior Court pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 194-A, subsection 3, this Act supersedes and controls with respect to any other laws of the State or any rules of any administrative agency of the State.

6. Authority of Attorney General and superintendent. This Act does not limit in any way the Attorney General's charitable authority or the Superintendent of Insurance's authority under

Page 33-LR2510(3)

A & 5.

the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 24 and Title 24-A except as expressly provided in this Act.

7. Transition. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 1, section 302, any decision and order of the Superintendent of Insurance or decision of the court in an appeal from a decision and order of the superintendent continues in full force and effect after the effective date of this Act, to the extent not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act. This Act applies to any proceeding under the Attorney General's charitable authority pending on the effective date of this Act.

12

14

16

18

20

22

24

26

10

Sec. 12. Bureau of Insurance study. The Bureau of Insurance shall conduct, or cause to be conducted, a study of the market impact of reduced regulation of rates for Medicare supplement contracts and individual health plans. The study must include examination of the competitiveness of the Medicare supplement and nongroup lines of insurance; the impact, if any, of managed care on nonprofit hospital and medical service organization and health insurance rates for these lines; the impact, if any, of 1997 statutory changes affecting the rates of these lines; and the continued need for review of rate filings for these lines. January 1, 2001, the Bureau of Insurance shall submit a report of including recommendations study, and any necessary legislation regarding whether these statutes should be amended, to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over insurance matters.

28

3.0

Sec. 13. Allocation. The following funds are allocated from Other Special Revenue to carry out the purposes of this Act.

32

1997-98

PROFESSIONAL AND FINANCIAL REGULATION, DEPARTMENT OF

36

34

Bureau of Insurance

38

42

44

All Other

\$85,200

Allocates funds for the costs of retaining certain consultants needed to conduct a required study.'

46

Further amend the bill by inserting at the end before the summary the following:

Page 34-LR2510(3)

FISCAL NOTE

1997-98	3
APPROPRIATIONS/ALLOCATIONS	
Other Funds \$85,200)
REVENUES	
Other Funds \$85,200	١
Other runds \$65,200	,
The Bureau of Insurance within the Department of	=
Professional and Financial Regulation will require an Other	
Special Revenue allocation of \$85,200 in fiscal year 1997-98 for additional costs of retaining consultants and to adopt certain	
rules pertaining to the regulatory status of nonprofit hospital	L
and medical service organizations. These additional costs with	
corresponding revenue increases will not exceed the revenue available to the bureau under its statutory assessment cap.	•
This bill maintains existing tax exemptions for certain	
insurance companies in the State. If the affected organizations become stock insurers, those organizations will no longer be	
eligible for the tax exemption from insurance premium taxes. The	•
amount and timing of any additional General Fund revenue can not be determined at this time.	-
be determined at this time.	
The additional costs associated with providing additional	
legal services can be absorbed by the Department of the Attorney General utilizing existing budgeted resources.	,
seneral ucliffing existing budgeted resources.	
This bill may increase the number of civil suits filed in	
the court system. The additional workload and administrative costs associated with the minimal number of new cases filed car	
be absorbed within the budgeted resources of the Judicial	
Department. The collection of additional filing fees may also)
increase General Fund revenue by minor amounts.'	
SUMMARY	
This amendment does the following.	
1. It adds a requirement that the board of directors of any	
charitable trust established after a conversion or a material change in form represent the interests of the medically uninsured	
and underserved populations.	

Page 35-LR2510(3)

50

Я

10

12

24

- 2. It clarifies that a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization may not convert to a mutual insurer.
- 3. It prohibits a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization from serving as the charitable trust after a conversion or material change in form.
- 4. It requires a nonprofit hospital and medical service organization to file an annual report to the Attorney General and the Superintendent of Insurance describing its efforts to fulfill its charitable and benevolent purposes.
- 5. It clarifies that the bill does not affect the charitable status or obligations of current nonprofit health care service plans that provide dental and vision services in the State.
- 18 6. It raises the maximum percentage of ownership interests available to for-profit interests in health insurance affiliates 20 from 20% to 25% in the case of individual physicians and limits the maximum ownership interest to 20% for nonprofit and 22 noncharitable physician-hospital organizations in the aggregate, or in combination with individual physicians.
- 7. It clarifies that the tax exemption for nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations will be removed after a material change in form in the event that the entire charitable interest is transferred to a charitable trust.
- 8. It makes necessary clarifications and technical changes.
- 32 9. It adds an allocation section and a fiscal note.

Page 36-LR2510(3)